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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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For all statistical analys	es, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.					
n/a Confirmed						
☐ ☐ The exact sam	nple size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement					
A statement of	on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly					
The statistical Only common to	test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided ests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.					
A description	of all covariates tested					
A description	of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons					
A full descript AND variation	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)					
For null hypot	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.					
For Bayesian a	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings					
For hierarchic	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes					
Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated						
1	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.					
Software and c	code					
Policy information abou	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>					
Data collection	Flow cytometry data were collected with CytExpert and CXP Cytometer; Images were collected with imaging softwares, such as Olympus FluoView for confocal, Leica Application suite V3 for Optical images.					

Data analysis

CytExpert (Ver.2.0.0.153) and CXP Cytometer 2.3 were used to analyze flow cytometric data; Nanoscope was used to analyze AFM data; Imaris 7.4.2 was used to reconstruct the 3D images of 3D tumor spheres; Image J V2.0.0 was used to quantify the images; Statistical analysis was performed using GraphPad Prism 6.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The authors declare that the main data supporting the findings of this study are available within the article and its Supplementary Information. Extra data are available from the corresponding author upon request.

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Please select the one below	\prime that is the best fit for your research	I. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.
☐ Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences	Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences
For a reference copy of the docum	ent with all sections, see <u>nature.com/document</u>	ts/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf
Life sciences	study design	
	2 3 3 4 3 5 5 6 7	
All studios must disclose on	these points even when the disclosi	re is negative

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size

The sample sizes of this study were determined on the basis of similar published studies. In antitumor experiments, 13-14 mice each group were used to analyze tumor volume, 6 mice each group were used to analyze tumor weight, and 7-8 mice were used to analyze the survival rate. For determining colony forming in soft 3D fibrin gels, the sample size for each group was 5-6. For other experiments, the sample size for each group was 3.

Data exclusions

No data was excluded

Replication

All attempts at replication were successful as determined using a statistical analysis

Randomization

Allocation was random in all of the experiments

Blinding

Investigators were not blinded to group allocation in tumor volume and weight measurement. However, the treatment efficacy was apparent in both quantification and representative images of outcomes. Survival data were determined by blinded staff.

Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description

Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, auantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).

Research sample

State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.

Sampling strategy

Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.

Data collection

Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.

Timing

Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.

Data exclusions

If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.

Non-participation

State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.

Randomization

If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description

Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.

Research sample

Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and

	any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.						
Sampling strategy	Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.						
Data collection	Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.						
Timing and spatial scale	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken						
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.						
Reproducibility	Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.						
Randomization	Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.						
Blinding	Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.						
Did the study involve field							
	tion and transport						
Field conditions	Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).						
Location	State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).						
Access and import/expor	Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).						
Disturbance	Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.						
We require information from a	r specific materials, systems and methods authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, evant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.						
Materials & experime	ntal systems Methods						
n/a Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study						
Antibodies	ChIP-seq						
Eukaryotic cell lines	Flow cytometry						
Palaeontology	MRI-based neuroimaging						
Animals and other o							
Human research pa	rticipants						
Clinical data							

Antibodies

Antibodies used

IHC and western blot antibodies: TSG101 (C-2) (Santa Cruz, SC-7964), CD63 (Abcam, ab216130), Calnexin (Beyotime, AC018), LC3 (Novus, NB100-2331SS), FITC anti-human CD63 Antibody (Biolegend, 353005), FITC anti-mouse CD31 Antibody (Biolegend, 102405), β -actin (Beyotime, AA128), ICAM-1 (ProteinTech, 16174-1-AP), P Glycoprotein (ProteinTech, 22336-1-AP)

Validation

Validation of IHC and western blot antibodies are provided at manufacturer's website.

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>

Cell line source(s)

Murine hepatocarcinoma cell line H22, human hepatocarcinoma cell line Bel7402 and mouse breast cancer cell line 4T1 were

Cell line source(s)

obtained from Type Culture Collection of Chinese Academy of Sciences (Shanghai, China). Murine melanoma cell line B16-F10 was kindly provided by Dr. Bo Huang (Huazhong University of Science and Technology, Wuhan, China). Wild type MEFs and Atg7-/- MEFs were kindly provided by Dr. Mingzhou Chen (Wuhan University, Wuhan, China).

Authentication

Each cell line we used was morphologically confirmed according to the information provided by cell source center.

Cells were tested negative for mycoplasma contamination using MycAway-Color one-step mycoplasma detection kit.

No misidentified lines

No misidentified lines were used.

Palaeontology

(See ICLAC register)

Specimen provenance Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).

Specimen deposition Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.

Dating methods

If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

Female or Male BALB/c and female C57BL/6 mice (18 ± 2g, six- to eight-week-old) were purchased from Beijing Vital River
Laboratory Animal Technology Co., Ltd. (Beijing, China)

Wild animals no wild animals were used.

Field-collected samples No filed-collection was performed

Ethics oversight

All animal studies comply with relevant ethical regulations for animal testing and research, and were approved by the
Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee of Huazhong University of Science and Technology. Animals were maintained and
studies were carried out in accordance with institutional guidelines.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design

questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

RecruitmentDescribe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how

these are likely to impact results.

Ethics oversight | Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about <u>clinical studies</u>

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration | Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.

Study protocol Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.

Data collection Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.

Outcomes Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

ChIP-sea

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Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as <u>GEO</u>.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links

May remain private before publication.

For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.

Files in database submission

Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.

Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u>)

Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.

Methodology

Replicates

Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.

Sequencing depth

Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.

Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.

Peak calling parameters

Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used

Data quality

Antibodies

Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.

Software

Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation

- (1) Cultured cells were trypsinized, washed with PBS for three time, then cells were collected for cytometric analysis;
- (2) For analysis of side population cells in tumor tissues, tumor tissues were collected, washed with PBS and then cut into small pieces, followed by digestion with 1 mg/mL collagenase type I solution at 37 °C for 2 h. The single tumor cells were acquired by filtering the digested cells with 200-mesh nylon twice. The digested tumor cells were stained with 5 μ g/mL Hoechst 33342 for 90 min at 37 °C in the presence or absence of 50 μ M verapamil, washed twice with PBS and then subjected to flow cytometric analysis.

Instrument

CytoFLEX S or Beckman Coulter FC500

Software

Data was collected and analyzed using Beckman Coulter cytExpert 2.0.0.153 and CXP Cytometer 2.3.

Cell population abundance

No sorting was involved

Gating strategy

For determination of side population cells, briefly, single cells were selected using forward and side scatter linearity. Dual-wavelength FACS analysis identified a side branch of 'Hoechst-low' cells as the side population cells, which was further verified by co-adding verapamil, showing a reduction in the size of side population cells.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

Magnetic resonance imaging

Magnetic resonance inia	6'''b						
Experimental design							
Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.						
Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.						
Behavioral performance measures	State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).						
Acquisition							
Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.						
Field strength	Specify in Tesla						
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.						
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.						
Diffusion MRI Used	Not used						
Preprocessing							
Preprocessing software	Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).						
Normalization	If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.						
Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.						
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).						
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.						
Statistical modeling & inference							
Model type and settings	Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).						
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.						
Specify type of analysis: Whole	e brain ROI-based Both						
Statistic type for inference (See Eklund et al. 2016)	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.						
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).						
Models & analysis							
n/a Involved in the study Functional and/or effective cor Graph analysis Multivariate modeling or predictions							
Functional and/or effective connecti	vity Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial						

correlation, mutual information).

Graph analysis

Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).

Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis

Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.