

Supporting information

Native reversed-phase liquid chromatography: a technique for LCMS of intact antibody-drug conjugates

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Conditions for LC in Figure 2.

b) RPLC of the denatured model ADC after reduction with DTT, showing the expected mAb subunits resolved in six peaks, using a commercial RPLC column. Column: Thermo MabPac RP, 2.1 x 50 mm, 4 μ m, supermacroporous polymer particles, A: H₂O + 0.1% DFA, B: ACN + 0.1% DFA, Gradient: 27-42% B/15min, Q: 200 μ L/min at 80 °C, Injection: 10 μ g, Detection: 280 nm. **c)** RPLC of the model ADC without DTT denaturing, with assignments based on mass spectra. Column: Supelco Bioshell A400 Protein C4 column, 2.1 x 100 mm, 3.4 μ m, 400 Å pores particles, A: H₂O + 0.1% FA and 0.015%TFA, B: ACN + 0.1% FA and 0.015%TFA, Gradient: 10% B/1min, 31-48% B/13min, Q: 300 μ L/min at 70 °C, Injection: 0.5 μ g, Detection: 280 nm. **d)** HIC of the intact ADC using Thermo-HIC butyl column for conventional HIC gradient of A: 50 mM Na₃PO₄, 1 M (NH₄)₂SO₄, pH 7, B: 50 mM Na₃PO₄, 30% IPA, pH 7, Gradient: 0-100 %B / 15 min, 100 %B / 5 min, flow rate: 1,000 μ L/min at 30 °C and 2 μ g injected, in both cases.

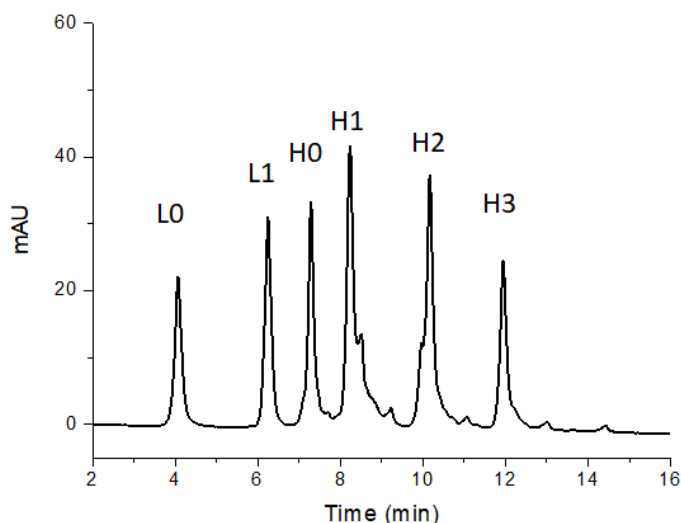


Figure S1. RPLC Chromatogram for AbbVie model ADC after reduction with DTT. Thermo MabPac RP; A: H₂O + 0.1% DFA, B: ACN + 0.1% DFA; Gradient: 27-42% B/15min; Fc: 200 μ L/min at 80 °C; Injection: 10 μ g; Detection, 280 nm.

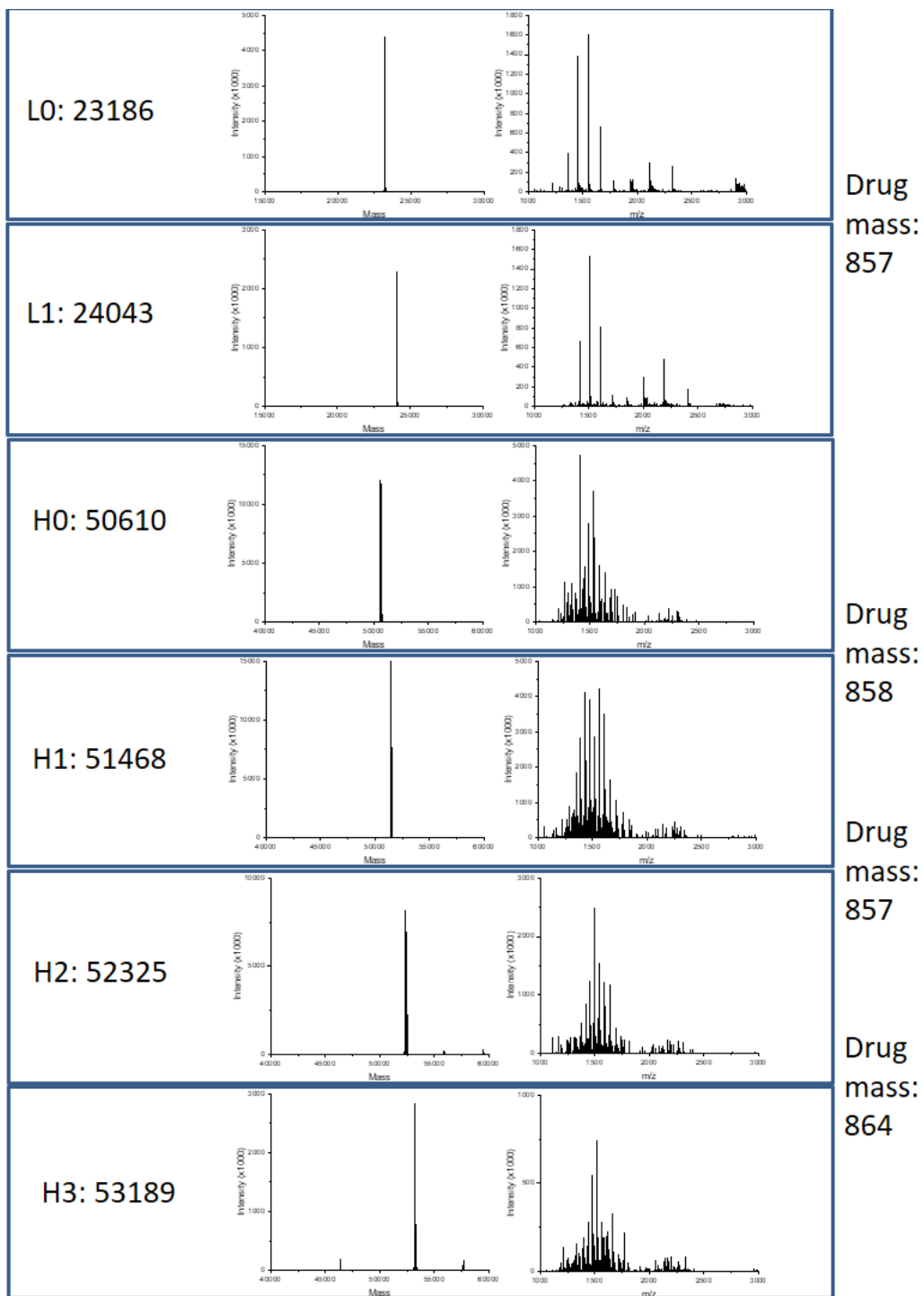


Figure S1 b) Raw mass spectra (right) and deconvoluted mass spectra (left) for each peak in the chromatograms of part a.

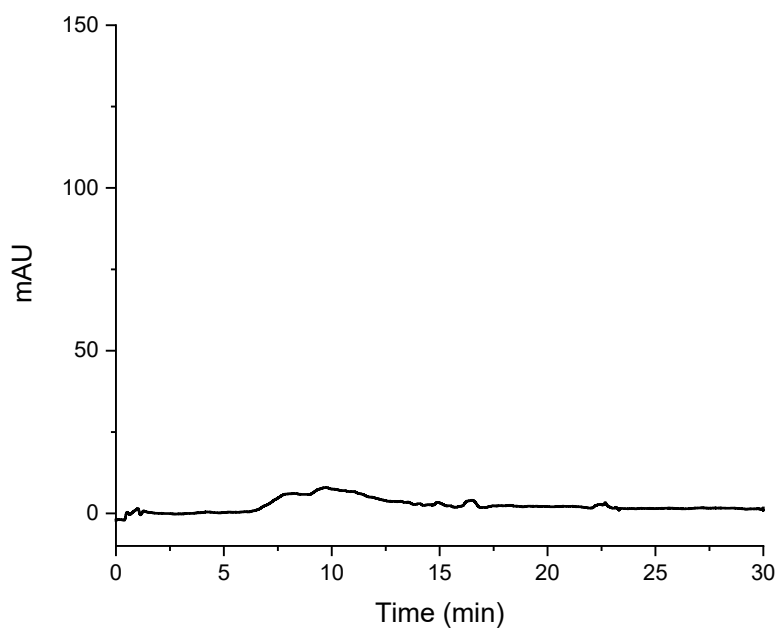


Figure S2. ADC is not fully eluted with a commercial HIC column under nRPLC conditions. Column: Thermo HIC butyl, model ADC. Gradient: A: 50 mM **NH₄OAc**, pH 7, B: 50 mM **NH₄OAc**, 50% IPA, pH 7; Gradient: 0-100 %B/15 min, followed by 100 %B/5 min; Flow rate: 1,000 μ L/min, 30 $^{\circ}$ C. Wavelength: 280 nm.