

Table S2. *In vitro* activity of tempol against *C. albicans* and *C. glabrata* clinical isolates using ATP quantification.

Susceptibility of clinical <i>Candida</i> isolates in response to tempol			
Tested concentration range (mg/ml) 0.05 - 17			
<u><i>C. albicans</i> clinical strains</u>			
	CA40	CA75	CA79
IC ₉₀ ^a	1.26	1.84	1.85
IC ₅₀ ^b	0.17	0.33	0.40
<u><i>C. glabrata</i> clinical strains</u>			
	CG67	CG77	CG71
IC ₉₀ ^a	1.92	2.53	3.63
IC ₅₀ ^a	0.26	0.40	0.46
<p>^{a,b} Inhibitory concentration (IC) was determined as the lowest concentration of tempol that inhibited fungal growth at ≥90% ^aIC₉₀^a or ≥50% IC₅₀^b; Data from three independent experiments. ^cMinimum fungicidal concentration (MFC) was determined as the lowest concentration of tempol that killed at least 99.9% of the initial inoculum. Data from three independent experiments.</p>			