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# Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistics			
For all statistical analyse	es, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.		
n/a Confirmed			
The exact sam	ple size $(n)$ for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement		
A statement o	n whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly		
The statistical Only common te	test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided sets should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.		
A description of	of all covariates tested		
A description of	of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons		
A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)			
For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.			
For Bayesian a	nalysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings		
For hierarchica	al and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes		
Estimates of e	ffect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i> ), indicating how they were calculated		
1	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.		
Software and c	ode		
Policy information abou	ıt <u>availability of computer code</u>		
Data collection	Zeiss Zen, BD FACSChorus. All softwares used in this study have been described in detail in methods part.		
Data analysis	Graphpad Prism, Image J. All softwares used in this study have been described in detail in methods part.		
For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.			
Data			
- Accession codes, uni - A list of figures that h	nt <u>availability of data</u> nclude a <u>data availability statement</u> . This statement should provide the following information, where applicable: que identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets nave associated raw data restrictions on data availability		
No unique material was used. A data availability statement has been provided in manuscript.			
Field-speci	fic reporting		
Please select the one be	elow that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.		
☐ Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences		

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>

## Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size Sample sizes were chosen on the basis of previous literature. We have listed the exact sample size (n) for each experimental group in the manuscript. Original data could be acquired in source data file.

Data exclusions No data was excluded.

Replication All experiments were performed in n independent replicates. The n number is specified in the text and or the figure legends

Randomization The mice were grouped randomly.

Investigators were not blinded to group allocation during data collection and analysis.

## Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).

State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.

Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.

Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.

Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.

If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.

State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.

If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.

# Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, Study description hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.

> Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.

> Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.

Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.

Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken

Blinding

Study description

Research sample

Sampling strategy

Data collection

**Timing** 

Data exclusions

Non-participation

Randomization

Research sample

Sampling strategy

Data collection

Timing and spatial scale

	*	no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, licating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.		
Reproducibility		scribe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to peat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.		
Randomization		scribe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were ntrolled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.		
Blinding		escribe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why inding was not relevant to your study.		
Did the study involve field	work? Yes	□ No		
Field work, collect	ion and trans	port		
Field conditions	Describe the study	Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).		
Location	State the location of depth).	State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).		
Access and import/export	in compliance with	s you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing of issue, and any identifying information).		
Disturbance	Describe any distur	bance caused by the study and how it was minimized.		
We require information from a	uthors about some type	materials, systems and methods s of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, a are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.		
Materials & experiment	ntal systems	Methods		
n/a Involved in the study		n/a Involved in the study		
Antibodies		ChIP-seq		
Eukaryotic cell lines		Flow cytometry		
Palaeontology		MRI-based neuroimaging		
Animals and other or	rganisms			
Human research part	ticipants			
Clinical data				

## **Antibodies**

Antibodies used

 $Anti-alpha SMA, Anti-MHC II, Anti-CD11b, Anti-iNOS, Anti-Arginase-1; All \ antibodies \ were \ listed \ in \ methods, including \ the \ antibody \ name, supplier \ name.$ 

Validation

All primary antibodies were validated by the manufacturer. Before the experiments, Anti-alphaSMA have been validated previously using human dermal fibroblasts; Anti-MHC II , Anti-CD11b, anti-iNOS and anti-Arginase-1 have been validated with primary mouse bone marrow derived macrophages.

## Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>		
Cell line source(s)	State the source of each cell line used.	
A discourse		
Authentication	Describe the authentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated.	
Mycoplasma contamination	All cell lines were tested negative for mycoplasma contamination.	
Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)	No commonly misidentified cell line was used.	

### Palaeontology

Specimen provenance	Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).
Specimen deposition	Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.
Dating methods	If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

### Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Animals for bone marrow derived macrophages isolation are 8-week-old male C57BL/6 mice. While animals for skin wound Laboratory animals healing assay are 8-week-old female Balb/c mice.

Wild animals No wild animals were used.

Field-collected samples The study did not involve samples collected from that field.

All animal experiments were kept to a strict protocol approved by the Animal Ethics Committee of the Center of Biomedical Ethics oversight Analysis (IACUC), Tsinghua University, which is accredited by AAALAC (Association for Assessment and Accreditation of

Laboratory Animal Care International).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

### Human research participants

Population characteristics

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how Recruitment these are likely to impact results.

Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

#### Clinical data

Ethics oversight

Policy information about clinical studies

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency. Clinical trial registration Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why. Study protocol

Data collection Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.

Outcomes Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

#### ChIP-seq

#### Data deposition

Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links May remain private before publication.

For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.

Files in database submission

Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.

Genome browser session Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to (e.g. UCSC) enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.

Replicates Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.

Sequencing depth Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.

**Antibodies** Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.

Peak calling parameters Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.

Data quality Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.

Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

### Flow Cytometry

#### **Plots**

Confirm that:

Software

Methodology

The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).

The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).

All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.

A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

#### Methodology

Sample preparation For 2D cultured cells, the cells were digested with trypsin-EDTA until most of cells detached from the substrate. For cells cultured in 3D scaffold, the whole gelatin scaffolds were digested with PBS containing 0.5% Collagenase I and 0.5% Collagenase IV in 37  $^{\circ}$ C for 30 min. The scaffolds would disappear then to allow the collection of cells inside the scaffolds.

BD LSRFortessa SORP. Instrument

Software BD FACSChorus.

Mice bone marrow derived macrophages were identified through CD11b and F4/80 double posotive. The isolated cells contains Cell population abundance over 95% of macrophages. Then macrophages were characterized for its MHC-II, iNOS, Arginase-1 positive ratio while different

groups of scaffolds induce different phenotypes of macrophages in our result.

Cells without staining or only for 2nd-antibody staining were used as control group gating. Fluorescent intensity that higher than Gating strategy all cells in the control groups are defined as positive while others are defined as negative.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

## Magnetic resonance imaging

#### Experimental design

Design type Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.

Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial Design specifications or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.

Behavioral performance measures

State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).

Acquisition				
Imaging type(s)	Specify: fund	tional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.		
Field strength	Specify in Te	rsla		
Sequence & imaging parameters		oulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, ss, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.		
Area of acquisition	State wheth	er a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.		
Diffusion MRI Used	Not use	Not used		
Preprocessing				
Preprocessing software		Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).		
Normalization		normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types as or non-linear that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.		
Normalization template		Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.		
Noise and artifact removal		Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).		
Volume censoring	Define your	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.		
Statistical modeling & inferenc	e			
Model type and settings		Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).		
Effect(s) tested		Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.		
Specify type of analysis: Whol	e brain	ROI-based Both		
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u> )	Specify voxe	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.		
Correction	Describe the Carlo).	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).		
Models & analysis				
n/a   Involved in the study				
Functional and/or effective connectivity		Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).		
Graph analysis		Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).		
Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis		Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.		