### Elucidation of Galactomannan Biosynthesis Pathway Genes through Transcriptome Sequencing of Seeds Collected at Different Developmental Stages of Commercially Important Indian Varieties of Cluster Bean (*Cyamopsis tetragonoloba* L.)

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Suppl. Fig. 1. Distribution and functional annotation of unigenes of *Cyamopsis tetragonoloba*. (A) Distribution of *de novo* assembled contigs based on InterProScan IDs assigned. (B) Sequence Annotation statistics. (C) Sequence length distribution. (D) Species distribution. (E) E-value distribution. (F) Top hit percent base match percentage.



Suppl. Fig. 2. Relative expression of identified xyloglucan glycosyltransferase isoforms of Cyamopsis tetragonoloba contigs assembled from all sequencing reads.



galactinol--sucrose galactosyltransferase 2

Suppl. Fig. 3. Relative expression of identified galactinol sucrose Cyamopsis tetragonoloba glycosyltransferase 2 transcripts of contigs assembled from all sequencing reads.



Suppl. Fig. 4. Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes (KEGG) pathway enrichment of DEGs.



Suppl. Fig. 5. The average CT values of the three housekeeping genes, namely, SPT5, HPATcp and PAGM employed for determining expression profile of genes of interest involved in Galactomannan biosynthesis from two elite commercially important Indian Guar (*Cyamopsis tetragonoloba* L) varieties, namely, (A) HG365 and (B) HG870 at different developmental stages; Days After Anthesis (DAA) e.g. 10, 20, 30, 40 and 50 leaf, pods young, pods mature (denoted by numerals 1-8).



Suppl. Fig. 6. Melt curve of PAGM housekeeping gene for normalizing the data across eight developmental stages of pod/seed formation, leaf, pods young, pods mature in qRT-PCR analysis of guar varieties, namely, HG365 and HG870



Suppl. Fig. 7. Melt curve of representative enzymes involved in galactomannan biosynthesis for gene of interest Ct\_2106; Sucrose synthase, Primer Code 10 (152bp) and Ct\_12647 and Mannan synthase, Primer Code 11 (144bp) across eight developmental stages of pod/seed formation, leaf, pods young, pods mature in qRT-PCR analysis of guar varieties, namely, HG365 and HG870.

#### A. Primer 3



B. Primer 10



C. Primer 11



D. Primer 13



Suppl. Fig 8. Full length images of gel pictures for validation of PCR analysis of primers (Primer code 3, 10, 11 and 13) for gene families or enzymes involved in Galactomannan biosynthesis from two elite commercially important Indian Guar (*Cyamopsis tetragonoloba* L) varieties, namely, HG365 and HG870 at different developmental stages as shown in Fig. 6.



Suppl. Fig. 9. Two elite commercially important Indian guar (*Cyamopsis tetragonoloba* L) varieties, namely, HG365 and HG870 sown in field in Kharif season of July-August, 2015 & 2016 in fertile and sandy loam soil. (A) Standing crop of HG365. (B) HG870 in vegetative phase and flower induction phase. (C) Standing crop of HG365 and (D) HG870 showing pods at different developmental stages.



Suppl. Fig. 10. Collection of plant material from two elite commercially important Indian guar (*Cyamopsis tetragonoloba* L) varieties, namely, HG365 and HG870 sown in field employed for isolation of Alcohol Insoluble Residue (AIR) for estimation of selected galactomannan through HPLC. Seeds from pods collected from guar varieties at different developmental stages; Days After Anthesis (DAA) e.g. 10, 20, 30, 40 and 50; dry seeds; represented by numerals 1-6; (A) HG365; (B) HG870. Endosperm of seeds from pods collected from guar varieties at different developmental stages; Days After Anthesis (DAA) e.g. 20, 30, 40 and 50; represented by numerals 1-4; (C) HG365; (D) HG870 and dry seeds; (E) HG365; (F) HG870. Seed coats of 50 DAA samples; (G) HG365; (H) HG870.

Suppl. Table 1. Assembly parameters incorporating 14 individual read files representing two varieties and 7 developmental stages.

Assembly Parameters				
Mapping mode = Map reads back to contigs (slow)				
Update contigs = Yes				
Automatic bubble size = Yes				
Minimum contig length = 200				
Automatic word size = Yes				
Perform scaffolding = Yes				
Auto-detect paired distances = Yes				
Mismatch cost = $2$				
Insertion $cost = 3$				
Deletion $\cos t = 3$				
Length fraction $= 0.8$				
Similarity fraction = 0.9				
Create list of un-mapped reads = No				
Word size: 26				
Bubble size: 50				

Suppl. Table 2. Real Time qRT-PCR/PCR Primers for three Housekeeping genes, namely, SPT5, HPATcp and PAGM from two elite commercially important Indian Guar (*Cyamopsis tetragonoloba* L) varieties, namely, HG365 and HG870.

S No	Name of primer	5'-3' Sequence	T <sub>m</sub> value (°C)
1	TEF_SPT5 Forward	TGGACAGCCTATGACACCAA	64.2
2	TEF_SPT5 Reverse	TTCGTTGTCCCCACCTAAAG	63.7

# 1. <u>Transcription elongation factor SPT5 homolog 1 gene Ct\_1828</u>

# 2. <u>Histidinol-phosphate chloroplastic-like gene Ct\_2645</u>

S No	Name of primer	5'-3' Sequence	T <sub>m</sub> value (°C)
1	HPATcp Forward	TTTGACGCTGCAGTTAATGG	63.7
2	HPATcp Reverse	ATGCATTTGGGCTTCTCTTG	64.0

# 3. <u>Phosphor acetyl glucosamine mutase gene</u> Ct\_14209

S No	Name of primer	5'-3' Sequence	T <sub>m</sub> value (°C)
1	PAGM Forward	AACCAAGCAGTTGGAGATGC	64.2
2	PAGM Reverse	GCTGCCTACTGGGTAAATCG	63.4