Structure-based design of dimeric bisbenzimidazole inhibitors to an emergent trimethoprimresistant type II dihydrofolate reductase guide the design of monomeric analogs

Authors

Jacynthe L. Toulouse^{1,2,3}, Brahm J. Yachnin^{2,4}, Edward H. Ruediger⁵, Daniel Deon⁵, Marc Gagnon⁵, Kévin Saint-Jacques⁶, Maximilian C. C. J. C. Ebert⁷, Delphine Forge⁸, Dominic Bastien^{1,2,3}, Jean Jacques Vanden Eynde⁸, Albert M. Berghuis^{2,4}, Anne Marinier⁵ and Joelle N. Pelletier (joelle.pelletier@umontreal.ca)^{1,2,3,9}

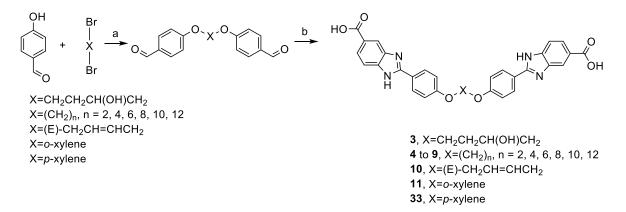
¹Département de biochimie et de ⁹chimie, Université de Montréal, QC, Canada, ²PROTEO, the Québec Network for Research on Protein, Function, Engineering and Applications, ³CGCC, the Center in Green Chemistry and Catalysis, Montréal, QC, Canada, ⁴Department of Biochemistry, McGill University, Montréal, QC, Canada, ⁵Institute for Research in Immunology and Cancer (IRIC), Université de Montréal, QC, Canada, ⁶Département de chimie, Université de Sherbrooke, QC, Canada, ⁷Chemical Computing Group, QC, Canada, ⁸Laboratoire de chimie organique, Université de Mons, Belgium.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

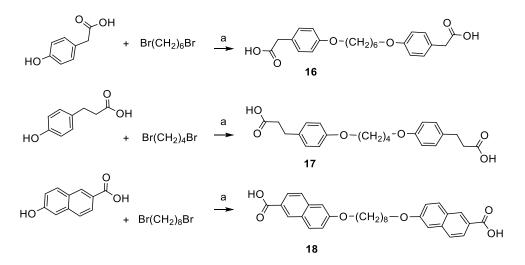
Supplementary synthetic schemes and methods.

- **Table S1**. Crystallographic data for DfrB1-3 (PDB ID 6NXZ) and DfrB1-1 (PDB ID 6NY0)
- **Table S2**. Relative binding frequency per residue of DfrB1 with all inhibitors.
- Table S3. Types of interactions between inhibitor segments and amino acids of DfrB1.
- **Table S4.** Central core lengths \geq 38.5 Å do not inhibit DfrB1.
- Table S5. IC₅₀ upon substitution of the terminal carboxylates.
- Table S6. The methylester of 31 does not inhibit DfrB1.
- **Table S7.** Inhibition with representative non-symmetrical benzimidazole-based compounds.
- **Table S8.** Inhibition with nine further non-symmetrical benzimidazole-based compounds.
- Table S9. IC₅₀ of selected inhibitors for DfrB1 and DfrB4.^a
- Figure S1. Matrix of the binding residues of DfrB1 with 3.
- Figure S2. Dixon plot of 33 with DfrB1.
- Figure S3. Theoretical representation of two molecules of 33 in the active site of DfrB1.

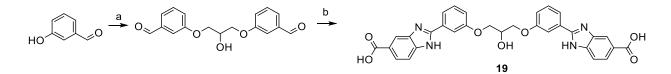
Supplementary synthetic schemes.



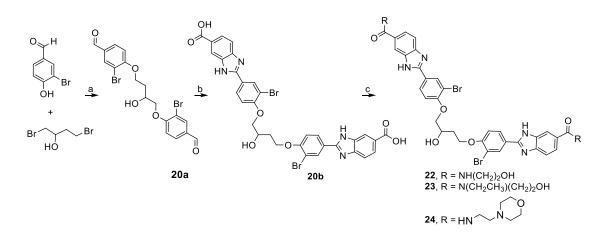
Scheme S1. Synthesis of 3 to 11 and 33. Reagents and conditions: a) EtOH/H₂O (9:1), NaOH, 120°C, 20 min. b) Na₂S₂O₅, 3,4-diaminobenzoic acid, EtOH/H₂O (3:1), 140°C, 15 min, 19-43%.



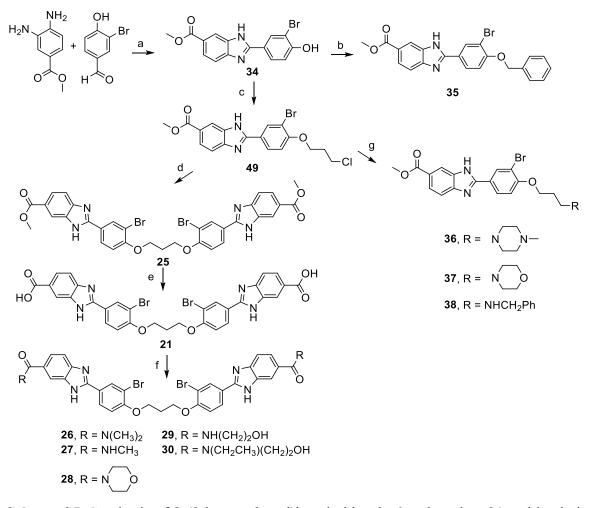
Scheme S2. Synthesis of 16 to 18. Reagents and conditions: a) EtOH/H₂O (9:1), NaOH, 120°C, 20 min, 8-10%.



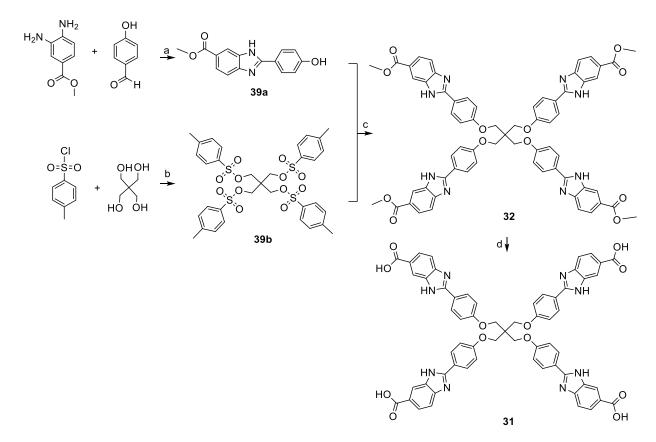
Scheme S3. Synthesis of 19. Reagents and conditions: a) 1,3-dibromopropan-2-ol, EtOH/H₂O (9:1), NaOH, 120°C, 20 min. b) Na₂S₂O₅, 3,4-diaminobenzoic acid, EtOH/H₂O (3:1), 140°C, 15 min.



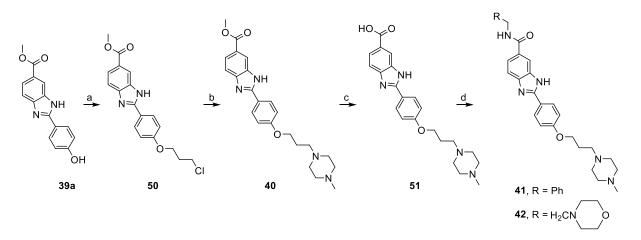
Scheme S4. Synthesis of brominated **20b** and its derivatives. Reagents and conditions: a) EtOH, K₂CO₃, reflux, 8h, 39% b) Na₂S₂O₅, 3,4-diaminobenzoic acid, EtOH/H₂O, 140°C, 15 min, 84% c) ethanolamine for **22**, 2-(ethylamino)ethanol for **23** or 2-morpholinoethanamine for **24**, HATU, DIPEA, DMF, rt, 3h, 50-92%.



Scheme S5. Synthesis of 2-(3-bromophenyl)benzimidazole-6-carboxylate 21 and its derivatives. Reagents and conditions: a) DMF, Na₂S₂O₅, 80°C, 3h, 70%. b) Cs₂CO₃, acetonitrile, benzyl bromide, 70°C, 16h, 9%. c) Cs₂CO₃, acetone, 1-bromo-3-chloropropane, 70°C, 16h, 27%. d) 35, NaI, DMF, 90°C, 22h, 26-44%. e) NaOH/MeOH/THF (1:1:3), 70°C, 1h, 72%. f) dimethylamine for 26, methylamine for 27, morpholine for 28, ethanolamine for 29 or 2-(ethylamino)ethanol for 30, HATU, DIPEA, DMF, rt, 3h, 42-56%. g) 1-methylpiperazine for 36, morpholine for 37 or benzylamine for 38, Cs₂CO₃, NaI, DMF, 100°C, 20h, 17%.

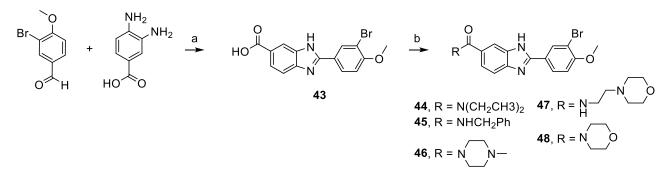


Scheme S6. Synthesis of **31**, **32** and **39a-b**. Reagents and conditions: a) Na₂S₂O₅, DMF, 80°C, 3h, 69%. b) pyridine, rt, 48h, 64%. c) DMF, K₂CO₃, reflux, 24h, 23%. d) 1M NaOH/MeOH/THF (1:1:3), 70°C, 1h, 42%.



Scheme S7. Synthesis of non-symmetrical phenylbenzimidazole-6-carboxylate compounds. Reagents and conditions: a) Cs₂CO₃, acetone, 1-bromo-3-chloropropane, 80°C, 16h, 33%. b) 1-

methylpiperazine, Cs₂CO₃, NaI, DMF, 100°C, 20h, 56% c) 1M NaOH/MeOH/THF (1:1:3), 70°C, 1h. d) benzylamine for **41** or 2-morpholinoethanamine for **42**, HATU, DIPEA, DMF, rt, 3h, 36%.



Scheme S8. Synthesis of non-symmetrical 2-phenylbenzimidazole compounds. Reagents and conditions: a) anhydrous DMF, Na₂S₂O₅, 80°C, 3h. b) diethylamine hydrochloride for 44, benzylamine for 45 or 1-methylpiperazine for 46, 2-morpholinoethanamine for 47 or morpholine for 48, HATU, DIPEA, DMF, rt, 3h, 45-63%.

Supplementary synthetic methods.

2,2'-(((2-Hydroxybutane-1,4-diyl)bis(oxy))bis(4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5carboxylic acid) (3). 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and 1,4-dibromo-2-butanol (1.73 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a brown solid (0.91 g, 2.9 mmol, 19%). ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 13.08 (s, 2H), 12.49 (br, 1H), 8.20 (br, 1H), 8.15 (m, 4H), 8.10 (br, 1H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (br, 1H), 7.56 (br, 1H), 7.16 (m, 4H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.29 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (m, 3H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 1.95 (m, 1H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.3, 161.05, 160.97, 154.7 (br), 153.8 (br), 147.8 (br), 144.1 (br), 138.8 (br), 135.0 (br), 128.9, 124.9, 124.0 (br), 123.5 (br), 122.8, 122.7, 120.7 (br), 118.5 (br), 115.6, 115.5, 113.2 (br), 111.2 (br), 73.0, 66.2, 65.2, 33.7. Purity > 95%.

2,2'-((Ethane-1,2-diylbis(oxy))bis(3,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic acid) (4). 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and 1,2-dibromoethane (1.40 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a white solid. ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 12.92 (br), 8.17 (m, 4H), 8.14 (br, 2H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (br, 1H), 7.59 (br, 1H), 7.21 (m, 4H), 4.50 (s, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ = 168.4, 160.6, 154.0, 128.9, 125.6 (br), 125.4 (br), 123.8, 123.2, 115.6, 67.2. Purity 93%.

2,2'-((Butane-1,4-diylbis(oxy))bis(3,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic

acid) (5). 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and 1,4-dibromobutane (1.60 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a brown solid. ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 12.89 (s, 2H), 12.44 (br, 2H), 8.21 (br, 1H), 8.14 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 4H), 8.10 (br, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (br, 1H), 7.56 (br, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 4H), 4.19 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 4H), 1.97 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.3, 161.0, 154.7 (br), 153.8 (br), 147.8 (br), 144.1 (br), 138.9 (br), 135.2 (br), 128.9, 124.9, 124.0 (br), 123.6 (br), 122.7, 120.7 (br), 118.5 (br), 115.6, 113.2 (br), 111.2 (br), 68.1, 25.9. Purity > 95%.

2,2'-((Hexane-1,6-diylbis(oxy))bis(3,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic

acid) (6). 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and 1,6-dibromohexane (1.82 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a brown solid. ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 12.89 (br, 2H), 12.38 (br, 2H), 8.35 (br, 2H), 8.13 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 4H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (br, 2H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 4H), 4.12 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 4H), 1.82 (m, 4H), 1.56 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.3, 161.0, 154.5 (br), 153.9 (br), 128.9, 125.0, 123.8 (br), 122.6, 115.5, 68.3, 29.1, 25.7. Purity > 95%.

2,2'-((Octane-1,8-diylbis(oxy))bis(3,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic

acid) (7). 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and 1,8-dibromooctane (2.03 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a yellow solid. ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 13.07 (br, 1H), 13.04 (br, 1H), 12.68 (br, 2H), 8.20 (br, 1H), 8.13 (m, 4H), 8.09 (br, 1H), 7.83 (br, 2H), 7.66 (br, 1H), 7.55 (br, 1H), 7.12 (m, 4H), 4.10 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4H), 1.78 (m, 4H), 1.48 (m, 4H), 1.41 (m, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.3, 161.0, 154.7 (br), 153.8 (br), 147.8 (br), 144.1 (br), 138.8 (br), 135.2 (br), 128.9, 124.9, 124.0 (br), 123.4 (br), 122.6, 120.7 (br), 118.5 (br), 115.5, 113.2 (br), 111.2 (br), 68.4, 29.13, 29.10, 25.9. Purity > 95%.

2,2'-((Decane-1,10-diylbis(oxy))bis(3,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic

acid) (8). 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and 1,10-dibromodecane (2.24 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a brown solid. ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 13.06 (br, 1H), 13.02 (br, 1H), 12.64 (br, 2H), 8.21 (br, 1H), 8.12 (m, 4H), 8.09 (br, 1H), 7.82 (br, 2H), 7.66 (br, 1H), 7.56 (br, 1H), 7.11 (m, 4H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4H), 1.77 (m, 4H), 1.45 (m, 4H), 1.38 (m, 4H), 1.34 (m, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.3, 161.0, 154.7 (br), 153.8 (br), 147.8 (br), 144.2 (br), 138.9 (br), 135.2 (br), 128.9, 124.9, 124.0 (br), 123.5 (br), 122.6, 120.7 (br), 118.5 (br), 115.5, 113.2 (br), 111.2 (br), 68.4, 29.3, 29.2, 29.1, 25.9. Purity > 95%.

2,2'-((Dodecane-1,12-diylbis(oxy))bis(3,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-

carboxylic acid) (9). 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and 1,10-dibromododecane (2.45 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a brown solid. ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 13.00 (br, 1H), 12.68 (br, 2H), 8.16 (br, 2H), 8.12 (m, 4H), 7.82 (dd, *J* = 1.4, 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (br, 1H), 7.59 (br, 1H), 7.11 (m, 4H), 4.07 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4H), 1.75 (m, 4H), 1.45 (m, 4H), 1.36 (m, 4H), 1.31 (m, 8H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.3, 161.0, 154.2, 128.9, 124.9, 123.7 (br), 122.6, 115.5, 68.3, 29.39, 29.37, 29.2, 29.1, 25.9. Purity > 95%.

(E)-2,2'-((But-2-ene-1,4-diylbis(oxy))bis(4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-

carboxylic acid) (10). 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and *trans*-1,4-dibromo-2butene (1.60 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a brown solid (1.55 g, 5.3 mmol, 35%). ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 13.17 (br, 2H), 8.19 (br, 1H), 8.14 (m, 4H), 8.09 (br, 1H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (br, 1H), 7.59 (br, 1H), 7.17 (m, 4H), 6.15 (t, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 2H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.4, 160.4, 154.7 (br), 153.9 (br), 147.8 (br), 144.2 (br), 138.6 (br), 135.2 (br), 128.9 (2C), 124.7, 124.1 (br), 123.4 (br), 122.7, 120.8 (br), 118.6 (br), 115.6, 113.4 (br), 111.3 (br), 67.9. Purity > 94%.

2,2'-(((1,4-Phenylenebis(methylene))bis(oxy))bis(4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic acid) (**11).** 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and 1,4bis(bromomethyl)benzene (1.97 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a light brown solid (1.92 g, 5.6 mmol, 37%). ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 12.91 (br, 2H), 12.18 (br, 2H), 8.18 (br, 2H), 8.15 (m,

4H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (br, 2H), 7.54 (s, 4H), 7.23 (m, 4H), 5.25 (s, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.3, 160.6, 137.0, 128.9, 128.3, 124.9, 123.9 (br), 123.0, 115.9, 69.8. Purity > 94%.

4,4'-(Hexane-1,6-diylbis(oxy))dibenzoic acid (12). Synthesis of 12 was done as described previously.¹ ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 12.59 (br, 2H), 7.87 (m, 4H), 7.01 (m, 4H), 4.05 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4H), 1.76 (m, 4H), 1.49 (m, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 167.5, 162.8, 131.8, 123.3, 114.7, 68.2, 29.0, 25.7. Purity = 97%

4,4'-(Octane-1,8-diylbis(oxy))dibenzoic acid (13). Synthesis of 13 was done as described previously.¹ ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 12.59 (br, 2H), 7.88 (m, 4H), 7.00 (m, 4H), 4.04 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4H), 1.73 (m, 4H), 1.43 (m, 4H), 1.36 (m, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 167.5, 162.8, 131.8, 123.2, 114.7, 68.2, 29.1, 29.0, 25.9. Purity = 93%

4,4'-(Decane-1,10-diylbis(oxy))dibenzoic acid (14). Synthesis of 14 was done as described previously.¹ ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 12.37 (br, 2H), 7.88 (m, 4H), 7.00 (m, 4H), 4.05 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 4H), 1.73 (m, 4H), 1.43 (m, 4H), 1.35 (m, 4H), 1.30 (m, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 167.4, 162.8, 131.8, 123.5, 114.8, 68.4, 29.3, 29.1, 29.0, 25.9. Purity > 95%.

4,4'-(Dodecane-1,12-diylbis(oxy))dibenzoic acid (15). Synthesis of **15** was done as described previously.¹ ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 12.60 (br, 2H), 7.88 (m, 4H), 6.99 (m, 4H), 4.05 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4H), 1.73 (m, 4H), 1.42 (m, 4H), 1.34 (m, 4H), 1.29 (m, 8H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 167.4, 162.8, 131.8, 123.5, 114.8, 68.4, 29.35, 29.32, 29.1, 29.0, 25.9. Purity > 95%.

2,2'-((Hexane-1,6-diylbis(oxy))bis(4,1-phenylene))diacetic acid (16). Synthesis of 16 was done as described previously.² Briefly, 4-hydroxyphenylacetic acid (0.76 g, 5 mmol) and 1,6-dibromohexan-2-ol (0.65 g, 2.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure C. The purified product was a white solid (0.17 g, 0.45 mmol, 9%). ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 12.24 (br, 2H), 7.15 (m, 4H), 6.86 (m, 4H), 3.94 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 4H), 3.48 (s, 4H), 1.73 (m, 4H), 1.47 (m, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 173.5, 157.9, 130.8, 127.3, 114.7, 67.8, 40.3, 29.1, 25.8. Purity > 95%.

3,3'-((Butane-1,4-diylbis(oxy))bis(4,1-phenylene))dipropionic acid (17). Synthesis of 17 was done as described previously.² Briefly, 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propanoic acid (0.83 g, 5 mmol) and 1,4-dibromobutan-2-ol (0.58 g, 2.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure C. The purified product was a white solid (0.15 g, 0.4 mmol, 8%). ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm

12.08 (br, 2H), 7.12 (m, 4H), 6.84 (m, 4H), 3.98 (m, 4H), 2.75 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 2.48 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 1.84 (m, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 174.3, 157.4, 133.2, 129.7, 114.8, 67.5, 36.1, 30.0, 26.0. Purity $\approx 82\%$.

6,6'-((Octane-1,8-diylbis(oxy))bis(4,1-phenylene))bis(2-naphthoic acid) (**18**). Synthesis of **18** was done as described previously.² Briefly, 6-hydroxy-2-naphthoic acid (0.94 g, 5 mmol) and 1,8-dibromooctan-2-ol (0.72 g, 2.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure C. The purified product was a white solid (0.34 g, 0.5 mmol, 10%). ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 12.87 (br, 2H), 8.51 (s, 2H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (s, 2H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 4H), 1.81 (m, 4H), 1.49 (m, 4H), 1.41 (m, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.0, 159.0, 137.2, 131.3, 130.8, 127.9, 127.3, 126.2, 126.1, 120.1, 107.1, 68.2, 29.2, 29.0, 26.0. Purity > 95%.

2,2'-(((2-Hydroxypropane-1,3-diyl)bis(0xy))bis(3,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic acid) (**19**). 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and 1,3-dibromopropan-2-ol (1.62 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a grey solid. ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 13.01 (br, 2H), 8.20 (br, 2H), 7.85 (m, 4H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (br, 2H), 7.49 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.30 (m, 3H), 4.24 (m, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.5, 159.7, 131.6, 130.6, 119.8, 117.5, 113.3, 70.3, 68.2; 7. Purity = 90%.

4,4'-((2-Hydroxybutane-1,4-diyl)bis(oxy))bis(3-bromobenzaldehyde) (**20a**). A solution of 3bromo-4-hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.820 g, 9.06 mmol), 1,4-dibromobutan-2-ol (1.00 g, 4.31 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.596 g, 4.31 mmol) in ethanol (11 mL) was stirred while being heated to reflux for 8 h. The cooled mixture was filtered, and the filter-cake was washed with water, ethanol and diethyl ether and then dried in vacuo to give the title compound as a white solid (0.800 g, 1.69 mmol, 39%). The product obtained was used as such in the next step without further characterization.

2,2'-(((2-Hydroxybutane-1,4-diyl)bis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-

benzo[*d*]**imidazole-6-carboxylic acid**) (**20b**). A mixture of 4,4'-((2-hydroxybutane-1,4diyl)bis(oxy))bis(3-bromobenzaldehyde) (**20a**) (0.15 g, 0.318 mmol), 3,4-diaminobenzoic acid (0.102 g, 0.667 mmol), sodium metabisulfite (0.060 g, 0.318 mmol), water (0.315 mL, 17.47 mmol) and ethanol (0.835 mL, 14.30 mmol) was heated at 140°C in a microwave reactor for 15 min. The cooled mixture was filtered, and the filter-cake was washed with water, ethanol and diethyl ether and then dried in vacuo to give the title compound as a white solid (0.196 g, 0.266 mmol, 84%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.890 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{32}H_{25}Br_2N_4O_7$ [M+H]⁺ m/z 735.0085, found 735.0077. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 13.15 (br s, 2H), 8.40 (t, J = 1.76 Hz, 2H), 8.02 - 8.26 (m, 4H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.50 - 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.30 - 7.41 (m, 1H), 5.21 (br s, 1H), 4.28 - 4.43 (m, 2H), 4.10 - 4.25 (m, 3H), 2.13 - 2.28 (m, 1H), 1.99 (dt, J = 4.70, 8.41 Hz, 1H). Purity = 88%.

2,2'-((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-

carboxylic acid) (21). A mixture of dimethyl 2,2'-((propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate) (25) (0.100 g, 0.136 mmol), 1 M aqueous NaOH (2.18 mL, 2.18 mmol), MeOH (2.18 mL) and THF (6.54 mL) was heated at 70°C for 1 h. The cooled mixture was then concentrated to dryness and the residue was treated with a 1 M HCl solution. The solid present was collected by filtration, washed with water and dried under high vacuum to give the title compound as a white solid (0.069 g, 0.098 mmol, 72% yield). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method B): 1.329 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₃₁H₂₃Br₂N₄O₆ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 706.9961, found 706.9967. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 12.92 (br s , 2h), 8.39 - 8.53 (m, 2H), 8.09 - 8.33 (m, 4H), 7.90 (dd, *J* = 1.57, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 4.32 - 4.53 (m, 4H), 2.34 (dd, *J* = 5.48, 6.26 Hz, 3H). Purity = 85%. **2,2'-(((2-Hydroxybutane-1,4-diyl)bis(0xy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(N-(2-**

hydroxyethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxamide) (22). 2,2'-(((2-Hydroxybutane-1,4diyl)bis(0xy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid) (20b) (0.025 g, 0.034 mmol) and ethanolamine (4.52 µl, 0.075 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure D. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.016 g, 0.019 mmol, 57%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.720 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₃₆H₃₅Br₂N₆O₇ [M+H]⁺ m/z821.0928, found 821.0925. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.49 (t, J = 5.48 Hz, 2H), 8.42 (t, J = 1.76 Hz, 2H), 8.19 (td, J = 2.74, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 8.13 (s, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (dd, J = 3.72, 8.80 Hz, 2H), 4.33 - 4.42 (m, 2H), 4.13 - 4.25 (m, 3H), 3.51 - 3.58 (m, 4H), 3.37 (q, J = 6.26 Hz, 4H), 2.17 - 2.26 (m, 1H), 1.95 - 2.05 (m, 1H). Purity > 99%.

2,2'-(((2-Hydroxybutane-1,4-diyl)bis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(N-ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxamide) (23). 2,2'-(((2-Hydroxybutane-1,4-

diyl)bis(0xy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid) (**20b**) (0.025 g, 0.034 mmol) and 2-(ethylamino)ethanol (7.24 µl, 0.075 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure D. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.015 g, 0.017 mmol, 50%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.773 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₄₀H₄₃Br₂N₆O₇ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 877.1554, found 877.1562. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.41 (t, *J* = 1.96 Hz, 2H), 8.18 (td, *J* = 2.54, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.58 - 7.69 (m, 4H), 7.40 (dd, *J* = 3.72, 8.80 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 4.32 - 4.42 (m, 2H), 4.14 - 4.26 (m, 3H), 3.34 (br s, 12H), 2.14 - 2.29 (m, 1H), 1.90 - 2.07 (m, 1H), 1.14 (br s, 6H). Purity > 99%.

((((2-Hydroxybutane-1,4-diyl)bis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-

benzo[d]imidazole-2,6-diyl))bis(morpholinomethanone) (24). 2,2'-(((2-Hydroxybutane-1,4-diyl)bis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid) (20b) (0.025 g, 0.034 mmol) and 2-morpholinoethanamine (9.80 µl, 0.075 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure D. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.030 g, 0.031 mmol, 92%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.646 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₄₄H₄₉Br₂N₈O₇ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 959.2085, found 959.2094. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.75 (t, *J* = 5.67 Hz, 2H), 8.41 (t, *J* = 1.96 Hz, 2H), 8.19 (td, *J* = 2.74, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 8.14 (s, 2H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 9.39 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 2.93, 8.80 Hz, 2H), 4.36 (t, *J* = 6.65 Hz, 2H), 4.12 - 4.25 (m, 3H), 3.95 - 4.09 (m, 4H), 3.53 - 3.74 (m, 12H), 3.30 - 3.41 (m, 4H), 3.08 - 3.24 (m, 4H), 2.16 - 2.28 (m, 1H), 1.93 - 2.07 (m, 1H). Purity > 99%.

Dimethyl 2,2'-((propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1Hbenzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate) (25). A vial was charged with methyl 2-(3-bromo-4-(3chloropropoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (49) (0.030 g, 0.071 mmol), potassium carbonate (0.020 g, 0.142 mmol), sodium iodide (10.6 mg, 0.071 mmol), methyl 2-(3bromo-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (0.025 g, 0.071 mmol) and DMF (1.5 mL). The resulting mixture was heated at 90°C for 22 h and then the cooled mixture was diluted with chloroform and the solids were removed by filtration. The filtrate was then concentrated to dryness and the resulting crude residue was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as an amorphous white solid (0.009 g, 0.012 mmol, 17% yield). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 2.156 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{33}H_{27}Br_2N_4O_6 [M+H]^+ m/z 735.0275$, found 735.0290. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.41 (d, J = 1.96 Hz, 2H), 8.18 (dd, J = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 8.13 - 8.16 (m, 2H), 7.86 (dd, J = 1.76, 8.41 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.22 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 9.00 Hz, 2H), 4.41 (t, J = 6.06 Hz, 4H), 3.88 (s, 6H), 2.33 (td, J = 5.77, 11.93 Hz, 2H). Purity = 89%.

2,2'-((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(N,N-dimethyl-1H-

benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxamide) (26). 2,2'-((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid) (21) (0.015 g, 0.021 mmol) and dimethylamine (2.367 µl, 0.047 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure D. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.007 g, 9.20 µmol, 43%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.903 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₃₅H₃₃Br₂N₆O₄ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 759.0925, found 759.0917. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.43 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 2H), 8.19 (dd, *J* = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (dd, *J* = 3.33, 4.89 Hz, 4H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.27 - 7.33 (m, 2H), 4.42 (t, *J* = 6.26 Hz, 4H), 2.99 (br s, 12H), 2.29 - 2.40 (m, 2H). Purity > 99%.

2,2'-((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(N-methyl-1H-

benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxamide) (27). 2,2'-((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid) (21) (0.015 g, 0.021 mmol) and methylamine (1.45 mg, 0.047 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure D. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.007 g, 9.56 µmol, 45%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.895 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{33}H_{29}Br_2N_6O4$ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 731.0612, found 731.0590. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.46 (q, *J* = 4.30 Hz, 2H), 8.43 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 2H), 8.20 (dd, *J* = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 8.09 (s, 2H), 7.77 (dd, *J* = 1.57, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 4.42 (t, *J* = 6.06 Hz, 4H), 2.82 (d, *J* = 4.70 Hz, 6H), 2.29 - 2.38 (m, 2H). Purity = 88%.

(((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-2,6-

diyl))bis(morpholinomethanone) (28). 2,2'-((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid) (21) (0.015 g, 0.021 mmol) and morpholine (4.07 μ l, 0.047 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure D. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.009 g, 10.66 μ mol, 50%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General

method A): 1.866 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{39}H_{37}Br_2N_6O_6$ [M+H]⁺ m/z 843.1136, found 843.1126. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.43 (d, J = 2.35 Hz, 2H), 8.19 (dd, J = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.59 - 7.70 (m, 4H), 7.43 (d, J = 9.00 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (dd, J = 1.17, 8.22 Hz, 2H), 4.34 - 4.47 (m, 4H), 3.50 - 3.56 (m, 16H), 2.28 - 2.40 (m, 2H). Purity > 99%.

2,2'-((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxamide) (**29**). 2,2'-((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid) (**21**) (0.015 g, 0.021 mmol) and ethanolamine (2.8 µl, 0.047 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure D. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the desired product as a white solid (0.007 g, 8.83 µmol, 42%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.830 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{35}H_{33}Br_2N_6O_6$ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 793.0806, found 793.0808. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.46 (t, *J* = 5.67 Hz, 2H), 8.42 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 2H), 8.20 (dd, *J* = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 8.11 (s, 2H), 7.74 - 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 9.00 Hz, 2H), 4.42 (t, *J* = 6.26 Hz, 4H), 3.54 (t, *J* = 6.26 Hz, 4H), 3.31 - 3.41 (m, 4H), 2.26 - 2.38 (m, 2H). Purity >99%.

2,2'-((Propane-1,3-diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(N-ethyl-N-(2-

hydroxyethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxamide) (30). 2,2'-((Propane-1,3diylbis(oxy))bis(3-bromo-4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid) (21)(0.015 g, 0.021 mmol) and 2-(ethylamino)ethanol (4.5 µl, 0.047 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure D. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC-General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.010 g, 0.012 mmol, 56%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.856 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₃₉H₄₁Br₂N₆O₆ $[M+H]^+$ m/z 847.1449, found 847.1451. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.41 (d, J = 2.35) Hz, 2H), 8.19 (dd, J = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.22 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 9.00 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.83 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (t, J = 9.39 Hz, 2H), 4.41 (t, J = 6.06 Hz, 2H), 4.15 - 4.29 (m, 4H), 2.83 - 3.13 (m, 4H), 1.99 - 2.15 (m, 4H), 1.80 - 1.96 (m, 6H), 0.74 - 0.89 (m, 6H). Purity = 88%. 2,2'-(((2,2-Bis((4-(6-carboxy-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenoxy)methyl)propane-1,3diyl)bis(oxy))bis(4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid) (31). А solution of dimethyl 2,2'-(((2,2-bis((4-(6-(methoxycarbonyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2yl)phenoxy)methyl)propane-1,3-diyl)bis(oxy))bis(4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6carboxylate) (32) (0.020 g, 0.018 mmol), 1 M NaOH (0.211 mL, 0.211 mmol), methanol (0.21

mL) and THF (0.63 mL) was stirred at 70°C for 1 h. The cooled mixture was concentrated to dryness, the residue was acidified with 1M aqueous HCl and the mixture was again concentrated to dryness. The residue was then suspended in methanol, collected by filtration and washed with ether to give the title compound as a white solid (0.008 g, 7.40 μ mol, 42%). LC (Analytical HPLC-General method A): 1.899 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₆₁H₄₅N₈O₁₂ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 1081.3151, found 1081.3145. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 12.98 (br s, 4H), 8.27 (d, *J* = 9.00 Hz, 8H), 8.15 (s, 4H), 7.86 - 7.94 (m, 4H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 4H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 9.00 Hz, 8H), 4.55 (br s, 8H). Purity > 99%.

2,2'-(((2,2-Bis((4-(6-methylcarboxy-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)phenoxy)methyl)propane-

1,3-diyl)bis(0xy))bis(4,1-phenylene))bis(6-methylcarboxy-1H-benzo[d]imidazole) (**32).** A mixture of methyl 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[*d*]imidazole-6-carboxylate (**39a**) (0.100 g, 0.373 mmol), 2,2-bis((tosyloxy)methyl)propane-1,3-diyl bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonate) (**39b**) (0.070 g, 0.093 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.052 g, 0.373 mmol) in DMF (1.75 mL) was stirred while heating to reflux for 24 h. The cooled mixture was concentrated to dryness, the residue was suspended in water and the solid obtained was collected by filtration. The crude solid was then taken up in DMF and purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as an amorphous white solid (0.024 g, 0.021 mmol, 23%). LC (Analytical HPLC-General method A): 2.135 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₆₅H₅₃N₈O₁₂ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 1137.3777, found 1137.3598. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.05 - 8.16 (m, 12H) 7.82 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.8 Hz, 4H) 7.62 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 4H) 7.26 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 8H) 4.53 (br s, 8H) 3.87 (s, 12H). Purity = 82%.

2,2'-(((1,2-Phenylenebis(methylene))bis(oxy))bis(4,1-phenylene))bis(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylic acid) (33). 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.83 g, 15 mmol) and 1,3bis(bromomethyl)benzene (1.97 g, 7.5 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure A followed by General procedure B. The purified product was a brown solid (0.79 g, 6.5 mmol, 43%). ¹H-NMR (700 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 13.16 (br, 2H), 8.15 (m, 4H), 8.12 (br, 2H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (br, 2H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 4H), 5.38 (s, 4H). ¹³C-NMR (176 MHz, DMSO) δ ppm 168.3, 160.6, 154.6 (br), 153.7 (br), 135.5, 129.2, 128.9, 128.7, 125.0, 124.0 (br), 123.5 (br), 123.1, 120.8 (br), 118.5 (br), 115.9, 68.0. Purity > 95%.

Methyl 2-(3-bromo-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (34). A 100 mL sealed tube was charged with methyl 3,4-diaminobenzoate (1.901 g, 11.44 mmol), 3-bromo-4-

hydroxybenzaldehyde (2.3 g, 11.44 mmol) and DMF (48.7 mL). Sodium metabisulfite (2.175 g, 11.44 mmol) was then added and the resulting mixture was heated at 80°C for 3 h. After cooling, the reaction mixture was concentrated to dryness and the solid residue obtained was suspended in water-acetonitrile (1:1) and sonicated for 30 min. The resulting suspension was filtered, and the residue was dried in vacuo to give the title compound (3.097 g, 8.03 mmol, 70% yield) as a yellow solid. LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.686 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{15}H_{12}BrN_2O_3$ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 347.0026, found 347.0035. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 11.01 (br s, 1H), 8.34 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (d, *J* = 1.57 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (dd, *J* = 2.15, 8.41 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (dd, *J* = 1.76, 8.41 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.22 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H). Purity > 99%.

Methyl 2-(4-(benzyloxy)-3-bromophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (**35**). To a mixture of methyl 2-(3-bromo-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (**34**) (0.100 g, 0.288 mmol) and cesium carbonate (0.141 g, 0.432 mmol) in acetonitrile (1.35 mL) was added benzyl bromide (0.038 mL, 0.317 mmol) and the resulting mixture was heated at 70°C for 16 h. The cooled mixture was then diluted with chloroform (15 mL) and the insolubles were removed by filtration. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude residue was taken up in DMF and purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.011 g, 0.025 mmol, 9%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 2.144 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₂₂H₁₈BrN₂O₃ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 437.0495, found 437.0522. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.44 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 1H), 8.15 - 8.22 (m, 2H), 7.87 (dd, *J* = 1.76, 8.41 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.22 Hz, 1H), 7.48 - 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.40 - 7.47 (m, 3H), 7.34 - 7.39 (m, 1H), 5.33 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H). Purity = 92%.

Methyl 2-(3-bromo-4-(3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6carboxylate (36). Methyl 2-(3-Bromo-4-(3-chloropropoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6carboxylate (49) (0.020 g, 0.047 mmol) and 1-methylpiperazine (0.014 g, 0.142 mmol) were reacted as follows: a vial was charged with 49 (1.0 eq), cesium carbonate (3.0 eq), sodium iodide (1.0 eq), 1-methylpiperazine (0.014 g, 0.142 mmol, 3.0 eq) and DMF (0.5 mL). The resulting mixture was heated at 100°C for 20 h. The cooled mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was directly purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.010 g, 0.021 mmol, 44%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.547 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₂₃H₂₈BrN₄O₃ [M+H]⁺ m/z 487.1339, found 487.1368. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Methanol-d₄) δ ppm 8.35 (d, *J* = 1.17 Hz, 1H), 8.39 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 1H), 8.06 - 8.16 (m, 3H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (t, *J* = 5.87 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.21 - 3.29 (m, 4H), 2.87 - 3.07 (m, 6H), 2.85 (s, 3H), 2.10 - 2.21 (m, 2H). Purity > 99%.

Methyl 2-(3-bromo-4-(3-morpholinopropoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (**37**). Methyl 2-(3-Bromo-4-(3-chloropropoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (**49**) (0.030 g, 0.071 mmol) and morpholine (0.019 g, 0.212 mmol) were reacted as follows: a vial was charged with **49** (1.0 eq), cesium carbonate (3.0 eq), sodium iodide (1.0 eq), morpholine (0.019 g, 0.212 mmol, 3.0 eq) and DMF (0.5 mL). The resulting mixture was heated at 100°C for 20 h. The cooled mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was directly purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.009 g, 0.019 mmol, 27%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.495 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₂₂H₂₅BrN₃O₄ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 476.1006, found 476.1034. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Methanol-d₄) δ ppm 8.39 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 1H), 8.31 - 8.35 (m, 1H), 8.13 (dd, *J* = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (dd, *J* = 1.57, 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (t, *J* = 5.67 Hz, 2H), 4.02 - 4.20 (m, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.70 - 3.91 (m, 2H), 3.53 - 3.70 (m, 2H), 3.41 - 3.52 (m, 2H), 3.15 - 3.29 (m, 2H), 2.31 - 2.44 (m, 2H). Purity = 98%.

Methyl 2-(4-(3-(benzylamino)propoxy)-3-bromophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6carboxylate (38). Methyl 2-(3-Bromo-4-(3-chloropropoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6carboxylate (49) (0.030 g, 0.071 mmol) and benzylamine (0.023 mL, 0.212 mmol) were reacted as follows: a vial was charged with 49 (1.0 eq), cesium carbonate (3.0 eq), sodium iodide (1.0 eq), benzylamine (0.023 mL, 0.212 mmol, 3.0 eq) and DMF (0.5 mL). The resulting mixture was heated at 100°C for 20 h. The cooled mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was directly purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.009 g, 0.018 mmol, 26%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.749 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₂₅H₂₅BrN₃O₃ [M+H]⁺ *m*/z 496.1057, found 496.1085. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Methanol-d₄) δ ppm 8.36 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 1H), 8.30 - 8.34 (m, 1H), 8.12 (dd, *J* = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (dd, *J* = 1.57, 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.45 - 7.56 (m, 5H), 7.26 - 7.32 (m, 2H), 4.33 (t, *J* = 5.67 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.38 (t, *J* = 7.43 Hz, 2H), 2.26 - 2.37 (m, 2H). Purity = 91%.

Methyl 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (39a). A 100 mL sealed tube was charged with methyl 3,4-diaminobenzoate (1.857 g, 11.18 mmol), 4-

hydroxybenzaldehyde (1.365 g, 11.18 mmol), DMF (47.6 mL) and sodium metabisulfite (2.125 g, 11.18 mmol). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 80°C. The cooled mixture was filtered and the filter-cake was suspended in water-acetonitrile (1:1) and sonicated for 30 min. The resulting slurry was filtered and the obtained solid was dried in vacuo to give the title compound as a yellow solid (2.057 g, 7.67 mmol, 69%). Purification of a small portion of this material (60 mg) by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) gave the product as a white solid. LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.505 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₅H₁₃N₂O₃ [M+H]⁺ m/z 269.0921, found 269.0931. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.16 - 8.20 (m, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 7.94 (dd, *J* = 1.57, 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H). Purity > 99%.

2,2-Bis((tosyloxy)methyl)propane-1,3-diyl bis(4-methylbenzenesulfonate) (39b). To a solution of 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)propane-1,3-diol (0.500 g, 3.67 mmol) in pyridine (8.9 mL) was added p-toluenesulfonyl chloride (3.14 g, 16.45 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 48 h. Cold water was then added and the precipitate was collected by filtration, washed with cold water and dried in vacuo to give the title compound as a white solid (1.781 g, 2.366 mmol, 64%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 2.270 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{33}H_{37}O_{12}S_4$ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 753.1162, found 753.1076. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 8H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.22 Hz, 8H), 3.80 (s, 8H), 2.43 (s, 12H).

Methyl 2-(4-(3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6carboxylate (40). A mixture of methyl 2-(4-(3-chloropropoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6carboxylate (50) (0.146 g, 0.423 mmol), 1-methylpiperazine (0.141 mL, 1.270 mmol), cesium carbonate (0.414 g, 1.270 mmol) and sodium iodide (0.063 g, 0.423 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was heated at 100°C for 20 h. The cooled mixture was diluted with chloroform and the insolubles were removed by filtration. The filtrate was then concentrated to dryness and the residue was purified by flash chromatography [eluting with 0-40% dichloromethane-methanol-NH₄OH (50:45:5)dichloromethane] to give the title compound as a white solid (0.096 g, 0.235 mmol, 56%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.348 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₂₃H₂₉N₄O₃ [M+H]⁺ m/z 409.2234, found 409.2199. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.05 - 8.15 (m, 3H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.49 - 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 9.00 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 6.26 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 2.18 - 2.44 (m, 10H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.87 (quint, *J* = 6.85 Hz, 2H). Purity = 97%.

N-Benzyl-2-(4-(3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-

carboxamide (41). 2-(4-(3-(4-Methylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6carboxylic acid (51) (0.025 g, 0.063 mmol) and benzylamine (0.015 mL, 0.133 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure D. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.011 g, 0.023 mmol, 36%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.513 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{29}H_{34}N_5O_2$ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 484.2707, found 484.2717. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 9.11 (t, *J* = 6.06 Hz, 1H), 8.11 - 8.20 (m, 3H), 7.83 - 7.91 (m, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.30 -7.38 (m, 4H), 7.21 - 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 9.00 Hz, 2H), 4.53 (d, *J* = 5.87 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (t, *J* = 6.26 Hz, 2H), 3.22 - 3.49 (m, 4H), 2.83 - 3.11 (m, 6H), 2.78 (br s, 3H), 1.95 - 2.11 (m, 2H). Purity = 90%.

2-(4-(3-(4-Methylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)-N-(2-morpholinoethyl)-1H-

benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxamide (42). 2-(4-(3-(4-Methylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)-1Hbenzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid (**51**) (0.025 g, 0.063 mmol) and 2-morpholinoethanamine (0.017 mL, 0.133 mmol) were reacted according to General Method A. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.009 g, 0.018 mmol, 28%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.013 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₂₈H₃₉N₆O₃ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 507.3078, found 507.3070. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 9.66 - 9.86 (m, 1H), 8.75 (t, *J* = 5.67 Hz, 1H), 8.07 - 8.18 (m, 3H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 9.39 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.22 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 9.00 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (t, *J* = 6.26 Hz, 2H), 3.84 - 4.06 (m, 4H), 3.54 - 3.84 (m, 12H), 3.26 - 3.40 (m, 2H), 3.13 (dt, *J* = 4.11, 7.53 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (br s, 3H), 1.93 - 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.14 - 1.28 (m, 2H). Purity = 95%.

2-(3-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid (43). A sealable tube was charged with 3-bromo-4-methoxybenzaldehyde (1.00 g, 4.65 mmol), 3,4-diaminobenzoic acid (0.708 g, 4.65 mmol), anhydrous DMF (20 mL) and sodium metabisulfite (0.884 g, 4.65 mmol), and the resulting mixture was heated at 80°C for 3 h. The cooled mixture was then concentrated to dryness and the crude residue obtained was partitioned with ethyl acetate-water. The organic layer was separated, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to afford the crude title compound as a grey solid that was used as such in the next step (1.80 g, 5.18 mmol, 111%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.657 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₅H₁₂BrN₂O₃ [M+H]⁺ m/z 347.0026, found 347.0048. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.41 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 1H),

8.20 (dd, *J* = 2.15, 8.80 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.84 (dd, *J* = 1.76, 8.41 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.22 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 9.00 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H). Purity > 99%.

2-(3-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-*N*,*N*-diethyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxamide (44). 2-(3-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid (43) (0.050 g, 0.144 mmol) and diethylamine hydrochloride (0.017 g, 0.158 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure E. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.034 g, 0.085 mmol, 59%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.727 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₉H₂₁BrN₃O₂ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 402.0812, found 402.0830. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.42 (d, *J* = 1.96 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (dd, *J* = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.22 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, *J* = 1.76, 8.41 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.37 (br s, 4H), 1.13 (br s, 6H). Purity = 93%.

N-Benzyl-2-(3-bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxamide (45). 2-(3-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid (43) (0.050 g, 0.144 mmol) and phenylethanamine (0.017 g, 0.158 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure E. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.028 g, 0.064 mmol, 45%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.867 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₂₂H₁₉BrN₃O₂ [M+H]⁺ m/z 436.0655, found 436.0655. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 9.12 (t, J = 6.06 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (d, J = 2.35 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (dd, J = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.87 (dd, J = 1.76, 8.41 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.22 Hz, 1H), 7.29 - 7.41 (m, 5H), 7.19 - 7.29 (m, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 6.26 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (s, 3H). Purity = 98%.

(2-(3-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)(4-methylpiperazin-1-

yl)methanone (46). 2-(3-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid (43) (0.050 g, 0.144 mmol) and 1-methylpiperazine (0.016 g, 0.158 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure E. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.028 g, 0.065 mmol, 45%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.301 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{20}H_{22}BrN_4O_2$ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 429.0921, found 429.0946. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 9.99 (br s, 1H), 8.41 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (dd, *J* = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 8.22 Hz, 1H), 7.28 - 7.36 (m, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.21 - 3.50 (m, 6H), 3.02 - 3.14 (m, 2H), 2.82 (s, 3H). Purity > 99%.

2-(3-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-N-(2-morpholinoethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-

carboxamide (47). 2-(3-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid (43) (0.050 g, 0.144 mmol) and 2-morpholinoethanamine (0.021 g, 0.158 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure E. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.030 g, 0.065 mmol, 45%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.415 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for $C_{21}H_{24}BrN_4O_3$ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 459.1026, found 459.1017. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 9.77 (br s, 1H), 8.77 (t, *J* = 5.87 Hz, 1H), 8.42 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (dd, *J* = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, *J* = 1.76, 8.41 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 3.97 - 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.53 - 3.74 (m, 6H), 3.36 (t, *J* = 6.26 Hz, 2H), 3.17 (br s, 2H). Purity > 99%.

(2-(3-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)(morpholino)methanone (48). 2-(3-Bromo-4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid (43) (0.050 g, 0.144 mmol) and morpholine (0.014 g, 0.158 mmol) were reacted according to General procedure E. The crude residue obtained was purified by prep HPLC (Preparative HPLC- General method A) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.038 g, 0.091 mmol, 63%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.536 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₉H₁₉BrN₃O₃ [M+H]⁺ m/z 418.0589, found 418.0586. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.44 (d, J = 2.35 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (dd, J = 2.35, 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.68 - 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.33 - 7.42 (m, 2H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.41 - 3.71 (m, 8H). Purity > 99%.

Methyl 2-(3-bromo-4-(3-chloropropoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (49). To a solution of methyl 2-(3-bromo-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (34) (0.300 g, 0.864 mmol) and cesium carbonate (0.422 g, 1.296 mmol) stirred in acetone (5.7 mL) was added 1-bromo-3-chloropropane (0.094 mL, 0.951 mmol). The resulting mixture was then stirred at 70°C for 16 h. After cooling, the reaction mixture was diluted with 15 mL of chloroform and the solids were removed by filtration. The filtrate was concentrated to dryness and the residue obtained was purified by flash chromatography (24 g cartridge) eluting with a gradient of ethyl acetate in dichloromethane (from 0 to 25%) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.097g, 0.229mmol, 27% yield). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 2.048 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₈H₁₇BrClN₂O₃ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 423.0106, 425.0084, found 423.0129, 425.0106. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.42 (d, *J* = 2.35 Hz, 1H), 8.15 - 8.22 (m, 2H), 7.87 (dd, *J* = 1.76,

8.41 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (t, *J* = 5.87 Hz, 2H), 3.83 - 3.90 (m, 5H), 2.25 (quint, *J* = 6.16 Hz, 2H).

Methyl 2-(4-(3-chloropropoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (50). To a solution of methyl 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (Scheme S6, Step a, **39a**; 0.800 g, 2.98 mmol) and cesium carbonate (1.457 g, 4.47 mmol) stirred in acetone (15 mL) was added 1-bromo-3-chloropropane (0.324 mL, 3.28 mmol) and the resulting mixture was heated at 80°C for 16 h. The cooled mixture was then concentrated to dryness and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (40 g cartridge, 0-5% MeOH-dichloromethane) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.340 g, 0.986 mmol, 33%). LC (Analytical HPLC- General method A): 1.824 min. HRMS (ESI): calcd for C₁₈H₁₈ClN₂O₃ [M+H]⁺ *m/z* 345.1000, found 345.1021. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ ppm 8.08 - 8.16 (m, 3H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.43 Hz, 1H), 7.53 - 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.61 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (t, *J* = 6.06 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.82 (t, *J* = 6.46 Hz, 2H), 2.21 (quint, *J* = 6.16 Hz, 2H).

2-(4-(3-(4-Methylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylic acid (51). A solution of methyl 2-(4-(3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propoxy)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-6-carboxylate (40) (0.196 g, 0.480 mmol) and 1 M sodium hydroxide (1.44 mL, 1.44 mmol) in a mixture of methanol (1.44 mL) and THF (4.32 mL) was stirred with heating at 70°C for 1 h. The cooled mixture was concentrated to dryness and the crude residue obtained was treated with 1 M HCl (1.44 mL, 1.44 mmol). The resulting slurry was filtered, and the filter-cake was washed with water and then dried in vacuo to give the title compound as a solid. It was used as such for the next step without further purification. LC (Analytical HPLC- General method B): 0.992 min. MS (APCI): calcd for $C_{22}H_{26}N_4O_3$ [M+H]⁺ m/z 395.2, found 395.2.

	DfrB1•3 (PDB ID 6NXZ)	DfrB1•1 (PDB ID 6NY0)
Data collection statistics		
Space group	I4 ₁ 22	I4 ₁ 22
Number of Molecules per	1	1
Asymmetric Unit		
a=b (Å)	67.617	67.492
c (Å)	51.977	51.791
$\alpha = \beta = \gamma (^{o})$	90	90
Wavelength (Å)	1.54	0.98
Resolution Range (Å) ^a	50-1.75 (1.78-1.75)	50-1.40 (1.43-1.40)
Completeness (%) ^a	94.3 (48.7)	100.0 (100.0)
Redundancy ^a	79.2 (1.5)	20.1 (18.5)
R_{merge} (%) ^a	20.4 (>100)	7.6 (>100)
R_{meas} (%) ^a	20.5 (>100)	ND ^b
R_{pim} (%) ^a	2.0 (>100)	ND ^b
$CC_{1/2}^{a}$	(0.697)	ND ^b
CC* a	(0.907)	ND ^b
Refinement statistics		
Total number of reflections	5681 (319)	11,543 (624)
(reflections in R-free set)		
R _{factor} (%)	17.85	14.203
R_{free} (5% free test set) (%)	20.82	15.774
Number of atoms	515	562
Protein	429	459
Water	60	72
Buffer components	18	23
Inhibitor	8	8
RMSD		
Bond length (Å)	0.020	0.018
Bond angle (°)	2.061	2.076
Average atomic B-Factor (Å ²)	21.063	15.229
Protein (Å ²)	19.200	14.035
Water $(Å^2)$	33.637	26.110
Buffer components (Å ²)	70.420	37.496
Inhibitor ($Å^2$)	29.145	11.916
Ramachandran Plot	53	55
Residues in Favoured Positions	53	55
Residues in Allowed Positions	0	0
Residues in Disallowed Positions	0	0

Table S1. Crystallographic data for DfrB1•3 (PDB ID 6NXZ) and DfrB1•1 (PDB ID 6NY0).

^a Items in parentheses refer to the highest resolution shell.

^bNot determined; the version of HKL-2000 used to process these data did not report these statistics.

Table S2. Relative binding frequency per residue of DfrB1 with all inhibitors, resulting from the compilation of simulated poses (3, Figure S1). Inhibitors are listed in the order of their appearance in the Results section. Binding events were determined using the Protein Ligand Interaction Fingerprints (PLIF) module in MOE (CCG). The distribution of interaction frequency is gray-scaled from the highest frequency (\blacksquare) to no binding observed (\Box).

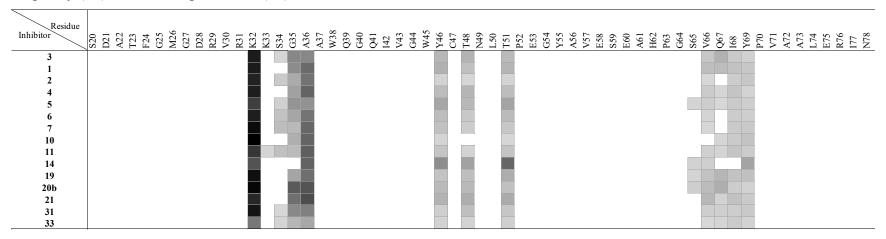


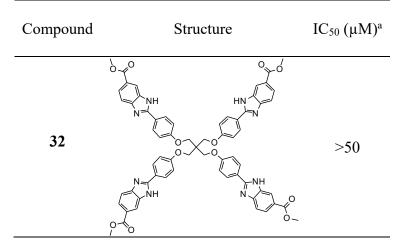
Table S3. Types of interactions between inhibitor segments and amino acids of DfrB1 determined using the Protein Ligand Interaction Fingerprints (PLIF) module in MOE (CCG). Inhibitors are listed in the order of their appearance in the Results section. H-bonds: D: side-chain donor, A: side-chain acceptor, d: backbone donor, a: backbone acceptor. I: ionic interaction. R: arene interaction.

	Moiety	[]	K32	K33	S34	G35	A36	[]	Y46	C47	T48	N49	L50	T51	[]	S65	V66	Q67	168	Y69	[
3	Terminal carboxylate Benzimidazole Phenoxy		DI		dD	d	d		D		D			D			Rd	A D	a R	R	
	Central core																а	AD	ad		
	Terminal carboxylate		DI			d	d		D		D			D							
1	Benzimidazole																ad	_	d	R	
	Phenoxy Central core																а	D A	dR ad	R	
	Terminal carboxylate		DI		dD	d	d		D		D			D			<u>u</u>				
2	Benzimidazole																aR		а	R	
2	Phenoxy																d		R		
	Central core																				
	Terminal carboxylate		DI			d	d		D		D			D			-10		_		
4	Benzimidazole Phenoxy																dR	D	a R	R	
	Central core																	U	ĸ		
	Terminal carboxylate		DI		dD	d	d		D		D			D			d				
E	Benzimidazole															R	ad		а	R	
5	Phenoxy																d	DR	Rd		
	Central core																				
	Terminal carboxylate		DI		D	d	d		D		D			D		-				-	
6	Benzimidazole															R	adR	5	а	R	
	Phenoxy Central core																	D	R		
	Terminal carboxylate		DI		D	d	d		D		D			D							
-	Benzimidazole		5.		5	ũ	ŭ		5		5			2			d		Ra	R	
7	Phenoxy																		R		
	Central core																				
	Terminal carboxylate		DI			d	d		D					D							
10	Benzimidazole																	D	aR	R	
	Phenoxy																	D	R		
	Central core Terminal carboxylate		DI	I	dD	d	d		D		D			D							
	Benzimidazole		DI		üD	u	ŭ		U		D			D				AR	d	R	
11	Phenoxy																d	DR	R		
	Central core																R		R		
	Terminal carboxylate		DI				d		D		D			D							
14	Benzimidazole																				
	Phenoxy															R	R			R	
	Central core Terminal carboxylate		DI			d	d		D		D			D							
	Benzimidazole		DI			u	u		D		D			D		R	R		ad	R	
19	Phenoxy																		d		
	Central core																а	AD	d		
	Terminal carboxylate		DI			d	d		D		D			D							
20b	Benzimidazole																dRa			R	
	Phenoxy															А	а		Ra		
	Central core Terminal carboxylate		DI			d	d		D		D			D			а	AD	D		
	Benzimidazole					u	u		U		U			U			aRd	D	а	R	
21	Phenoxy																a	A	R		
	Central core																				
	Terminal carboxylate		DI		D	d	d		D		D			D							
31	Benzimidazole																aR		а	R	
-	Phenoxy																	DR	R	R	
	Central core Terminal carboxylate				۲۹	لم	٦		D		2			~				A			
	Benzimidazole		DI		Dd	d	d		U		D			D			ad	А	aR	R	
33	Phenoxy																au	D	R	IX.	
	Central core																	R		R	

Compound	$IC_{50}(\mu M)^{a}$
22	> 50
23	> 50
24	> 50
25	> 30
26	> 100
27	> 100
28	> 100
29	> 50
30	> 100

Table S4. IC₅₀ upon substitution of the terminal carboxylates.

^a Compounds were tested at the highest possible concentration, considering constraints due to precipitation.



^a Compound **32** was tested at the highest possible concentration, considering constraints due to precipitation.

Table S6. Inhibition with representative non-symmetrical benzimidazole-based compounds. Table

 S8 lists nine further compounds in this category.

8	5
Compound	$IC_{50}(\mu M)^{a}$
37	> 630
40	> 500
43	> 630
48	> 630

^a Compounds were tested at the highest possible concentration, considering constraints due to precipitation.

$\begin{array}{c} & & \\$										
#	R ¹	R ²	R ³	IC ₅₀ (µM) ^a						
34	-OMe	-Br	-Н	> 30						
35	-OMe	-Br	r.	> 30						
36	-OMe	-Br	۲ ۲ ۲ ۲	> 630						
38	-OMe	-Br	K N	> 30						
39a	-OMe	-H	-Н	> 30						
41	H N	-H	۶۲ N N	> 500						
42	^N ^N ^N ^N ^Y	-H	r N	> 500						
44	∕_N ┌╯	-Br	-Me	> 160						
45	H N J	-Br	-Me	> 30						
46	N N N -	-Br	-Me	> 2,500						
47	^N N N N N V V	-Br	-Me	> 630						

Table S7. Inhibition with nine further non-symmetrical benzimidazole-based compounds.

^a Compounds were tested at the highest possible concentration, considering constraints due to precipitation.

Table S8. IC₅₀ of selected inhibitors for DfrB1 and DfrB4.^a

		IC ₅₀ (μM)								
	ТМР	1	3	33	20b	31				
DfrB1	$(19\pm4)\times10^3$	130 ± 11^{b}	113 ± 13	240 ± 87	83 ± 22	35 ± 9.0				
DfrB4	$(12 \pm 2) \times 10^{3}$	69 ± 22	76 ± 18	210 ± 25	73 ± 13	37 ± 9.6				

^a Values are given as the average \pm standard deviation from the mean of at least duplicates of triplicates.

^b Value taken from Table 2 in ³.

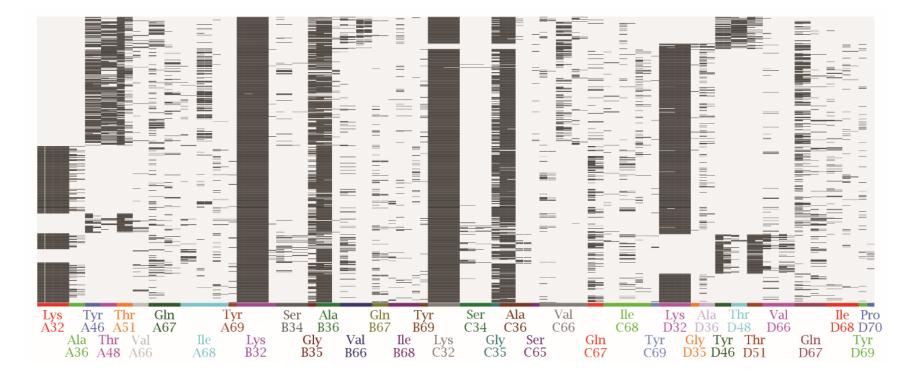


Figure S1. Matrix of the binding residues of DfrB1 with **3**. Each row represents one pose and each column, a specific interaction with a residue. For example, each of four Lys32 in the tetramer (Lys32A, Lys32B, Lys32C and Lys32D) can form 4 different interactions with the terminal carboxylate: side-chain H-bond1, side-chain H-bond2, side-chain ionic interaction1 and side-chain ionic interaction2. The letters A to D indicate the protomer implicated in binding. Each interaction is scored as a black mark.

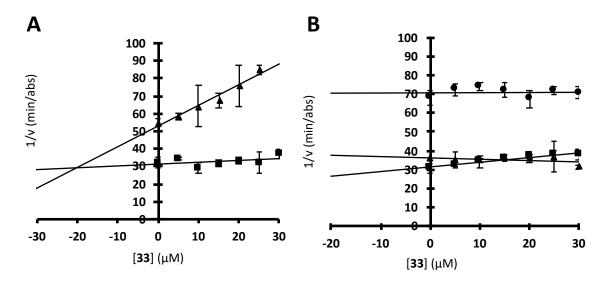


Figure S2. Dixon plots of **33** with DfrB1. The reciprocal velocity of DfrB1 as a function of inhibitor concentration determines the type of inhibition. The reciprocal velocity of DfrB1 as a function of inhibitor concentration determines the type of inhibition. (A) DHF was held constant and saturating at 50 μ M and NADPH was 5 μ M (~1 × K_M^{NADPH}; **△**) or 80 μ M (22 × K_M^{NADPH}; **●**). The intercept of the slopes gave K_i. (B) NADPH was held constant and saturating at 50 μ M and DHF was 5 μ M (~2 × K_M^{DHF}; **●**) 25 μ M (13 × K_M^{DHF}; **△**) or 164 μ M (86 × K_M^{DHF}; **●**). Values are given as the mean ± standard deviation for triplicate results.

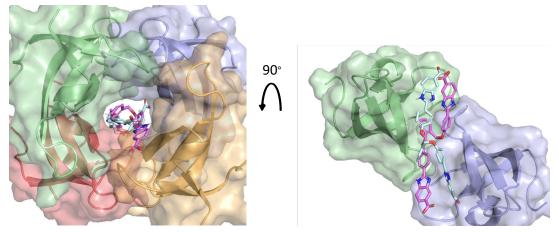


Figure S3. Theoretical representation of two molecules of **33** in the active site of DfrB1 (left) and from a top view (right). Contrary to other representations bound inhibitors, here only one molecule of **33** was modeled using LowMode MD simulations, consistent with the Hill coefficient of 1.1 (Figure 12). The bound **33** was then duplicated in a symmetry-related orientation to provide a

theoretical overlay of two molecules of **33** in the active site. Severe clashes are observed; the *o*-substituted central core of **33** adopts a wide twist that precludes fitting two molecules of **33** alongside each other in the tunnel.

REFERENCES

- 1. Cappoen, D.; Forge, D.; Vercammen, F.; Mathys, V.; Kiass, M.; Roupie, V.; Anthonissen, R.; Verschaeve, L.; Vanden Eynde, J. J.; Huygen, K., Biological evaluation of bisbenzaldehydes against four Mycobacterium species. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2013**, *63*, 731-738.
- 2. Donahoe, H. B.; Benjamin, L. E.; Fennoy, L. V.; Greiff, D., Synthesis of potential rickettsiostatic agents. J. Org. Chem. 1961, 26, 474-476.
- 3. Bastien, D.; Ebert, M. C. C. J. C.; Forge, D.; Toulouse, J.; Kadnikova, N.; Perron, F.; Mayence, A.; Huang, T. L.; Vanden Eynde, J. J.; Pelletier, J. N., Fragment-based design of symmetrical bis-benzimidazoles as selective inhibitors of the trimethoprim-resistant, type II R67 dihydrofolate reductase. *J. Med. Chem.* **2012**, *55*, 3182-3192.