

Cell Reports, Volume 28

Supplemental Information

**ATGL/CGI-58-Dependent Hydrolysis
of a Lipid Storage Pool in Murine Enterocytes**

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Supplemental Figures

Figure S1

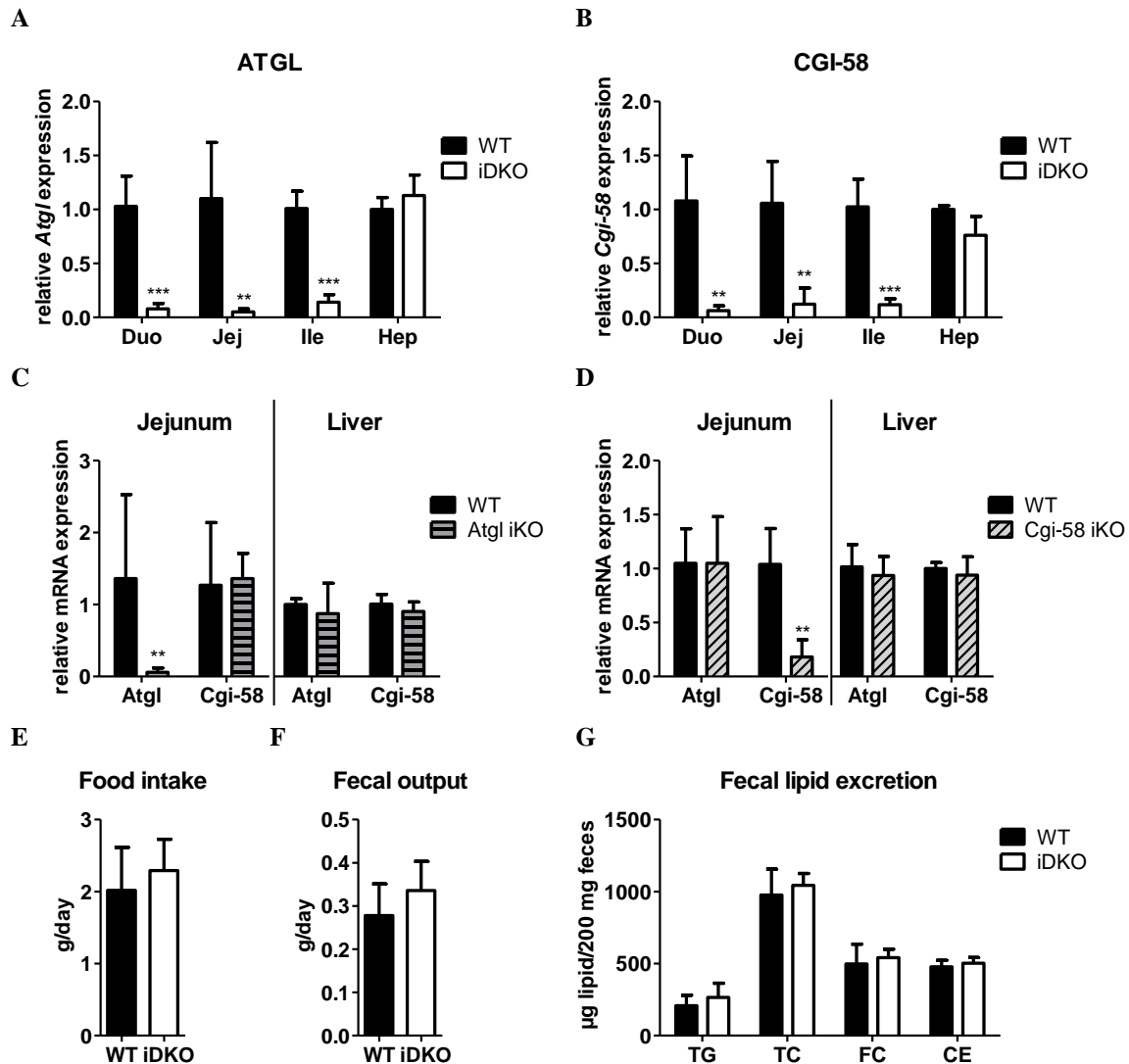


Figure S1: Efficient knockout of intestinal ATGL and CGI-58, related to Figure 1. Intestinal and hepatic gene expression of A) *Atgl* and B) *Cgi-58* in iDKO mice (n=4). *Atgl* and *Cgi-58* mRNA expression in jejunum and liver of C) *Atgl* iKO (n=3-4) and D) *Cgi-58* iKO mice (n=4). E) Food intake was monitored for three consecutive days in iDKO and WT mice fed HF/HCD for 5 weeks (n=5). Feces were collected daily and lipids were extracted from 200 mg pulverized feces using the Folch method. F) Fecal output and G) fecal lipid excretion in HF/HCD-fed WT and iDKO mice (n=5). Data represent mean + SD. ** p ≤ 0.01 *** p ≤ 0.001. Duo, duodenum; Jej, jejunum; Ile, ileum; Hep, hepar (liver); TG, triglycerides; TC, total cholesterol; FC, free cholesterol; CE, cholesteryl esters.

Figure S2

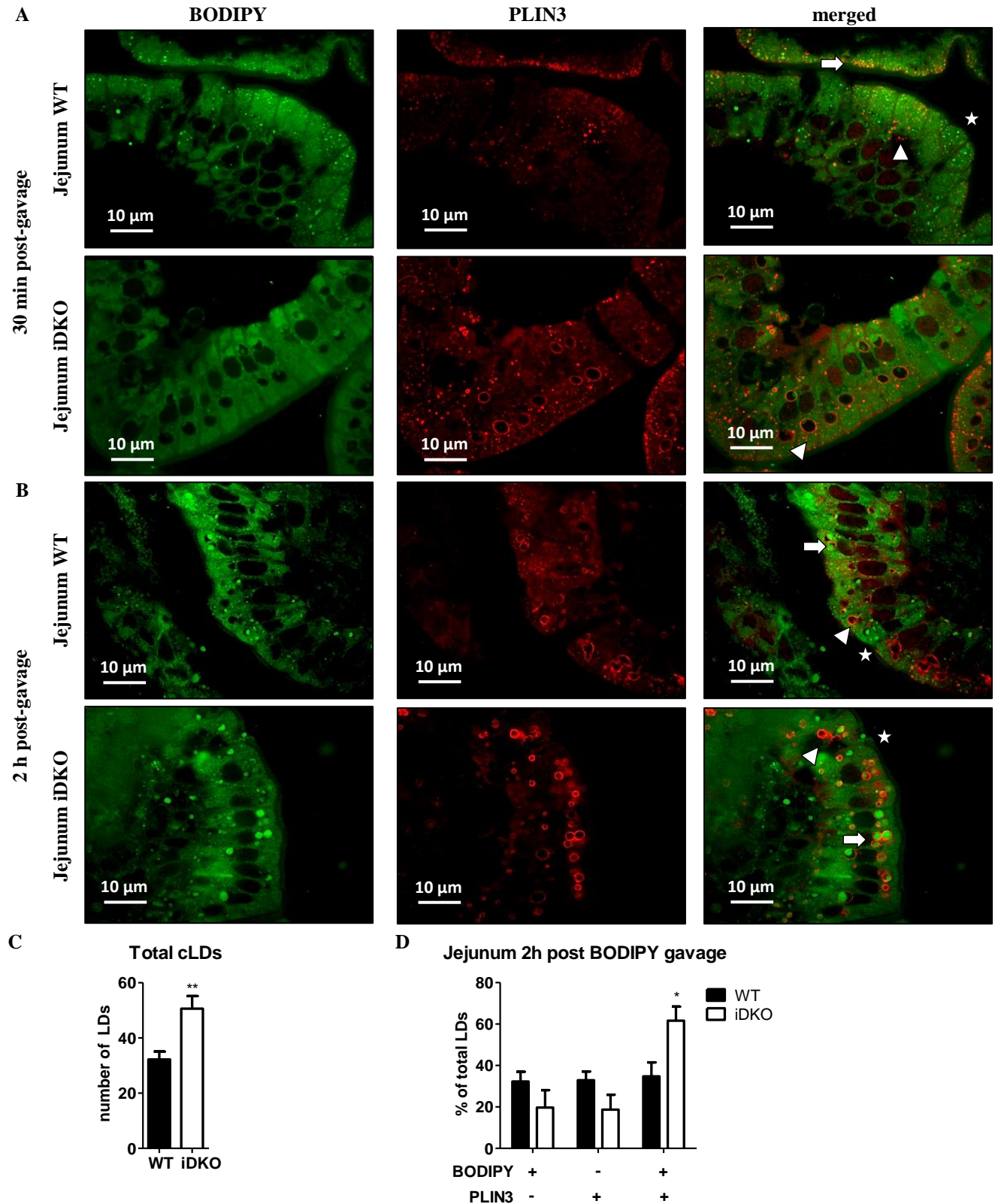


Figure S2: Different fates of lipids 30 min and 2 h post-gavage in iDKO mice, related to Figure 2. Perilipin 3 (PLIN3; red) immunofluorescence staining in the jejunum of BODIPY[®]-gavaged (green) WT and iDKO mice A) 30 min and B) 2 h post-gavage. C) Total number of lipid droplets (LDs) in the jejunum of WT and iDKO mice 2 h post BODIPY[®] gavage. D) Relative amount of cLDs containing BODIPY[®], coated with PLIN3, and BODIPY[®]-containing PLIN3-coated vesicles 2 h post gavage. LDs were quantitated by counting of multiple fluorescence micrographs (n=5). Data represent mean + SEM. * p < 0.05; ** p ≤ 0.01. Arrows indicate cLDs originating from BODIPY[®]-labeled FA, which colocalize with PLIN3; arrowheads indicate endogenous cLDs coated with PLIN3; stars indicate BODIPY[®]-containing cLDs, which do not colocalize with PLIN3. Magnification, 100x.

Figure S3

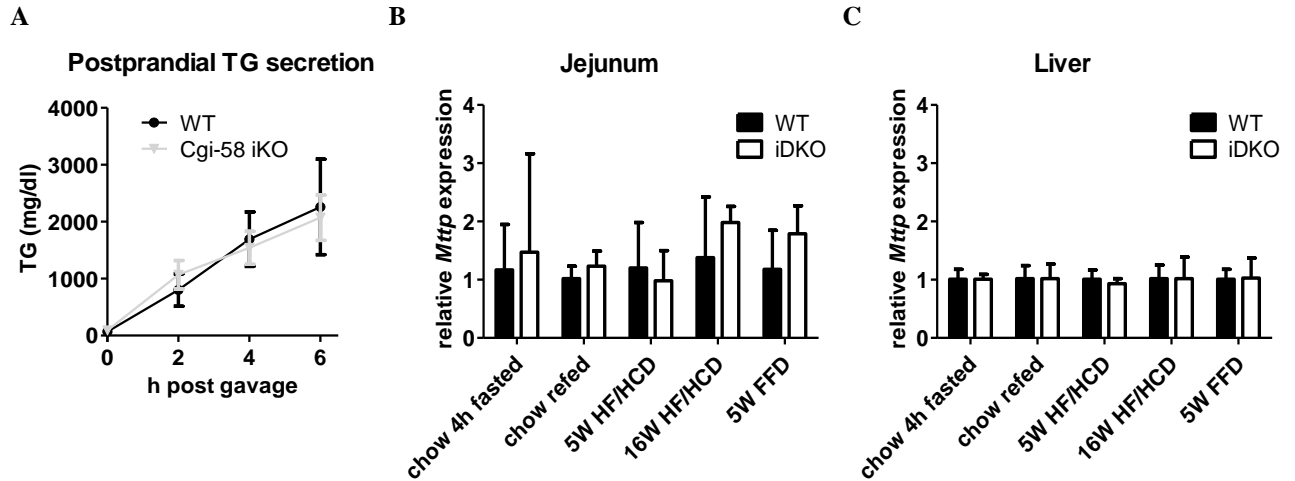
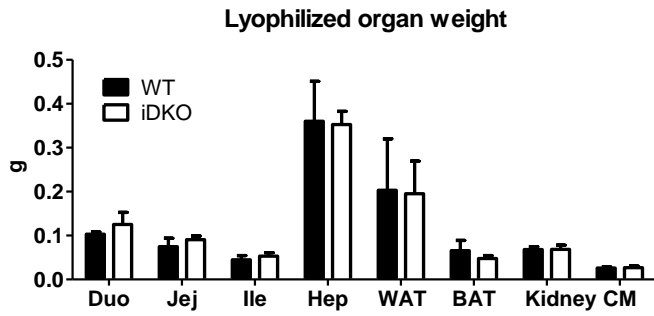


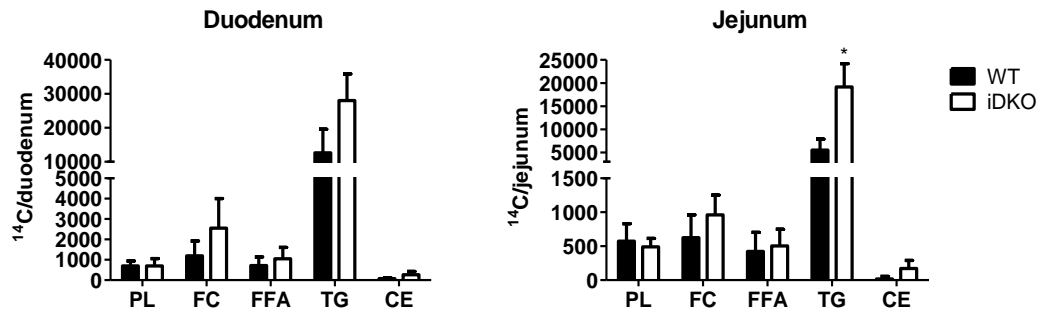
Figure S3: Intestinal ATGL/CGI-58 deficiency does not affect intestinal lipoprotein metabolism, related to Figure 3. A) Postprandial TG secretion in Cgi-58 iKO mice (n=5) after tyloxapol injection followed by an oral oil bolus (500 μ l olive oil). B) Jejunal and C) hepatic *Mttp* mRNA expression in WT and iDKO mice. Data were normalized to the expression of cyclophilin A as housekeeping gene and represent mean (n=4-7) \pm SD. *Mttp*, microsomal triglyceride transfer protein; HF/HCD, high-fat/high-cholesterol diet; FFD, fat-free diet.

Figure S4

A



B



C

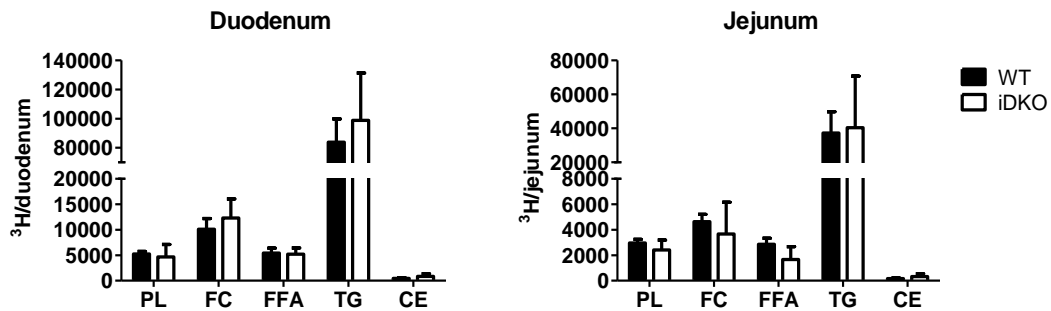


Figure S4: Lipids ingested with the first meal accumulate in the SI of iDKO mice mainly in the TG fraction, related to Figure 3. A) Lyophilized organ weights of WT and iDKO mice 10 h after administration of the first meal. B, C) After separation by thin-layer chromatography, radioactivity was determined in various lipid classes in the duodenum and jejunum of WT and iDKO mice. A) Distribution of ^{14}C -triolein, representing the first oil bolus. B) ^3H -triolein distribution, representing the second oil bolus. Data represent mean ($n=3$) + SD. * $p < 0.05$. Duo, duodenum; Jej, jejunum; Ile, ileum; Hep, hepar (liver) WAT/BAT, white/brown adipose tissue; CM, cardiac muscle (heart). PL, phospholipids; FC, free cholesterol; FFA, free fatty acids; TG, triglycerides; CE, cholesteryl esters.

Figure S5

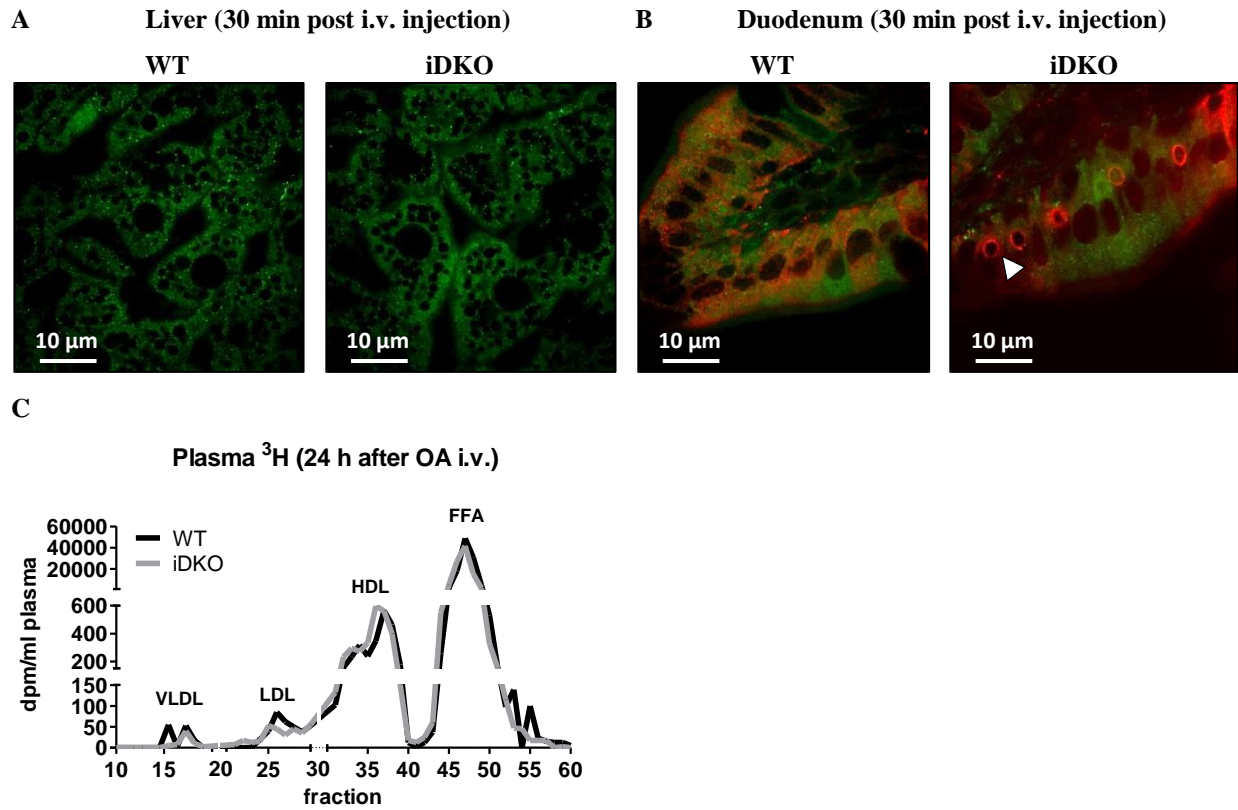
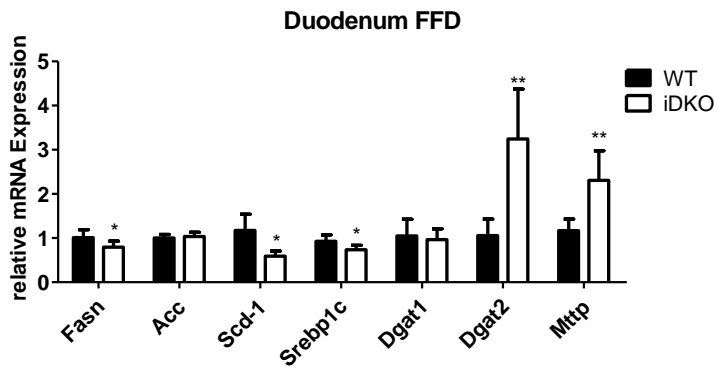


Figure S5: Distribution of intravenously applied FAs, related to Figure 4. Mice were injected i.v. with 20 μg BODIPY® C16 (green) in Intralipid and sacrificed 30 min post-injection. A) Hepatic and B) intestinal sections. Intestinal sections were counterstained with perilipin 3 (PLIN3, red) to visualize early cLD formation. Arrowheads indicate endogenous cLDs coated with PLIN3. Magnification, 100x; scale bar, 10 μm . C) Lipoprotein profile of 200 μl pooled plasma (n=6-7) 24 h after i.v. injection of 3H-OA. Before sacrifice, mice were fasted for 12 h. VLDL, very low-density lipoprotein; LDL, low-density lipoprotein; HDL, high-density lipoprotein; FFA, free fatty acid.

Figure S6

A



B

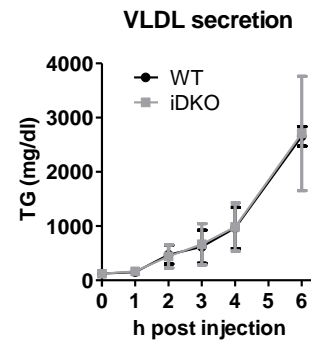


Figure S6: *Atgl/Cgi-58* iDKO mice display decreased *de novo* lipogenesis, but increased *Dgat2* and *Mttp* mRNA expression after FFD feeding, related to Figure 5. A) qRT-PCR analysis of genes involved in *de novo* lipogenesis. Data (n=5-6) were normalized to cyclophilin A expression as housekeeping gene. B) Hepatic VLDL secretion in 16 h-fasted WT and iDKO mice (n=8). Mice were injected with tyloxapol (500 mg/kg bodyweight) prior to blood collection. Data represent mean \pm SD. * $p < 0.05$; ** $p \leq 0.01$. *Fasn*, fatty acid synthase; *Acc*, acetyl-CoA carboxylase; *Scd-1*, stearoyl-CoA desaturase-1; *Srebp1c*, sterol regulatory element-binding protein 1; *Dgat*, acyl-CoA:diacylglycerol-acyltransferase; *Mttp*, microsomal triglyceride transfer protein.

Supplemental Table

Table S1: Primer sequences, related to STAR methods

Gene	Forward primer	Reverse primer
Acc	GGACTTGGAGCAGAGAACCTTCG	CAAGCTGGTTGTTGGAGGTGTA
Atgl	GCCACTCACATCTACGGAGC	GACAGCCACGGATGGTGTTTC
Ces1d	ATGGAGGTGGACTGGTGGTG	AGTGCAGCCACCTGGTCCAA
Ces1e	CCAGTGACAGGGCAAATAGTC	GTAGACAGGACCAGTCCATCATA
Ces1f	CAAGTGGCTGCTCTGCATTG	TCCAGGAATGAAGGCCACAC
Ces2a	GTGGACTGGTTGTAGGATCAGC	TTCTTCTGCACCCAGCGTAAG
Ces2c	CCTGTAGGACCACTGCGATT	GAGATACAGGCAGTCCTCAG
Ces2e	CTTGATCCTGCCTCCCATCT	GATAGCGACCACCACCACAT
Ces2f	GCCTACCATTATACCTGACTCCC	CACAGCAGGCATAAACCTGAA
Ces2g	AGGTCCAAGGCAGGCTCAT	GGCCCTCCATATTCATCGTAACA
Cgi-58	GGTTAAGTCTAGTGCAGC	AAGCTGTCTCACCACCTTG
CyclophilinA	CCATCCAGCCATTCACTCTT	TTCCAGGATTCATGTGCCAG
Ddhd2	GAGTCCAGAGCGAAATGTCATC	GGCGTCCATGTCTATGAGTTC
Dgat1	TCCGCCTCTGGGCATTC	GAATCGGCCCAACAATCCA
Dgat2	AGTGGCAATGCTATCATCATCGT	TCTTCTGGACCCATCGGCCCCAGGA
Fasn	GAAGCCGAACACCTCTGTGCAGT	GCTCCTTGCTGCCATCTGTATTG
Hsl	GCTGGTGACACTCGCAGAAG	TGGCTGGTGTCTCTGTGTCC
Lal	CGGCTTGCTGGCAGATTCTA	GTGCAGCCTTGAGAATGACC
Mgl	CGGACTTCCAAGTTTTGTGTCAGA	GCAGCCACTAGGATGGAGATG
Mttp	GTCAACAGAGAGGCGAGAAG	CTAGCCAAGCCTCTCTTGAG
Ptl	GCCATTGGAAGGATCACAGG	CCTGGCATTTCGATTCCCTCC
Scd-1	CCGGAGACCCCTTAGATCGA	TAGCCTGTAAAAGATTTCTGCAAACC
Srebp1c	CCATCGACTACATCCGCTTCTT	ACTTCGCAGGGTTCAGGTTCTC