

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

Mechanisms of resistance to EGFR inhibition reveal metabolic vulnerabilities in human GBM

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Supplemental Figure S1. Inhibition of PI3K or Src activation does not confer increased tumor cell invasion. (A-B) Inhibition of activation of PI3K (LY294002) or Src (50nM dasatinib) did not increase invasion of GPCs in 3D spheroid invasion assays. (C-D) Western blots demonstrating inhibition of phosphorylation of Akt and Src at 16 hours after addition of LY294002 or dasatinib, respectively. (E) Decreased tumor cell proliferation upon EGFR inhibition. (F) Gene expression of ALDH1A1 in cells resistant to EGFR inhibition with erlotinib (Erl), AG1478, or lapatinib relative to control treated cells. (G) Gene expression of CXCR4, S100A4, TIMP3, EPHA4, NTRK2, CNTN1, and GAB1 in CSCs resistant to EGFR inhibition relative to control treated CSCs. Representative images and quantification, mean ± SEM (n=3) performed twice, n.s., not significant. Scale bar = 100μm. ****p<0.0001, ***p<0.001, **p<0.01.

