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#### 1. Instrumentation and Chemicals

Materials were obtained from commercial suppliers and purified by standard procedures unless otherwise noted. Solvents were also purchased from commercial suppliers, degassed via three freeze-pump-thaw cycles, and further dried over molecular sieves (MS 4Å). NMR spectra were recorded on JEOL JNM-ECX400P, JNM-ECS400 and Varian Unity INOVA 400, 500, or 600 spectrometers (1H: 392, 396, 399, 400, 401, 500, and 600 MHz, 13C: 100, 125 and 150 MHz and <sup>19</sup>F: 373, 376, 564 MHz). Tetramethylsilane (<sup>1</sup>H), CDCl<sub>3</sub> (<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C) and Fluorobenzene (<sup>19</sup>F,  $\delta$  –113.60) were employed as the external standards, respectively. Fluorobenzene was used as an internal standard to determine NMR yield. Multiplicity was recorded as follows: s = singlet, brs = broad singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, quint = quintet, m = multiplet. CuCl (ReagentPlus® grade,  $\geq$ 99%) was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich Co. and Strem. and used as received. GLC analyses were conducted with a Shimadzu GC-2014 or GC-2025 equipped with a ULBON HR-1 glass capillary column (Shinwa Chemical Industries) and a FID detector. Enantiomeric ratios were determined by HPLC analysis (high-performance liquid chromatography) with a Hitachi Chromaster HPLC [Chiral Technologies Chiralpak IA-3 (4.6 x 250 mm), Chiral Technologies Chiralpak IBN-3 (4.6 x 250 mm), Chiral Technologies Chiralpak IC-3 (4.6 x 250 mm), Chiral Technologies Chiralpak ID-3 (4.6 x 250 mm), Chiral Technologies Chiralpak IE-3 (4.6 x 250 mm), or Chiral Technologies Chiralpak IF-3 (4.6 x 250 mm)] and Shimadzu chromatograph [Chiral Technologies Chiralcel AZ-H (4.6 x 250 mm), Chiral Technologies Chiralcel OC-H (4.6 x 250 mm), Chiral Technologies Chiralcel OD-H (4.6 x 250 mm), Chiral Technologies Chiralcel OJ-H (4.6 x 250 mm), Chiral Technologies Chiralcel OZ-H (4.6 x 250 mm), or Chiral Technologies Chiralpak AD-H (4.6 x 250 mm)]. Specific optical rotations were measured with HORIBA SEPA-300 and a Rudolph Research Analytical Autopol IV Polarimeter. Medium-pressure column chromatography was carried out on a Biotage Flash Purification System Isolera, which is equipped with a UV detector. Recycle preparative gel permeation chromatography (GPC) was conducted with a JAI LC-9101 using CHCl3 as the eluent. High-resolution mass spectra were recorded at the Global Facility Center, Hokkaido University and at the Boston College Mass Spectrometry Facility.

#### 2. Substrate Preparation Procedures

#### 2.1. (Z)-Alkene substrates synthesis

### Preparation of (Z)-(5,5-difluoronon-3-en-1-yl)benzene [(Z)-1a].<sup>1,2</sup>



To a solution of 4-phenyl-1-butyne (1.0 g, 7.7 mmol) in anhydrous THF (16 mL) at -78 °C was added *n*-BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 3.4 mL, 8.5 mmol) in a dropwise manner under N<sub>2</sub> atm. The mixture was allowed to stir for 60 min at -78 °C, after which it was cooled to -196 °C (liquid N<sub>2</sub>). Dibromodifluoromethane (2.413 g, 11.6 mmol) was added to the mixture by cannula. The mixture was then allowed to warm to 22 °C slowly and stir for 2 h at 22 °C. The reaction was quenched by the addition of a saturated solution of NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (10 mL), and the volatiles were removed in vacuo. The brown oil residue was washed with *n*-pentane (3 x 50 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with a saturated solution of NaCl (50 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated in vacuo. The brown oil residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexanes) to give (5-bromo-5,5-difluoropent-3-yn-1-yl)benzene (1.9 g, 95% yield) as colorless oil.

To a 100 mL Schlenk tube was added Ni(dppf)Cl<sub>2</sub> (20.5 mg, 0.03 mmol) and terpyridine (7.0 mg, 0.03 mmol). The tube was placed under vacuum and backfilled with N<sub>2</sub> 3 times, then (5-bromo-5,5-difluoropent-3-yn-1-yl)benzene (335.0 mg, 1.2 mmol) was added followed by 1,4-dioxane (8 mL). The mixture was allowed to stir for 10 min at 22 °C, at which time *n*-butylzinc(II) bromide (1.44 mmol, 0.41 M in dimethylacetamide) was added in a dropwise manner over a period of 15 min. The tube was capped and placed in a preheated oil bath (40 °C). The mixture was allowed to stir for 8 h at 40 °C for 8 h and to cool to r.t. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and filtered through a pad of celite. The filtrate was washed with a saturated solution of NaCl (50 mL). The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The brown oil residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexanes) to furnish (5,5-difluoronon-3-yn-1-yl)benzene (224 mg, 79% yield) as colorless oil.

In a vacuum dried 50 mL round bottomed flask, Lindlar's catalyst (744.9 mg, 0.35 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH (100 mL) and quinoline (207  $\mu$ L, 1.75 mmol) was added to this mixture. The corresponding difluoro compound (1.78 g, 7.0 mmol) was then added to this mixture and stirred for 2 h under H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (H<sub>2</sub> balloon). The mixture was then filtered through a Celite pad and concentrated under reduced pressure. The oily residue was subjected

to silica gel chromatography (hexanes). (Z)-1a was obtained in 73% yield (1.56 g, 6.6 mmol) as colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.90 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.25–1.44 (m, 4H), 1.74–1.89 (m, 2H), 2.53–2.62 (m, 2H), 2.70 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.40–5.53 (m, 1H), 5.70 (tdt, J = 1.9, 7.7, 11.7 Hz, 1H), 7.18–7.31 ppm (m, 5H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  13.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 24.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 30.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 38.1 (t, J = 26.8 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 122.7 (t, J = 241.4 Hz, C), 125.4 (t, J = 27.8 Hz, CH), 126.0 (CH), 128.4 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, CH), 136.4 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, CH), 141.3 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –91.3 ppm (d, J = 34.3 Hz, 2F). HRMS–EI (*m*/*z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>2</sub>, 238.1533; found, 238.1532.

Preparation of (Z)-{[(4,4-difluorodec-5-en-1-yl)oxy]methyl}benzene [(Z)-1c].



(Z)-1e was added to a solution of  $K_2CO_3$  (2.21 g, 16 mmol) in MeOH (100 mL). The mixture was allowed to stir for 1 h, afterwards the solution was filtered and volatiles removed in vacuo. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (Hexanes) to afford the corresponding alcohol in 89% yield (1.37 g, 7.1 mmol) as colorless oil.

The alcohol (384.5 mg, 2.0 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of NaH (95.2 mg, 2.4 mmol) in THF (5.0 mL) at 0 °C. Benzylbromide (282  $\mu$ L, 2.38 mmol) was then added dropwise and the mixture was allowed to stir at 22 °C for 4 h. Water is added and the resulting biphasic solution extracted with ether. The residue was subjected to silica gel column chromatography (hexanes) to afford (*Z*)-1c in 75% yield (421.3 mg, 1.5 mmol) as colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.90 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.24–1.44 (m, 4H), 1.74–1.86 (m, 2H), 1.93–2.11 (m, 2H), 2.20–2.29 (m, 2H), 3.52 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 5.38–5.52 (m, 1H), 5.65–5.76 (m, 1H), 7.23–7.38 (m, 5H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  13.8 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 22.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 22.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 27.9 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.4 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 35.3 (t, J = 27.2 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.3 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 122.5 (t, J = 238.4 Hz, *C*), 124.5 (t, J = 27.2 Hz, *C*H), 127.4 (*C*H), 128.2 (*C*H), 138.0 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, *C*H), 138.3 (*C*). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –91.4 (d, J = 34.3 Hz, 2F). HRMS–ESI (*m*/*z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>24</sub>OF<sub>2</sub>Na, 305.1687; found, 305.1688.

Preparation of (Z)-tert-butyl[(4,4-difluorodec-5-en-1-yl)oxy]dimethylsilane [(Z)-1d].



The corresponding alcohol (384.5 mg, 2.0 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of imidazole (272.3 mg, 4.0 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5.0 mL) at 22 °C. TBSCl (452.2 mg, 3.0 mmol) was then added to the solution and the mixture was allowed to stir at 22 °C for 1 h. Subsequently water was added and the mixture extracted with ether. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes) to afford (*Z*)-1d in 58% yield (355.1 mg, 1.2 mmol) as colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (401 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.05 (s, 6H), 0.89–0.92 (m, 12H), 1.28–1.42 (m, 4H), 1.64–1.73 (m, 2H), 1.92–2.05 (m, 2H), 2.21–2.29 (m, 2H), 3.65 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 5.40–5.51 (m, 1H), 5.71 (tdt, *J* = 1.8, 7.8, 11.7 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –5.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 13.9 (CH), 18.2 (C), 22.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 25.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 25.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 28.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.1 (t, *J* = 27.3 Hz, CH), 62.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 122.7 (t, *J* = 236.4 Hz, C), 124.8 (t, *J* = 27.2 Hz, CH), 138.0 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, CH). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –91.1 (s, 2F). HRMS–EI (*m*/*z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>32</sub>OF<sub>2</sub>NaSi, 329.2083; found, 329.2085.





In a vacuum dried 500 mL round bottomed flask, *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 37.5 mL) was added dropwise to the mixture of hex-1-yne (6.9 mL, 60 mmol) and dry THF (180 mL) at – 78 °C under a nitrogen atmosphere. After 30 minutes, BF<sub>3</sub>•Et<sub>2</sub>O (66 mL) was added dropwise to the mixture. The mixture was allowed to stir for 30 minutes, then dihydrofuran-2(3*H*)-one was added dropwise. The mixture was allowed to stir and warm to 22 °C over the course of 19 h. Subsequently aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl was added at 0 °C and the solution extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O three times. The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration, the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/Hexane 0:100–30:70) to give the corresponding  $\gamma$ -hydroxy ketone (5.47 g, 54% yield) as colorless oil.

A vacuum dried 200 mL round bottomed flask was charged with  $\gamma$ -hydroxy ketone (30 mmol) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (90 mL). = DMAP (367.0 mg, 3.0 mmol), pyridine (2.91 mL, 36 mmol) and Ac<sub>2</sub>O (3.4 mL, 36 mmol) were added and the solution was allowed to stir at 22°C for 17 hours. Subsequently water was added and the mixture extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. After volatiles were removed in vacuo, the resulting oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/Hexane 0:100–15:85) to give the corresponding ketone (6.97g, quant.) as colorless oil.

To a vacuum dried 100 mL round bottomed flask containing the corresponding ketone (6.97 g, 30 mmol) was added DAST (9.9 mL, 75.0 mmol) in one portion at 0 °C. EtOH (1 drop) was added and the mixture allowed to stir for 22 h at 60 °C.  $CH_2Cl_2$  (40 mL) was added and aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl at carefully added at 0 °C. The mixture is subsequently extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/Hexane 0:100–7:93) to give the corresponding difluoro compound (3.03 g, 44% yield) as brown oil.

A vacuum dried 300 mL round bottomed flask was charged with Lindlar's catalyst (1.19 g, 0.56 mmol), EtOH (200 mL) and quinoline (331  $\mu$ L, 2.8 mmol). The difluoro compound (2.73 g, 11.2 mmol) was added and the mixture allowed to stir for 45 minutes under a H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (H<sub>2</sub> balloon). The suspension was then filtered through a Celite pad and volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes) to give (*Z*)-1e in 86% yield (2.36 g, 9.63 mmol) as colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.91 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.28–1.43 (m, 4H), 1.79–2.05 (m, 4H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.20–2.29 (m, 2H), 4.10 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2 H), 5.45 (tdt, *J* = 1.7, 12.2, 14.1 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (tdt, *J* = 1.9, 7.8, 11.7 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  13.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 21.7 (t, *J* = 4.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 22.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 27.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 34.9 (t, *J* = 27.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 122.0 (t, *J* = 240.5 Hz, *C*), 124.2 (t, *J* = 27.3 Hz, CH), 138.3 (CH), 170.7 (*C*). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –91.6 (d, *J* = 34.3 Hz, 2F). HRMS–ESI (*m*/*z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>2</sub>F<sub>2</sub>Na, 257.1324; found, 257.1326.

#### Preparation of (Z)-2-(4,4-difluorodec-5-en-1-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione [(Z)-1f].



DIAD (467  $\mu$ L, 2.4 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of phthalimide (353.1 mg, 2.4 mmol), PPh<sub>3</sub> (629.5 mg, 2.4 mmol) and the corresponding alcohol (384.5 mg, 2.0 mmol) in THF (5.0 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was allowed to stir at 22°C for 19 h. and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel

chromatography (EtOAc/Hexane 4:96–10:90) to afford (Z)-1f in 70% yield (451.7 mg, 1.4 mmol) as colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 0.87 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.19–1.40 (m, 4H), 1.83–2.06 (m, 4H), 2.16–2.27 (m, 2H), 3.74 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 5.36–5.49 (m, 1H), 5.71 (tdt, J = 1.8, 7.8, 11.8 Hz, 1H), 7.70–7.76 (m, 2H), 7.82–7.89 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 13.6 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 21.6 (t, J = 3.8 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 22.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 27.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (t, J = 27.8 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 37.1 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 121.9 (t, J = 240.8 Hz, *C*), 122.9 (*C*H), 124.0 (t, J = 26.9 Hz, *C*H), 131.7 (*C*), 133.7 (*C*H), 138.2 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, *C*H), 167.9 (*C*). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ –91.4 (d, J = 22.8 Hz, 2F). HRMS–ESI (m/z): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O<sub>2</sub>NF<sub>2</sub>Na, 344.1433; found, 344.1434.

Preparation of (Z)-(8-chloro-3,3-difluorooct-4-en-1-yl)benzene [(Z)-1g].<sup>3</sup>



In a vacuum dried 200 mL round bottomed flask, *n*-BuLi (1.6 M hexane solution, 13.8 mL) was added dropwise to the mixture of 5-chloropent-1-yne (2.09 mL, 20 mmol) and dry THF (30 mL) at -78 °C under a nitrogen atmosphere. After the 30 minutes, PhC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CHO (2.63 mL, 20 mL) was added dropwise to the mixture, then the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 19 hours. The mixture was quenched by aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl at 0 °C and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O three times. The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration, the solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The product was carried forward without purification.

In a vacuum dried 200 mL round bottomed flask,  $MnO_2$  (52.1 g, 600 mmol) was dissolved in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (50 mL). The alcohol was then added dropwise to the mixture. After the mixture was allowed to stir for 18 hours at room temperature,  $CH_2Cl_2$  (100 mL) was added and the mixture was filtered through a Celite pad. After the removal of the solvent, the oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/Hexane 0:100–15:85) to give the corresponding ketone (2.72 g, 58% yield) as colorless oil.

In a vacuum dried 50 mL round bottomed flask, DAST (3.82 mL, 29 mmol) was added by one portion to the corresponding ketone (2.72 g, 11.6 mmol) at 0 °C. EtOH (1 drop) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 8 h at 60 °C. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) was then added

and the mixture was carefully quenched by aqueous  $NH_4Cl$  at 0 °C and extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$ . The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes) to give the corresponding difluoro compound (1.76 g, 59% yield) as brown oil.

In a vacuum dried 50 mL round bottomed flask, Lindlar's catalyst (592.3 mg, 0.28 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH (100 mL) and quinoline (165.0  $\mu$ L, 1.39 mmol) was added to this mixture. The corresponding difluoro compound (1.76 g, 5.6 mmol) was then added to the mixture and stirred for 2 h under H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (H<sub>2</sub> balloon). The mixture was then filtered through a Celite pad and volatiles removed under reduced pressure. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes). (*Z*)-1g was obtained in 43% yield (0.62 g, 2.4 mmol) as colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (401 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.90 (dt, J = 7.1, 14.0 Hz, 2H), 2.16–2.30 (m, 2H), 2.40– 2.49 (m, 2H), 2.77–2.85 (m, 2H), 3.56 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 5.51–5.63 (m, 1H), 5.69–5.78 (m, 1H), 7.17–7.33 (m, 5H).<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  25.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 28.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 40.2 (t, J = 26.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 44.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 121.9 (t, J = 238.8 Hz, C), 125.8 (t, J = 26.7 Hz, CH), 126.1 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 136.1 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, CH), 140.4 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –92.3 (s, 2F). HRMS–EI (m/z): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClF<sub>2</sub>, 258.0987; found, 258.0987.

(Z)-(5-Cyclohexyl-5,5-difluoropent-3-en-1-yl)benzene [(Z)-1h].



(Z)-1h was prepared from the corresponding alkyne and aldehyde according to the procedure described above.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.03–1.26 (m, 5H), 1.60–1.85 (m, 6H), 2.53–2.62 (m, 2H), 2.71 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.34–5.48 (m, 1H), 5.71–5.80 (m, 1H), 7.14–7.23 (m, 3H), 7.24–7.33 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  25.6 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 25.9 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 45.7 (t, *J* = 25.4 Hz, CH), 123.7 (t, *J* = 242.9 Hz, C), 124.1 (t, *J* = 27.3 Hz, CH), 125.9 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 136.6 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, CH), 141.3 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –99.3 (t, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 2F). HRMS–EI (*m*/*z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>22</sub>F<sub>2</sub>, 264.1690; found, 264.1691.

Preparation of (Z)-(5,5-difluorohex-3-en-1-yl)benzene [(Z)-1i].<sup>3</sup>



In a vacuum dried 200 mL round bottomed flask, *n*-BuLi (1.6 M hexane solution, 12.5 mL) was added dropwise to the mixture of 3-butyn-1-ylbenzene (2.77 mL, 20 mmol) and dry THF (30 mL) at -78 °C under a nitrogen atmosphere. After 30 minutes, Ac<sub>2</sub>O (5.62 mL, 60 mmol) was added dropwise to the mixture. The mixture was warmed up to room temperature over the course of 18 h. The mixture was then quenched by aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl at 0 °C and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O three times. The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration, the solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/Hexane 0:100–10:70) to give the corresponding ketone (3.11 g, 90% yield) as colorless oil.

In a vacuum dried 50 mL round bottomed flask, DAST (5.80 mL, 45.0 mmol) was added by one portion to the corresponding ketone (2.58 g, 15.0 mmol) at 0 °C. EtOH (1 drop) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 19 h at 60 °C. After that,  $CH_2Cl_2$  (40 mL) was added and the mixture was carefully quenched by aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl at 0 °C and extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$ . The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/Hexane 0:100– 7:93) to give the corresponding difluoro-containing compound (1.28 g, 42% yield) as brown oil.

In a vacuum dried 200 mL round bottomed flask, Lindlar's catalyst (319.3 g, 0.15 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH (60 mL) and quinoline (88.9  $\mu$ L, 0.75 mmol) was added to this mixture. Then, the corresponding difluoro-containing compound (582.6 mg, 3.0 mmol) was added to this mixture and stirred for 8 h under H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (H<sub>2</sub> balloon). The mixture was then filtered through a Celite pad and concentrated under reduced pressure. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes). (*Z*)-1i was obtained in 58% yield (341.6 mg, 1.74 mmol) as colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (399 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.62 (t, *J* = 18.0 Hz, 3H), 2.55–2.61 (m, 2H), 2.72 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.48–5.58 (m, 1H), 5.72 (tdt, *J* = 1.8, 7.6, 11.5 Hz, 1H), 7.18–7.22 (m, 3H), 7.27–7.31 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  25.3 (t, *J* = 29.3 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), 29.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 121.4 (t, *J* = 233.1 Hz, *C*), 126.0 (CH), 126.2 (t, *J* = 26.9 Hz, CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 136.1 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, CH), 141.2 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –84.1 (d, *J* = 22.8 Hz, 2F). HRMS–EI (*m*/*z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>F<sub>2</sub>, 196.1064; found, 196.1061.



#### Preparation of (Z)-(1,1-difluorohept-2-en-1-yl)benzene [(Z)-10].<sup>1,4</sup>

To a solution of hex-1-yne (5.7 mL, 50 mmol) in THF (250 mL), a solution of *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 31.3 mL) was added dropwise at -90 °C. After the mixture had been stirred for 30 min at that temperature, the mixture was cooled to -110 °C. Cold CF<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub> (-78°C) (5.5 mL, 60 mmol) was added to the mixture. After the addition was complete, the mixture was allowed to warm to -50 °C and stirring for 3 h before being quenched with aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O and the organic layer was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After evaporation of the solvent, the oily residue was subjected to distillation to afford the corresponding difluoro compound in 73% yield (7.69 g, 36.5 mmol).

To a solution of  $[Pd_2(dba)_3]$  (207.1 mg, 0.25 mmol),  $(o\text{-Tol})_3P$  (456.6 mg, 1.5 mmol),  $K_2CO_3$  (4.15 g, 30 mmol) and PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> (1.46 g, 12 mmol) in toluene (66 mL), the corresponding difluoro compound (2.15 g, 10 mmol) was added dropwise. Then, the mixture was allowed to stir at 80 °C for 17 h. The mixture was then extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O and the organic layer was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After evaporation of the solvent, The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes) to afford the coupling product in 53% yield (1.30 g, 6.2 mmol) as colorless oil.

In a vacuum dried 200 mL round bottomed flask, Lindlar's catalyst (564 mg, 0.27 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH (100 mL) and quinoline (158  $\mu$ L, 1.33 mmol) was added to this mixture. Then, the corresponding difluoro compound (1.11 g, 5.3 mmol) was added to this mixture and stirred for 30 minutes under H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (H<sub>2</sub> balloon). The mixture was then filtered through a Celite pad and concentrated under reduced pressure. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes) and gel-permeation chromatography. (*Z*)-10 was obtained in 53% yield (591.7 mg, 2.8 mmol) as colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (401 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.83 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.20–1.37 (m, 4H), 2.10–2.20 (m, 2H), 5.72–5.87 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.46 (m, 3H), 7.51–7.58 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  13.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.2 (CH), 28.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 120.0 (t, *J* = 242.3 Hz, *C*), 125.3 (t, *J* = 29.6 Hz, CH), 125.3 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, CH), 128.4 (CH), 129.8 (CH), 138.0 (t, *J* = 28.2 Hz, *C*), 138.8 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, CH). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –85.2 (s, 2F). HRMS–EI (*m/z*): [M]<sup>+</sup>

calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>F<sub>2</sub>, 210.1220; found, 210.1224.

Preparation of (Z)-(1,1-difluorohept-2-en-1-yl)trimethylsilane [(Z)-1m].<sup>5</sup>



TMSCl (3.03 mL, 24 mmol) was added to a solution of activated Mg turnings (1.17 g, 48 mmol) in THF (60 mL) at 0 °C. After being allowed to stir for 1 h, the propargyl bromide (1.26 g, 6.0 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was allowed to stir at 0 °C for 1 h. Subsequently the mixture was filtered, extracted with  $Et_2O$  and the organic layer was washed with  $H_2O$ , then dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After removal of volatiles in vacuo, the oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes) to afford the silylated compound in 51% yield (627.5 mg, 3.1 mmol) as colorless oil.

In a vacuum dried 100 mL round bottomed flask, Lindlar's catalyst (266.1 mg, 0.125 mmol) was suspended in EtOH (50 mL) and quinoline (74.1  $\mu$ L, 0.63 mmol) was added to the mixture. The corresponding silylated compound (520.6 mg, 2.5 mmol) was added to the mixture and allowed to stir for 30 minutes under a H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (H<sub>2</sub> balloon). The mixture was then filtered through a Celite pad and solvent removed under reduced pressure. The oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes) followed by gel-permeation chromatography. (*Z*)-1m was obtained in 44% yield (232.0 mg, 1.1 mmol) as colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (401 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.16 (s, 9H), 0.90 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.24–1.43 (m, 4H), 2.15–2.26 (m, 2H), 5.29–5.46 (m, 1H), 5.59–5.70 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  – 4.9 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 13.9 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 22.4 (*C*H), 28.5 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 124.5 (t, J = 20.3 Hz, *C*), 128.9 (t, J = 260.6 Hz, *C*H), 136.2 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, *C*H). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –109.2 (d, J = 23.1, 2F). HRMS–FI (*m*/*z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>2</sub>Si, 206.1302; found, 206.1309.

#### Preparation of (Z)-(5,5-difluoropent-3-en-1-yl)benzene [(Z)-1n].<sup>6</sup>



Sodium hexamethyldisilazide (NaHMDS) (3.03 mL, 24 mmol) was added to a solution of the ylide (15.8 g, 29.9 mmol) in THF (110 mL) at 22 °C. After the solution was allowed to cool to -78 °C, hexamethylphosphoric triamide (HMPA) (420 µL) was added. The aldehyde (3.50 mL, 23.9 mmol) was added dropwise and the mixture was allowed to stir at -78 °C for 1 h. Subsequently the solution was allowed to warm to 22 °C and allowed to stir for 1 h. The

mixture was quenched by cold brine, extracted with pentane three times, and the organic layer was washed with  $H_2O$ . After the organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporation of the solvent, the oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes) to afford the compound in 21% yield (1.35 g, 5.0 mmol) as colorless oil.

CuI (1.24 g, 6.5 mmol) and CsF (2.96 g, 19.5 mmol) were dissolved in *N*-methylpyrrolidone (NMP) (32.5 mL). The corresponding vinyl iodide (1.82 g, 6.5 mmol) and TMSCF<sub>2</sub>H (3.23 g, 4.0 mmol) were added to the mixture. The mixture was allowed to stir at 120 °C for 17 h and was quenched with aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution. The mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O and washed with H<sub>2</sub>O three times, then the organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After evaporation of the solvent, the oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes) to afford (*Z*)-**1n** in 39% yield (465.2 mg, 2.5 mmol) as colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (401 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  2.46–2.55 (m, 2H), 2.74 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.54–5.65 (m, 1H), 5.86–5.95 (m, 1H), 6.28 (td, *J* = 6.8, 55.7 Hz, 1H), 7.16–7.24 (m, 3H), 7.28–7.33 (m, 2 H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  29.6 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 35.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 111.8 (t, *J* = 230.7 Hz, *C*H), 123.3 (t, *J* = 24.9 Hz, *C*H), 126.2 (*C*H), 128.3 (*C*H), 128.4 (*C*H), 138.5 (t, *J* = 12.0 Hz, *C*H), 140.6 (*C*). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –111.4 (d, *J* = 57.1 Hz, 2F). HRMS–EI (*m*/*z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>F<sub>2</sub>, 182.0907; found, 182.0907.

#### 2.2. (E)-Alkene substrates synthesis

#### General Procedure for Substrates made through Olefin Metathesis

In a N<sub>2</sub>-filled glove box, an oven-dried 20 mL vial equipped with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with *gem*-difluoromethyl substituted olefin (1.0 equiv.), a terminal olefin cross partner (1.5–2.0 equiv.) and methylene chloride (0.5 M). Ruthenium complex **Ru-1** (5 mol%) was added subsequently, the vial tightly capped and transferred to an oil bath preheated to 50 °C. The mixture was allowed to stir for 12 h after which the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, the residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes and Et<sub>2</sub>O) to afford the desired product.

#### (E)-2,2-Difluorododec-3-en-1-ol [(E)-4a)]



Prepared from 2,2-Difluorobut-3-en-1-ol (21.6 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv.)<sup>7</sup> and 1-decene (56 mg, 0.40 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), isolated as colorless oil in 77% yield (34 mg, 0.154 mmol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 0.88 ppm (3H, t, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.28 (12H, td, J = 10.3, 8.1, 4.7 Hz), 1.41 (2H, dd, J = 9.1, 5.4 Hz), 2.22–2.01 (3H, m), 3.76 (2H, td, J = 12.9, 6.0 Hz), 5.75–5.39 (1H, m), 6.18 (1H, dddd, J = 16.1, 9.4, 6.8, 2.6 Hz). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 14.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 28.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 65.0 (t, J = 32.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 119.3 (t, J = 239.2 Hz, CF<sub>2</sub>), 122.1 (t, J = 25.4 Hz, CH), 138.5 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, CH). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ –106.99 ppm (dt, J = 13.5, 2.7 Hz). HRMS (DART) Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NOF<sub>2</sub> [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>: 238.1977; Found 238.1975.

#### (E)-2,2-Difluoro-5-phenylpent-3-en-1-ol [(E)-4b]



Prepared from 2,2-Difluorobut-3-en-1-ol (21.6 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and allylbenzene (47 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), isolated as colorless oil in 55% yield (22 mg, 0.111 mmol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  2.05 ppm (1H, t, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.52 – 3.41 (2H, m), 3.79 (2H, td, J = 13.0, 5.1 Hz), 5.63 (1H, dtt, J = 15.7, 11.1, 1.7 Hz), 6.37 (1H, dtt, J = 15.9, 6.7, 2.6 Hz), 7.20 (2H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.26 (1H, t, J = 7.0 Hz), 7.33 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz):  $\delta$  38.3 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 65.1 (t, J = 32.2 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 119.4 (t, J = 239.5 Hz, *C*F<sub>2</sub>),

123.6 (t, J = 25.5 Hz, CH), 126.7 ( $C_{Ar}$ ), 128.8 ( $C_{Ar}$ ), 128.8 ( $C_{Ar}$ ), 137.0 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, CH), 138.4 ( $C_{Ar}$ ). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz):  $\delta$  –106.1 ppm (m). HRMS (DART) Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>OF<sub>2</sub> [M]<sup>+</sup>: 198.0851; Found 198.0841.

## (E)-6-(Benzyloxy)-2,2-difluorohex-3-en-1-ol [(E)-4c]



Prepared from 2,2-Difluorobut-3-en-1-ol (ref for the preparation)<sup>7</sup> (21.6 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and 4-benzyloxybut-1-ene (81 mg, 0.500 mmol, 2.5 equiv.), isolated as colorless oil in 50% yield (25 mg, 0.100 mmol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  2.56–2.24 (3H, m), 3.57 (2H, *t*, J=6.5 Hz), 3.74 (2H, *t*, *J* = 12.8 Hz), 4.52 (2H, s), 5.68 (1H, dtt, *J* = 16.0, 11.1, 1.6 Hz), 6.28–6.13 (1H, m), 7.40–7.24 (5H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  32.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 65.0 (*t*, *J* = 32.4 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 68.7 (*d*, *J* = 1.8 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 73.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 119.3 (*t*, *J* = 239.8 Hz, CF<sub>2</sub>), 124.3 (*t*, *J* = 25.6 Hz, CH), 127.9 (*C*<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.6 (*C*<sub>Ar</sub>), 134.9 (*t*, *J* = 9.2 Hz, CH), 138.1 (*C*<sub>Ar</sub>). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (470 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –103.52 to –110.52 ppm (m). HRMS (DART) Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>F<sub>2</sub> [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>: 260.1457; Found 260.1460.

## Benzyl (E)-6,6-difluoro-7-hydroxyhept-4-enoate [(E)-4d]



Prepared from 2,2-Difluorobut-3-en-1-ol (ref for the preparation)<sup>7</sup> (18.1 mg, 0.166 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and 4-benzyloxybut-1-ene (47.3 mg, 0.249 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), isolated as colorless oil in 94% yield (42 mg, 0.155 mmol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 2.30 – 2.18 ppm (1H, m), 2.56 – 2.40 (4H, m), 3.72 (2H, ddd, J = 16.8, 9.4, 4.1 Hz), 5.13 (2H, s), 5.62 (1H, dtt, J = 15.8, 11.0, 1.4 Hz), 6.26 – 6.09 (1H, m), 7.43 – 7.30 (5H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 27.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 33.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 65.0 (t, J = 32.5 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 66.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 119.3 (t, J = 239.9 Hz, CF<sub>2</sub>), 123.8 (t, J = 25.7 Hz, CH), 128.4 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, CH), 128.7 (C<sub>Ar</sub>), 135.9 (C<sub>Ar</sub>), 136.0 (C<sub>Ar</sub>), 172.5 (CO<sub>2</sub>). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ –106.48 ppm (tdd, J = 13.0, 10.5, 2.9 Hz). HRMS (DART) Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>3</sub>F<sub>2</sub> [M]<sup>+</sup>: 271.1140; Found 271.1148.

Preparation of (*R*,*E*)-1-((*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2,2-difluorododec-3-en-1-ol [(*E*)-4e]



1-Decene (1.51 mL, 8.00 mmol, 4.0 equiv.) and **Ru-1** (63.0 mg, 0.10 mmol, 5 mol%) were added to a solution of (*R*)-1-((*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2,2-difluorobut-3-en-1-ol  $4^{8}(88:12 \text{ d.r.}, 416 \text{ mg}, 2.00 \text{ mmol}, 1.0 \text{ equiv.})$  in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2.0 mL, 1.0 m). The mixture was heated at 50 °C for 16 h, then was allowed to cool to r.t. and concentrated under reduced pressure. <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra of the crude mixture showed 75% conversion to the desired product. Purification by silica gel chromatography (petroleum ether:Et<sub>2</sub>O = 9:1 to 5:1) afforded the alkene (*E*)-4e as colourless oil in 71% yield (455 mg, 1.42 mmol, 91:9 d.r.).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz): δ 0.87 ppm (3H, t, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.33–1.22 (m, 10H), 1.35 (3H, s), 1.43–1.35 (2H, m), 1.42 (3H, s), 2.18–2.05 (2H, m), 2.66 (1H, d, J = 3.8 Hz), 4.07–3.93 (3H, m), 4.26 (1H, td, J = 6.6, 3.8 Hz), 5.69–5.54 (1H, m), 6.16 (1H, dddd, J = 15.9, 11.8, 5.8, 2.4 Hz). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz): δ 14.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 25.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 28.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 64.8 (dd,  $J_{C,F} = 3.8$ , 1.8 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 73.2 (dd,  $J_{C,F} = 29.7$ , 27.9 Hz), 74.4 (t,  $J_{C,F} = 2.4$  Hz), 109.0 (CH), 119.5 (dd,  $J_{C,F} = 244.2$ , 241.5 Hz, CF<sub>2</sub>), 122.1 (t,  $J_{C,F} = 24.4$  Hz, CH), 138.2 (t,  $J_{C,F} = 9.1$  Hz, CH). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 377 MHz): δ –105.2 (dtd, J = 251.3, 10.9, 2.8 Hz), –107.4 ppm (dt, J = 251.3, 12.9 Hz). HRMS (MALDI): Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>30</sub>F<sub>2</sub>KO<sub>3</sub> [M+K]<sup>+</sup>: 359.1795, Found: 359.1779. Specific rotation: [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> = +70.1 (*c* 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### 3. General Borylation and Derivatization Procedures

## Procedure for the copper(I)-catalyzed enantioselective boryl substitution of (Z)-1a (Scheme 2, Condition A).

An oven-dried reaction vial was charged with copper chloride (2.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), bis(pinacolato)diboron (190.0 mg, 0.75 mmol), (R,R)-BenzP\* (7.1 mg, 0.025 mmol) and transferred to an argon filled glove box. NaOMe (40.7 mg, 0.75 mmol) was added, the vial was capped with a rubber septum and removed from the glovebox. The solids were suspended in THF (1.0 mL) and the suspension was allowed to stir for 30 min at 30 °C. (Z)-1 (120.1 mg, 0.50 mmol) was added to the suspension and the mixture was allowed to stir until full consumption of starting material was observed. Subsequently, the mixture was passed through a short plug of silica gel ( $\Phi$ : 10 mm, height of the silica-gel column: 30 mm), eluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O and volatiles removed in vacuo. The resulting oily residue was subjected to silica gel chromatography (Et<sub>2</sub>O/hexane, typically 0:100-5:95) to give the corresponding borylation synthesized 2 as colorless oil. Racemic with product products were (9,9-dimethyl-9H-xanthene-4,5-divl)bis(diphenylphosphane) replacing (R,R)-BenzP\*.

# Procedure for the copper(I)-catalyzed enantioselective boryl substitution of (E)-4a (Scheme 2, Condition B).

In a N<sub>2</sub>-filled glove box, an oven-dried 8 mL vial, equipped with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with CuCl (5 mol%), (*S*,*S*)-phenyl-bpe (6 mol%), bis(pinacolato)diboron (1.1 equiv.), LiOt-Bu (1.5 equiv.) followed by (*E*)-4a (1.0 equiv.) in toluene solution (0.1 M). The vial was tightly capped and allowed to stir for 14 h at 22 °C. Subsequently the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the oily residue subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes and Et<sub>2</sub>O) to afford the desired product. Racemic products were synthesized with 1,3-Bis-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl) imidazolinium chloride replacing (*S*,*S*)-phenyl-bpe.

#### Procedure for the oxidation of the borylation products to allylic alcohols.

An 8 mL vial equipped with a magnetic stirring bar is charged with the borylation product (0.1 mmol) and THF/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:1, 1.0 mL). NaBO<sub>3</sub>•4H<sub>2</sub>O (76.9 mg, 0.5 mmol) was added, and the suspension allowed to stir for 2 hours at 22 °C. The mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O and the organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration, the residue is subjected to silica gel chromatography (ethyl acetate/hexanes, typically 5:95–15:85) to afford the corresponding alcohol.

#### Esterification procedure of the borylation product

The alcohol was obtained through the oxidation of the borylation product according to the procedure described above. In a reaction vial, the obtained alcohol (0.1 mmol) and DMAP (0.05 mmol) was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2.0 mL). Et<sub>3</sub>N (28.0  $\mu$ L, 0.2 mmol) and *p*-nitrobenzoyl chloride (27.8 mg, 0.15 mmol) were then added to the mixture at room temperature. After stirred for 3 hours, the mixture was passed through a short silica gel column ( $\Phi$ : 10 mm, height of the silica-gel column: 30 mm) eluting with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (ethyl acetate/hexane, typically 0:100–4:96) to give the corresponding ester.

### 4. Borylation Product Characterizations

(*S*,*Z*)-2-(5-Fluoro-1-phenylnon-4-en-3-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane [(*S*,*Z*)-2a].



Prepared according to condition A. The reaction was conducted for 2 h with 120.1 mg (0.50 mmol) of (*Z*)-1a. The product (*S*,*Z*)-2a was obtained in 93% yield (160.2 mg) with 97/3 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (*S*,*Z*)-2a was determined by GC analysis (Z:E = 95:5).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.91 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.24 (s, 12H), 1.35 (dq, J = 7.2, 14.6 Hz, 2H), 1.43–1.52 (m, 2H), 1.58–1.70 (m, 1H), 1.77–1.89 (m, 1H), 2.11–2.22 (m, 3H), 2.49–2.71 (m, 2H), 4.50 (dd, J = 9.4, 38.4 Hz, 1H), 7.13–7.20 (m, 3H), 7.23–7.29 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  13.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.9 (br, B–CH), 21.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 24.56 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.63 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 28.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.7 (d, J = 28.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 33.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 83.1 (C), 105.3 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, CH), 125.5 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 142.6 (C), 159,4 (d, J = 253.9 Hz, C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –108.9 – –108.7 (m, 1F). HRMS–EI (*m/z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>32</sub>BFO<sub>2</sub>, 346.2483; found, 346.2481. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>18.8</sup> +0.35 (*c* 1.60, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding alcohol after oxidation of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IC-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 4/96, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 18.88 min [(*Z*)-alcohol major enantiomer], 16.37 min [(*Z*)-alcohol minor enantiomer], and 13.88 min [(*E*)-alcohol major enantiomer]. Minor enantiomer of (*E*)-alcohol was not detected by HPLC analysis.

# (*R*)-(*Z*)-2-Fluoro-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)dodec-2-en-1-ol [(*R*,*Z*)-2b]



Prepared according to condition B from (*E*)-4a (34 mg, 154  $\mu$ mol) and isolated as colorless oil in 51% yield (26 mg, 79  $\mu$ mol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 600 MHz): δ 0.87 (3H, td, *J* = 7.0, 1.2 Hz), 1.42 – 1.17 (25H, m), 1.53 (1H, tt, *J* = 10.9, 5.1 Hz), 1.73 (1H, d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 2.14 (1H, q, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 4.11 (2H, dd, J = 16.2, 4.1 Hz), 4.82 (1H, dd, J = 37.1, 9.9 Hz). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 151 MHz):  $\delta$ 14.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 24.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 29.2, 29.4(CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 61.7 (d, J = 31.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>OH), 83.5 (CH), 109.6 (d, J = 14.5 Hz CH), 157.1 (d, J = 252.5 Hz, CF). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz):  $\delta$  –120.8 ppm (dt, J =37.1, 16.4 Hz). HRMS (DART-TOF) m/z: C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>38</sub>BNO<sub>3</sub>F [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>: 346.2923; Found: 346.2927. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> +11.1 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity of (R,Z)-**2b** was determined by HPLC analysis after oxidation of **2b** to the corresponding allylic alcohol followed by benzoylation, in comparison with authentic racemic material, during oxidation the double bond isomerized to a 1:1 *E*:*Z* mixture (ODH column, 97:3 hexanes:*i*PrOH, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm). (*R*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 48.1 min, (*S*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 55.8 min.



(*S*,*Z*)-2-(10-(Benzyloxy)-7-fluorodec-6-en-5-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane [(*S*,*Z*)-2c].



Prepared according to condition A. The reaction was conducted for 1.5 h with 141.1 mg (0.50 mmol) of (*Z*)-1c. The product (*S*,*Z*)-2c was obtained in 92% yield (180.0 mg) with 96:4 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (*S*,*Z*)-2c was determined by GC analysis (Z:E = 94:6).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.87 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.18–1.55 (m, 18H), 1.80 (quin, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.08 (q, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 17.9 Hz, 2H), 3.50 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 4.47 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 38.4 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 7.27–7.37 (m, 5H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  14.0 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 19.9 (br, B–CH), 22.5 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 24.5 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 24.6 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 26.5 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 28.7 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (*C*), 106.3 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (*C*), 106.3 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (*C*), 106.3 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (*C*), 106.3 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (*C*), 106.3 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (*C*), 106.3 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (*C*), 106.3 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (*C*), 106.3 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (*C*), 106.3 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.0 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (*C*), 106.3 (d, *J* = 29.3 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.7

17.0 Hz, CH), 127.4 (CH), 127.5 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 138.4 (C), 158.2 (d, J = 253.0 Hz,  $CF_2$ ). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –110.0 to –110.2 (m, 1F). HRMS–ESI (*m/z*): [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>37</sub>O<sub>3</sub>BF, 391.2819; found, 391.2818. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.9</sup> +1.2 (*c* 1.02, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding alcohol after oxidation of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IBN-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 2/98, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 34.69 min [(*Z*)-alcohol major enantiomer], 31.64 min [(*Z*)-alcohol minor enantiomer] and 27.26 min [(*E*)-alcohol major enantiomer]. Minor enantiomer of (*E*)-alcohol was not detected by HPLC analysis.

(*S*,*Z*)-*tert*-Butyl{(4-fluoro-6-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)dec-4-en-1-yl)ox y}dimethylsilane [(*S*,*Z*)-2d].



Prepared according to condition A. The reaction was conducted for 1.5 h with 157.4 mg (0.51 mmol) of (*Z*)-1d. The product (*S*,*Z*)-2d was obtained in 99% yield (200.1 mg) with 96:4 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (*S*,*Z*)-2d was determined by GC analysis (Z:E = 95:5).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.04 (s, 6H), 0.84–0.93 (m, 12H), 1.18–1.55 (m, 18H), 1.69 (quin, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.08 (q, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (dt, J = 7.4, 17.9 Hz, 2H), 3.62 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 4.46 (dd, J = 9.8, 38.4 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –5.4 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 14.0 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 18.3 (*C*), 20.0 (br, B–*C*H), 22.6 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 24.59 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 24.62 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 25.9 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 28.4 (d, J = 28.8 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 29.5 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 30.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 61.9 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 83.0 (*C*), 106.1 (d, J = 16.3 Hz, *C*H), 158.6 (d, J = 252.9 Hz, *C*). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –109.5 to –109.7 (m, 1F). HRMS–ESI (*m*/*z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>44</sub>O<sub>3</sub>BFNaSi, 437.3033; found, 437.3030. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.7</sup> +1.1 (*c* 1.55, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding alcohol after oxidation of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IC-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 1.5/98.5, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 15.97 min [(*Z*)-alcohol major enantiomer], 14.87 min [(*Z*)-alcohol minor enantiomer], 12.59 min [(*E*)-alcohol major enantiomer], and 13.46 min [(*E*)-alcohol minor enantiomer].

(*S*,*Z*)-4-Fluoro-6-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)dec-4-en-1-yl acetate [(*S*,*Z*)-2e].



Prepared according to condition A. The reaction was conducted for 2 h with 117.2 mg (0.50 mmol) of (*Z*)-1e. The product (*S*,*Z*)-2e was obtained in 90% yield (153.2 mg) with 96:4 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (*S*,*Z*)-2e was determined by GC analysis (Z:E = 90:10).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.87 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.16–1.56 (m, 18H), 1.82 (quin, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.05–2.12 (m, 4H), 2.24 (dt, J = 7.5, 17.9 Hz, 2H), 4.09 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (dd, J = 7.5, 17.9 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  13.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.9 (br, B–CH), 20.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 24.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 25.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 28.5 (d, J = 28.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 63.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 83.0 (C), 106.8 (d, J = 16.3 Hz, CH), 157.4 (d, J = 252.9 Hz, C), 170.9 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –110.6 (t, J = 22.8 Hz, 1F). HRMS–EI (m/z): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>4</sub>BF, 342.2381; found, 342.2382. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.8</sup> +1.2 (c 1.09, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding alcohol after oxidation of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IF-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 4/96, 0.5 mL/min, 40 °C, retention time: 36.06 min [(Z)-alcohol major enantiomer], 35.01 min [(Z)-alcohol minor enantiomer] and 53.45 min [(E)-alcohol major enantiomer]. Minor enantiomer of (*E*)-alcohol was not detected by HPLC analysis.

(S,Z)-2-{4-Fluoro-6-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)dec-4-en-1-yl}isoindolin e-1,3-dione [(S,Z)-2f].



Prepared according to condition A. The reaction was conducted for 1.5 h with 160.0 mg (0.50 mmol) of (*Z*)-**1f.** The product (*S*,*Z*)-**2f** was obtained in 56% yield (119.4 mg) with 95:5 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (*S*,*Z*)-**2f** was determined by GC analysis (Z:E = 96:4).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 0.87 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 3H), 1.01–1.54 (m, 18H), 1.87 (quin, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.07 (q, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (dt, *J* = 8.0, 16.0 Hz, 2H), 3.72 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 38.5 Hz, 1H), 7.65–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.78–7.86 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99)

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  14.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.8 (br, B–CH), 22.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 24.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 25.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.6 (d, J = 28.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 30.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 37.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 83.0 (C), 106.7 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, CH), 123.1 (CH), 132.0 (C), 133.8 (CH), 157.4 (d, J = 255.0 Hz, C), 168.2 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –109.9 to –110.1 (m, 1F). HRMS–EI (*m/z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>4</sub>BFN, 429.2491; found, 429.2475. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.7</sup> +0.66 (*c* 1.14, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IE-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 1.5/98.5, 0.5 mL/min, 40 °C, retention time: 32.78 min [(*Z*)-**2f** major enantiomer], 29.56 min [(*Z*)-**2f** minor enantiomer], 25.84 min [(*E*)-**2f** major enanomer].

(*S*,*Z*)-2-(1-Chloro-6-fluoro-8-phenyloct-5-en-4-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan e [(*S*,*Z*)-2g].



Prepared according to condition A. The reaction was conducted for 1 h with 129.4 mg (0.50 mmol) of (*Z*)-1g. The product (*S*,*Z*)-2g was obtained in 93% yield (170.0 mg) with 93.5:6.5 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (*S*,*Z*)-2g was determined by GC analysis (*Z*:*E* = 94:6).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.23 (s, 12H), 1.34–1.46 (m, 1H), 1.58–1.73 (m, 3H), 2.08 (td, J = 5.7, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.36–2.56 (m, 2H), 2.80 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 3.47 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 4.42 (dd, J = 10.1, 38.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16–7.22 (m, 3H), 7.24–7.31 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  19.2 (br, B–CH), 24.60 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.63 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 28.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 33.9 (d, J = 27.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 45.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 83.0 (C), 105.9 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, CH), 126.0 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 140.8 (C), 158.5 (d, J = 253.0 Hz, C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –110.2 to –110.0 (m, 1F). HRMS–ESI (*m*/*z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>29</sub>O<sub>2</sub>BCIFNa, 389.1829; found, 389.1831. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>17.7</sup> +1.3 (*c* 0.94, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding alcohol after oxidation of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IBN-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 5/95, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 21.83 min [(*Z*)-alcohol major enantiomer], 27.77 min [(*Z*)-alcohol minor enantiomer], 17.53 min [(*E*)-alcohol major enantiomer], and 23.13 min [(*E*)-alcohol minor enantiomer].

(*S*,*Z*)-2-(1-cyclohexyl-1-fluoro-5-phenylpent-1-en-3-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxabo rolane [(*S*,*Z*)-2h].



Prepared according to condition A. The reaction was conducted for 1 h with 132.2 mg (0.50 mmol) of (*Z*)-1h. The product (*S*,*Z*)-2h was obtained in 95% yield (176.0 mg) with 97:5 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (*S*,*Z*)-2h was determined by GC analysis (*Z*:*E*=>98:2).

<sup>1</sup>HNMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.11–1.31 (m, 18H), 1.56–1.69 (m, 2H), 1.71–1.88 (m, 4H), 2.00–2.17 (m, 2H), 2.47–2.70 (m, 2H), 4.46 (dd, J = 9.6, 39.4 Hz, 1H), 7.12–7.19 (m, 3H), 7.22–7.28 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  19.7 (br, B–CH), 24.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 25.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 30.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 33.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 40.5 (d, J = 26.4 Hz, CH), 83.1 (C), 103.0 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, CH), 125.5 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 142.6 (C), 163.6 (d, J = 255.0 Hz, C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –112.7 (d, J = 22.8 Hz, 1F). HRMS–EI (*m/z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O<sub>2</sub>BF, 372.2640; found, 372.2639. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20.6</sup> +0.44 (*c* 0.90, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding alcohol after oxidation of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IBN-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 5/95, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 17.27 min [(*Z*)-alcohol major enantiomer], 18.22 min [(*Z*)-alcohol minor enantiomer].

# (*S*,*Z*)-2-(5-Fluoro-1-phenylhex-4-en-3-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane [(*S*,*Z*)-2i].



Prepared according to condition A. The reaction was conducted for 4 h with 99.6 mg (0.50 mmol) of (*Z*)-1i. The product (*S*,*Z*)-2i was obtained in 86% yield (132.2 mg) with 99:1 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (*S*,*Z*)-2i was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis (*Z*:*E* = 83:17).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.24 (s, 12H), 1.59–1.70 (m, 1H), 1.77–1.95 (m, 4H), 2.15 (q, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.47–2.76 (m, 2H), 4.51 (dd, J = 9.5, 37.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13–7.21 (m, 3H), 7.23–7.31 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  17.9 (d, J = 30.6 Hz, *C*H<sub>3</sub>), 20.1 (br, B–CH), 24.6 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 24.7 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 33.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 35.4 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 83.1 (*C*), 105.8 (d, J = 16.3 Hz, *C*H),

125.5 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 142.6 (C), 156.0 (d, J = 251.0 Hz, C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –102.4 – –102.1 (m, 1F). HRMS–EI (*m/z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>2</sub>BF, 303.2046; found, 303.2047. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.6</sup> +0.07 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding ester after oxidation of the boryl group and esterification of the alcohol. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IE-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 3/97, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 26.46 min [(*Z*)-ester major enantiomer], 23.30 min [(*Z*)-ester minor enantiomer], 16.87 min [(*E*)-ester major enantiomer], and 15.43 min [(*E*)-ester minor enantiomer].

(R,Z)-2-Fluoro-5-phenyl-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)pent-2-en-1-ol [(R,Z)-2j].



Prepared according to conditions B from (*E*)-4b (67 mg, 338  $\mu$ mol) and isolated as colorless oil in 61% yield (63 mg, 206  $\mu$ mol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz):  $\delta$  1.17 (6H, s), 1.19 (6H, s), 1.25 (1H, br s), 2.53 (1H, q, J = 8.5 Hz), 2.72 (1H, dd, J = 13.8, 8.5 Hz), 2.88 (1H, dd, J = 13.8, 7.5 Hz), 4.05 (2H, d, J = 15.2 Hz), 4.84 (1H, dd, J = 36.9, 9.6 Hz), 7.16 (1H, t, J = 7.1 Hz), 7.20 (2H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 7.27–7.22 (2H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 150 MHz):  $\delta$  24.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 29.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 36.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 61.6 (d, J = 31.8 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 83.7 (C), 108.6 (d, J = 14.1 Hz, CH), 126.1 (C), 128.2 (C), 129.0 (C), 141.2 (C), 157.4 (d, J = 254.0 Hz, CF). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz):  $\delta$  –119.01 (dt, J = 35.5, 16.3 Hz). HRMS (DART-TOF) m/z: [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>28</sub>BNO<sub>3</sub>F [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>: 324.2141; Found: 324.2153. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> +18.13 (c = 0.5, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>). Enantiomeric purity of **2j** was determined by HPLC analysis after oxidation of **2j** to the corresponding allylic alcohol in comparison with authentic racemic material (ADH column, 95:5 hexanes:*i*PrOH, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm). (*R*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 68.1 min, (*S*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 76.8 min.



Peak #	Ret. Time	Area	Area %	Peak #	Ret. Time	Area	Area %
1	67.819 min	851687	50.245	1	68.093	4336156	95.940
2	75.790 min	843388	49.755	2	76.810	183511	4.060

(R,Z)-6-(Benzyloxy)-2-fluoro-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hex-2-en-1-o l [(R,Z)-2k]



Prepared according to conditions B from (*E*)-4c (28 mg 122  $\mu$ mol) and isolated as colorless oil in 52% yield (22 mg, 63  $\mu$ mol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz):  $\delta$  1.21 (12H, s), 1.22 (1H, m, overlapping), 1.69 (1H, ddt, J = 20.6, 13.2, 6.3 Hz), 1.92 (1H, dq, J = 13.7, 6.9 Hz), 2.32–2.22 (1H, m), 3.47 (2H, m), 4.09 (2H, d, J = 16.2 Hz), 4.49 (2H, s), 4.84 (1H, dd, J = 36.9, 10.0 Hz), 7.37–7.29 (5H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 126 MHz):  $\delta$  24.77 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 24.81 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 30.9 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 34.8 (*C*H), 58.5 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 61.6 (d, J = 32.0 Hz, *C*H<sub>2</sub>), 69.4 (*C*), 73.0 (*C*), 108.8 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, *C*H), 127.6 (*C*), 127.9 (*C*), 128.4 (*C*), 138.7 (*C*), 157.5 (d, J = 253.6 Hz, *C*F) <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz):  $\delta$  – 119.93 (dt, J = 37.3, 16.2 Hz). HRMS (DART-TOF) m/z: [M]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>29</sub>BF<sub>1</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> = 351.2137, Found 351.2134. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> +9.5 (*c* = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity of **2k** was determined by HPLC analysis after oxidation of **2k** to the corresponding allylic alcohol in comparison with authentic racemic material (OZ3 column, 92:8 hexanes:*i*PrOH, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm). (*R*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 23.3 min, (*S*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 32.9 min.



(*R*)-Benzyl-(*Z*)-6-fluoro-7-hydroxy-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hept-5 -enoate [(*R*,*Z*)-2l]



Prepared according to conditions B from (*E*)-4d (28 mg, 100  $\mu$ mol) and isolated as colorless oil in 63% yield (24 mg, 63  $\mu$ mol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  1.23 <del>ppm</del> (12H, s), 1.27 (1H, s), 1.72 (1H, dtd, *J*=13.3, 9.0, 6.3 Hz), 1.94 (1H, ddt, *J* = 12.6, 9.3, 6.2 Hz), 2.15 (1H, td, *J* = 9.7, 5.8 Hz), 2.49 – 2.28 (2H, m), 4.09 (2H, dd, *J* = 15.9, 5.8 Hz), 4.80 (1H, dd, *J* = 36.5, 10.2 Hz), 5.10 (2H, s), 7.40–7.28 (5H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 151 MHz):  $\delta$  24.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 25.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 33.8 (CH), 61.5 (d, *J* = 32.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 66.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 83.7 (C), 108.0 (d, *J* = 14.3 Hz, CH), 128.3 (C), 128.3 (C), 128.7 (C), 136.2 (C), 158.0 (d, *J* = 254.2 Hz, CF), 173.5 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz):  $\delta$  –119.51 (dt, *J* = 36.4, 15.8 Hz). HRMS (DART-TOF) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>29</sub>F<sub>1</sub>O<sub>5</sub>B<sup>+</sup> = 379.20866; Found 379.20804. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> +3.1 (*c* = 0.6, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity of **2I** was determined by HPLC analysis after oxidation of **2I** to the corresponding allylic alcohol in comparison (OZ3 column, 92:8 hexanes:*i*PrOH, 0.5 mL/min, 220 nm). (*R*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 44.0 min, (*S*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 62.4 min.



(*S*,*E*)-{1-Fluoro-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hept-1-en-1-yl}trimethyls ilane [(*S*,*E*)-2m].



Prepared according to conditions A. The reaction was conducted for 24 h with 103.2 mg (0.50 mmol) of (*Z*)-1m. The product (*S*,*E*)-2m was obtained in 30% yield (46.8 mg) with 88.5:11.5 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (*S*,*E*)-2m was determined by GC analysis (*E*:*Z* = >98:2). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (401 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.13 (s, 9H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.17–1.44 (m, 18H), 2.27 (q, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 50.1 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –2.5 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 14.0 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 20.7 (br, B–*C*H), 22.6 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 24.5 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 30.6 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.4 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 83.0 (*C*), 122.9 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, *C*H), 167.1 (d, *J* = 274.0 Hz, *C*). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –106.4

(s, 1F). HRMS–ESI (*m/z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>2</sub>BFNaSi, 337.2144; found, 337.2142. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.9</sup> +1.6 (*c* 1.27, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding alcohol after oxidation of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IE-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 3/97, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 9.23 min [(*E*)-alcohol major enantiomer], 9.62 min [(*E*)-alcohol minor enantiomer].

## (S)-2-(1-Fluoro-5-phenylpent-1-en-3-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane [(S)-2n].



Prepared according to conditions A. The reaction was conducted for 1.5 h with 99.1 mg (0.50 mmol) of (Z)-1n. The product (S)-2n was obtained in 95% yield (137.5 mg) with 94:6 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (S)-2n was determined by GC analysis (Z:E = 50:50).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, \* indicates signals of the isomer, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.24 (s, 12H), 1.60–1.73 (m, 2H), 1.79–1.93\* (m, 2H), 2.27 (td, J = 6.2, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 2.50–2.73 (m, 2H), 4.77 (ddd, J = 5.0, 10.4, 43.7 Hz, 1H), 5.32–5.42\* (m, 1H), 6.38–6.44 (m, 1H), 6.60–6.66\* (m, 1H), 7.14–7.20 (m, 3H), 7.24–7.30 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, \* indicates signals of the isomer, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  19.5 (br, B–CH), 20.6\* (br, B–CH), 24.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.7\* (CH<sub>3</sub>), 32.78 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.84\* (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.3\* (CH<sub>2</sub>), 83.3 (C), 83.4\* (C), 111.6 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, CH), 112.1\* (d, J = 9.6 Hz, CH), 125.6 (CH), 125.7\* (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.3\* (CH), 128.4 (CH), 142.1 (C), 142.4\* (C), 147.4 (d, J = 256.7 Hz, CH), 148.4\* (d, J = 254.8 Hz, CH). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –130.6 – –130.2 (m, 1F). HRMS–EI (*m*/*z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>2</sub>BF, 290.1857;

found, 290.1866.  $[\alpha]_D^{21.6}$  +0.07 (*c* 1.16, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding ester after oxidation of the boryl group and esterification of the alcohol. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IBN-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 3/97, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 25.33 min [major enantiomer], 32.98 min [minor enantiomer], 24.21 min [isomer major enantiomer], and 29.70 min [isomer minor enantiomer].

(*S*,*Z*)-2-(1-Fluoro-1-phenylhept-1-en-3-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane [(*S*,*Z*)-20].



Prepared according to conditions A. The reaction was conducted with for 1 h with 105.1 mg (0.50 mmol) of (*Z*)-10. The product (*S*,*Z*)-20 was obtained in 88% yield (140.4 mg) with 97.5:2.5 e.r. The stereoselectivity of (*S*,*Z*)-20 was determined by GC analysis (Z:E = >98:2).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.88 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 3H), 1.26 (s, 12H), 1.23–1.39 (m, 4H), 1.41–1.66 (m, 2H), 2.28–2.38 (m, 1H), 5.40 (dd, J = 10.0, 37.4 Hz, 1H), 7.23–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.46–7.52 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  14.0 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 20.8 (br, B–*C*H), 22.6 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 24.6 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 30.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 31.4 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 83.2 (*C*), 107.6 (d, J = 18.2 Hz, *C*H), 123.7 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, *C*H), 127.9 (*C*H), 128.2 (*C*H), 133.0 (d, J = 29.7 Hz, *C*), 156.0 (d, J = 245.2 Hz, *C*). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –121.4 (d, J = 45.9 Hz, 1F). HRMS–EI (*m*/*z*): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>2</sub>BF, 318.2170; found, 318.2167. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20.8</sup> –0.8 (*c* 1.21, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding alcohol after oxidation of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IBN-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 5/95, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 29.51 min [(*Z*)-alcohol major enantiomer], 16.22 min [(*Z*)-alcohol minor enantiomer].

(*R*,*Z*)-2-(4-(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)-4-fluoro-1-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3, 2-dioxaborolane [(*R*,*Z*)-2p]



Prepared according to conditions B from the corresponding crude difluoroallyl compound. In a N<sub>2</sub>-filled glove box, an oven-dried 10 mL vial equipped with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with 1-(1,1-difluoroallyl)-3,5-dimethylbenzene (18.2 mg, 100 µmol, 1.0 equiv.) and allylbenzene (18 mg, 150 µmol, 1.5 equiv.) then ruthenium complex **Ru-1** (3.6 mg, 5 µmol, 5 mol%) in methylene chloride solution (0.2 mL, 0.5 M), was added, the vial tightly capped and transferred into an oil bath preheated to 50 °C. The mixture was allowed to stir for 12 h after which the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, the dark solid residue taken up in hexanes, passed through a short plug of silica gel (2 cm x 1 cm), concentrated under reduced pressure. The dark oily residue containing unpurified *gem*-allyldifluoride (70 µmol) was transferred back into the glove box. An oven-dried 8 mL vial, equipped with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with CuCl (0.4 mg, 4 µmol, 5 mol%), (*S*,*S*)-phenyl-bpe (2.5 mg, 5 µmol, 6 mol%), B<sub>2</sub>(pin)<sub>2</sub> (20 mg, 77 µmol, 1.1 equiv.) and LiO*t*-Bu (8.4 mg, 105 µmol, 1.5 equiv.). The allylic fluoride residue was taken up in toluene (0.7 mL, 0.1 M) and introduced to the eight mL vial containing the other reagents. The vial was tightly capped and allowed to stir for 14 h at 22 °C. Subsequently the reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue subjected to silica gel chromatography (hexanes and Et<sub>2</sub>O) to afford the desired product as colorless oil in 49% yield (13 mg, 34 µmol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  1.17 (6H, s), 1.19 (6H, s), 2.30 (6H, s), 2.70 (1H, q, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 2.83 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.7, 8.1 Hz), 2.94 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.6, 8.0 Hz), 5.37 (1H, dd, *J* = 37.3, 9.6 Hz), 6.91 (1H, s), 7.08 (2H, s), 7.16 (1H, m), 7.26–7.22 (4H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 126 MHz):  $\delta$  21.5 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 24.8 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 37.2 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 83.6 (*C*), 106.4 (d, *J* = 17.8 Hz, *C*), 121.8 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz *C*), 126.0 (*C*), 128.3 (*C*), 129.0 (*C*), 130.0 (*C*), 132.9 (d, *J* = 28.6 Hz *C*H), 138.0 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, *C*), 141.5 (*C*), 156.7 (d, *J* = 245.7 Hz, *C*F). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz):  $\delta$  –118.33 (d, *J* = 37.4 Hz). HRMS (DART-TOF) m/z: [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>34</sub>B<sub>1</sub>F<sub>1</sub>O<sub>2</sub>N<sub>1</sub><sup>+</sup> = 398.2661, Found 398.2650. Specific rotation: [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> +12.2 (*c* = 0.6, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) after oxidation. Enantiomeric purity of **2p** was determined by HPLC analysis after oxidation of **2p** to the corresponding allylic alcohol in comparison with authentic racemic material (ADH column, 99:1 hexanes:*i*PrOH, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm). (*R*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 80.1 min, (*S*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 74.5 min.



1	74.983 min	4332199	50.387	1	74.553	9998660	6.329
2	79.036 min	4265728	49.613	2	80.101	147974151	93.671

(1*R*,4*R*,*Z*)-1-{(*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2-fluoro-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-di oxaborolan-2-yl)}dodec-2-en-1-ol [5a]



In a N<sub>2</sub>-filled glove box, an oven-dried vial (7 mL) containing a magnetic stir bar was charged with (*S*,*S*)-phenyl-bpe (11.1 mg, 2.20 µmol, 5.5 mol%), CuCl (2.00 mg, 2.00 µmol, 5.0 mol%), LiOt-Bu (48.0 mg, 0.60 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and toluene (2 mL). The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at 22 °C, then a solution of B<sub>2</sub>(pin)<sub>2</sub> (112 mg, 0.44 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and alkene (*E*)-4e (112 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in toluene (2 mL) was added. The reaction was allowed to stir at 22 °C for 14 h then was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by silica gel chromatography (petroleum ether:Et<sub>2</sub>O = 4:1 to 3:1) afforded the trisubstituted alkenyl fluoride 5a as colourless oil in 77% yield (132 mg, 0.31 mmol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz): δ 0.85 (3H, t, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.30–1.14 (m, 25H), 1.34 (3H, s), 1.41 (3H, s), 1.57–1.45 (1H, m), 2.14 (1H, q, J = 8.5 Hz), 2.53 (1H, bs), 4.05–3.92 (2H, m), 4.32–4.17 (2H, m), 4.87 (1H, dd, J = 38.1, 10.1 Hz). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz): δ 14.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 24.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 25.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 30.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 65.0 (d,  $J_{C,F} = 2.2$  Hz, CH), 70.0 (C), 70.3 (C), 76.2 (CH), 83.4 (CH), 109.6 (CH), 109.9 (d,  $J_{C,F} = 13.1$  Hz, CH), 155.6 (d,  $J_{C,F} = 252.3$  Hz, CF). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 377 MHz): δ –126.0 (dd, J = 38.1, 15.9 Hz). HRMS (MALDI): Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>42</sub>BFNaO<sub>5</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>: 451.3002, Found: 451.2949. Specific rotation: [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> +75.0 (c 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

(1*R*,4*S*,*Z*)-1-{(*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2-fluoro-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-di oxaborolan-2-yl)}dodec-2-en-1-ol [5b]



In a N<sub>2</sub>-filled glove box, an oven-dried vial (7 mL) containing a magnetic stir bar was charged with (R,R)-phenyl-bpe (11.1 mg, 2.20 µmol, 5.5 mol%), CuCl (2.00 mg, 2.00 µmol,

5.0 mol%), LiOt-Bu (48.0 mg, 0.60 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and toluene (2 mL). The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at 22 °C, then a solution of  $B_2(pin)_2$  (112 mg, 0.44 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and alkene (*E*)-4e (112 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in toluene (2 mL) was added. The reaction was allowed to stir at 22 °C for 14 h then was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by silica gel chromatography (petroleum ether:Et<sub>2</sub>O = 4:1 to 3:1) afforded the trisubstituted alkenyl fluoride **5b** as colourless oil in 92% yield (158 mg, 0.37 mmol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz): δ 0.85 (3H, t, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.29–1.18 (m, 25H), 1.33 (3H, s), 1.41 (3H, s), 1.59–1.44 (1H, m), 2.12 (1H, q, J = 8.8, 8.2 Hz), 2.50 (1H, s), 3.97 (2H, d, J =5.9 Hz), 4.31–4.15 (2H, m), 4.88 (1H, dd, J = 38.4, 10.1 Hz). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz): δ 14.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 25.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 30.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 65.0 (d,  $J_{C,F} = 2.2$  Hz, CH), 70.0 (C), 70.3 (C), 76.3 (C), 83.4 (C), 109.5 (CH), 110.0 (d,  $J_{C,F} = 13.0$  Hz, CH), 155.7 (d,  $J_{C,F} = 252.8$  Hz, CF). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 377 MHz): δ –125.4 ppm (dd, J = 38.4, 16.5 Hz). HRMS (MALDI): Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>42</sub>BFNaO<sub>5</sub> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>: 451.3002, Found: 451.2978. Specific rotation: [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> +74.1 (*c* 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

### 5. Derivatization of $\gamma$ -Monofluoroallylboronates

Experimental Procedure of Homologation of (S,Z)-2a.



The homologation was performed according to the literature procedure.<sup>9</sup> In an oven-dried reaction vial, (*S*,*Z*)-**2a** (34.6 mg, 0.10 mmol) and bromochloromethane (13.4  $\mu$ L, 0.20 mmol) were dissolved in dry THF (600  $\mu$ L) in nitrogen atmosphere. After the mixture was cooled to -78 °C, a solution of *n*-BuLi in hexane (1.6 M, 94  $\mu$ L, 0.15 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was allowed to stir at 22°C for 3 h. The mixture was then quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution and extracted three times with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> followed by filtration. The crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (Et<sub>2</sub>O/hexane, 0:100–10:90) to give the corresponding **6** (32.5 mg, 0.090 mmol, 90%) as colorless oil with 97:3 e.r. The stereoselectivity of **6** was determined by GC analysis (*Z*:*E* = 95:5).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 0.75–0.96 (m, 5H), 1.22 (s, 12H), 1.29–1.40 (m, 2H), 1.41– 1.53 (m, 3H), 1.64–1.76 (m, 1H), 2.08–2.20 (m, 2H), 2.46–2.66 (m, 2H), 2.72–2.84 (m, 1H), 4.36 (dd, J = 10.1, 38.2 Hz, 1H), 7.11–7.18 (m, 3H), 7.21–7.28 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 13.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 18.7 (br, B–CH<sub>2</sub>), 22.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 24.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 28.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 30.4 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, CH), 31.7 (d, J = 28.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 34.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 40.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 82.9 (C), 110.6 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, CH), 125.5 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 142.9 (C), 158.9 (d, J = 254.5 Hz, C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ –109.2 ppm (dt, J = 20.8 Hz, 1F). HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>34</sub>BFO<sub>2</sub>Na, 383.2532; found, 383.2530. [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>18.9</sup> +0.66 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding alcohol after oxidation of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IC-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 2/98, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 42.91 min [(*Z*)-alcohol major enantiomer], 30.85 min [(*Z*)-alcohol minor enantiomer].

## Experimental Procedure of Amination of (S,Z)-2a.



The amination was performed according to the literature procedure.<sup>10</sup> In an oven-dried reaction vial, MeONH<sub>2</sub> (0.5 M in THF, 600 µL, 0.30 mmol) was dissolved in THF (200 µL). After the mixture was cooled to -78 °C, a solution of *n*-BuLi in hexane (1.6 M, 188 µL, 0.30 mmol) was added dropwise. Then the boronate (34.6 mg, 0.10 mmol) in THF (240 µL) was added dropwise to the solution and stirred at 60 °C. After 7 h, (Boc)<sub>2</sub>O was added to the mixture and stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The mixture was then quenched by addition of H<sub>2</sub>O and extracted three times with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The combined organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> followed by filtration. The crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/hexane, 0:100–10:90) to give the corresponding 7 (20.9 mg, 0.060 mmol, 62%) as colorless oil with 97.5:2.5 e.r. The stereoselectivity of 7 was determined by GC analysis (*Z:E* = >98:2). ±H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra contain conformational isomers, which is caused by the restricted C–N bond rotation around the carbamate group.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.91 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.29–1.41 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.45–1.52 (m, 2H), 1.71–1.83 (m, 1H), 1.86–1.97 (m, 1H), 2.15 (dt, J = 7.3, 12.5 Hz, 2H), 2.63 (ddd, J = 2.8, 6.7, 9.5 Hz, 2H), 4.36–4.61 (m, 3H), 7.13–7.19 (m, 3H), 7.23–7.28 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  13.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 21.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 28.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 28.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 29.7 (C), 31.5 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, CH), 31.7 (d, J = 26.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 37.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 46.3 (CH), 83.7 (C), 106.2 (CH), 125.8 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 141.7 (C), 155.1 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –104.2 (s, 1F). HRMS-ESI (*m*/*z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>30</sub>NFO<sub>2</sub>Na, 358.2153; found, 358.2153. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>18.1</sup> +0.14 (*c* 1.58, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis of the corresponding alcohol after oxidation of the boryl group. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IC-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 4/96, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 24.21 min [major enantiomer], 13.81 min [minor enantiomer].

#### 6. Allylation of Aldehyde with γ-Monofluoroallylboronates

Experimental procedures of allylation reaction between (S,Z)-20 and aldehyde.<sup>11</sup>



In an oven-dried reaction vial, a solution of  $\gamma$ -monofluoroallylboronate (*S*,*Z*)-**20** (31.8 mg, 0.10 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) was treated with *n*-BuLi in hexane (1.6 M, 70.6 µL, 0.113 mmol) at -78 °C and the solution was allowed to stir for 15 min. Trifluoroacetic anhydride (17 µL, 0.12 mmol) was added dropwise to the mixture and the reaction was allowed to stir for another 30 min at -78 °C. Aldehyde (0.15 mmol) was then added at -78 °C and the mixture was allowed to stir for 2 h at -78 °C, then allowed to slowly warm up to room temperature. After 2 h, the reaction was quenched by addition of 0.5 M aqueous NaOH solution and extracted three times with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The combined organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> followed by filtration. The crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (Et<sub>2</sub>O/hexane, 0:100-5:95) or pentane wash of the crude solid material to give the corresponding monofluoro compounds. The products were unstable in CHCl<sub>3</sub>.

(1*S*,2*R*,*E*)-2-Fluoro-1,2-diphenyloct-3-en-1-ol (8a).



The product **8a** was obtained by pentane wash in 54% yield (16.2 mg) with 99:1 e.r. The stereoselectivity of **8a** was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis (E/Z = >98:2, d.r. = >98:2).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  0.87 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.17–1.39 (m, 4H), 1.98–2.12 (m, 2H), 4.72 (dd, J = 2.2, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (dd, J = 5.0, 14.5 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (dt, J = 7.4, 15.0 Hz, 1H), 6.12–6.21 (m, 1H), 7.12–7.43 (m, 10H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  14.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 79.5 (d, J = 27.8 Hz, CH), 99.2 (d, J = 183.0 Hz, C), 127.1 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, CH), 127.9 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 129.3 (CH), 129.5 (d, J = 19.1 Hz, CH), 133.1 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, CH), 141.2 (C), 142.6 (d, J = 22.0 Hz, C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  –160.1 (s, 1F). HRMS–ESI (*m*/*z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>OFNa, 321.1625; found, 321.1627. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.9</sup> –0.17 (*c* 1.47, THF). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IF-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 1/99, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 44.26 min [major enantiomer], 39.73 min [minor enantiomer].

### (1S,2R,E)-2-Fluoro-2-phenyl-1-(o-tolyl)oct-3-en-1-ol (8b).



The product **8b** was obtained by flash column chromatography in 40% yield (12.4 mg) with 96.5:3.5 e.r. The stereoselectivity of **8b** was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis (E:Z = >98:2, d.r. = >98:2).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  0.89 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.20–1.38 (m, 4H), 2.05–2.12 (m, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 4.57 (dd, J = 0.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (dd, J = 5.2, 1 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.61 (dt, J = 3.2, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (ddt, J = 1.5, 15.6, 21.1 Hz, 1H), 6.99–7.05 (m, 1H), 7.08–7.1 (m, 2H), 7.24–7.34 (m, 3H), 7.42–7.46 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  14.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.0 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 22.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 74.9 (d, J = 29.2 Hz, CH), 99.6 (d, J = 178.2 Hz, C), 125.6 (CH), 127.1 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, CH), 128.0 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 129.0 (d, J = 22.7 Hz, CH), 129.8 (CH), 130.2 (CH), 132.7 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, CH), 137.1 (C), 139.6 (C), 143.3 (d, J = 22.0 Hz, C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  –159.9 (s, 1F). HRMS–ESI (m/z): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>25</sub>OFNa, 335.1782; found, 335.1791. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.4</sup> +2.1

(*c* 1.24, THF). The ee value was determined by HPLC analysis. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IF-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 1/99, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 28.38 min [major enantiomer], 33.68 min [minor enantiomer].

(1S,2R,E)-1-(2-Bromophenyl)-2-fluoro-2-phenyloct-3-en-1-ol (8c).



The product **8c** was obtained by flash column chromatography in 58% yield (21.7 mg) with 97.5:2.5 e.r. The stereoselectivity of **8c** was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis (E:Z = >98:2, d.r. = >98:2).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (399 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  0.89 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.24–1.42 (m, 4H), 2.09–2.17 (m, 2H), 5.01 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (dd, J = 5.2, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 5.59 (dt, J = 7.0, 15.7 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (ddt, J = 1.5, 15.7, 20.9 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (td, J = 1.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.25–7.37 (m, 4H), 7.46–7.59 (m, 4H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  14.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 23.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 77.3 (d, J = 28.8 Hz, CH), 99.1 (d, J = 183.0 Hz, C), 125.1 (C), 127.2 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, CH), 127.5 (CH), 128.3 (d, J = 18.2 Hz, CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 130.1 (CH), 131.9 (CH), 132.8 (CH), 133.2 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, CH), 140.7 (C), 143.31 (d, J = 23.0 Hz, C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  –158.9 (s, 1F). HRMS–ESI (*m/z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>22</sub>OBrFNa, 399.0730; found, 399.0734. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.8</sup> +3.2 (c 1.58, THF). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IF-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 1/99, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 26.81 min [major enantiomer], 31.59 min [minor enantiomer].

(1S,2R,E)-2-Fluoro-1-(furan-2-yl)-2-phenyloct-3-en-1-ol (8d).



The product **8d** was obtained by flash column chromatography in 60% yield (17.4 mg) with 97.5:2.5 e.r. The stereoselectivity of **8d** was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis (E:Z = >98:2, d.r. = >98:2).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  0.88 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.24–1.41 (m, 4H), 2.08–2.15 (m, 2H), 4.80 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (dd, *J* = 6.3, 15.4 Hz, 1H), 5.71 (dtd, *J* = 1.6, 6.9, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.13–6.22 (m, 2H), 6.29 (dd, *J* = 1.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.36–7.43 (m, 2H), 6.13–6.22 (m, 2H), 6.29 (dd, *J* = 1.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.36–7.43 (m, 2H), 6.13–6.22 (m, 2H), 6.29 (dd, *J* = 1.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.36–7.43 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.
3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  14.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 73.9 (d, *J* = 28.7 Hz, CH), 98.9 (d, *J* = 182.0 Hz, C), 108.9 (CH), 110.9 (CH), 126.7 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 129.7 (d, *J* = 18.2 Hz, CH), 133.5 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, CH), 142.1 (d, *J* = 23.0 Hz, C), 142.3 (CH), 154.8 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  –160.0 (s, 1F). HRMS–ESI (*m/z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O<sub>2</sub>FNa, 311.1418; found, 311.1421. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.8</sup> +1.3 (*c* 1.76, THF). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IF-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 2/98, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 44.69 min [major enantiomer], 38.80 min [minor enantiomer].

## (1S,2R,E)-2-Fluoro-2-phenyl-1-(pyridin-3-yl)oct-3-en-1-ol (8e).



The product **8e** was obtained by flash column chromatography in 56% yield (16.6 mg) with 97:3 e.r. The stereoselectivity of **8e** was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis (E:Z = >98:2, d.r. = 93:7).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (401 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  0.87 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.20–1.43 (m, 4H), 2.07–2.13 (m, 2H), 4.96–5.07 (m, 1H), 5.08–5.14 (m, 1H), 5.64 (dt, J = 7.4, 15.1 Hz, 1H), 6.14–6.26 (m, 1H), 7.18–7.24 (m, 1H), 7.25–7.36 (m, 3H), 7.37–7.42 (m, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.37–8.42 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  14.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 77.4 (d, J = 27.8 Hz, CH), 99.1 (d, J = 183.0 Hz, C), 123.2 (CH), 126.9 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.7 (CH), 129.0 (CH), 133.7 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, CH), 136.4 (CH), 136.6 (C), 142.3 (d, J = 22.1 Hz, C), 149.4 (CH), 150.5 (CH). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  – 161.3 (s, 1F). HRMS–EI (m/z): [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>23</sub>ONF, 300.1758; found, 300.1767. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.3</sup> +0.14 (*c* 1.66, THF). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IF-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 1/99, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 43.49 min [major enantiomer], 36.49 min [minor enantiomer].

## (1E,3S,4R,5E)-4-Fluoro-1,4-diphenyldeca-1,5-dien-3-ol (8f).



The product **8f** was obtained by pentane wash in 33% yield (10.7 mg) with >99:1 e.r. The stereoselectivity of **8f** was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis (E:Z = >98:2, d.r. = >98:2).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO): δ 0. 86 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.21–1.40 (m, 4H), 2.06–2.16 (m, 2H), 4.50–4.49 (m, 1H), 4.61 (dt, J = 6.3, 13.0 Hz, 1H), 5.79 (dt, J = 7.4, 15.0 Hz, 1H), 6.13–6.22 (m, 1H), 6.28 (dd, J = 6.0, 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20–7.38 (m, 8H), 7.48–7.50 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO): δ 14.2 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 22.9 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 32.9 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 78.3 (d, J = 28.8 Hz, *C*H), 99.3 (d, J = 180.1 Hz, *C*), 126.9 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, CH), 127.3 (*C*H), 128.3 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, CH), 128.4 (*C*H), 128.7 (*C*H), 128.9 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, CH), 129.5 (*C*H), 129.9 (d, J = 18.2 Hz, CH), 132.7 (*C*H), 133.5 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, CH), 138.1 (*C*), 142.4 (d, J = 22.0 Hz, *C*). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO): δ –158.8 (s, 1F). HRMS–EI (*m/z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>25</sub>OFNa, 347.1782; found, 347.1787. [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>20.8</sup> –11.2 (*c* 1.0, THF). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IF-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 2/98, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 35.08 min [major enantiomer], 45.09 min [minor enantiomer].

Allylation reaction between (S,Z)-2i and benzaldehyde followed by H<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation with Pd/C.



The reaction was conducted with 37.2 mg (0.10 mmol) of (*S*,*Z*)-2i. The title compound was submitted to the subsequent hydrogenation without further purification. In a reaction vial, 10% Pd/C (30 mg) was dissolved in MeOH (1.0 mL). The crude material of the allylation reaction in MeOH (0.5 mL) was then added to this solution. After stirred for 1 h at room temperature under H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere (H<sub>2</sub> balloon), the mixture was filtered through a Celite pad and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (Et<sub>2</sub>O/hexane, 0:100–6:94). The product **8g** was obtained in 53% yield (18.9 mg) with 97:3 e.r. The stereoselectivity of **8g** was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis (d.r. = 92:8).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (392 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.02–1.88 (m, 17H), 2.02 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.60 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 4.93 (dd, *J* = 4.3, 13.3 Hz, 1H), 7.14–7.41 (m, 10H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (99 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  22.9 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.5 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 27.4 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 42.1 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.3 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 32.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 43.1 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 33.1 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>

= 21.3 Hz, CH), 100.6 (d, J = 175.5 Hz, C), 125.6 (CH), 127.4 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, CH), 127.7 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 140.4 (C), 142.5 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –164.5 (d, J = 33.9 Hz, 1F). HRMS–ESI (m/z): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>31</sub>OFNa, 377.2251; found, 377.2255. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>19.7</sup> +1.64 (*c* 1.55, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IBN-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 1.5/98.5, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 46.95 min [*syn*-8g major enantiomer], 29.58 min [*anti*-8g major enantiomer], and 27.17 min [*anti*-8g minor enantiomer].

#### 7. Allylation of Aldimine with γ-Monofluoroallylboronates

Experimental procedures of allylation reaction between (S,Z)-20 and aldimine.<sup>10</sup>



In an oven-dried reaction vial, a solution of  $\gamma$ -monofluoroallylboronate (*S*,*Z*)-**20** (31.8 mg, 0.10 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) was treated with *n*-BuLi in hexane (1.6 M, 70.6 µL, 0.113 mmol) at -78 °C and the solution was allowed to stir for 15 min. Trifluoroacetic anhydride (16.9 µL, 0.12 mmol) was added dropwise to the mixture and the reaction was allowed to stir for a further 30 min at -78 °C. *N*-Trimethylsilyl benzaldimine (18.4 µL, 0.15 mmol) and MeOH (30 µL, 0.74 mmol) was then added at -78 °C and the mixture was allowed to stir for 1 h at -78 °C, then allowed to slowly warm up to room temperature. After 3 h, Ac<sub>2</sub>O (34 µL, 0.33 mmol) was added to the mixture and stirred at room temperature. After 16 h, the reaction was quenched by addition of 0.5 M aqueous NaOH solution and extracted three times with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The combined organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> followed by filtration. The solid crude material was purified by hexane wash. The product **10** was obtained in 59% yield (20.0 mg) with 98:2 e.r. The stereoselectivity of **10** was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis (*E*:*Z* = >98:2, d.r. = >98:2).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (396 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  0.89 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.25–1.43 (m, 4H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 2.07–2.13 (m, 2H), 5.53 (dd, J = 9.5, 30.1 Hz, 1H), 5.77–5.84 (m, 1H), 5.95–6.03 (m, 1H), 7.06–7.24 (m, 10H), 7.83–7.94 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  14.2 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 22.8 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 22.9 (*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 32.1 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 32.7 (*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 60.2 (d, J = 20.2 Hz, *C*H), 100.8 (d, J = 185.9 Hz, C), 125.8 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, CH), 127.8 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.7 (CH), 129.9 (CH), 131.1 (d, J = 19.1 Hz, CH), 132.3 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, CH), 139.1 (C), 142.1 (d, J = 22.0 Hz, C), 169.3 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (373 MHz, (CD<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO):  $\delta$  –169.6 (t, J = 22.8 Hz, 1F). HRMS–EI (*m*/*z*): [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>26</sub>ONFNa, 362.1891; found, 362.1900. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21.0</sup> +0.12 (*c* 1.68, THF). Enantiomeric purity was determined by HPLC analysis. Daicel CHIRALPAK® IF-3, 2-PrOH/Hexane = 15/85, 0.5 mL/min, 40°C, retention time: 13.15 min [major enantiomer], 16.64 min [minor enantiomer].

## 8. Single Crystal X-ray Structural Analysis

The absolute configuration of the products were determined based on X-ray crystallographic

analysis of the products **2h**, **2o**, **8a** and **8g**. The absolute configurations of other products were deduced by these products. The details were summarized in Figure S1–S4 and Table S1–S4.



Figure S1. Molecular structure of (*S*,*Z*)-2h. Thermal ellipsoids set at 50% probability.



Figure S2. Molecular structure of (*S*,*Z*)-20. Thermal ellipsoids set at 50% probability.



Figure S3. Molecular structure of (1*S*,2*R*,*E*)-8a.



Figure S4. Molecular structure of (1*S*,2*R*)-8g.

**Table S1.** Summary of X-ray crystallographic data for (*S*,*Z*)-2h.

CCDC	1905700
Empirical formula	$C_{23}H_{34}BFO_2$
Formula weight	372.31
Temperature/K	243
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	<i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub>
<i>a</i> / Å	6.51580(10)
b / Å	20.1138(3)
<i>c</i> / Å	8.74810(10)
$\alpha^{\prime \circ}$	90
$\beta^{\prime \circ}$	99.239(2)
$\gamma^{\prime \circ}$	90
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	1131.63(3)
Ζ	2
$ ho_{ m calc}{ m g/cm^3}$	1.093
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	0.572
F(000)	404.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.38×0.26×0.21
Radiation	$CuK\alpha$ ( $\lambda = 1.54184$ )
$2\theta$ range for data collection/°	8.792 to 147.57
Index ranges	$-7 \le h \le 7, -24 \le k \le 24, -10 \le l \le 10$
Reflections collected	11342
Independent reflections	4405 [ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0233, R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0251$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	4405/1/248
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.072
Final <i>R</i> indexes [I>= $2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0581, wR_2 = 0.1715$
Final <i>R</i> indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0611, wR_2 = 0.1735$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å $^{-3}$	0.33/0.18
Flack parameter	0.06(8)

**Table S2.** Summary of X-ray crystallographic data for (S,Z)-20.

CCDC	1905696
Empirical formula	$C_{19}H_{28}BFO_2$
Formula weight	318.22
Temperature/K	123
Crystal system	orthorhombic
Space group	<i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub>
<i>a</i> / Å	9.29320(10)
b / Å	11.89520(10)
<i>c</i> / Å	16.6460(10)
$\alpha^{\prime \circ}$	90
$\beta^{\prime \circ}$	90
$\gamma^{\prime \circ}$	90
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	1840.12(3)
Ζ	4
$ ho_{ m calc} m g/cm^3$	1.149
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	0.625
F(000)	688.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.274×0.147×0.1
Radiation	$CuK\alpha$ ( $\lambda = 1.54184$ )
$2\theta$ range for data collection/°	9.138 to 148.066
Index ranges	$-11 \le h \le 11, -14 \le k \le 14, -20 \le l \le 20$
Reflections collected	53118
Independent reflections	3701 [ $R_{int} = 0.1171, R_{sigma} = 0.0316$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	3701/0/213
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.099
Final <i>R</i> indexes [I>= $2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0460, wR_2 = 0.1165$
Final <i>R</i> indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0486, wR_2 = 0.1200$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å $^{-3}$	0.14/0.28
Flack parameter	-0.05(7)

Table S3. Summary of X-ray crystallographic data for 8a.

CCDC	1905693
Empirical formula	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>23</sub> FO
Formula weight	298.38
Temperature/K	123
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	<i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub>
<i>a</i> / Å	16.0231(2)
b / Å	5.46870(10)
<i>c</i> / Å	18.5413(3)
$\alpha$ /°	90
$\beta^{\prime \circ}$	92.4760(10)
$\gamma^{\prime \circ}$	90
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	1623.17(4)
Ζ	4
$ ho_{ m calc}{ m g/cm^3}$	1.221
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	0.644
F(000)	640.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.342×0.04×0.04
Radiation	$CuK\alpha$ ( $\lambda = 1.54184$ )
$2\theta$ range for data collection/°	4.77 to 140.628
Index ranges	$-17 \le h \le 19, -5 \le k \le 6, -22 \le l \le 22$
Reflections collected	55714
Independent reflections	5650 [ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.01826, R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0531$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	5650/1/353
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.036
Final <i>R</i> indexes [I>= $2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0598, wR_2 = 0.1584$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0627, wR_2 = 0.1619$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å $^{-3}$	0.50/0.41
Flack parameter	0.03(15)

Table S4. Summary of X-ray crystallographic data for 8g

CCDC	1905684
Empirical formula	$C_{24}H_{31}FO$
Formula weight	354.49
Temperature/K	123
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	<i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub>
<i>a</i> / Å	12.0730(10)
b / Å	5.54330(10)
<i>c</i> / Å	14.6277(2)
$\alpha$ /°	90
$\beta^{\prime \circ}$	96.7300(10)
$\gamma^{\prime \circ}$	90
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	972.26(2)
Ζ	2
$ ho_{ m calc}{ m g/cm^3}$	1.211
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	0.613
F(000)	384.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.295×0.11×0.06
Radiation	$CuK\alpha$ ( $\lambda = 1.54184$ )
$2\theta$ range for data collection/°	6.084 to 148.214
Index ranges	$-14 \le h \le 15, -6 \le k \le 6, -18 \le l \le 18$
Reflections collected	37395
Independent reflections	3847 [ $R_{int} = 0.1160, R_{sigma} = 0.0378$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	3847/1/236
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.065
Final <i>R</i> indexes [I>= $2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0473, wR_2 = 0.1284$
Final <i>R</i> indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0501, wR_2 = 0.1312$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å $^{-3}$	0.23/0.22
Flack parameter	0.03(11)

## 9. Stereoproof of the borylation products form (E)-4.

As the stereochemistry was proven for Cu–B(pin) addition, fluoride elimination of *Z-gem*-difluoro substituted olefins, comparison of stereochemical outcome of a *Z*-substrate and its *E*- counterpart with (R,R)-quinoxP\* and (R,R)-phenyl-bpe reveals, *Z*- and *E*- olefins lead to opposing stereochemical outcomes with the same ligand enantiomer, further (R,R)-phenyl-bpe forms the *R*-enantiomer of the product from *Z*-substrates and the *S*-enantiomer from *E*-substrates.





#### (S)-(Z)-2-(3-Fluoro-1-phenylnon-3-en-5-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane (S1).

Prepared according to conditions B with (R,R)-phenyl-bpe and isolated as colorless oil in 59% yield (59:41 Z/E).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 600 MHz): δ 0.87 (3H, t, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.23 (16H, s), 1.48 (1H, ddd, J = 12.9, 6.5, 3.5 Hz), 2.08 (1H, td, J = 9.0, 6.7 Hz), 2.56–2.37 (2H, m), 2.80 (2H, t, J = 7.7 Hz), 4.45 (1H, dd, J = 38.4, 9.7 Hz), 7.19 (3H, m, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.30–7.24 (2H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 150 MHz): δ 14.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.78 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.80 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.82 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.0 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.4 (CH), 33.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 34.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 34.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 83.2 (C), 106.9 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, CH), 126.1 (C), 128.4 (C), 128.6 (C), 141.2 (C), 158.1 (d, J = 251.7 Hz, CF). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz): δ –110.18 (dt, J = 37.4, 17.8 Hz). HRMS (DART-TOF) m/z: [M]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>33</sub>BF<sub>1</sub>O<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> = 347.2552, Found 347.2569. Specific rotation: [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> = +5.5 (*c* 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Enantiomeric purity of **S1** was determined by HPLC analysis after oxidation of **S1** to the corresponding allylic alcohol in comparison with authentic racemic material (ADH column, 99:1 hexanes:*i*PrOH, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm). (*S*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 48.7 min, (*R*)-enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 58.5 min.



Peak #	Ret. Time	Area	Area %	Peak #	Ret. Time	Area	Area %
1	50.484 min	3106074	49.582	1	48.676 min	7350040	84.853
2	59.742 min	3158466	50.418	2	58.496 min	1312037	15.147

#### (E)-(3,3-Difluoronon-4-en-1-yl)benzene (S2).

Prepared through olefin metathesis from (3,3-Difluoropent-4-en-1-yl)benzene (1.0 equiv.) and *cis*-5-decene (2.0 equiv.), isolated as colorless oil in 79% yield.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 0.92 ppm (3H, *t*, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 1.37 (2H, dtdd, *J* = 11.5, 8.0, 4.7, 2.0 Hz), 2.36–2.11 (2H, m), 2.88–2.73 (1H, m), 5.56–5.44 (1H, m), 5.75 (1H, dtt, *J* = 11.4,

7.7, 1.8 Hz), 7.24–7.17 (2H, m), 7.34–7.27 (1H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  14.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 28.2 (t, *J* = 1.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 28.8 (t, *J* = 4.4 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 31.7 (t, *J* = 1.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 40.6 (t, *J* = 27.0 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 122.0 (C), 125.1–123.8 (m, CH), 126.3 (C), 128.4 (C), 128.7 (C), 138.6 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, CH), 140.8 (C). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –88.88 to –93.35 (m). HRMS (DART) Calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>2</sub> [M]<sup>+</sup>: 238.1528; Found 238.1518.

### (3,3-Difluoropent-4-en-1-yl)benzene (S3).

A 20 mL vial equipped with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with 5-phenylpent-1-en-3-one (1.02 g, 6.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), then DAST (3.08 g, 19.1 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) was added dropwise. Ethanol (40  $\mu$ L) was carefully added, the vial tightly capped and allowed to stir for 12 h at 65 °C. The mixture was then diluted in dichloromethane (20 mL) and slowly introduced to a sat. aq. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution. The organic layer was separated, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The oily reddish residue is subjected to silica gel chromatography affording the product as colorless liquid in 35% yield (405 mg, 2.2 mmol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  2.36–2.06 (2H, m), 2.90–2.67 (2H, m), 5.45 (1H, dq, J = 11.0, 0.7 Hz), 5.66 (1H, dtd, J = 17.4, 2.6, 0.8 Hz), 5.95 (1H, dtd, J = 17.3, 11.1, 10.6 Hz), 7.24–7.17 (3H, m), 7.30 (2H, ddt, J = 8.0, 6.6, 0.9 Hz). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  28.7 (t, J = 4.6 Hz), 39.1 (t, J = 26.5 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 119.5 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 121.0 (t, J = 238.8 Hz, CF<sub>2</sub>), 126.4 (C), 128.4 (C), 128.7 (C), 133.1 (C), 140.7 (C), (t, J = 27.4 Hz, CH). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –98.48 to –98.70 (m).

## 10. Optimization Conditions for the borylation products

<i>п-</i> Е	su F F	$(f_2^{\text{Ph}} \rightarrow 0)$ + $f_0^{\text{B-}}$	$B'_{O} \leftarrow \frac{Cut}{Liga}$	Cl (5 mol%) and (5 mol%) se (1.5 equiv)	<i>n</i> -Bu	F B(pin)	'n
	(Z)- <b>1</b>	<b>a</b> (1.5 eq	luiv) I 🗆	-, 30 C, 2 II		(S,Z)- <b>2a</b>	
	Entry	Ligand	Base	Conv. (%) <sup>b</sup>	Z:E <sup>b</sup>	e.r.c	
	1 <sup><i>d</i></sup>	(R,R)-BenzP*	NaOMe	99 (93)	95:5	97:3	
	2	(R,R)-QuinoxP*	NaOMe	93	95:5	96:4	
	3	(R,S)-Josiphos	NaOMe	66	93:8	83.5:6.5	
	4	(R)-BINAP	NaOMe	trace	_	-	
	5	(R)-Segphos	NaOMe	36	91:9	50:50	
	6	(R,R)-BenzP*	KOMe	85	96:4	95:5	
	7	(R,R)-BenzP*	LiOMe	trace	_	_	
	8	(R,R)-BenzP*	Na(O-t-Bu)	16	_	_	
	9 <sup>e</sup>	(R,R)-BenzP*	NaOMe	97	97:3	96.5:3.5	
	10 <sup>f</sup>	(R,R)-BenzP*	NaOMe	70	94:6	96:4	

Table S5. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions for the synthesis of (S,Z)-2a<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Conditions: **1a** (0.20 mmol), CuCl (0.0100 mmol), ligand (0.0100 mmol), base (0.350 mmol), diboron (0.350 mmol) in THF (400 µL). <sup>b</sup>Determined by <sup>19</sup>F NMR analysis of crude mixture with an internal standard.<sup>c</sup>The e.r. values of the products were determined by HPLC analysis of the saturated alcohols derived from the corresponding boronates. <sup>d</sup>0.50 mmol scale, Isolated yield. <sup>e</sup>The reaction was conducted at 0°C. <sup>f</sup>Toluene was used as solvent.

Table S6. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions for the synthesis of (R,Z)-2b<sup>a</sup>

HO	(E)-4a	CuCl (5.0 Ligand (6 $B_2(pin)_2$ Base (1.3 solvent, 2	0 mol%) 5.0 mol%) (1.1 equiv) 5 equiv) 22 °C, 14 h	→ но、	F ( <i>R</i> , <i>Z</i> )-:	B(pin) <i>n</i> -Oct <b>2b</b>
Entry	Ligand	Base	Solvent	Conv. (%) <sup>b</sup>	Z:E <sup>b</sup>	e.r. <sup>c</sup>
1	(S,S)-Ph-BPE	LiO <i>t</i> -Bu	toluene	98	>98:2	95:5
2	(S,S)-Ph-BPE	NaOMe	THF	30	98:2	90:10
3	(R,R)-QuinoxP*	NaOMe	THF	45	98:2	93:7

<sup>a</sup>Conditions: **4a** (0.10 mmol), CuCl (0.005 mmol), ligand (0.006 mmol), base (0.11 mmol), diboron (0.15 mmol) in solvent (1 mL). <sup>b</sup>Determined by <sup>19</sup>F NMR analysis of crude mixture with an internal standard.<sup>c</sup>The e.r. values of the products were determined by HPLC analysis of the saturated alcohols derived from the corresponding boronates.

Table S7. Comparison Data of the Reaction Conditions for the synthesis of (S,Z)-2b<sup>a</sup>

<i>n</i> -B	F F () <sup>Ph</sup> u (Z)-1a	CuCl (5.0 mol <sup>6</sup> (S,S)-PhBPE ( $B_2(pin)_2$ (1.1 e Base (1.5 equi Solvent, 22 °C	%) (6.0 mol%) quiv) iv) ➤ , 14 h	n-Bu (S,Z	B(pin) H H 2 <sup>Ph</sup> - <b>2a</b>
Entry	Base	Solvent	Conv. (%) <sup>b</sup>	Z:E <sup>b</sup>	e.r. <sup>c</sup>
1 <sup><i>d</i></sup>	NaOMe	THF	80	96:4	92.5:7.5
2	LiO <i>t</i> -Bu	THF	52	89:11	97.5:2.5
3	NaOMe	toluene	92	93:7	99:1
4	LiO <i>t</i> -Bu	toluene	35	90:10	97.5:2.5

<sup>a</sup>Conditions: **1a** (0.10 mmol), CuCl (0.005 mmol), ligand (0.006 mmol), base (0.11 mmol), diboron (0.15 mmol) in solvent (1 mL). <sup>b</sup>Determined by <sup>19</sup>F NMR analysis of crude mixture with an internal standard.<sup>c</sup>The e.r. values of the products were determined by HPLC analysis of the saturated alcohols derived from the corresponding boronates.<sup>d</sup>0.2 mmol scale. The reaction time was 16 h.



### 11. Density Functional Theory (DFT) Calculations

DFT computations<sup>12</sup> were performed with the Gaussian 09/Gaussian 16 suite of programs.<sup>13</sup> Geometries were optimized with the M06-L<sup>14</sup> functional and the Def2SVP basis set<sup>15</sup> in conjunction with the corresponding Coulomb fitting basis set to speed up calculations.<sup>16</sup> The effect of a polar reaction medium (tetraydrofuran, THF) was approximated by means of the SMD solvation model.<sup>17</sup> Stationary points were probed through vibrational analysis and Gibbs free energy corrections were performed under standard conditions (298.15 K, 1.0 atm). Transition states have been verified through Intrinsic Reaction Coordiante calculations (IRC) employing the L(ocal) Q(uadratic) A(approximation) method,<sup>18</sup> followed by subsequent optimization of the end points with the above mentioned optimization method. We furthermore probed the performance of various density functionals through single point energy calculations at the geometries optimized with the level described above by means of the SMD solvation model with THF as solvent and the larger def2-TZVPP<sup>14</sup> basis set. The M06L/DF-Def2SVP<sub>THF(SMD)</sub> results with and M06L/Def2TZVPP<sub>THF(SMD)</sub>//M06L/DF-Def2SVP<sub>THF(SMD)</sub> energies are reported(Table. S6-S11). A file for convenient viewing of computed geometries with the program Mercury 3.3 is appended as separate "coordinates.xyz" file in Section 2.19

#### 11.1 Energies of transition states in Fig. 2

For the stereochemistry determining Cu–B addition step, the methyl group attached to the fluorine containing carbon can adopt various different conformations, which are analyzed and the lowest energy transition state are selected. The driving force for the high enantioselectivity is the steric interaction between the olefin substituent and tBu group of the ligand in the minor transition states.

Scheme S1. 3D models for the transition states.



 Table S8. BenzP-Cu promoted reaction transition state energies and Gibbs free energies calculated

 with M06-L/Def2SVP, calculations were carried out in thf with the SMD solvation model.

Transition	Ε	ΔΕ	G	ΔG	$\Delta G_{corr}$	Freq
State	[Hartree]	[kcal/mol]	[Hartree]	[kcal/mol]	[kcal/mol]	[cm <sup>-1</sup> ]
benzP_major	-3754.449082	0.0	-3753.815863	0.0	0.0	-111.0521
benzP_minor	-3754.444127	3.1	-3753.811742	2.6	-0.5	-118.70

 Table S9.
 BenzP-Cu promoted reaction transition state single point energies calculated with

 M06-L /Def2TZVPP, calculations were carried out in thf with the SMD solvation model.

Transition	Ε	ΔE	ΔG
State	[Hartree]	[kcal/mol]	[kcal/mol]
benzP_major	-3756.491896	0.0	0.0
benzP_minor	-3756.487545	2.7	2.2

**Table S10.** Phenyl-bpe-Cu promoted E olefin reaction transition state energies and Gibbs free energies calculated with M06-L/Def2SVP, calculations were carried out in thf with the SMD solvation model.

Transition	Ε	ΔE	G	ΔG	$\Delta G_{corr}$	Freq
State	[Hartree]	[kcal/mol]	[Hartree]	[kcal/mol]	[kcal/mol]	[cm <sup>-1</sup> ]
Phbpe_ <i>E</i> _major	-4444.648098	0.0	-4443.822364	0.0	0.0	-44.73
Phbpe_ <i>E</i> _minor	-4444.647524	0.4	-4443.817626	3.0	2.6	-140.55

**Table S11.** Phenyl-bpe–Cu promoted E olefin reaction transition state single point energies calculated with M06-L /Def2TZVPP, calculations were carried out in thf with the SMD solvation model.

Transition	Ε	ΔE	ΔG
State	[Hartree]	[kcal/mol]	[kcal/mol]
Phbpe_ <i>E</i> _major	-4447.395047	0.0	0.0
Phbpe_ <i>E</i> _minor	-4447.398245	-2.0	0.6

## 11.2. Energies of transition states of the reaction with Z olefin promoted by phenyl-bpe

Phenyl-bpe–Cu is shown to be suitable catalyst for the reaction with Z olefin. DFT studies are carried out to investigate the origin of enantioselectivity. Similar to the reactions with E olefins, there is significant steric repulsion between the phenyl ring in the ligand and the CF<sub>2</sub>Me substituent of the olefin in the minor transition state. A series of conformations are analyzed and the lowest energy conformation is selected.

Scheme S2. 3D models for the transition states involving Z olefin and phenyl-bpe–Cu complex.



**Table S12.** Phenyl-bpe-Cu promoted Z olefin reaction transition state energies and Gibbs free energies calculated with M06-L/Def2SVP, calculations were carried out in thf with the SMD solvation model.

Transition	E	ΔΕ	G	ΔG	$\Delta G_{corr}$	Freq
State	[Hartree]	[kcal/mol]	[Hartree]	[kcal/mol]	[kcal/mol]	[cm <sup>-1</sup> ]
Phbpe_Z_major	-4444.643311	2.2	-4443.815522	0.9	-1.4	-85.19
Phbpe_Z_minor	-4444.643477	2.1	-4443.813744	2.0	-0.2	-147.29

**Table S13**. Phenyl-bpe–Cu promoted Z olefin reaction transition state single point energies calculated with M06-L/Def2TZVPP, calculations were carried out in thf with the SMD solvation model.

Transition	Ε	ΔE	ΔG
State	[Hartree]	[kcal/mol]	[kcal/mol]
Phbpe_Z_major	-4447.393365	0.0	0.0
Phbpe_Z_minor	-4447.393022	0.2	1.4

# 11.3. Coordinates after optimization with M06L/DF-Def2SVP $_{\rm THF(SMD)}$

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benzP\_Major / electronic enery: -3754.449082 a.u. / lowest freq: -111.0521 cm<sup>-1</sup>

С	4.677919	-2.402873	0.282091
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С	3.858560	-0.674962	1.750311
С	2.670269	-0.571543	1.011147
с	2.521263	-1.358891	-0.155359
н	5.443054	-3.133492	0.008485
н	3.377949	-2.962235	-1.331507
н	5.781950	-1.625976	1.971341
н	4.002145	-0.058057	2.641091
Р	1.250870	0.455179	1.591764
Р	1.057286	-1.088712	-1.243241
С	0.550605	-0.586147	3.022707
Cu	-0.136755	0.603509	-0.266438
С	2.065504	1.850712	2.445220
с	0.373348	-2.774176	-1.408123
С	0.042768	-1.894688	2.426683
с	-0.626994	0.210565	3.582009
С	1.558043	-0.877343	4.125732
н	2.760391	1.547889	3.241022
н	1.300085	2.503262	2.885578
н	2.616640	2.450712	1.708698
н	-0.672220	-1.706015	1.609941
н	-0.477431	-2.487883	3.196700
н	0.862167	-2.517821	2.033044
н	2.397115	-1.497219	3.777292
н	1.066190	-1.438551	4.937372
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н	-1.387853	0.402936	2.811003
н	-0.314229	1.174146	4.013024
н	-1.114664	-0.359174	4.390095
с	1.733358	-0.712366	-2.976023

с	2.616825	0.523537	-2.855914
с	0.492083	-0.383739	-3.808196
с	2.502334	-1.843025	-3.646831
Н	-0.114386	0.407904	-3.342687
Н	-0.159540	-1.259642	-3.949889
Н	0.788930	-0.035077	-4.810202
Н	-0.063094	-3.079313	-0.447263
Н	1.129248	-3.519638	-1.695380
Н	-0.431034	-2.776438	-2.156197
Н	3.477238	-2.030253	-3.176868
н	2.710051	-1.571480	-4.695038
Н	1.940835	-2.788812	-3.671324
Н	2.081202	1.345749	-2.358663
Н	2.926066	0.874128	-3.853675
Н	3.533387	0.321872	-2.279378
В	-2.050511	-0.092286	-0.142459
0	-2.860261	-0.186405	0.974557
0	-2.579988	-0.834731	-1.193012
с	-4.095165	-0.846808	0.597823
с	-3.663259	-1.645201	-0.673656
С	-5.113993	0.237751	0.290179
с	-4.561633	-1.697202	1.758772
с	-4.733300	-1.770380	-1.736361
с	-3.097400	-3.015063	-0.335894
Н	-3.776072	-2.377469	2.112555
Н	-5.441051	-2.298051	1.483462
Н	-4.850311	-1.057747	2.604917
Н	-2.319631	-2.952097	0.439217
Н	-2.645410	-3.462774	-1.231561
Н	-3.878766	-3.701476	0.020400
Н	-5.059109	-0.792720	-2.112739
Н	-5.615209	-2.301611	-1.348646
Н	-4.352131	-2.344353	-2.592688
Н	-4.793388	0.868895	-0.551600
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н	-6.098264	-0.184695	0.042102

С	-1.614451	1.939518	-0.663327
с	-0.326092	2.413437	-1.197918
с	-2.269647	2.689206	0.477377
Н	-1.674789	2.658374	1.399120
H	-3.258167	2.281273	0.718648
Н	-2.395869	3.750732	0.212720
H	-2.332894	1.702707	-1.463297
с	0.331839	3.642325	-0.711402
с	1.708065	3.913029	-1.251694
F	0.400457	3.698744	0.674129
F	-0.445141	4.795133	-1.014920
Н	2.412445	3.143389	-0.911769
Н	2.059159	4.892213	-0.900525
н	1.699604	3.918480	-2.348843
н	-0.216380	2.333443	-2.286669

83

benzP\_Minor / electronic enery: -3754.444127 a.u. / lowest freq: -118.7019 cm<sup>-1</sup>

C	-4.868574	1.532579	-1.379345	
C	-3.736210	0.840454	-1.802571	
C	-4.891767	2.114220	-0.112779	
c	-3.764128	2.036375	0.700835	
C	-2.609863	1.357600	0.281925	
C	-2.610266	0.707328	-0.975683	
Н	-5.737026	1.609288	-2.038209	
Н	-3.737976	0.390117	-2.796902	
Н	-5.782183	2.642736	0.236489	
Н	-3.782542	2.522046	1.680036	
Р	-1.074668	1.355902	1.299611	
Р	-1.167301	-0.353003	-1.431906	
C	-0.423380	3.130415	1.127760	
Cu	0.118000	-0.456017	0.467484	
C	-1.710269	1.293815	3.012357	
C	-0.474266	0.515819	-2.885433	
C	0.107984	3.266492	-0.294609	
C	0.727496	3.252540	2.125728	
c	-1.463058	4.208909	1.398021	

н	-2.323786	2.159639	3.302141
н	-0.865886	1.223196	3.712207
н	-2.312243	0.381876	3.132470
н	0.867011	2.497817	-0.507544
н	0.577947	4.253624	-0.436753
н	-0.695704	3.177943	-1.043754
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С	-0.591696	-2.864733	-2.234469
С	-2.409571	-1.861930	-3.589923
н	-0.134577	-2.968012	-1.241709
н	0.177475	-2.474335	-2.919685
н	-0.866676	-3.870584	-2.590484
н	0.032483	1.432700	-2.556212
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н	-3.777641	-1.950396	-1.185110
В	2.035325	-0.027165	-0.042400
0	2.759177	0.994997	0.553493
0	2.660290	-0.462727	-1.197116
С	4.043727	1.092517	-0.108632
С	3.743824	0.452511	-1.503231
С	5.029280	0.279736	0.714248
С	4.459626	2.546761	-0.150699
с	4.892453	-0.333127	-2.097484

С	3.216432	1.460622	-2.510737
н	3.682739	3.185768	-0.590615
н	5.384806	2.679051	-0.731051
н	4.653011	2.915137	0.866941
н	2.387315	2.051374	-2.094855
н	2.841389	0.934409	-3.399499
н	4.000077	2.157247	-2.841275
н	5.196826	-1.169196	-1.455281
н	5.768679	0.311744	-2.261095
н	4.603182	-0.751253	-3.071852
н	4.742328	-0.780927	0.756775
н	5.048345	0.660101	1.745249
н	6.051625	0.341254	0.314810
С	1.574816	-1.578260	1.351634
С	0.265275	-1.790308	1.998457
С	2.255569	-2.744981	0.668049
н	2.382186	-3.575543	1.379830
н	3.249095	-2.475434	0.286025
н	1.684655	-3.138671	-0.182155
н	2.276088	-1.030200	1.998690
С	-0.373167	-3.112599	2.127915
С	-1.732094	-3.111701	2.771174
F	0.425514	-4.005210	2.894122
F	-0.465109	-3.788097	0.915365
Н	-1.671628	-2.697690	3.785588
Н	-2.116808	-4.137699	2.836299
Н	-2.436298	-2.503157	2.190133
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109			
Phe	myl_bpe_E_!	Major / elect	ronic enery: -4444.648098 a.u. / lowest freq: -44.7263 cm <sup>-1</sup>
Р	-0.263335 -	-1.982130 -	0.107530
С	0.960702	-3.405460	-0.283944
С	0.281723	-4.367793	-1.266928
с	2.378926	-3.043604	-0.625075

- Н 0.967045 -3.904793 0.701155
- Н 0.370694 -3.976981 -2.295449

H	0.778664	-5.350647	-1.257457
С	-1.176176	-4.441915	-0.854242
с	-1.695318	-3.007773	-0.809595
н	-1.780685	-5.062592	-1.535050
н	-1.237626	-4.914473	0.140589
н	-1.784351	-2.645171	-1.843036
с	-2.996768	-2.743364	-0.108876
с	-0.586086	-2.054951	1.715868
с	-1.418706	-0.889009	2.229914
н	-1.057544	-3.019329	1.973052
н	0.407310	-2.067958	2.192275
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Р	-0.926355	0.726224	1.468467
с	-2.264393	1.888484	2.131458
с	0.361500	1.342213	2.710482
с	-0.458807	2.018200	3.802142
с	1.331004	0.270645	3.111901
H	0.904709	2.115070	2.143036
н	-0.940952	1.265764	4.449837
н	0.174958	2.636726	4.458623
с	-1.530308	2.828355	3.098341
с	-3.515809	-3.603156	0.870575
с	-3.713064	-1.567646	-0.397087
с	-4.901500	-1.268773	0.264831
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С	-5.401543	-2.130702	1.242922
н	-3.319390	-0.876569	-1.146564
н	-2.991649	-4.529416	1.119239
н	-5.083369	-3.987330	2.300618
н	-5.444646	-0.355151	0.009347
н	-6.334901	-1.897912	1.761931
С	3.431918	-3.777101	-0.056353
С	2.695766	-2.017414	-1.524972
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C	4.759533	-3.498010	-0.376240

С	5.060211	-2.469223	-1.270839
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н	3.200253	-4.576527	0.655460
н	5.563506	-4.080987	0.081090
н	4.242768	-0.911149	-2.529215
н	1.893700	-1.414506	-1.961809
u	-0.165559	0.325613	-0.731617
B	1.536822	1.472471	-0.713360
0	1.521452	2.686502	-0.047395
0	2.787393	1.212014	-1.225231
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н	-1.059134	3.649050	2.530491
С	2.341915	-0.123271	2.217112
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С	3.209102	-1.170338	2.517155
С	2.100528	-1.469833	4.632989
С	3.086836	-1.857680	3.726475
С	-3.036603	2.567810	1.038966
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С	-4.412808	2.359747	0.889257
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н	-2.579495	4.706680	-1.590309
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н	2.001081	-1.990572	5.589114
н	3.762596	-2.683269	3.964275
н	2.433844	0.383761	1.253394
н	3.981586	-1.451741	1.795689
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0.8 0.9	Me FF	Filename = AKY685-fnmr-2.jdf Author = element Experiment = single pulse.ex2 Sample Id = S#829270 Solvent = CHLOROFORM-D Actual Start Time = 10-OCT-2018 07:31:38 Revision_Time = 22-MAR-2019 10:54:29
0.6 0.7	Me Me $(z)-lc'$	Comment= single_pulseData_Format= 1D COMPLEXDim_Size= 13107X Domain= 19FDim_Title= 19FDim_Units= [ppm]Dimensions= XSite= ECX 400PSpectrometer= DELTA2_NMR
0.3 0.4 0.5		Field_Strength   = 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz])     X Acq_Duration   = 87.81824[ms]     X_Domain   = 19F     X_Freq   = 372.50336686[MHz]     X_Offset   = 0[ppm]     X_Points   = 16384     X_Prescans   = 1     X_Resolution   = 11.38715602[Hz]     X_Sweep   = 186.56716418[KHz]     Irr_Domain   = 19F     Irr_Freq   = 372.50336686[MHz]     Irr_Offset   = 5[ppm]     Tri_Offset   = 5[ppm]     Clipped   = FALSE     Scans   = 8     Total_Scans   = 8
ce 0.1 0.2		Relaxation_Delay = 5[s] Recvr Gain = 24 Temp_Get = 23.5[dC] X 90_Width = 13.9[us] X Acq Time = 87.81824[ms] X Angle = 45[deg] X Ann = 4[dB] X Pulse = 6.95[us] Trr Mode = Off Tri_Mode = Off Dante_Presat = FALSE Initial Wait = 1[s] Repetition_Time = 5.08781824[s]
abundan	-20.0 -30.0 -40.0 -50.0 -60.0 -70.0 -80.0 -90.0 -100.0 -110.0 -120.0 -130.0 -140.0 -150.0 -160.0 -170.0 -180.0	
	X : parts per Million : 19F	





3			He To	F X_M_Me.		JEOL Solutions for Innovation
0			ö (Z)-	1e		Filename   = AKX662-pure-fnmrag-13.jdf     Author   = element     Experiment   = single pulse.ex2     Sample Id   = S#705644     Solvent   = CHLOROFORM-D     Creation Time   = 12-SEP-2018 19:06:17     Revision Time   = 5-0CT-2018 13:26:14     Current_Time   = 5-0CT-2018 13:26:23
0.2						Comment= single pulseData Format= 1D COMPLEXDim_Size= 13107Dim_Title= 19FDim_Units= [ppm]Dimensions= XSite= ECX 400PSpectrometer= DELTA2_NMR
0,1						Field_Strength   9.2982153[T] (400[MHz])     X_Acq_Duration   = 87.81824[ms]     X_Domain   = 19F     X_Freq   = 372.50336686[MHz]     X_Offset   = 0[ppm]     X_Points   = 16384     X_Prescans   = 1     X_Resolution   = 11.38715602[Hz]     X_Sweep   = 186.56716418[kHz]     Irr_Domain   = 19F     Irr_Freq   = 372.50336686[MHz]     Irr_Offset   = 5[ppm]     Tri_Domain   = 19F     Tri_Treq   = 372.50336686[MHz]     Tri_Offset   = 5[ppm]     Clipped   = FALSE     Scans   = 8     Total Scans   = 8
0	the synthesis and a state and a state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the second	nongarmajo da Jano Jango ang pakalafanta padagina d	némálaszanyesettekéresitteségéségésetten nezésetetetetetetetetetetetetetetetetetetet	drestedenser and correct with succedent and and a second	าะจากระทั่งที่ได้ที่ได้ได้การการสารสารารการกับประกอบครายการไห้เป็นการการการการไห้เป็นการการการการไม่หนายการการ	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
abundance	-70.0 -8	0.0 -90.0	-100.0 -110.0	-120.0 -130.0	-140.0	
	X : parts per Million : 19F	-91.590	-113.600			







		JEOL
3.0		Filename = AKY626-gpc_Proton-1-4.jdf Author = element Experiment = proton.jxp Sample_Id = AKY626-gpc Solvent = CHLOROFORM-D Actual_Start_Time = 21-NOV-2018 09:55:46 Revision_Time = 29-MAR-2019 19:15:22
	F F	Comment= single pulseData Format= 1D_COMPLEXDim_Size= 26214X_Domain= ProtonDim_Title= ProtonDim_Units= [ppm]Dimensions= XSpectrometer= DELTA2_NMR
2:0	(z) - 18	Field Strength   = 9.4073814[T] (400[MHz])     X Acq Duration   = 2.18103808[s]     X Domain   = 1H     X Freq   = 400.53219825[MHz]     X Offset   = 5[ppm]     X Points   = 16384     X Prescans   = 1     Y Recolution   = 0.45840727[H=1]
		X_Mespiticition   = 0.35849727[fz]     X_Sweep   = 7.51201923[kHz]     X_Sweep_Clipped   = 6.00961538[kHz]     Irr_Domain   = Proton     Irr_Offset   = 5[ppm]     Tri_Offset   = Proton     Tri_Freq   = 400.53219825[MHz]     Irr_Offset   = 5[ppm]     Tri_Offset   = 5[ppm]     Clipped   = FALSE     Scans   = 8
1.0		Total_Scans = 8 Relaxation_Delay = 5[s] Recvr_Gain = 48 Temp Get = 19.4[dC] X_90_Width = 6.22[us] X_Acq_Time = 2.18103808[s] X_Angle = 45[deg] X_Atn = 0.8[dB] X_Pulse = 3.11[us] Irr_Mode = Off Tri_Mode = Off Dante Presat = FALSE Initial Wait = 1[e]
abundance 0		Repetition_Time = 7.18103808[s]
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	



· · · · · ·		
0.13		JEOL
0.12		Filename = AKY626-FNMRag-2.jdf
0.11		Author = element   Experiment = single pulse.ex2   Sample Id = \$\$#632685   Solvent = CHLOROFORM-D   Actual Start Time 8 -MAR-2019 02:05:08   Revision Time = 20-MAR-2019 16:54:37
0.1		Comment = single pulse
0.09		Dim Size = 13 007   X Domain = 19F   Dim Title = 19F   Dim Units = [ppm]   Dimensions = X
0.08	X-ce	Site = ECX 400P Spectrometer = DELTA2_NMR
0.07	(=) (=) - 19-	Field_strength   = 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz])     X_Acq_Duration   = 87.81824[ms]     X_Domain   = 19F     X_Freq   = 372.50336686[MHz]     X_Offset   = 0[ppm]
0.06		X Points = 16384 X Prescans = 1 X Resolution = 11.38715602[Hz] X Sweep = 186.56716418[kHz]
0.05		Irr_Freq     = 19F       Irr_Offset     = 372.50336686[MHz]       Irr_Offset     = 5[ppm]       Tri_Domain     = 19F
0.04		Tri_Freq   = 372.50336686 [MHz]     Tri_Offset   = 5 [ppm]     Clipped   = FALSE     Scans   = 8     Total_Scans   = 8
0.03		Relaxation_Delay = 5[s] Recvr Gain = 24 Temp_Get = 19[dC]
0.02		X 90 Width   = 13.9[us] $X = X_{CQ}$ Time   = 87.81624[ms] $X = X_{AngLe}$ = 45[deg] $X = X_{Atn}$ = 4[dB]
0.01		$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
0 0-	mail the provide of the provide of the provide of the provide the provident of the provide the provident of	Repetition_Time = 5.08781824[s]
ndanc 1		
abur -0.0		
	-70.0 -80.0 -90.0 -100.0 -110.0 -120.0 -130.0	
	$\mathbb{R}^{n}$	
	-92.25 113.60	
	X : parts per Million : 19F	
	\$94	











0.5		JEOL
0.4		Tilename= AKY837-pure-FNMR-2.jdfuthor= elementxperiment= single_pulse.ex2ample_Id= S#508373solvent= CHLOROFORM-Dcotual_start_Time= 7-MAR-2019 22:38:00tevision_Time= 22-MAR-2019 13:28:47
0.3	$\frac{1}{10}$	comment   = single_pulse     pata Format   = 1D COMPLEX     pim Size   = 13107     X Domain   = 19F     pim Title   = 19F     pim Onits   = [ppm]     pimensions   = X     pite   = ECX 400P     pectrometer   = DELTA2_NMR
0,2	30 31   33.5 -83.7   -83.5 -84.1   -83.5 -84.3   -83.5 -84.5   -83.5 -84.7   -83.5 -84.7   -83.5 -84.7   -83.5 -84.7   -83.5 -84.7   -83.5 -84.7   -83.5 -84.7   -83.5 -84.7   -83.5 -84.7   -83.5 -84.7   -83.5 -84.7   -83.7 -84	Yield_Strength   = 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz])     X Acq_Duration   = 87.81824[ms]     Domain   = 19F     Domain   = 19F     Offset   = 0[ppm]     Points   = 16384     Prescans   = 1     Resolution   = 11.38715602[Hz]     Sweep   = 186.56716418[kHz]     Tr Domain   = 19F     Tr Freq   = 372.50336686[MHz]
-	X · narts per Million · 19F	Irr_Offset   = 5[ppm]     Tri_Domain   = 19F     Pri_Freq   = 372.50336686[MHz]     Tri_Offset   = 5[ppm]     Clipped   = FALSE     Scans   = 8     Total_Scans   = 8
0.1		Relaxation_Delay   = 5[s]     Recvr Gain   = 26     remp Get   = 19.5[dC]     90 Width   = 13.9[us]     CAcq Time   = 87.81824[ms]     CArg Time   = 87.81824[ms]     CAngLe   = 45[deg]     CAtn   = 4[dB]     CPUlse   = 6.95[us]     Tri_Mode   = Off     Dante Presat   = FALSE     Initial Wait   = 1[s]     Sepetition Time   = 5.08781824[s]
abundance		
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
































































<i>6</i>	N Contraction of the second se	JEOL
0	Elonie 20	Filename= AKY686-fnmr-2.jdfAuthor= elementExperiment= single pulse.ex2Sample Id= S#506480Solvent= CHLOROFORM-DActual Start Time= 11-OCT-2018 22:33:45Revision_Time= 23-MAR-2019 13:25:07
0.2		Comment= single pulseData Format= 1D COMPLEXDim Size= 13107X Domain= 19FDim Title= 19FDim Units= [ppm]Dimensions= XSite= ECX 400PSpectrometer= DELTA2_NMR
0		Field Strength = 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz]) X_Acq_Duration = 87.81824[ms] X_Domain = 19F X_Freq = 372.50336686[MHz] X_Offset = 0[ppm] X_Points = 16384 X_Prescans = 1 X_Resolution = 11.38715602[Hz] X_Sweep = 186.56716418[kHz] Irr_Domain = 19F Irr_Freq = 372.50336686[MHz] Irr_Offset = 5[ppm] Tri_Offset = 5[ppm] Tri_Offset = 5[ppm] Clipped = FALSE Scans = 8 Total Scans = 8
-0.1-0.1		Relaxation Delay = 5[s] Recvr Gain = 24 Temp Get = 22.9[dC] X 90 Width = 13.9[us] X Acq Time = 87.81824[ms] X Angle = 45[deg] X Atn = 4[dB] X Pulse = 6.95[us] ITr Mode = Off Tri_Mode = Off Date_Presat = FALSE Initial Wait = 1[s] Repetition_Time = 5.08781824[s]
at	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	






















0.22						عك	
0.2	X4					Filename Author Experiment Sample Id	<pre>= AKY631-pure-fnmr-2.jdf = element = single_pulse.ex2 = s#677749</pre>
0.18	ÓÒ					Solvent Actual_Start_Time Revision_Time	= CHLOROFORM-D = 24-MAR-2019 03:11:57 = 23-MAR-2019 19:37:32
0.16	FP	ce				Comment Data Format Dim_Size X Domain	<pre>= single_pulse = 1D COMPLEX = 13107 = 19F</pre>
0.14	EI 28					Dim Title Dim Units Dimensions Site Spectrometer	= 19F = [ppm] = X = ECX 400P = DELTA2_NMR
0.12						Field_Strength X_Acq_Duration X_Domain X_Freq	= 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz]) = 87.81824[ms] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz]
0.1						X_Offset X_Points X_Prescans X_Resolution X_Sweep	= 0[ppm] = 16384 = 1 = 11.38715602[Hz] = 186.56716418[kHz]
0.08						Irr Domain Irr Freq Irr Offset Tri Domain Tri Freq	= 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz]
0.06						Tri_Offset Clipped Scans Total_Scans	= 5[ppm] = FALSE = 8 = 8
0.04						Relaxation_Delay Recvr_Gain Temp_Get X_90_Width X_Acg_Time	= 5[s] = 24 = 20.7[dC] = 13.9[us] = 87.81824[ms]
0.02						X Angle X Atn X Pulse Irr Mode	= 45[deg] = 4[dB] = 6.95[us] = Off
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abundance -0.02							
	-90.0	-100.0	-110.0	-120.0	-130.0		
			(09.993 / 10.207 / 13.600 -				
	X : parts per Million : 19F						







S148





























<b>1.</b>					Filename Author Experiment Sample Id Solvent Actual Start Time	= AKY642-pure-FNMR-2.jdf = element = single pulse.ex2 = s#591976 = CHLOROFORM-D a = 10-MAR-2019 00:57:12
	Ę	B			Revision_Time Comment Data Format Dim Size X Domain Dim Title Dim Units Dimensions	= 23-MAR-2019 17:28:57 = single_pulse = 1D COMPLEX = 13107 = 19F = 19F = [ppm] = X
	Me Si Me I Me	2m			Site Spectrometer Field_Strength X_Acq_Duration X_Domain X_Freq X_Offset X_Points X_Prescans	= ECX 400P = DELTA2_NMR = 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz]) = 87.81824[ms] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 0[ppm] = 16384 = 1
0.2					X Resolution X Sweep Irr Domain Irr_Freq Irr Offset Tri Domain Tri_Freq Tri_Offset Clipped Scans Total Scans	= 11.38715602[Hz] = 186.56716418[kHz] = 19F = 372.503366866[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 19F = 372.503366866[MHz] = 5[ppm] = FALSE = 8 = 8
0.1					Relaxation_Delay Recvr_Gain Temp_Get X_90_Width X_Acq_Time X_Angle X_Atn X_Pulse Irr_Mode Tri Mode Tri Mode	= 5[s] = 24 = 21[dC] = 13.9[us] = 87.81824[ms] = 45[deg] = 4[dB] = 6.95[us] = 0ff = FALSE = 1(c)
•	······································		·····	·····	Initial Wait Repetition_Time	= 1[s] = 5.08781824[s]
-99.0	-101.0 -103.0 -10	5.0 -107.0 -109.0	-1111.0 -1113.0	-115.0 -117.0	-119.0	









S167



S168

$ \frac{1000000}{10000000000000000000000000000$				
$\frac{10}{100} \frac{100}{100} \frac{100}{100} \frac{100}{100} - \frac{1100}{1100} - \frac{1100}{100} $	0.19	¥4	٦E	
STO         STO <th>0.17</th> <td>F</td> <td>Filename Author Experiment Sample_Id Solvent</td> <td>= AKY657-fnmr-2.jdf = element = single pulse.ex2 = S#545743 = CHLOROFORM-D</td>	0.17	F	Filename Author Experiment Sample_Id Solvent	= AKY657-fnmr-2.jdf = element = single pulse.ex2 = S#545743 = CHLOROFORM-D
00       00 <td< td=""><th>0.15</th><td>04 JO</td><td>Actual_Start_Time Revision_Time Comment Data_Format</td><td>= 4-SEP-2018 23:44:47 = 18-FEB-2019 14:35:43 = single pulse = 1D COMPLEX</td></td<>	0.15	04 JO	Actual_Start_Time Revision_Time Comment Data_Format	= 4-SEP-2018 23:44:47 = 18-FEB-2019 14:35:43 = single pulse = 1D COMPLEX
100         900         500         Spectrometer         = DELTA2_USB           200         200         200         200         200         200           200         1.3.8735602 (fc)         2.5283666 (fc)         1.3.8735602 (fc)           200         200         200         1.3.8735602 (fc)         2.5684           200         1.3.8735602 (fc)         2.5684         1.5584           200         200         1.3.8735602 (fc)         1.3.8735602 (fc)           200         200         200         200         200         200           200         200         200         200         200         200           200         200         200         200         200         200           200         200         200         200         200         200           200         200         200         200         200         200           200         200	0.13		Dim Size X Domain Dim Title Dim Units Dimensions Site	= 13107 = 19F = 19F = [ppm] = X = ECX 400P
90       00 <td< td=""><th>0.11</th><td></td><td>Spectrometer Field_Strength X_Acq_Duration X_Domain</td><td>= DELTA2_NMR = 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz]) = 87.81824[ms] = 19F = 272.50226665[Nm-1]</td></td<>	0.11		Spectrometer Field_Strength X_Acq_Duration X_Domain	= DELTA2_NMR = 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz]) = 87.81824[ms] = 19F = 272.50226665[Nm-1]
000       500       107       500       107       500         000       100       107       107       108       108         100       100       107       108       108       108         100       100       100       100       100       100       100         100       100       100       100       100       100       100       100         100       1	0.09		X_Freq X_Offset X_Points X_Prescans X_Resolution X_Sweep	= 3/2.50336666[MHZ] = 0[ppm] = 16384 = 1 = 11.38715602[Hz] = 186.56716418[KHz]
00       00 <td< td=""><th>5 0.07</th><td></td><td>Irr Domain Irr Freq Irr Offset Tri Domain Tri Freq Tri Offset</td><td>= 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[rpm]</td></td<>	5 0.07		Irr Domain Irr Freq Irr Offset Tri Domain Tri Freq Tri Offset	= 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[rpm]
00       00 <td< td=""><th>3 0.0</th><td></td><td>Clipped Scans Total_Scans Relaxation_Delay</td><td>= 5[s]</td></td<>	3 0.0		Clipped Scans Total_Scans Relaxation_Delay	= 5[s]
O       Muwhy www.www.www.www.www.www.www.www.www.ww	.01 0.0		Recvr Gain Temp_Get X 90_Width X_Acq_Time X_Angle X_Atn	= 24 = 22.5[dC] = 13.9[us] = 87.81824[ms] = 45[deg] = 4[dB]
Step	0.01 0	Marsh marsh and	X_Pulse Irr_Mode Tri_Mode Dante_Presat Initial_Wait Repetition_Time	= 6.95[us] = Off = FALSE = 1[s] = 5.08781824[s]
-107.0 -108.0 -109.0 -111.0 -112.0 -113.0 -114.0 -115.0 -116.0 -117.0 -118.0 -119.0 -120.0 -121.0 -122.0 -123.0 -124.0 -125.0	abundance -0.03			
X : parts per Million : 19F		-107.0 -108.0 -109.0 -110.0 -111.0 -112.0 -113.0 -114.0 -115.0 -116.0 -117.0 -118.0 -119.0 -120.0 -121.0 -122.0 -123.0 -124.0 -125.0		
		자 : parts per Million : 19F		

44 · · ·






















			E	
F B-ct			Filename Author Experiment Sample_Id Solvent Actual_Start_Time Revision_Time	= AKY730-pure-fnmr-3.jdf = element = single pulse.ex2 = S#442060 = CHLOROFORM-D = 17-NOV-2018 20:46:10 = 17-NOV-2018 13:28:53
Ne 6			Comment Data Format Dim Size X Domain Dim Title Dim Units Dim Onits Site Spectrometer	= single pulse = 1D COMPLEX = 13107 = 19F = 19F = [ppm] = X = ECX 400P = DELTA2 NMR
0.1			Field_Strength X Acq_Duration X_Domain X_Freq X_Offset X_Points X_Prescans X_Resolution X_Sweep Irr_Domain Irr_Freq Irr_Offset Tri_Domain Tri_Freq Tri_Offset Climed	= 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz]) = 0.23330816[s] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = -60[ppm] = 16384 = 1 = 4.2861767[Hz] = 70.2247191[kHz] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 5[ppm] = 5[ppm]
			Clipped Scans Total_Scans Relaxation_Delay Recvr Gain Temp_Get X 90 Width X Acq Time X Angle X Atn X Pulse Irr_Mode Tri Mode Dante Presat Initial_Wait Repetition_Time	= FALSE = 16 = 16 = 30 = 22[dC] = 3.9[us] = 0.23330816[s] = 45[deg] = 4[dB] = 6.95[us] = Off = FALSE = 1[s] = 5.23330816[s]
abundanc		<del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>		
-101.0 -102.0 -103.0 -104.0 -105.0 -106.0 -107.0 -	108.0 -109.0 -110.0 -111.0 -112.0 -113.0 550 001 550 000 550 0000 550 000 550 0000 550 0000 550 0000 550 0000 550 0000 550 0000000000	-114.0 -115.0 -116.0 -117.0 -118.0 -119.0 -120.0		
X : parts per Million : 19F	S1	81		





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Ŭ			
0.1		Filename Author	= AKY763-pure-FNMR-again-2. = element
	HUNK	Sample_Id Solvent	= sHg1e pulse.ex2 = s#749921 = CHLOROFORM-D
0.09		Actual_Start_Time Revision_Time	= 8-MAR-2019 05:20:40 = 25-MAR-2019 10:55:19
~	Me	Comment Data Format Dim Size	= single_pulse = 1D COMPLEX = 13107
0.0		X Domain Dim Title Dim Units	= 19F = 19F = [ppm]
Þ		Dimensions Site	= X $= ECX 400P$ $= DEI TA2 AMP$
0.0		Field Strength	= 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz])
90		X Domain X Freq	= 07.01024 [ms] = 19F = 372.50336686 [MHz]
0.		X_Offset X_Points X_Prescans	= 0 [ppm] = 16384 = 1
.05		X_Resolution X_Sweep Irr_Domain	= 11.38715602[Hz] = 186.56716418[kHz] = 19F
0		Irr_Freq Irr_Offset Tri Domain	= 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 19F
0.04		Tri_Freq Tri_Offset Clipped	= 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = FALSE
		Scans Total_Scans	= 8 = 8
0.03		Relaxation_Delay Recvr_Gain	= 5[s] = 24
2		X 90 Width X Acq_Time	= 13.9[us] = 87.81824[ms]
0.0		X_Angle X_Atn X_Pulse	= 45[deg] = 4[dB] = 6.95[us]
1		Irr_Mode Tri_Mode Dante Presat	= Off = Off = FALSE
0.0		Initial_Wait Repetition_Time	= 1[s] = 5.08781824[s]
ance			
) )	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
0			
	$\mathbf{X}$ is part of Million + 10E		
1999 	S184		

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0.3					Fi				Filename Author Experiment Sample Id Solvent Actual Start Time Revision_Time	<pre>= AKY787-pure-FNMR-2.jdf = element = single pulse.ex2 = S#593741 = ACETONE-D6 ≥ 19-FEB-2019 01:00:11 = 20-FEB-2019 10:58:01</pre>
				EI HO	H 8a	Me			Comment Data Format Dim Size X Domain Dim Title Dim Units Dimensions Site Spectrometer	= single_pulse = 1D COMPLEX = 13107 = 19F = 19F = [ppm] = X = ECX 400P = DELTA2_NMR
0,1									Field Strength X Acq_Duration X Domain X Freq X Offset X Points X Prescans X Resolution X Sweep Irr Domain Irr_Freq Irr Offset Tri_Domain Tri_Freq Tri_Offset Clipped Scans Total_Scans	= 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz]) = 87.81824[ms] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 0[ppm] = 16384 = 1 = 11.38715602[Hz] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = FALSE = 8 = 8
	- - - 	dina tanj kalendara sinajire pina	مېلىرىنى ئىلىرىنى ئىل مېلىرىنى ئىلىرىنى ئىل	n stange og at degensje døde af første er stære fange	na da gunta poda di sancifo di statovico di statovico di statovico di statovico di statovico di statovico di st	- mar da munistrativas de la dela ser	a Alterlägssafanger förstaten Väger förstada	na deservação de constante de con	Relaxation_Delay Recvr_Gain Temp_Get X_90_Width X_Acq_Time X_Angle X_Atn X_Pulse ITr_Mode Dante_Presat Initial Wait Repetition_Time	= 5[s] = 24 = 19[dC] = 13.9[us] = 87.81824[ms] = 45[deg] = 4[dB] = 6.95[us] = 0ff = 0ff = FALSE = 1[s] = 5.08781824[s]
abundance										
	-80.0	-90.0 -	100.0 -110.0	-120.0 -130.0	) -140.0	-150.0 -160	.0 -170.0	-180.0 -190.	)	
	X · narts ner Mil	lion · 19F								
<u> </u>	··· parts per Will					S187				······································





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											Filename Author Experiment Sample_Id Solvent Actual_Start_Time Revision_Time	= AKY819-pure-FNMR-2.jc = element = single pulse.ex2 = S#506103 = ACETONE-D6 = 8-MAR-2019 22:34:07 = 25-MAR-2019 14:19:46
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		E	240"H	D 2	Me			Comment Data Format Dim_Size X_Domain Dim_Title Dim_Units Dimensions Site Spectrometer	= single_pulse = 1D COMPLEX = 13107 = 19F = 19F = [ppm] = X = ECX 400P = DELTA2_NMR
											Field_Strength X Acq_Duration X_Domain X_Freq X_Offset X_Points X_Prescans X_Resolution X_Sweep Irr Domain Irr_Freq Irr_Offset Tri_Domain Tri_Freq Tri_Offset Clipped Scans	= 9.2982153[T] (400[MH: = 87.81824[ms] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 0[ppm] = 16384 = 1 = 11.38715602[Hz] = 186.56716418[kHz] = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = FALSE = 8
											Total_Scans Relaxation_Delay Recvr_Gain Temp Get X_90_Width X_Acq_Time X_Angle X_Atn X_Pulse Irr_Mode Tri_Mode Dante_Presat Initial Wait Repetition_Time	= 8 = 5[s] = 24 = 19.5[dC] = 13.9[us] = 87.81824[ms] = 45[deg] = 4[dB] = 6.95[us] = 0ff = 0ff = FALSE = 1[s] = 5.08781824[s]
-60.0	-70.0	 -90.0	-100.0	-110.0	-120.0	-130.0	-140.0	-150.0	-160.0 -]	70.0	ата Пара	
				3.600					9.851			





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0.16		JEOL
0.14		Filename = &KY841-pure-FNMRAGAin-2 i
0.12	ET FE	Author       = element         Experiment       = single pulse.ex2         Sample_Id       = S#348731         Solvent       = ACETONE-D6         Actual_Start_Time       = 12-MAR-2019 18:11:47         Revision_Time       = 25-MAR-2019 14:51:36
0.1	R +S H	Comment = single pulse Data Format = 1D COMPLEX Dim Size = 13107 V Density - 195
0.08	8C	A Domain
0.06		Field Strength       = 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz])         X Acq_Duration       = 87.81824[ms]         X_Domain       = 19F         X_Freq       = 372.50336686[MHz]
0.04		X_Offset = 0[ppm] X_Points = 16384 X_Prescans = 1 X_Resolution = 11.38715602[Hz] - 0.000 = 0.0000 = 0.0000000000000000000
0.02		A_Sweep     -     100.5010410[kHz]       Irr_Domain     =     19F       Irr_Freq     =     372.50336686[MHz]       Irr_Offset     =     5[ppm]       Tri_Domain     =     19F       Tri_Freq     =     372.50336686[MHz]
0		Tri Offset     = 5[ppm]       Clipped     = FALSE       Scans     = 8       Total_Scans     = 8
-0.02		Relaxation Delay= 5[s]Recvr_Gain= 24Temp Get= 19.9[dC]X 90 Width= 13.9[us]X Acq Time= 87.81824[ms]X Angle= 45[deg]
.06 -0.04		X_Atn       = 4 [dB]         X_Pulse       = 6.95[us]         Irr_Mode       = Off         Tri_Mode       = Off         Dante_Presat       = FALSE         Initial Wait       = 1[s]         Repetition_Time       = 5.08781824[s]
ndance .08 -0		
abu -0-	-80.0 -90.0 -100.0 -110.0 -120.0 -130.0 -140.0 -150.0 -160.0 -170.0 -180.0 -190.0	
	-113.600	
	X : parts per Million : 19F	



S194

1.1



40.0							<b>Filename</b> Author Experiment	= AKY820-FNMR-32-2.jdf = element = sipnel pulse ex2
		F					Sample_Id Solvent Actual_Start_Time Revision_Time	= \$#601516 = ACETONE-D6 = 18-FEB-2019 01:12:46 = 17-FEB-2019 19:06:58
30.0		HO THE	8d	8			Comment Data Format Dim Size X Domain Dim Title Dim Units Dimensions Site Spectrometer	= single_pulse = 1D COMPLEX = 13107 = 19F = 19F = [ppm] = X = ECX 400P = DELTA2_NMR
20.0							Field_Strength X_Acq_Duration X_Domain X_Freq X_Offset X_Points X_Prescans X_Resolution X_Sweep	= 9.2982153[T] (400[MHz]) = 0.17563648[s] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = -100[ppm] = 16384 = 1 = 5.69357801[Hz] = 93.28358209[kHz]
10.0							Irr Domain Irr Freq Irr Offset Tri Domain Tri Freq Tri Offset Clipped Scans Total_Scans	= 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = FALSE = 32 = 32
O	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		ul ye ka sa kalikiku tanga sala di di mula a sikatik di di Mangala mangana kangana	a da il an a la marchide na ann airtean Israegna a bhasanna ann an ann ann ann ann ann ann an	ne koli je ba sa kite sa kata je ba ba ba si sa kata je ba ba si sa kata je ba si sa kata je ba sa kata je ba s Na sa kata je sa kata je sa kata je ba kata je ba sa ka		Relaxation Delay Recvr Gain Temp Get X 90 Width X Acq Time X Angle X Angle X Pulse Irr Mode	= 5[s] = 30 = 20[dC] = 13.9[us] = 0.17563648[s] = 45[deg] = 4[dB] = 6.95[us] = 0ff
(thousandths) -10.0							Tri Mode Dante Presat Initial_Wait Repetition_Time	= Off = FALSE = 1[s] = 5.17563648[s]
	-110.0	-120.0	-130.0	-140.0	-150.0	-160.0		
	-113.600					-159.97		
	X : parts per Million : 19	0F		S196				and a second and a second s





S198

0.3						JE(	
			-		File Autho Expe Samp Solv Actu Revi	name = 2 or = 6 riment = 1 le Id = 2 ent = 2 al Start_Time = sion_Time = 2	AKY798-pure-FNMR-3.jdf element single pulse.ex2 S#782013 ACETONE-D6 7-FEB-2019 06:13:54 20-FEB-2019 15:52:25
0.2			HOTH SE	√Чe	Commu Data Dim X Dou Dim Dim Dime Site Spec	ent     =       Format     =       Format     =       main     =       Title     =       Units     =       nsions     =       trometer     =	single_pulse ID COMPLEX 13107 19F 19F [ppm] K ECX 400P DELTA2 NMR
0.1					Fiel X Ac X Do X Fr X Of X Po X Pr X Re X Sw Irr Irr Irr Tri Tri Tri Clip Scan	d_Strength       =         main       =         eq       =         fset       =         ints       =         escans       =         solution       =         pep       =         Domain       =         Freq       =         Offset       =         Domain       =         Freq       =         offset       =         offset       =         s       =	
0	r ensemberson og forskon	war year on year of the state o	hand all der för all mederation och som hand förda som det som d	456456444464.000.00046444.000464464.00046474.000464774.4047.004	Tota Tota Rela Recv Temp X_90 X_Ac X_An X_An X_Tu ITr_ Tri_ Dant Init	l_Scans = xation_Delay = r_Gain = Get = Width = gle = n = lse = Mode = Mode = ial Wait =	8 5[s] 24 20.9[dC] 13.9[us] 87.81824[ms] 45[deg] 4[dB] 6.95[us] Off 6.95[us] Off FALSE 1[s]
abundance					Repe	tition_Time =	5.U8/81824[s]
	-80.0 -90.0	-100.0 -110.0	-120.0 -130.0 -140.0	-150.0 -160.0	-170.0		
	X : parts per Million : 19F			1			





S201

						∠ IF	
0.2	EL	H	-Me.			Filename Author Experiment Sample_Id Solvent Actual_Start_Time Revision Time	= AKY824-pure-fnmr-ag: = element = single pulse.ex2 = S#629184 = ACETONE-D6 = 17-FEB-2019 01:59:10 = 16-FEB-2019 20:38:44
		8 <del>3</del>				Comment Data Format Dim Size X Domain Dim Title Dim Units Dimensions Site Spectrometer	= single_pulse = 1D COMPLEX = 13107 = 19F = 19F = [ppm] = X = ECX 400P = DELTA2_NMR
0.1						Field_Strength X_Acq_Duration X_Domain X_Freq X_Offset X_Points X_Prescans X_Resolution X_Sweep Irr_Domain Irr_Freq Irr_Offset Tri_Domain Tri_Freq Tri_Offset Clipped Scans Total Scans	= 9.2982153[T] (400[M = 87.81824[ms] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 0[ppm] = 16384 = 1 = 11.38715602[Hz] = 186.56716418[kHz] = 19F = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = 372.50336686[MHz] = 5[ppm] = FALSE = 8 = 8
	schnelingerfreqerne. Helderephillenreblerepedørbegrinnerer eksigerespisivysled	ingenetivense erstereingesterlich erste bie	Øgertalvertalerreterneterreterreterrete	afredigeszeszterteteszeszeszeszeszeszeszeszeszeszeszeszesze	hteretalist hereinistaaringsaanskirdatuuraayseinist	Relaxation Delay Recvr Gain Temp Get X 90 Width X Acq Time X Angle X Atn X Pulse Irr Mode Tri Mode Dante Presat Initial Wait	= 5[s] = 26 = 19.2[dC] = 13.9[us] = 87.81824[ms] = 45[deg] = 45[deg] = 4[dB] = 6.95[us] = Off = Off = FALSE = 1[s]
abundance						Repetition_Time	= 5.08781824[s]
-11	10.0 -120.0	-130.0	-140.0	-150.0	-160.0		



















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1 29.007	10776113	50.031	MC
2 33.720	10762549	49.969	MC
	21538662	100.000	





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## S241 Page Indicator: 1 / 4













Calculation Method: AREA%

No. RT	Area	Conc 1 BC
1 27,173	55280	0.393 MC
2 29.580	330545	2.350 MC
3 44.033	1026848	7.301 BB
4 46.947	12651174	89.955 BB
	14063847	100.000



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