Osteogenic Differentiation of Bone Marrow-Derived Mesenchymal Stem Cells in Electrospun Silica Nonwoven Fabrics

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Supporting Information.

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Figure S1. Confocal-laser scanning microscope (CLSM) images showing proliferation of MSCs on 3D silica nonwoven fabrics 7 days (a, b, c) and 14 days (d, e, f) after seeding at cell density of 3×10^4 . In each case, single optical slices near to the silica fabric surface (1.76 µm, a, d), middle (36.96 µm, b, e) and near bottom (66.87 µm, c, f) were shown. Cellular nuclei and skeletons were stained with Hoechest 33342 (blue) and Alexa Fluor 594 phalloidin (red), respectively. Scale bars: 20 µm.



Figure S2. Confocal-laser scanning microscope (CLSM) images showing proliferation of MSCs on 3D silica nonwoven fabrics 7 days (a, b, c) and 14 days (d, e, f) after seeding at cell density of 3×10^5 . In each case, single optical slices near to the silica fabric surface (1.76 µm, a, d), middle (36.96 µm, b, e) and near bottom (66.87 µm, c, f) were shown. Cellular nuclei and skeletons were stained with Hoechest 33342 (blue) and Alexa Fluor 594 phalloidin (red), respectively. Scale bars: 20 µm.