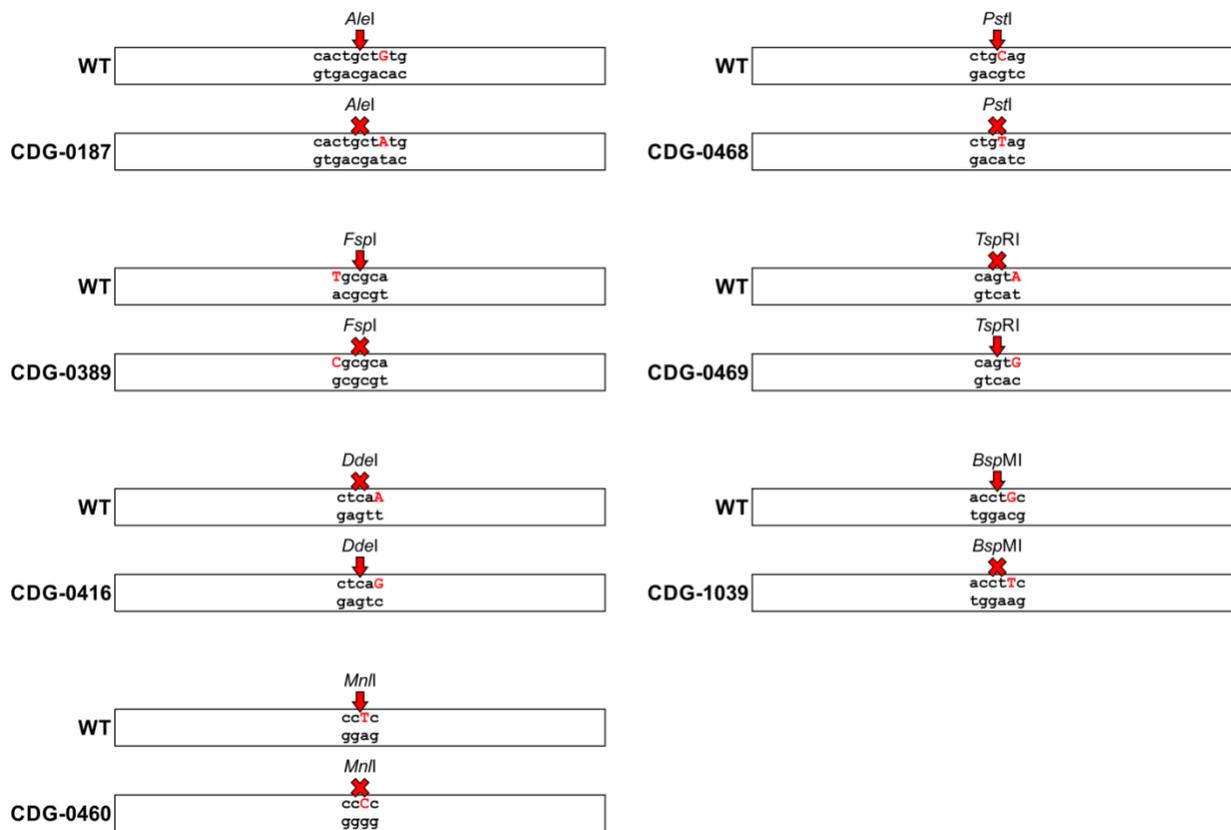
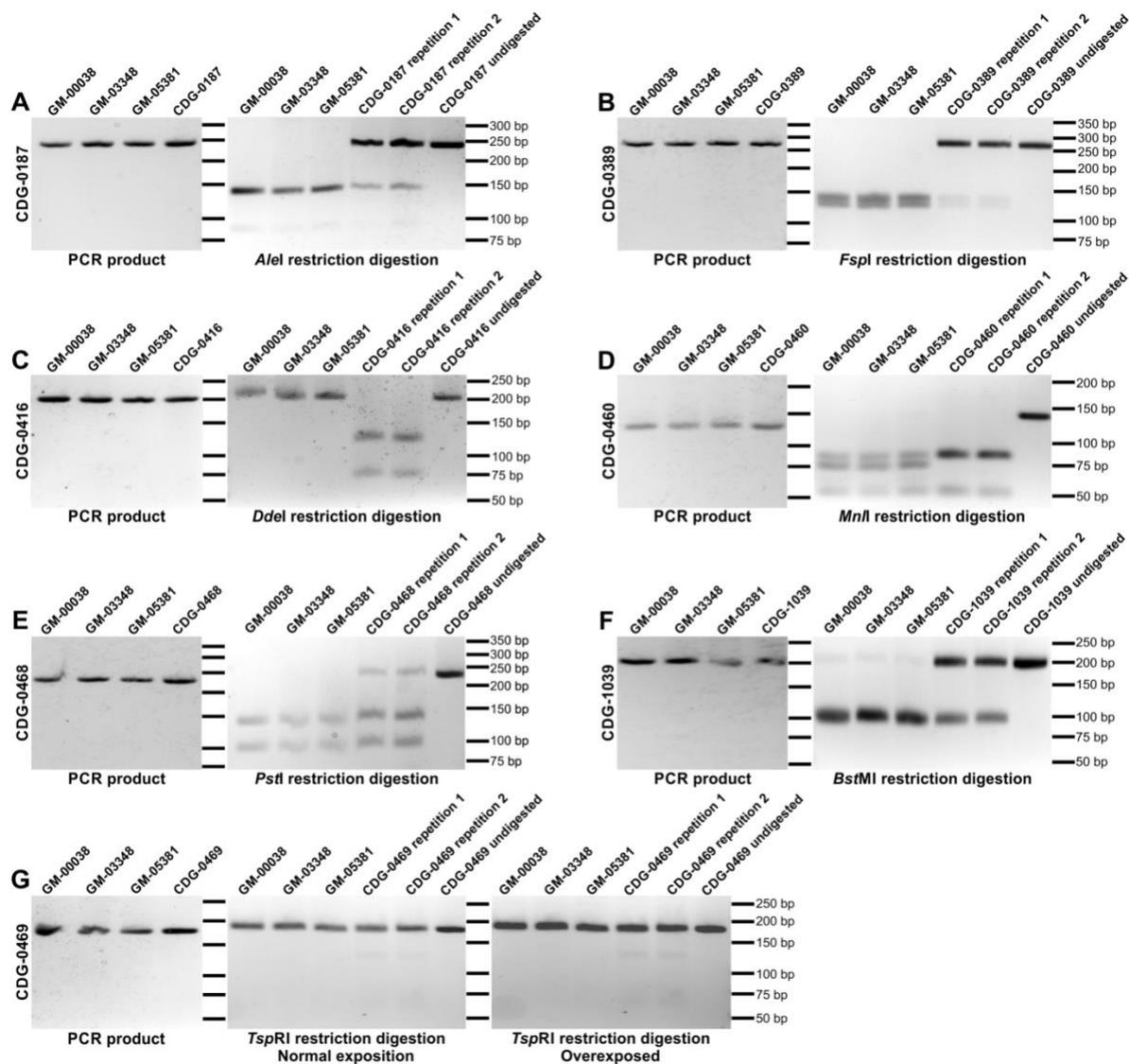


Supporting Figure S1



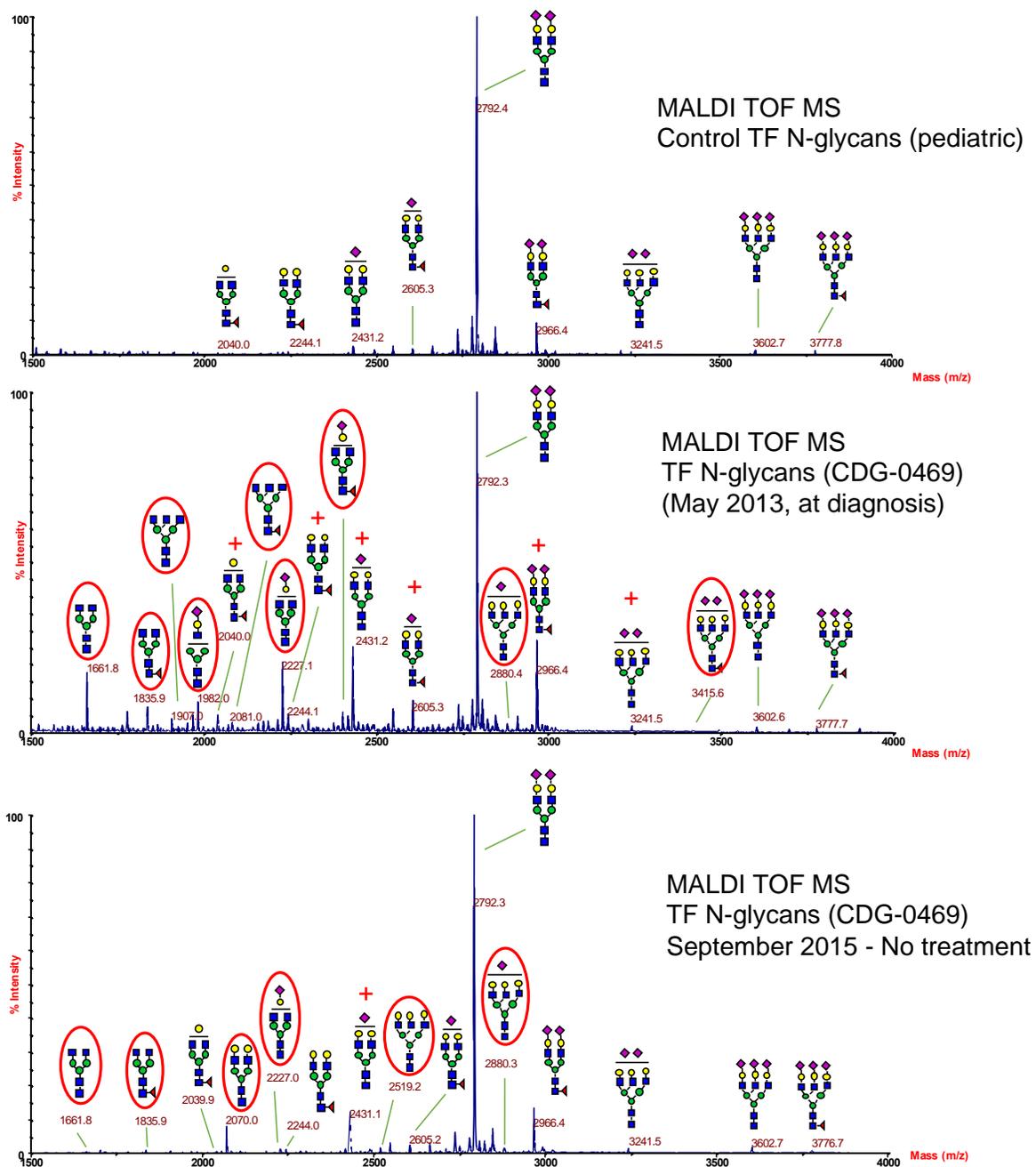
Supp. Figure S1. Strategy of *SLC35A2* cDNA allele ratios assay. Schematic representation of the effect of each variant present in the primary fibroblast cells from each individual on the gain/loss of particular restriction site.

Supporting Figure S2

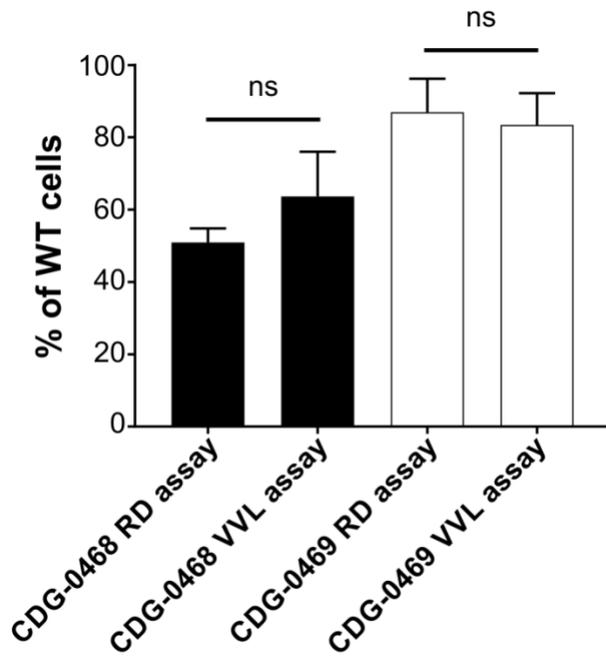


Supp. Figure S2. *SLC35A2* cDNA allele ratios assay summary. Agarose gels were used to quantify the cDNA allele ratio. Each panel represents a different individual.

Supporting Figure S3

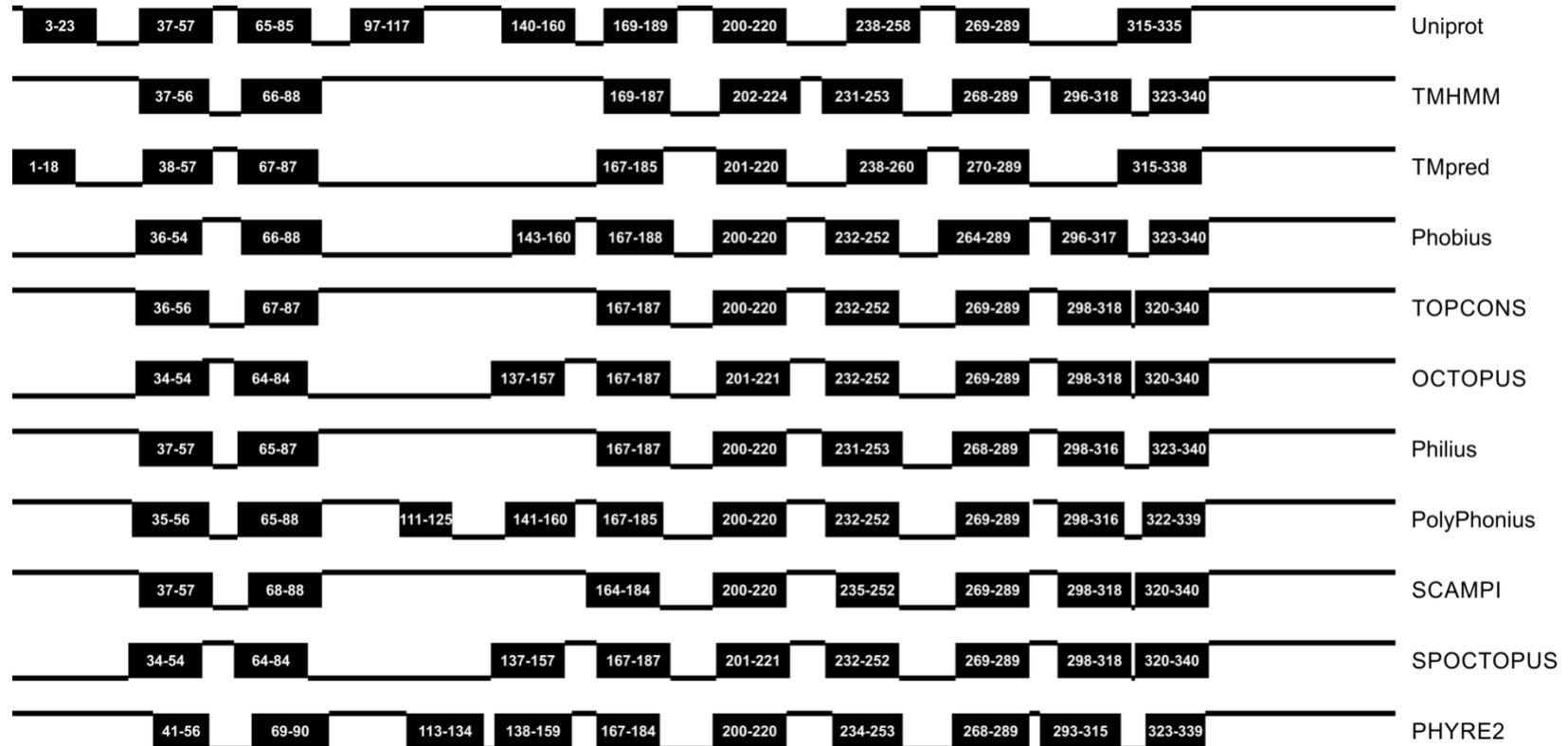


Supp. Figure S3. MALDI MS analysis of N-glycans released from serum Tf from CDG-0469 over a period of 28 months showing improvement of her CDT without treatment.

Supporting Figure S4

Supp. Figure S4. Comparison of wild-type to mutant cDNA allele ratios determined using restriction digestion-based assay (RD assay) with the percentage of VVL positive cells calculated based on the immunofluorescence staining (VVL assay). Data are presented as mean \pm SD.

Supporting Figure S5



Supp. Figure S5. *In silico* topology prediction of UDP-galactose transporter using different tools.

Supporting Table S1 – Summary of 32 previously reported SLC35A2-CDG individuals.

Individual	Gender	cDNA position	Protein Position	Variant Status	Detection Method	CDT results	Reference
1	Male	c.15_91+48 delinsA	p.Gly8Serfs*9	Novel	Sanger	Abnormal	Ng et al., 2013
2	Male	c.991G>A	p.Val331Ile	Known	WES	Abnormal	Ng et al., 2013
3	Female	c.3G>A	p.Met1?	Novel	WES	Abnormal	Ng et al., 2013
4	Female	c.433_434del	p.Tyr145Profs*76	Novel	WES	Normal	Kodera et al., 2013
5	Female	c.972del	p.Phe324Leufs*25	Novel	WES	Normal	Kodera et al., 2013
6	Female	c.638C>T	p.Ser213Phe	Novel	WES	Normal	Kodera et al., 2013
7	Female	c.502C>T	p.Gln168Ter	Novel	WES	Normal	EuroEPINOMICS-RES Consortium, Epilepsy Phenome/Genome Project & Epi4K Consortium, 2014
8	Female	c.683C>A	p.Ser228Ter	Novel	WES	Normal	EuroEPINOMICS-RES Consortium, Epilepsy Phenome/Genome Project & Epi4K Consortium, 2014
9	Female	c.797G>T	p.Gly266Val	Novel	WES	Abnormal	Dorre et al., 2015
10	Male	c.800A>G	p.Tyr267Cys	Known	WES	Normal	Bosch et al., 2016
11	Female	c.800A>G	p.Tyr267Cys	Known	WES	Normal	Lelieveld et al., 2016
12	NA	c.508G>C	p.Ala170Pro	Novel	WES	Normal	Lelieveld et al., 2016
13	NA	c.616G>A	p.Val206Ile	Novel	WES	Normal	Lelieveld et al., 2016
14	Female	c.950del	p.Gly317Alafs*32	Novel	WES	Normal	Kimizu et al., 2017
15	Female	c.991G>A	p.Val331Ile	Known	WES	Abnormal**	Westenfield et al., 2018
16	Female	c.910T>C	p.Ser304Pro	Novel	WES	NT	Winawer et al., 2018
17	Male	c.339_340insCTC	p.Leu113dup	Novel	WES	NT	Winawer et al., 2018
18	Male	c.634_635del	p.Ser212Leufs*9	Novel	WES	NT	Winawer et al., 2018
19	Male	c.164G>T	p.Arg55Leu	Novel	WES	NT	Winawer et al., 2018

20	Male	c.747_757dup	p.Ala253Glyfs*100	Novel	WES	NT	Winawer et al., 2018
21	Female	c.262G>C	p.Ala88Pro	Novel	Panel	Abnormal	Bruneel et al., 2018
22	Female	c.889A>G	p.Lys297Glu	Novel	WES	Normal	Yates et al., 2018
23	Female	c.327T>G	p.Tyr106Ter	Novel	WES	Normal	Yates et al., 2018
24	Female	c.195C>A	p.Phe65Leu	Novel	WGS	Normal	Yates et al., 2018
25	Female	c.515T>C	p.Leu172Pro	Novel	Panel	Normal	Yates et al., 2018
26	Female	c.923C>T	p.Ser308Phe	Novel	WES	Normal	Yates et al., 2018
27	Male	c.589C>T	p.Gln197*	Novel	WES	NT	Sim et al., 2018
28	Male	c.760G>T	p.Glu254*	Novel	WES	NT	Sim et al., 2018
29	Female	c.703T>G	p.Asn235Gln	Novel	Targeted Amplicon	NT	Sim et al., 2018
30	Male	c.502C>T	p.Gln168*	Recurrent	Targeted Amplicon	NT	Sim et al., 2018
31	Female	c.553C>T	p.Gln185*	Novel	Targeted Amplicon	NT	Sim et al., 2018
32	Male	Acceptor Splice site	p.?	Novel	Targeted Amplicon	NT	Sim et al., 2018

Supp. Table S1 – General information for the 32 previously reported individuals with SLC35A2-CDG. Individual ID, gender, genotypes, CDT results, detection method and reference are provided for the 32 individuals found to carry *de novo* variants within SLC35A2. Nucleotide numbering for cDNA uses +1 as the A of the ATG translation initiation codon in the reference sequence, with the initiation codon as codon 1. SLC35A2 NCBI Accession (NM_001042498.2) and for ENSEMBL (ENST00000376521.6). All cDNA to protein translations were confirmed using <https://mutalyzer.nl/>. ** Not consistent with SLC35A2-CDG, NA – Not Available, NT – Not tested

Supporting Table S2 – Expanded clinical summary for 30 unreported SLC35A2-CDG individuals.

Clinical Phenotype	Number of affected / Total Subjects (%)
Facial dysmorphisms	26/30 (87%)
	Microcephaly 13/30 (43%)
	Prominent facial features 21/30 (70%)
	Downslanting palpebral fissures 6/30 (20%)
	Large fontanelle 2/30 (7%)
	High palate 11/30 (37%)
	Other 15/30 (50%)
Neurological	30/30 (100%)
	Intellectual disability 28/29 (97%)
	Seizures / epilepsy 25/30 (83%)
	Hypotonia 28/30 (93%)
	Autistic features 9/30 (30%)
	Behavioral changes 7/30 (23%)
Brain structure	25/30 (83%)
	Cerebellar Atrophy or dysplasia 17/30 (57%)
	Dandy-Walker 2/30 (7%)
	Thinning of corpus callosum 9/30 (30%)
	Cerebellar vermis hypoplasia 4/30 (13%)
	Polymicrogyria 1/30 (3%)
	White matter abnormalities 16/30 (53%)
Ocular	20/30 (67%)
	Cataracts / glaucoma 1/30 (3%)

	Retinitis Pigmentosa 1/30 (3%)
	Strabismus 8/30 (27%)
	Nystagmus 4/30 (13%)
	Optic nerve atrophy 2/30 (7%)
	Cortical visual impairment 13/30 (43%)
Skin	18/30 (60%)
	Ichthyosis / Dermatitis 5/30 (17%)
	Inverted nipples 8/30 (27%)
	Nail abnormalities 3/30 (10%)
	Differential pigmentation 4/30 (13%)
Skeletal	25/30 (83%)
	Shortened limbs 9/30 (30%)
	Contractures 8/30 (27%)
	Dysplasia 3/30 (10%)
	Osteopenia 5/30 (17%)
	Scoliosis 15/30 (50%)
	Hip dislocation 9/30 (30%)
	Arthrogyrosis 4/30 (13%)
	Hand or finger abnormalities 16/30 (53%)
	Foot abnormalities 10/30 (33%)
	Hyperextension of joints 9/30 (30%)
Heart	8/30 (27%)
	Structural abnormalities 4/30 (13%)
	Cardiomyopathy 1/30 (3%)
	Arrhythmia 1/30 (3%)
	Bradycardia 2/30 (7%)
	Failure 1/30 (3%)
Respiratory	10/30 (33%)

	Respiratory difficulties 6/30 (20%)
	Apnea 3/30 (10%)
	Recurrent respiratory infections 6/30 (20%)
Liver	12/30 (40%)
	Hepatomegaly 3/30 (10%)
	Hypoglycemia 1/30 (3%)
	Failure (Acute or Chronic) 1/30 (3%)
	Elevated ALT or AST 8/30 (27%)
	Hypercholesterolemia 1/30 (3%)
	Triglyceridemia 2/30 (7%)
Gastrointestinal	24/30 (80%)
	G-Tube 20/30 (67%)
	Vomiting 4/30 (13%)
Immunological	10/30 (33%)
	Thrombocytopenia 2/30 (7%)
	Recurrent infections 6/30 (20%)
	Anemia 4/30 (13%)
Other Organ systems	Genital 5/30 (17%)
	Kidney 1/30 (3%)
	Hearing Loss 7/30 (23%) (3 - sensorineural)

Supp. Table S2 – Expanded clinical summary for 30 unreported individuals with *de novo* variants in *SLC35A2*.

Supporting Table S3 – Strategy of restriction digestion-based SLC35A2 cDNA allele ratios assay

	Restriction enzyme	Gain / Loss of restriction site	PCR product length	Length of WT PCR product after the digestion	Length of mutated PCR product after the digestion
CDG-0187	<i>AleI</i>	Loss	237bp	145bp + 92bp	237bp
CDG-0389	<i>FspI</i>	Loss	259bp	135bp + 124bp	259bp
CDG-0416	<i>DdeI</i>	Gain	199bp	199bp	75bp + 124bp
CDG-0460	<i>MnII</i>	Loss	134bp	51bp + 73bp + 10bp	51bp + 83bp
CDG-0468	<i>PstI</i>	Loss	222bp	95bp + 127bp	222bp
CDG-0469	<i>TspRI</i>	Gain	177bp	177bp	62bp + 115bp
CDG-1039	<i>BspMI</i>	Loss	199bp	96bp + 103bp	199bp

Supp. Table S3 – Strategy of restriction digestion-based SLC35A2 cDNA allele ratios assay in fibroblasts from indicated SLC35A2 individuals.