

SPIRIT 2013 Checklist: Recommended items to address in a clinical trial protocol and related documents*

Section/item	Item	Description			
	No				
Administrative infor	Administrative information				
Title	1	Descriptive title identifying the study design, population, interventions, and, if applicable, trial acronym			
Trial registration	2a	Trial identifier and registry name. If not yet registered, name of intended registry			
	2b	All items from the World Health Organization Trial Registration Data Set			
Protocol version	3	Date and version identifier			
Funding	4	Sources and types of financial, material, and other support			
Roles and	5a	Names, affiliations, and roles of protocol contributors			
responsibilities	5b	Name and contact information for the trial sponsor			
	5c	Role of study sponsor and funders, if any, in study design; collection, management, analysis, and interpretation of data; writing of the report; and the decision to submit the report for publication, including whether they will have ultimate authority over any of these activities			
	5d	Composition, roles, and responsibilities of the coordinating centre, steering committee, endpoint adjudication committee, data management team, and other individuals or groups overseeing the trial, if applicable (see Item 21a for data monitoring committee)			
Introduction					
Background and rationale	6a	Description of research question and justification for undertaking the trial, including summary of relevant studies (published and unpublished) examining benefits and harms for each intervention			
	6b	Explanation for choice of comparators			

Objectives	7	Specific objectives or hypotheses
Trial design	8	Description of trial design including type of trial (e.g., parallel group, crossover, factorial, single group), allocation ratio, and framework (e.g., superiority, equivalence, noninferiority, exploratory)
Methods: Participar	ıts, inter	ventions, and outcomes
Study setting	9	Description of study settings (e.g., community clinic, academic hospital) and list of countries where data will be collected. Reference to where list of study sites can be obtained
Eligibility criteria	10	Inclusion and exclusion criteria for participants. If applicable, eligibility criteria for study centres and individuals who will perform the interventions (e.g., surgeons, psychotherapists)
Interventions	11a	Interventions for each group with sufficient detail to allow replication, including how and when they will be administered
	11b	Criteria for discontinuing or modifying allocated interventions for a given trial participant (e.g., drug dose change in response to harms, participant request, or improving/worsening disease)
	11c	Strategies to improve adherence to intervention protocols, and any procedures for monitoring adherence (e.g., drug tablet return, laboratory tests)
	11d	Relevant concomitant care and interventions that are permitted or prohibited during the trial
Outcomes	12	Primary, secondary, and other outcomes, including the specific measurement variable (e.g., systolic blood pressure), analysis metric (e.g., change from baseline, final value, time to event), method of aggregation (e.g., median, proportion), and time point for each outcome. Explanation of the clinical relevance of chosen efficacy and harm outcomes is strongly recommended
Participant timeline	13	Time schedule of enrolment, interventions (including any run-ins and washouts), assessments, and visits for participants. A schematic diagram is highly recommended (see Figure)
Sample size	14	Estimated number of participants needed to achieve study objectives and how it was determined, including clinical and statistical assumptions supporting any sample size calculations

Recruitment	15	Strategies for achieving adequate participant enrolment to reach target sample size			
Methods: Assignment of interventions (for controlled trials)					
Sequence generation	16a	Method of generating the allocation sequence (e.g., computer- generated random numbers), and list of any factors for stratification. To reduce predictability of a random sequence, details of any planned restriction (e.g., blocking) should be provided in a separate document that is unavailable to those who enrol participants or assign interventions			
Allocation concealment mechanism	16b	Mechanism of implementing the allocation sequence (e.g., central telephone; sequentially numbered, opaque, sealed envelopes), describing any steps to conceal the sequence until interventions are assigned			
Implementation	16c	Who will generate the allocation sequence, who will enrol participants, and who will assign participants to interventions			
Blinding (masking)	17a	Who will be blinded after assignment to interventions (e.g., trial participants, care providers, outcome assessors, data analysts), and how			
	17b	If blinded, circumstances under which unblinding is permissible, and procedure for revealing a participant's allocated intervention during the trial			
Methods: Data colle	ection, m	anagement, and analysis			
Data collection methods	18a	Plans for assessment and collection of outcome, baseline, and other trial data, including any related processes to promote data quality (e.g., duplicate measurements, training of assessors) and a description of study instruments (e.g., questionnaires, laboratory tests) along with their reliability and validity, if known. Reference to where data collection forms can be found, if not in the protocol			
	18b	Plans to promote participant retention and complete follow-up, including list of any outcome data to be collected for participants who discontinue or deviate from intervention protocols			
Data management	19	Plans for data entry, coding, security, and storage, including any related processes to promote data quality (e.g., double data entry; range checks for data values). Reference to where details of data management procedures can be found, if not in the protocol			

Statistical methods	20a	Statistical methods for analysing primary and secondary outcomes. Reference
		to where other details of the statistical analysis plan can be found, if not in the
	<u> </u>	protocol
	20b	Methods for any additional analyses (e.g., subgroup and adjusted analyses)
	20c	Definition of analysis population relating to protocol non-adherence (e.g., as
		randomised analysis), and any statistical methods to handle missing data
		(e.g., multiple imputation)
Methods: Monitoring	g	
Data monitoring	21a	Composition of data monitoring committee (DMC); summary of its role and
		reporting structure; statement of whether it is independent from the sponsor
		and competing interests; and reference to where further details about its
		charter can be found, if not in the protocol. Alternatively, an explanation of
		why a DMC is not needed
	21b	Description of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines, including who
		will have access to these interim results and make the final decision to
		terminate the trial
Harms	22	Plans for collecting, assessing, reporting, and managing solicited and
		spontaneously reported adverse events and other unintended effects of trial
		interventions or trial conduct
Auditing	23	Frequency and procedures for auditing trial conduct, if any, and whether the
		process will be independent from investigators and the sponsor
Ethics and dissemir	nation	
Research ethics	24	Plans for seeking research ethics committee/institutional review board
approval	- '	(REC/IRB) approval
	25	
Protocol amendments	25	Plans for communicating important protocol modifications (e.g., changes to
amenuments		eligibility criteria, outcomes, analyses) to relevant parties (e.g., investigators,
	1	REC/IRBs, trial participants, trial registries, journals, regulators)
Consent or assent	26a	Who will obtain informed consent or assent from potential trial participants or
		authorised surrogates, and how (see Item 32)
	26b	Additional consent provisions for collection and use of participant data and

		biological specimens in ancillary studies, if applicable		
Confidentiality	27	How personal information about potential and enrolled participants will be collected, shared, and maintained in order to protect confidentiality before, during, and after the trial		
Declaration of interests	28	Financial and other competing interests for principal investigators for the overall trial and each study site		
Access to data	29	Statement of who will have access to the final trial dataset, and disclosure of contractual agreements that limit such access for investigators		
Ancillary and post- trial care	30	Provisions, if any, for ancillary and post-trial care, and for compensation to those who suffer harm from trial participation		
Dissemination policy	31a	Plans for investigators and sponsor to communicate trial results to participants, healthcare professionals, the public, and other relevant groups (eg, via publication, reporting in results databases, or other data sharing arrangements), including any publication restrictions		
	31b	Authorship eligibility guidelines and any intended use of professional writers		
	31c	Plans, if any, for granting public access to the full protocol, participant-level dataset, and statistical code		
Appendices				
Informed consent materials	32	Model consent form and other related documentation given to participants and authorised surrogates		
Biological specimens	33	Plans for collection, laboratory evaluation, and storage of biological specimens for genetic or molecular analysis in the current trial and for future use in ancillary studies, if applicable		

^{*}It is strongly recommended that this checklist be read in conjunction with the SPIRIT 2013 Explanation & Elaboration for important clarification on the items. The SPIRIT checklist is copyrighted by the SPIRIT Group under the Creative Commons "Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivs 3.0 Unported" license.