Effects of L-DOPA Monotherapy on Psychomotor Speed and [11C]Raclopride Binding in High Risk Depressed Older Adults

Supplemental Information

Table S1. Practice effects on processing and gait speed outcome measures between screening visit and Week 0.

	Mean change	Mean change			
	\pm SE	95% CI			
	Screening to	Screening to			
	Week 0	Week 0	ES±SE	ES 95% CI	P-value
Digit symbol	5.33 ± 0.97	3.43,7.23	0.55 ± 0.1	0.35,0.75	<.0001
Pattern comparison	0.67 ± 0.61	-0.52,1.86	0.12 ± 0.11	-0.1,0.34	0.2723
Letter comparison	0.64 ± 0.5	-0.34,1.61	0.13 ± 0.11	-0.07,0.34	0.1987
Processing factor	1.96 ± 0.61	0.77,3.15	0.28 ± 0.09	0.11,0.45	0.0012
Single task gait speed	0.08 ± 0.02	0.03,0.13	0.46 ± 0.14	0.18,0.73	0.001
Dual task gait speed fluency	0.04 ± 0.02	0,0.09	0.19±0.11	-0.01,0.4	0.0645

ES = effect size, SE = standard error, CI = confidence interval.

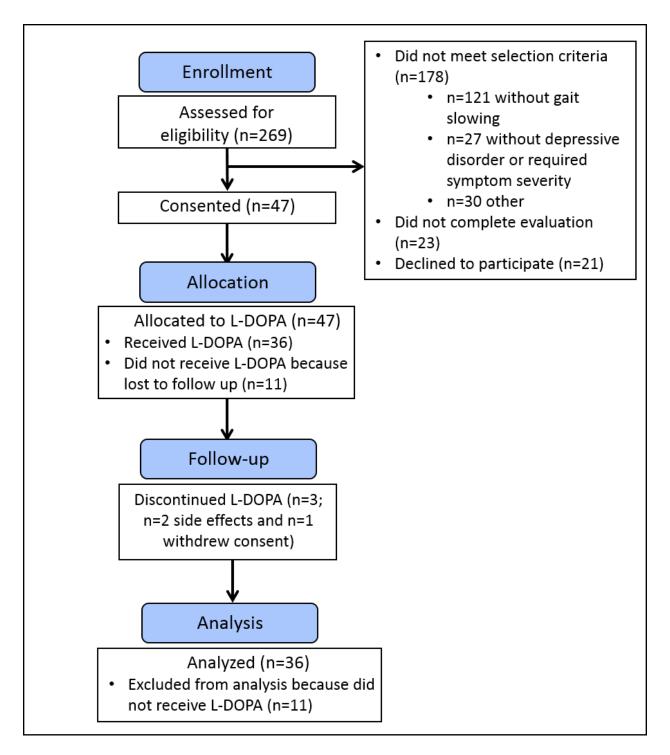


Figure S1. CONSORT flow diagram.

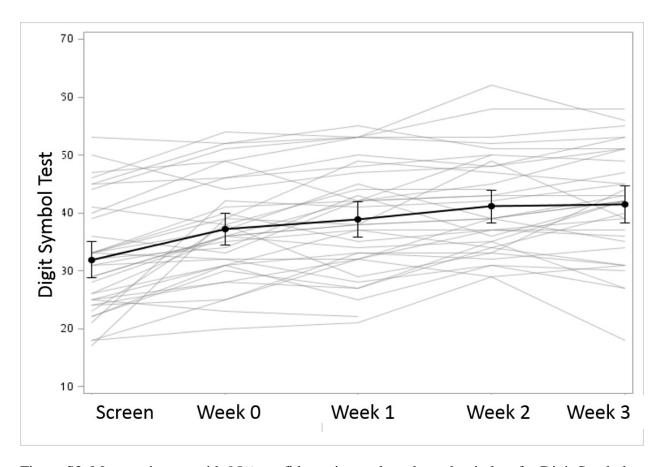


Figure S2. Mean estimates with 95% confidence intervals and spaghetti plots for Digit Symbol measure. Values on Digit Symbol increased by study week from Screen (31.9 ± 9.7) to Week 0 (37.2 ± 8.7) , Week 1 (38.9 ± 9.4) , Week 2 (41.1 ± 8.5) , and Week 3 (41.4 ± 9.6) .

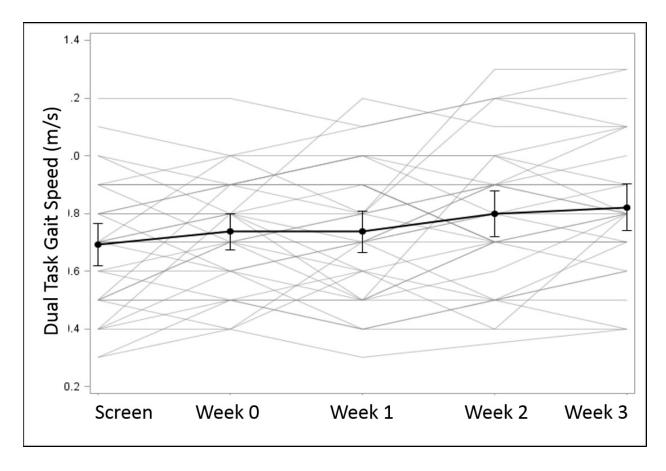


Figure S3. Mean estimates with 95% confidence intervals and spaghetti plots for dual task gait speed measure. Dual task gait speed values increased by study week from Screen (0.69 ± 0.23) to Week $0 (0.74 \pm 0.20)$, Week $1 (0.74 \pm 0.23)$, Week $2 (0.80 \pm 0.24)$, and Week $3 (0.82 \pm 0.24)$.