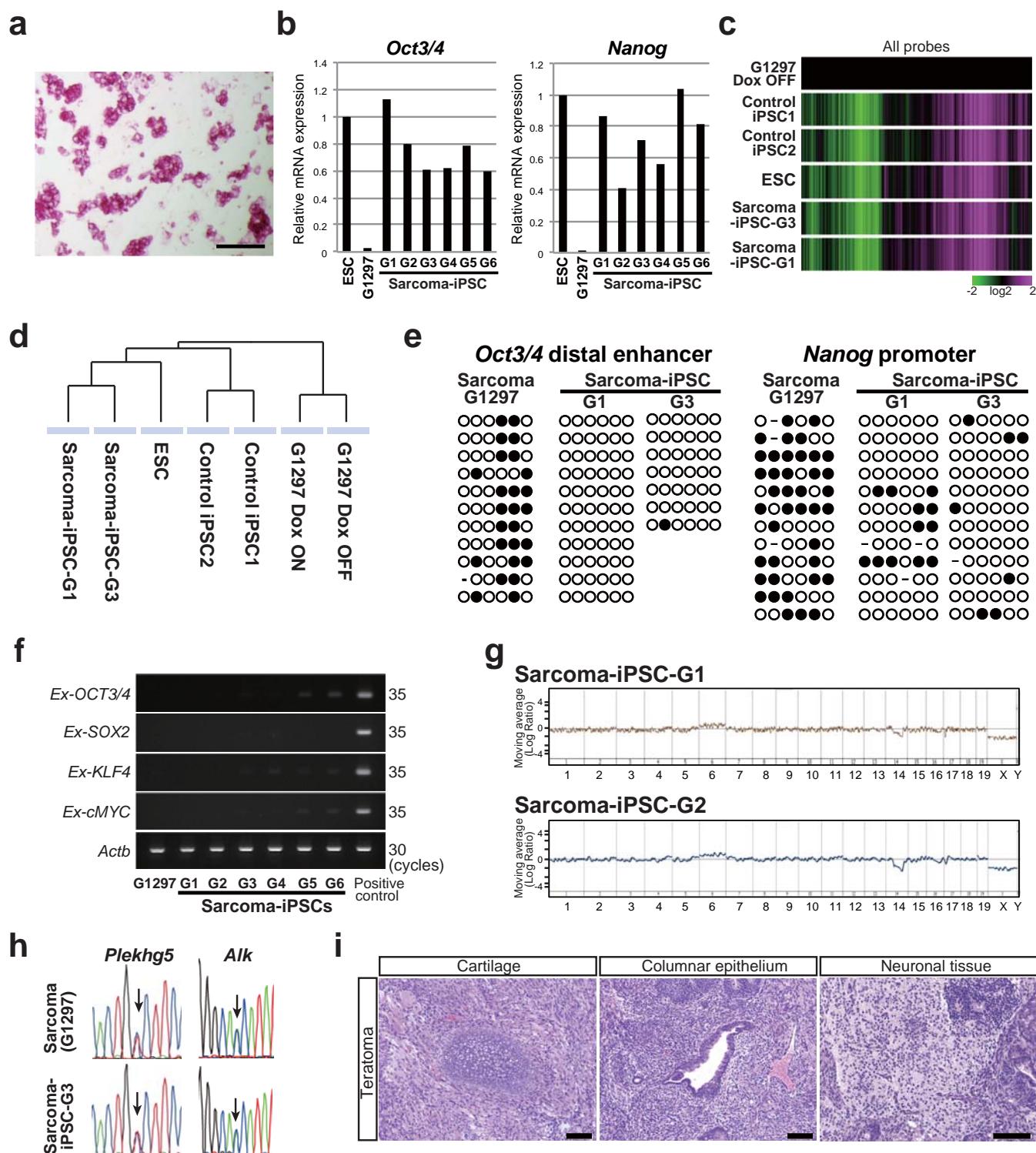


## Supplementary Information

Cell-type dependent enhancer binding of the EWS/ATF1 fusion gene in clear cell sarcomas

Komura et al.

## Supplementary Figure 1

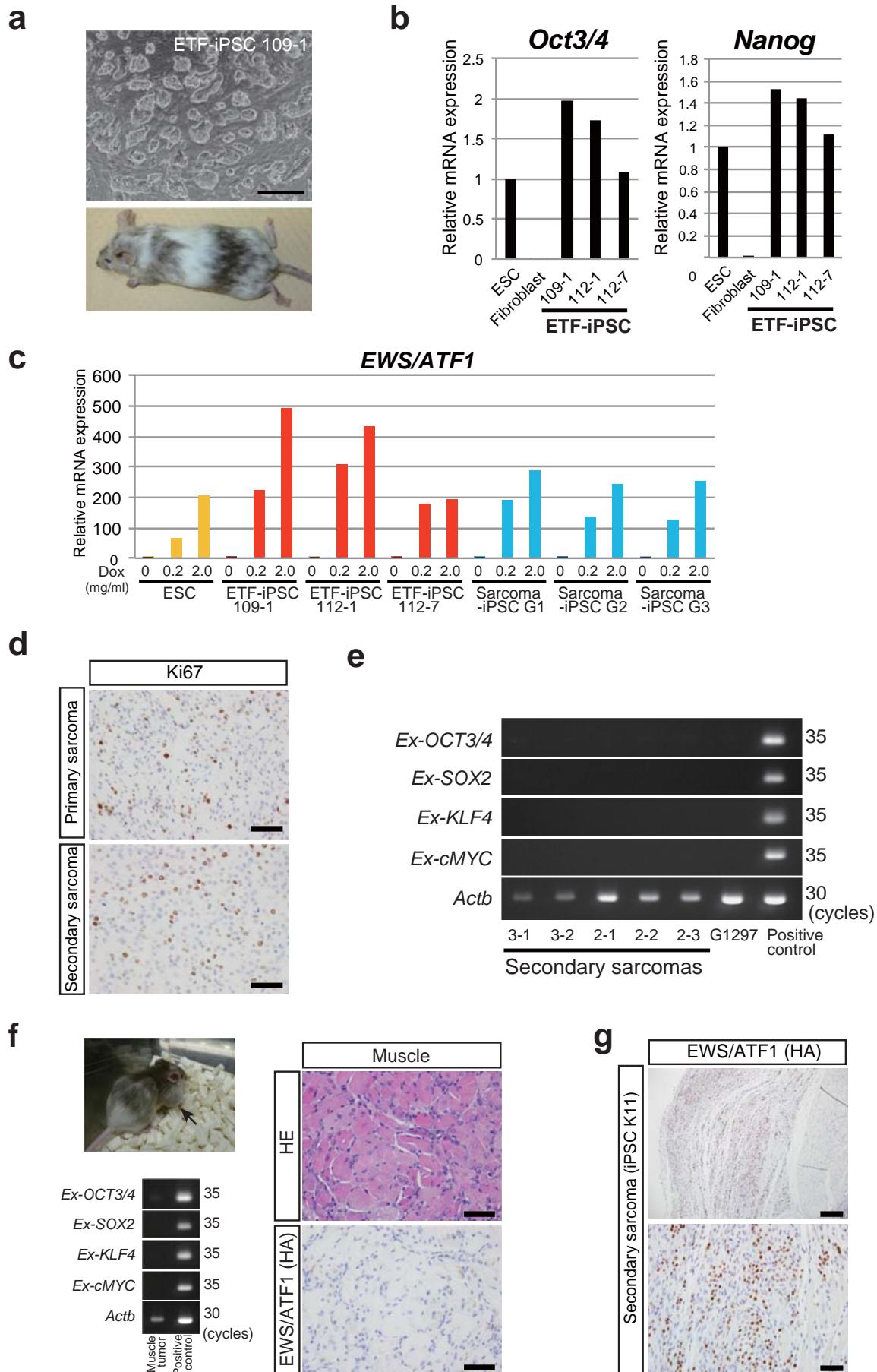


## **Supplementary Figure 1.**

### **Derivation of sarcoma-iPSCs**

- a. Sarcoma-iPSCs exhibiting alkaline phosphatase activity. Scale bar: 300  $\mu$ m.
- b. qRT-PCR reveals that the expression levels of pluripotency-related genes (*Oct3/4* and *Nanog*) in established iPSC-like cell lines are equivalent to those in ESCs. Data are presented as the mean of technical triplicates. The expression level of ESCs was set to 1.
- c. Microarray analysis of G1297 (Dox OFF), sarcoma-iPSCs and control iPSCs/ESCs (GSE45916) reveals that sarcoma-iPSCs acquired ESC- and normal iPSC-like gene expression signatures. Color range is shown using a log<sub>2</sub> scale.
- d. Hierarchical clustering analysis of G1297, sarcoma-iPSC, and control ES/iPSCs (GSE45916) by microarray. Global gene expression profiles of sarcoma-iPSCs are similar to those of ESCs.
- e. Bisulfite sequencing analyses reveal that *Oct3/4* distal enhancer and *Nanog* promoter region are demethylated in sarcoma-derived iPSC-like cells. White and black circles indicate non-methylated and methylated cytosine at CpG sites, respectively.
- f. RT-PCR shows the silencing of the 4 exogenous factors in established sarcoma-iPSCs lines. The number of PCR cycles is also indicated.
- g. Shared chromosomal aberrations with G1297 are detected in sarcoma-iPSC lines G1 and G2.
- h. Direct sequencing confirms shared missense mutations of the *Plekhg5* and *Alk* genes in G1297 and sarcoma-derived iPSC-like cells (clone G3).
- i. Sarcoma-derived iPSC-like cells generated teratomas in the subcutaneous layer of immunocompromised mice. Scale bars: 100  $\mu$ m.

## Supplementary Figure 2



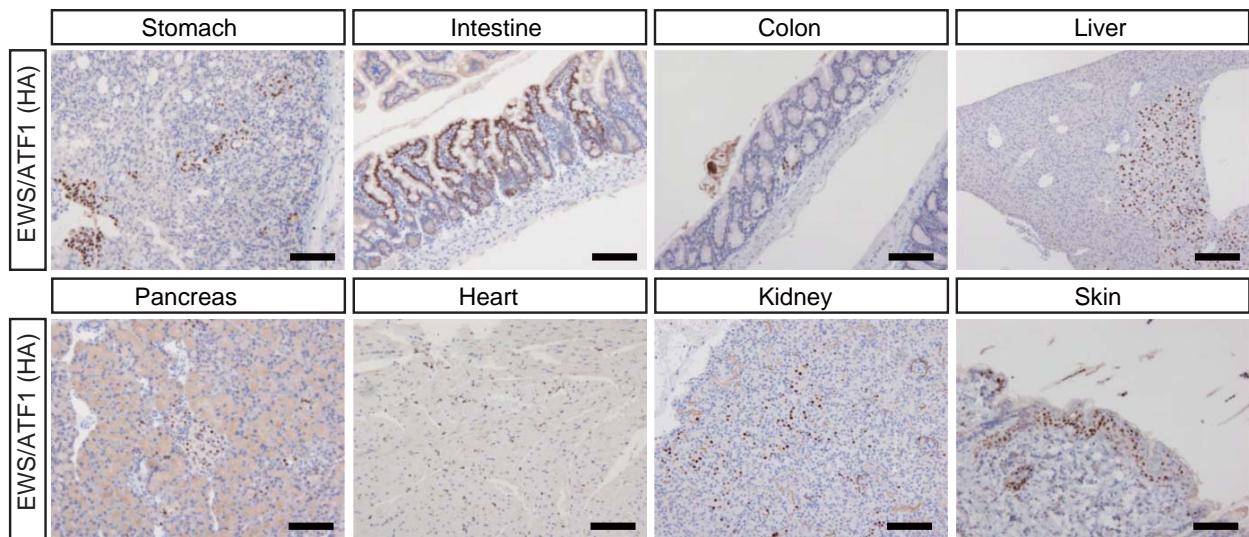
## **Supplementary Figure 2.**

### **Sarcoma development in *EWS/ATF1*-inducible iPSC and ESC mice**

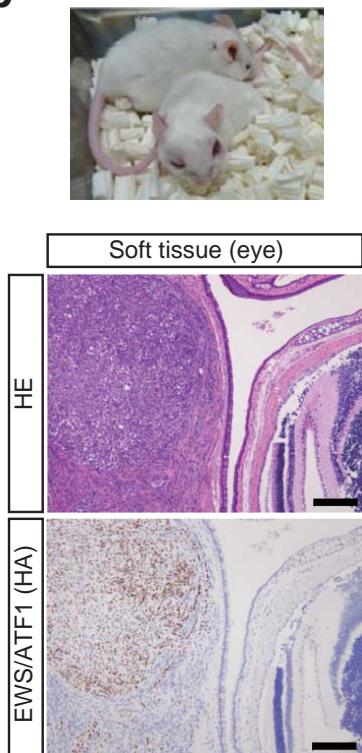
- a. ETF-iPSCs were established from ear tip fibroblasts of CCS model mice harboring a Dox-inducible *EWS/ATF1* allele with the equivalent reprogramming method used for sarcoma-iPSCs derivation. ETF-iPSCs contributed to somatic cells of the chimeric mice after injection into blastocyst. Scale bar: 300  $\mu$ m.
- b. qRT-PCR reveals that the expression levels of pluripotency related genes (*Oct3/4* and *Nanog*) in established ETF-iPSCs are equivalent to those in ESCs. Data are presented as the mean of technical triplicates. The expression level of ESCs was set to 1.
- c. Comparison of *EWS/ATF1* expression level between ESCs, ETF-iPSCs, and sarcoma-iPSCs. Sarcoma-iPSCs exhibit similar expression levels of *EWS/ATF1* to control ESCs/iPSCs. Data are presented as the mean of technical triplicates. The expression level of ESC Dox0 was set to 1. Dox concentrations are 0, 0.2 and 2.0  $\mu$ g/ml, respectively, and Dox exposure time is 8 hours.
- d. Ki67 staining for primary and secondary sarcomas. Scale bars: 50  $\mu$ m.
- e. RT-PCR shows no obvious reactivation of exogenous 4 factors in secondary sarcomas. The number of PCR cycles is indicated.
- f. Dox-independent rhabdomyosarcoma was observed in 1 of 7 sarcoma-iPSC mice without Dox treatment. No reactivation of reprogramming factors is detected. HE staining of rhabdomyosarcoma (top) and negative HA immunostaining (bottom) are shown. Scale bars: 50  $\mu$ m.
- g. HA (EWS/ATF1) staining in secondary sarcomas in K11-iPSC-derived chimeric mice. Scale bar: 200  $\mu$ m (upper), 50  $\mu$ m (lower).

### Supplementary Figure 3

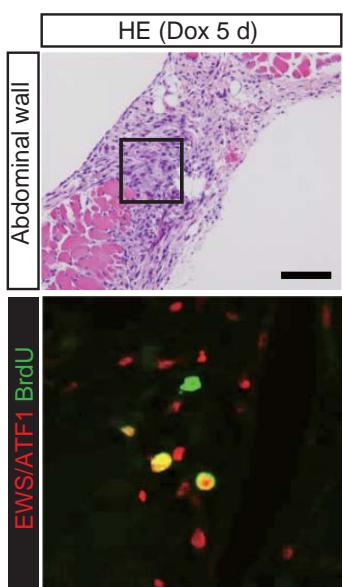
**a**



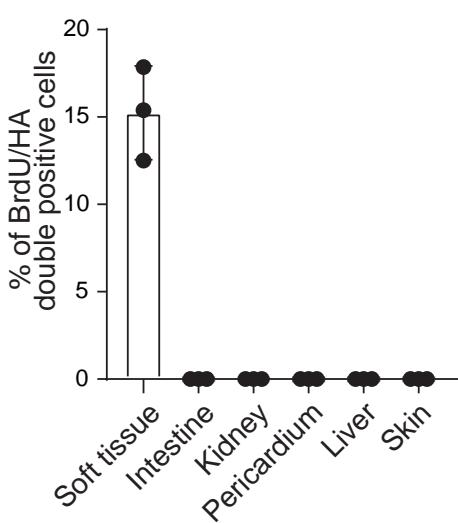
**b**



**c**



**d**

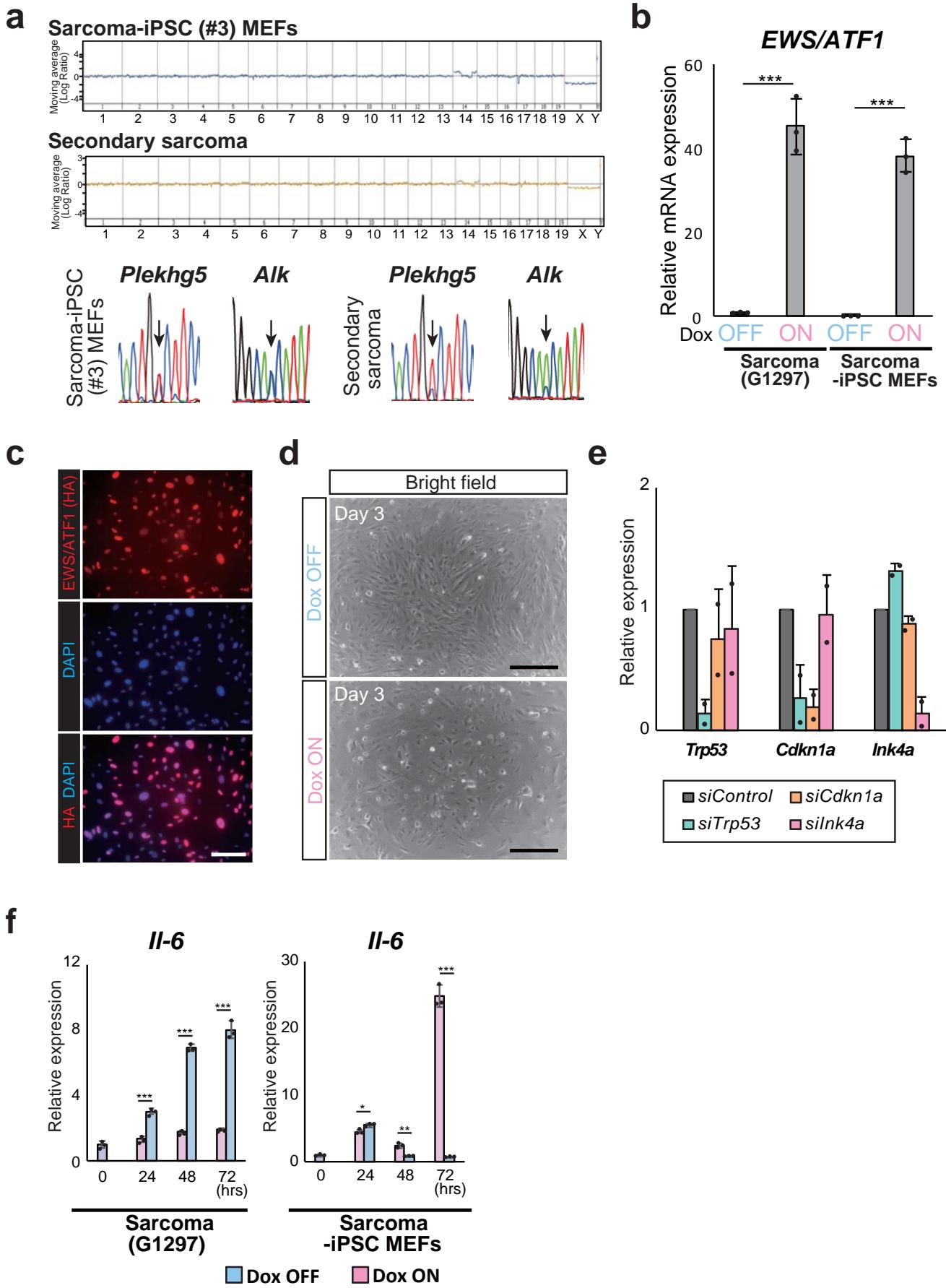


**Supplementary Figure 3.**

***EWS/ATF1* does not induce secondary sarcomas in a wide variety of cell types**

- a. Immunohistochemistry for EWS/ATF1 using HA antibody. Representative images demonstrating that EWS/ATF1-expressing cells are detectable in various organs and tissues in sarcoma-iPSC chimeric mice after Dox treatment for 5-7 days. Scale bars: 100  $\mu$ m.
- b. Secondary sarcoma development was found in soft tissue outside of the eyes. Anti-HA antibody is used to detect EWS/ATF1. Scale bars: 100  $\mu$ m.
- c. Dysplastic cells were often observed in the center of the abdominal wall (upper panel). Scale bars: 100  $\mu$ m. A lower panel shows immunofluorescence of the boxed region in the upper image using HA and BrdU antibodies. In sharp contrast to other organs, EWS/ATF1-expressing dysplastic cells at Day 5 display a BrdU signal, indicating escape from premature senescence.
- d. Quantitative analysis for BrdU positive cells in HA positive cells in different organs. The mean  $\pm$  SD of 3 independent biological experiments are shown, respectively.

## Supplementary Figure 4

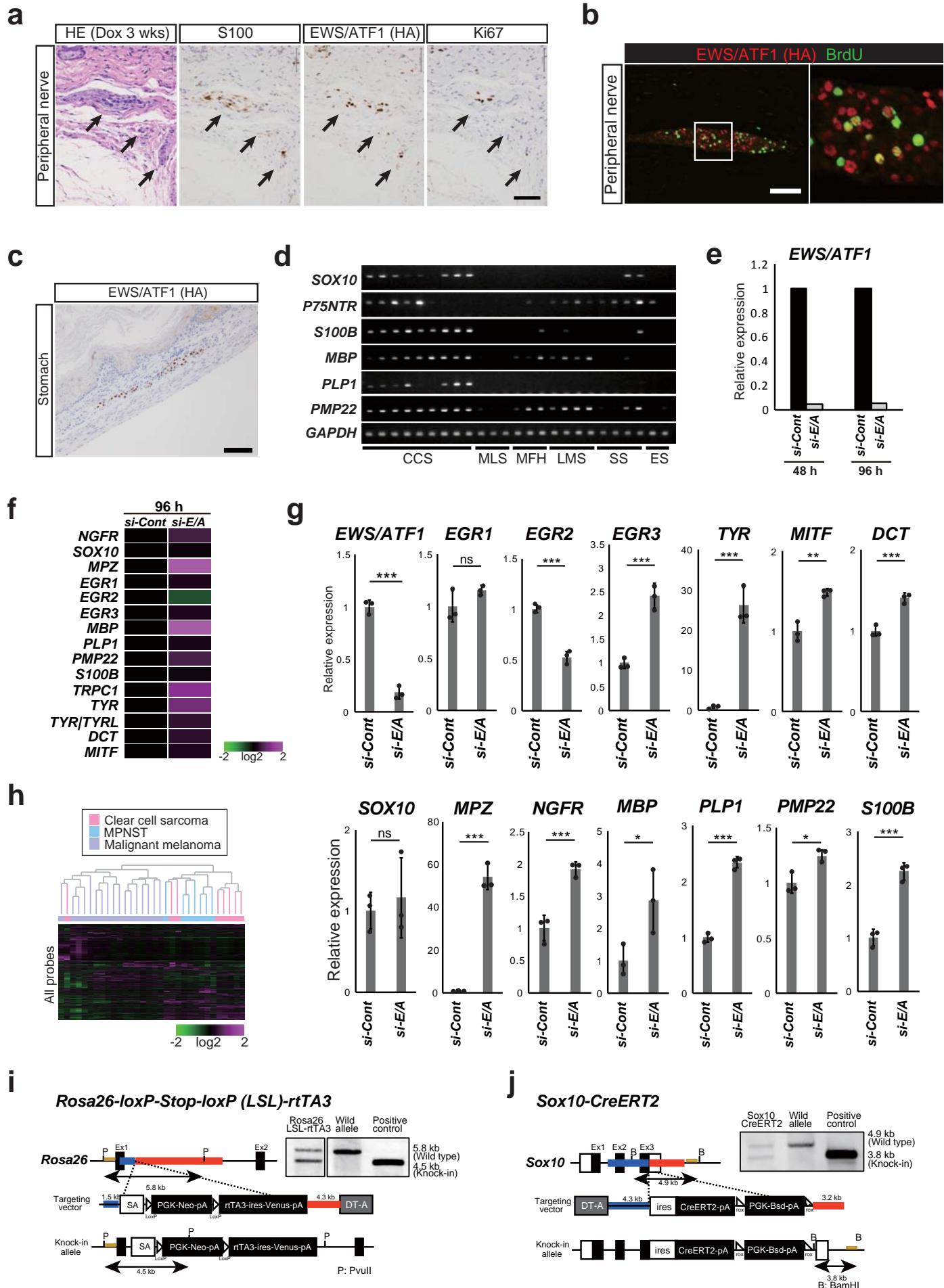


#### **Supplementary Figure 4.**

#### **Sarcoma iPSC-derived MEFs exhibit growth arrest phenotype**

- a. Array CGH analysis reveals that sarcoma-iPSC MEFs and secondary sarcoma harbor some G1297-specific chromosomal abnormalities. Exome sequencing shows *Plekhg5* and *Alk* mutations in both sarcoma-iPSC MEFs and secondary sarcoma.
- b. qRT-PCR analysis reveals comparative expression levels of *EWS/ATF1* in G1297 and sarcoma-iPSC MEFs (\*\* $P < 0.001$ , two-sided Student's t-test). Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD of triplicates. The mean expression level of G1297 Dox0 was set to 1. Dox concentration is 0.2  $\mu$ g/ml, and Dox exposure time is 48 hours. The mean  $\pm$  SD of 3 independent biological experiments are shown, respectively.
- c. Immunocytochemistry of sarcoma-iPSC MEFs using HA antibody reveals that most MEFs expressed EWS/ATF1. Dox exposure time is 12 hours. Scale bar: 300  $\mu$ m.
- d. *EWS/ATF1* induction in sarcoma-iPSC MEFs results in morphological changes and growth inhibition. Dox exposure time is 3 days. Scale bars: 300  $\mu$ m.
- e. Knockdown efficiency for senescence-related genes. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD of two independent experiments. The mean expression level of *siControl*-treated cells was set to 1.
- f. A qRT-PCR analysis for *Il-6* in sarcoma cells and sarcoma-iPSC MEFs. Sarcoma cells exhibit an increased expression of *Il-6* upon *EWS/ATF1* withdrawal, while sarcoma-iPSC MEFs show an increased *Il-6* expression upon *EWS/ATF1* induction (\* $P < 0.05$ , \*\* $P < 0.01$ , \*\*\* $P < 0.001$ , two-sided Student's t-test). Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD of independent biological triplicates. The mean expression level of samples at 0 h was set to 1.

## Supplementary Figure 5



## **Supplementary Figure 5.**

### **Murine and human CCSs harbor Schwann cell properties**

- a. Three weeks Dox treatment on a *EWS/ATF1*-inducible mouse resulted in the proliferation of peripheral nerve cells. Arrows indicate peripheral nerves. Scale bar: 50  $\mu$ m.
- b. *EWS/ATF1*-expressing microscopic tumor cells in ETF-iPSCs chimeric mice after 4 weeks of Dox treatment (left) merged with BrdU signals (right). Scale bar: 100  $\mu$ m.
- c. HA staining reveals *EWS/ATF1* expression in microscopic sarcoma cells in Auerbach's plexus at gastric wall. Scale bar: 100  $\mu$ m.
- d. RT-PCR of human surgically-resected sarcoma samples. MLS, malignant liposarcoma; MFH, malignant fibrous histiocytoma; LMS, leiomyosarcoma; SS, synovial sarcoma; ES, Ewing sarcoma. Lanes 8, 9, and 24 are cell lines KAS, MP-CCS-SY, and TC135, respectively. The number of PCR cycles is 35.
- e. Knockdown efficiency for *EWS/ATF1* in MP-CCS-SY samples used in microarray analysis. Data are presented as the mean of technical triplicates. The expression level of *siControl*-treated cells was set to 1.
- f. Microarray analysis of marker genes for neural crest derivatives at 96 hours after knockdown of *EWS/ATF1* in MP-CCS-SY.
- g. A qRT-PCR analysis of marker genes for neural crest derivatives after knockdown of *EWS/ATF1* in MP-CCS-SY. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD of independent technical triplicates. The mean expression level of *siControl*-treated cells was set to 1. (ns; not significant, \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001, two-sided Student's t-test)
- h. Hierarchical clustering analysis and heatmap of global gene expression in human CCSs, MPNSTs, and malignant melanomas by microarray. Color range in heatmap is shown using a log2 scale.
- i. Schematic representation of the *Rosa26* targeting allele and Southern blot analysis of the obtained clone. Venus fluorescence is hardly detectable in the targeted cells.
- j. Schematic representation of the *Sox10* targeting allele and Southern blot analysis of the obtained clone. ires, internal ribosomal entry site; Bsd, blasticidin resistant gene; PGK, PGK promoter; pA, poly(A) sequence; DT-A, diphtheria toxin A.

## Supplementary Figure 6

a

### Criterion 1

Gene symbol	Sciatic nerve	
	Postnatal day 5	4 months
<i>Tppp3</i>	777.4375	3340.4214
<i>Gca</i>	41.13325	185.52594
<i>Gca</i>	116.74856	438.3229
<i>Plin4</i>	166.25044	3350.2576
<i>Dgat2</i>	208.93199	889.275
<i>Dgat2</i>	236.84724	2019.1979

### Criterion 2

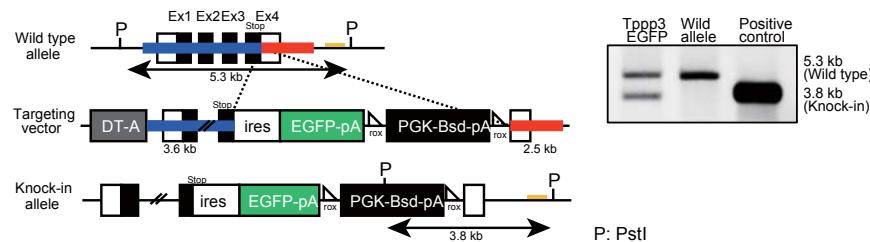
Gene symbol	Melanocytes	Sciatic nerve
	Postnatal day 5	4 months
<i>Tppp3</i>	82.07335	3733.0137
<i>Gca</i>	17.619337	416.95166
<i>Gca</i>	10.918382	249.06717
<i>Plin4</i>	58.9481	3811.3484
<i>Dgat2</i>	107.58669	855.31305
<i>Dgat2</i>	135.11526	3053.8433

### Criterion 3

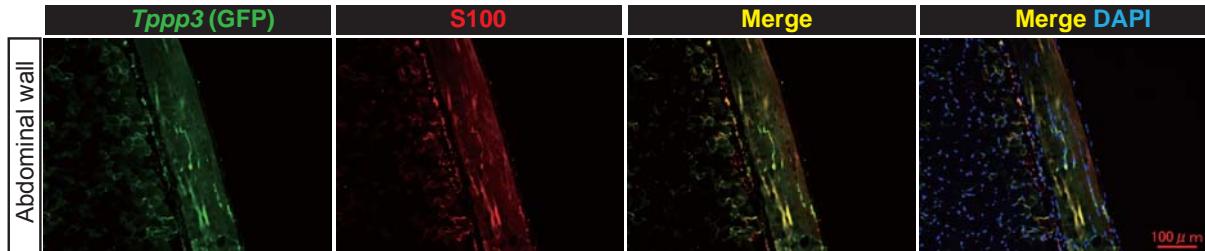
Gene symbol	G1297	
	Dox ON	Dox OFF
<i>Tppp3</i>	623.8184	3406.1687
<i>Gca</i>	90.183334	571.5056
<i>Plin4</i>	127.26311	881.4622
<i>Dgat2</i>	207.6215	1791.6649

b

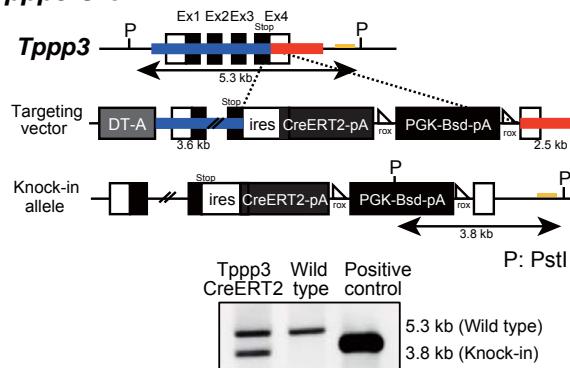
#### *Tppp3-EGFP*



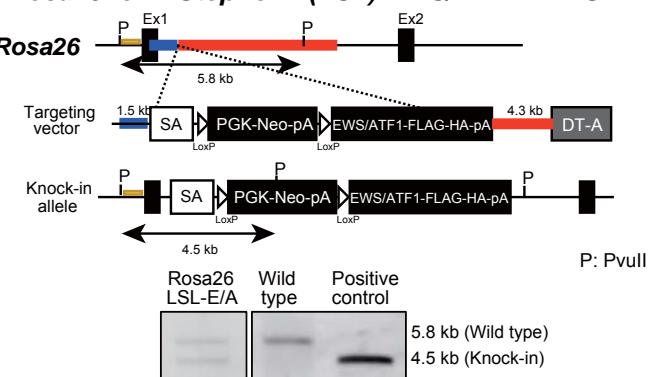
c



#### *Tppp3-CreERT2*

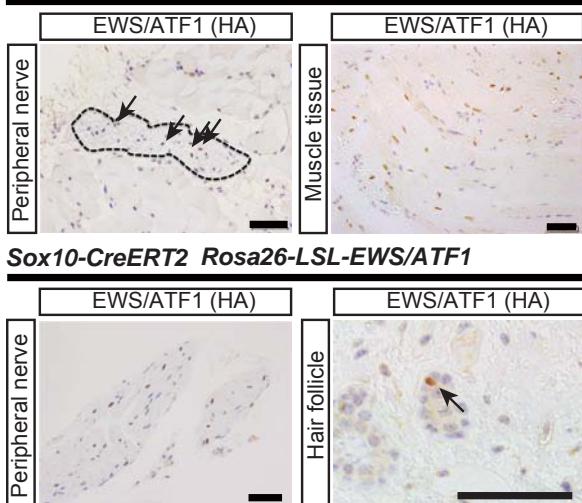


#### *Rosa26-loxP-Stop-loxP (LSL)-EWS/ATF1-FLAG-HA*

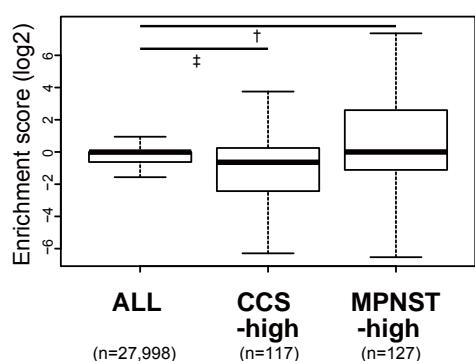


f

#### *Tppp3-CreERT2 Rosa26-LSL-EWS/ATF1*



g

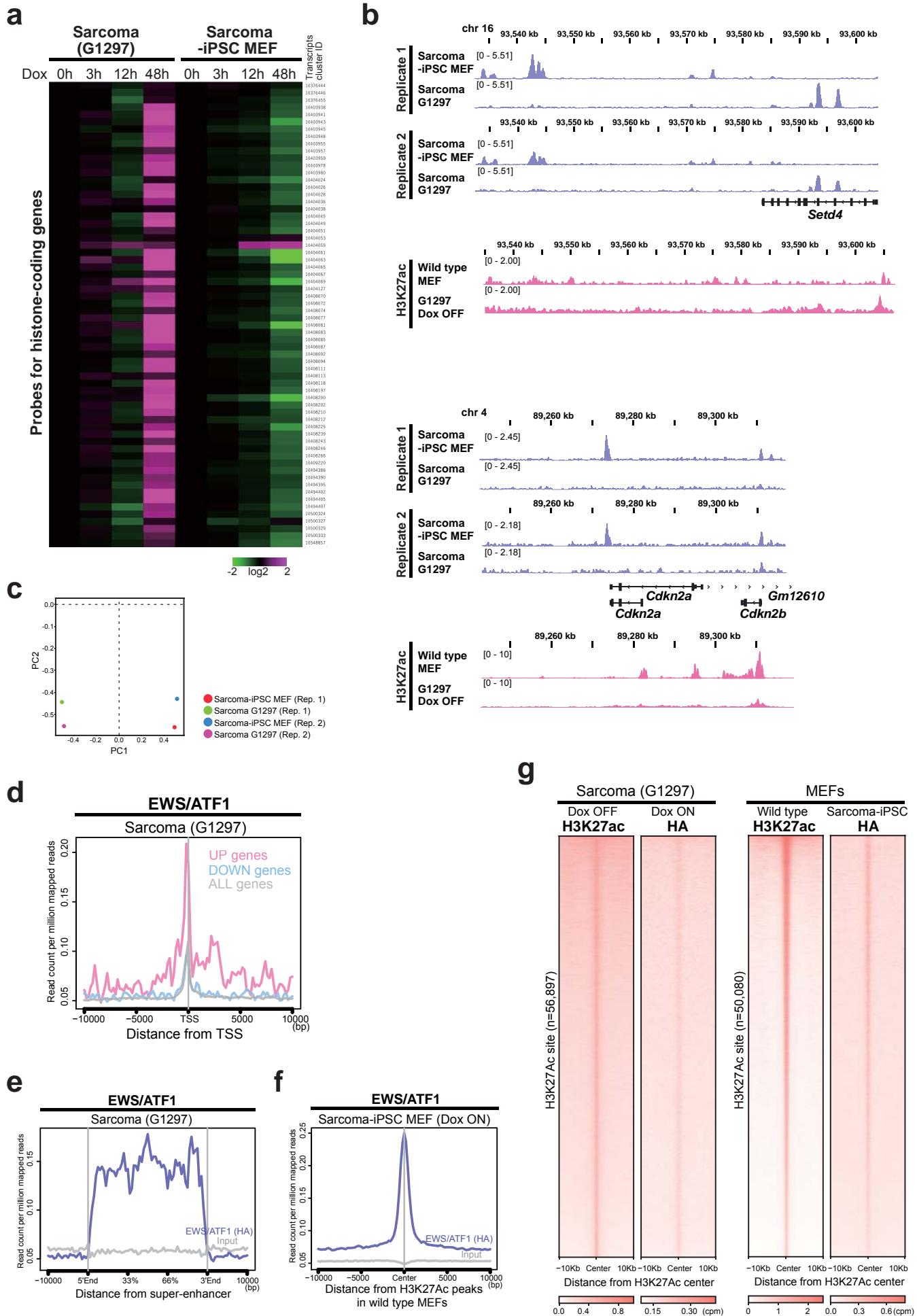


## Supplementary Figure 6.

### Visualization of *Tppp3* expression and conditional *EWS/ATF1* transduction system

- a. The lists of microarray data regarding overlapped 4 genes. Normalized values are indicated.
- b. Schematic representation of the *Tppp3* targeting allele. The *ires-GFP* sequence with a stop cassette is inserted into 3'UTR of the *Tppp3* locus. Southern blot analysis using a 3' external probe shows successful homologous recombination.
- c. Immunofluorescence of the subcutaneous tissue of *Tppp3-EGFP* homo mouse (5 weeks old) using GFP and S100 antibodies. GFP fluorescence (green) is detectable in S100-positive peripheral nerve of soft tissue around the abdominal wall. Scale bar: 100  $\mu$ m.
- d. Schematic representation of the *Tppp3* targeting allele. The *ires-CreERT2* sequence with a stop cassette is inserted into 3'UTR of the *Tppp3* locus. Southern blot analysis of both obtained clones using a 3' external probe shows successful homologous recombination.
- e. Schematic representation of the *Rosa26* targeting allele. The *EWS/ATF1-FLAG-HA* sequence with a stop cassette is inserted into intron 1 of the *Rosa26* locus. SA, splice acceptor; Neo, neomycin resistant gene. Southern blot analysis of the obtained clone using a 5'external probe shows successful homologous recombination.
- f. *Rosa26<sup>stop-E/A</sup>/Tppp3<sup>CreERT2</sup>* mice reveals EWS/ATF1 expression in the peripheral nerves at 1 week after tamoxifen injection (upper panel). *Rosa26<sup>stop-E/A</sup>/Sox10<sup>CreERT2</sup>* mice show EWS/ATF1 expression in both peripheral nerves and hair follicles after tamoxifen injection. EWS/ATF1 expression is detected by HA-immunostaining (lower panel). Arrows indicate the nuclear expressions of EWS/ATF1. Scale bars: 50  $\mu$ m.
- g. Enrichment score <sup>24</sup> of CCS-/MPNST-overexpressed genes in *Sox10/Krox20*-expressing neural crest-derived cells with non-neuronal transcriptional signatures. Upregulated genes in MPNSTs are preferentially expressed in *Sox10/Krox20*-expressing cells (*Sox10* >1.0 or *Krox20* >0.1) while those in CCSs are not. Solid lines in each box indicate the median. The bottom and top of the boxes are lower and upper quartiles, respectively. Whiskers extend to  $\pm$  1.5 interquartile range (IQR). ( $\dagger$ , more enriched, P<0.01;  $\ddagger$ , less enriched, P < 0.0001, Mann-Whitney U-test)

## Supplementary Figure 7



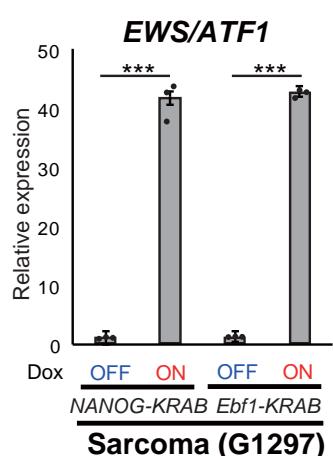
### **Supplementary Figure 7.**

#### **Cell type-specific recruitment of EWS/ATF1 plays a role in sarcoma cell growth**

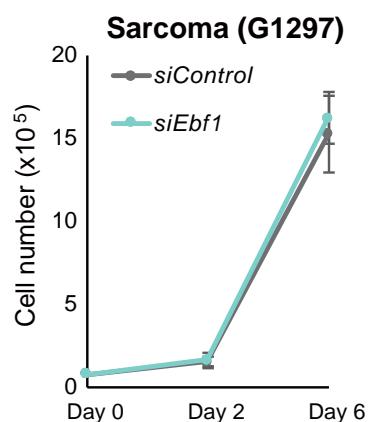
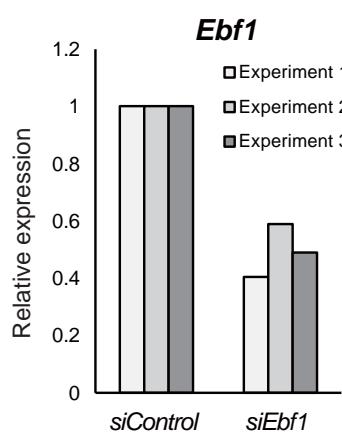
- a. Heatmap of histone-coding gene expression in G1297 and sarcoma-iPSC derived MEFs after exposure of Dox. Note that the two cell types respond inversely to EWS/ATF1. Color range is shown using a log2 scale. Transcripts cluster IDs in Affymetrix Mouse Gene 1.0 ST Array are shown in the right column.
- b. ChIP-seq analysis using HA antibody exhibits the similar EWS/ATF1 binding patterns in two biological replicates. However, H3K27ac pre-marked sites do not correspond to EWS/ATF1 binding sites in these regions, suggesting that H3K27ac pre-marked sites are not always targets of EWS/ATF1 binding, which presumably reflects the different location of binding sites for the enhancer-related transcription factors and ATF1.
- c. PCA analysis with ChIP-seq datasets using HA antibody in G1297 and sarcoma-iPSC MEFs. The global enrichment pattern in each cell type is similar in two independent biological replicates.
- d. ChIP-seq data of G1297 using HA antibody. An enrichment of EWS/ATF1 is observed around the TSSs of upregulated genes after *EWS/ATF1* induction, but not at downregulated genes.
- e. ChIP-seq analysis reveals that EWS/ATF1 is enriched at a super-enhancer of sarcoma cells (G1297), suggesting that EWS/ATF1 plays a role in establishing the super-enhancer in sarcoma cells.
- f. ChIP-seq analysis of sarcoma-iPSC MEFs shows that EWS/ATF1 binding enriches at the H3K27ac pre-marked and open chromatin region in wild type MEFs.
- g. Heatmap of ChIP-seq intensities (copy per million, cpm). Normalized intensities for H3K27ac and HA (HA-tagged EWS/ATF1) within 10 kb +/- from the center of H3K27ac-marked site are shown. Heatmaps were ranked according to H3K27ac enrichment. EWS/ATF1 is enriched at most H3K27Ac pre-marked regions in both sarcoma cells and MEFs.

## Supplementary Figure 8

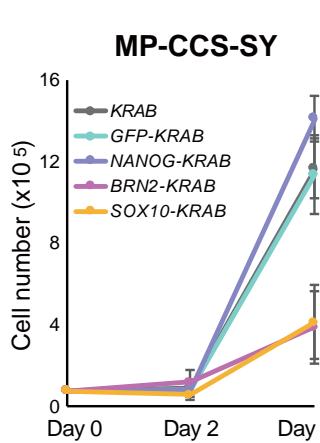
**a**



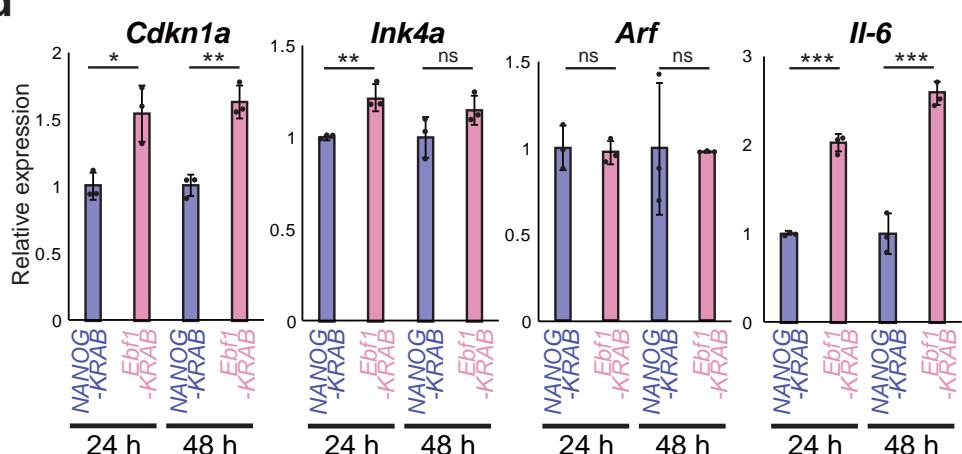
**b**



**c**

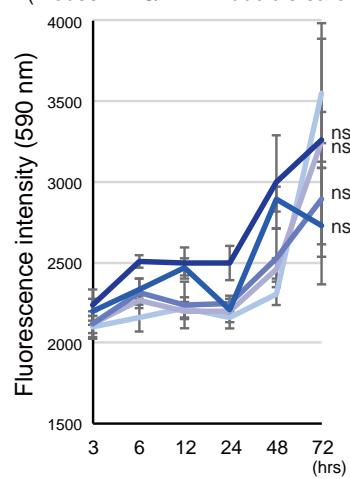


**d**

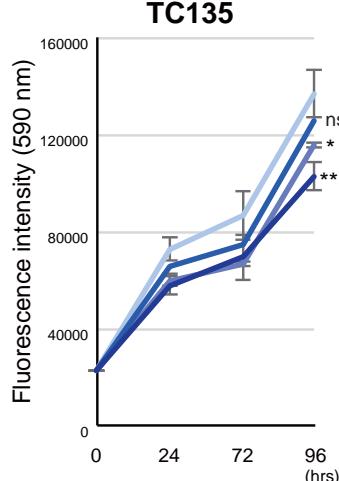


**e**

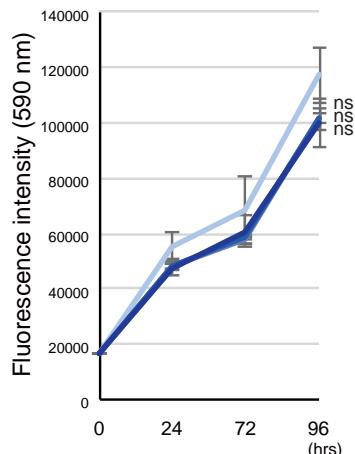
**SCOS**  
(Mouse *EWS/FLI1*-inducible sarcoma)



**f**



**A673**



Legend for e and f:

- Dox+DMSO
- Dox+JQ1 5 nM
- Dox+JQ1 50 nM
- Dox+JQ1 500 nM
- Dox+JQ1 1000 nM

Legend for f:

- DMSO
- JQ1 50 nM
- JQ1 500 nM
- JQ1 1000 nM

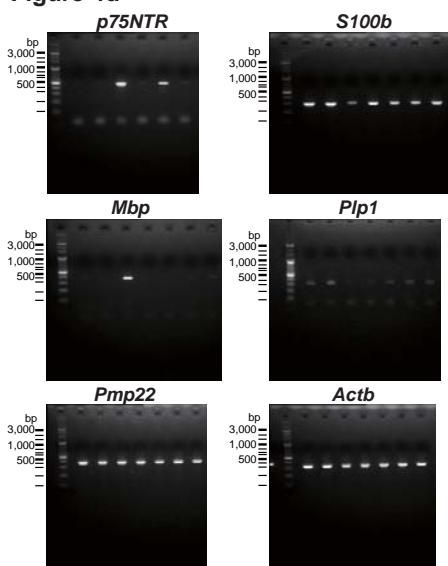
## **Supplementary Figure 8.**

### **Effect of JQ1 treatment on Ewing sarcoma cell growth**

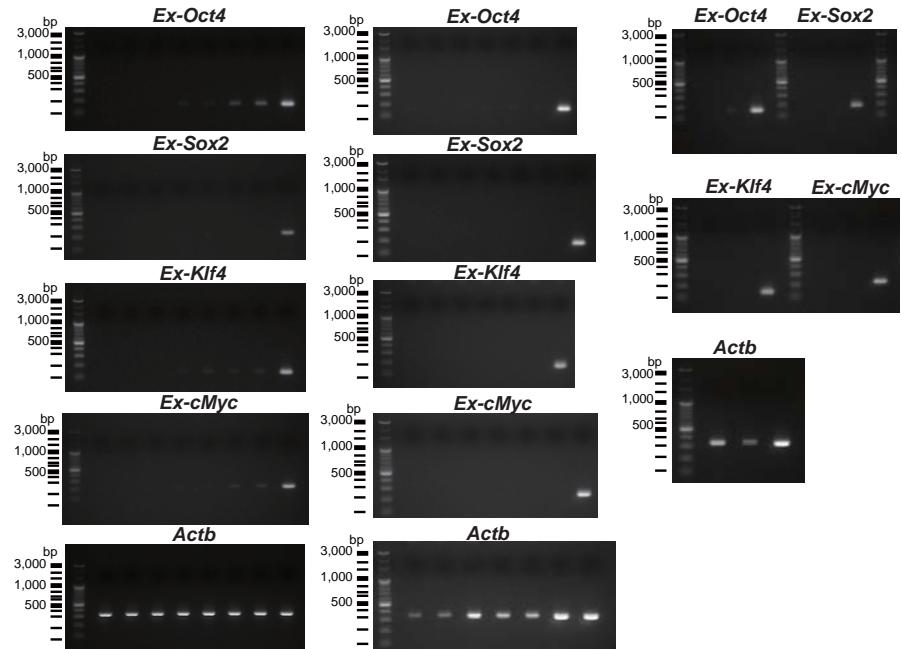
- a. Comparison of *EWS/ATF1* expression levels between *Ebf1-KRAB*- and *NANOG-KRAB*-expressing G1297 (\*\*P < 0.0001, two-sided Student's t-test). qRT-PCR reveals that *Ebf1-KRAB* transduction does not reduce *EWS/ATF1* expression in G1297. The induction time of *KRAB* fusion genes is 48 hours. Data are presented as mean ± SD of independent biological triplicates. The expression level of *NANOG-KRAB*-expressing G1297 (Dox0) was set to 1.
- b. Knockdown of *Ebf1* does not affect cell growth in G1297. Relative knockdown efficiency is shown in the left panel. Data are presented as mean ± SD of independent biological triplicates.
- c. Cell growth assay of *KRAB*-fusion-expressing MP-CCS-SY. *SOX10-KRAB* and *BRN2-KRAB* transduction result in the inhibition of CCS cell growth (ns; not significant, \*\*P < 0.01, two-sided Student's t-test). *KRAB*, *GFP-KRAB*, and *NANOG-KRAB* were used as controls. Data are presented as mean ± SD of independent biological triplicates.
- d. A qRT-PCR analysis for *Cdkn1a*, *Ink4a*, *Arf*, and *Il-6* in sarcoma cells (G1297) expressing *NANOG-KRAB* and *Ebf1-KRAB* at 24 h and 48 h. *Ebf1-KRAB*-expressing G1297 exhibits an increased expression of *Cdkn1a* and *Ink4a*, as well as *IL-6* (ns; not significant, \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001, two-sided Student's t-test). Data are presented as the mean ± SD of independent biological triplicates. The mean expression level of *NANOG-KRAB*-expressing G1297 was set to 1.
- e. Effect of JQ1 treatment on growth of mouse EWS/FLI1-induced sarcoma cells (ns; not significant, two-sided Student's t-test). Data are presented as mean ± SD of independent biological triplicates.
- f. Effect of JQ1 treatment on growth of human Ewing sarcoma cells (ns; not significant, \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, two-sided Student's t-test). Data are presented as mean ± SD of independent biological triplicates.

## Supplementary Figure 9

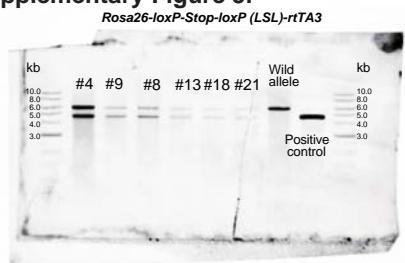
**Figure 4d**



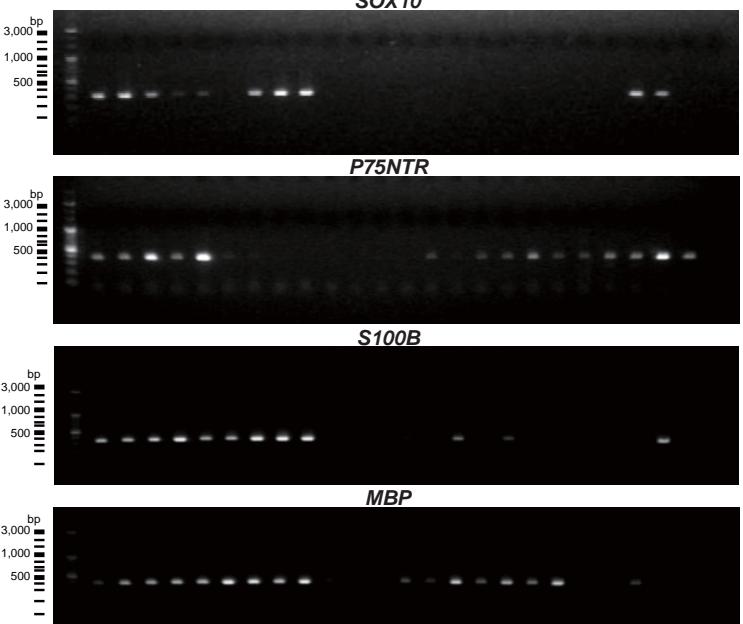
**Supplementary Figure 1f Supplementary Figure 2e Supplementary Figure 2f**



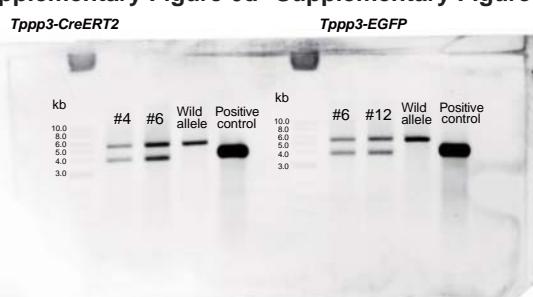
**Supplementary Figure 5i**



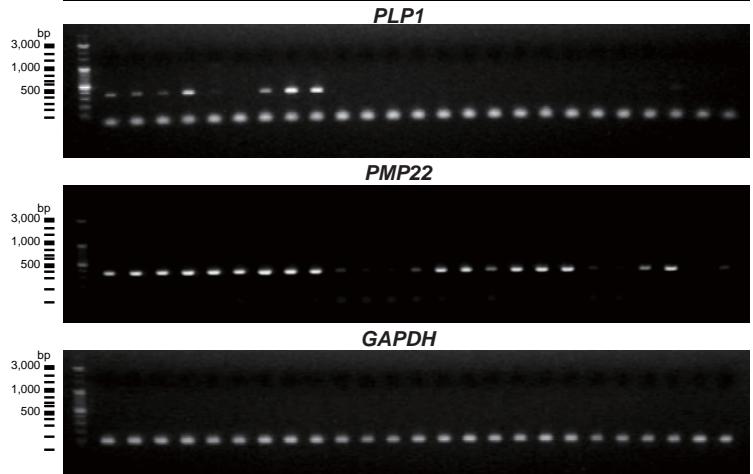
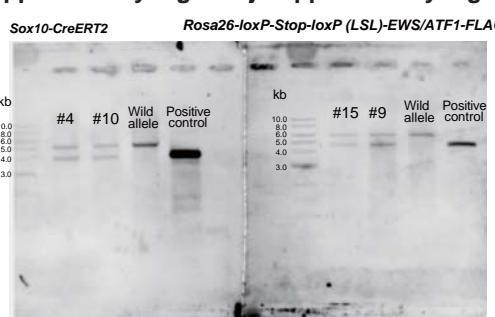
**Supplementary Figure 5d**



**Supplementary Figure 6d Supplementary Figure 6b**



**Supplementary Figure 5j Supplementary Figure 6e**



**Supplementary Figure 9.**

This file contains uncropped gel image data.

Supplementary Table 1: A list of potential mutation sites in sarcoma (G1297) and sarcoma-iPSC #3.

Chromosome	position	Gene	Base changes		Amino acid changes		Sarcoma (G1297) Mutation freq.	Sequencing depth	Sarcoma-iPSC #3 Mutation freq.	Sequencing depth
			Ref.	Alt.	Ref.	Alt.				
chr1	135,457,866	Nav1	TA	T	Frame shift		0.571428571	21	0.333333333	24
chr2	66,536,265	Scn9a	CAATTCCAGATTTAAA	C	Frame shift		0.275862069	29	0.452380952	42
chr2	82,990,281	Fspip2	C	CT	Frame shift		0.462962963	54	0.617021277	47
chr14	30,142,701	Cacna1d	T	A	Stop codon gained		0.489795918	49	0.586206897	58
chr15	91,731,509	Lrrk2	A	T	Stop codon gained		0.355555556	45	0.431372549	51
chr1	9,687,657	Mybl1	T	G	Lys Thr		0.430232558	86	0.554347826	92
chr1	74,576,049	Zfp142	G	C	Ala Gly		0.46728972	107	0.467153285	137
chr1	75,175,009	Abcb6	T	G	Glu Asp		0.417391304	230	0.474358974	312
chr1	92,641,894	Myevov2	C	T	Val Met		0.392156883	51	0.493975904	83
chr1	154,493,310	Cacna1e	T	C	Asp Gly		0.43442623	122	0.536585366	123
chr1	166,485,696	Gm4846	T	G	Lys Thr		0.416666667	96	0.482758621	116
chr1	171,229,915	Fcer1g	G	A	Arg Trp		0.507042254	71	0.452380952	84
chr1	181,117,449	Nvl	G	A	Thr Ile		0.453333333	75	0.48	100
chr1	184,727,729	Hlx	T	G	Lys Thr		0.551724138	29	0.512195122	41
chr2	26,950,603	Stk1d1	A	C	Gln His		0.555555556	45	0.450980392	51
chr2	28,505,328	Gbgt1	G	A	Arg Gln	0.5		16	0.473684211	38
chr2	60,376,098	Ly75	A	C	Phe Val		0.466666667	75	0.494736842	95
chr2	90,003,275	Oifr1262	A	G	Lys Glu		0.365853659	82	0.425	80
chr2	90,003,308	Oifr1262	C	A	His Asn		0.457627119	59	0.397058824	68
chr2	103,731,413	Nat10	C	G	Gly Ala		0.469387755	49	0.514285714	70
chr2	122,118,208	Spg11	A	G	Leu Pro		0.466666667	15	0.421052632	19
chr2	129,075,947	Ttl	G	A	Ala Thr		0.465116279	43	0.571428571	84
chr2	160,908,453	Emilin3	A	C	Phe Val		0.313953488	86	0.464285714	112
chr2	163,825,267	Wisp2	T	C	Ser Pro		0.488372093	43	0.55	60
chr2	174,298,266	Gnas	A	G	Lys Arg		0.465116279	43	0.465753425	73
chr2	179,935,121	Taf4a	T	C	Ser Gly	0.3		20	0.466666667	30
chr3	20,228,836	Cpa3	A	C	Val Gly		0.483870968	62	0.46835443	79
chr3	30,631,424	Lrrc34	G	A	Arg Cys	1		35	1	43
chr4	21,782,906	Usp45	C	G	Ser Arg		0.457142857	35	0.588235294	34
chr4	43,415,909	Rusc2	T	C	Leu Pro	0.5375		80	0.526315789	133
chr4	99,065,385	Dock7	G	C	Ala Gly	0.515151515		33	0.487179487	39
chr4	114,194,610	Skint1	A	C	Ser Arg	0.481012658		79	0.461538462	65
chr4	134,202,410	Gm7534	A	C	Leu Val		0.50390625	256	0.462650602	415
chr4	152,113,859	Plekhh5	T	C	Ser Pro	0.412698413		63	0.540540541	111
chr4	152,377,037	Chd5	G	C	Asp His		0.380952381	21	0.68	25
chr5	24,387,499	Atg9b	A	C	Leu Arg		0.534883721	43	0.538461538	52
chr5	86,197,743	Gnhrhr	A	T	Leu His		0.459459459	37	0.528301887	53
chr5	106,874,850	Hfm1	A	T	Leu His	0.512195122		41	0.480769231	52
chr5	110,189,798	Golga3	A	C	Asn His		0.482758621	29	0.468085106	47
chr5	124,401,167	Sbn01	G	C	Ala Gly		0.426829268	82	0.567010309	97
chr5	125,023,557	Ncor2	T	C	Lys Arg		0.47826087	138	0.454022989	174
chr5	138,757,965	Fam20c	A	C	Lys Thr		0.458646617	133	0.431924883	213
chr6	11,987,092	Phf14	A	C	Lys Thr	0.296875		64	0.362318841	69
chr6	66,637,410	Vmn1r34	A	C	Phe Val		0.340369393	379	0.362186788	439
chr6	132,312,261	Prppmp5	C	A	Gly Val	0.277161863		451	0.308712121	528
chr7	10,714,353	Nlrp4b	A	T	Asn Ile	0.50617284		81	0.422680412	97
chr7	25,638,165	Bckdha	C	G	Ala Pro		0.49122807	57	0.416666667	96
chr7	34,934,711	Pepd	A	C	Lys Thr		0.461538462	39	0.407407407	81
chr7	46,701,922	Saal1	A	T	Leu His		0.426829268	82	0.441489362	188
chr7	83,897,950	Mesdc2	A	C	Lys Thr		0.354166667	48	0.631578947	57
chr7	86,465,510	Oifr299	A	C	Tyr Ser		0.397163121	141	0.482517483	143
chr7	102,973,357	Oifr577	C	T	Val Met		0.525423729	59	0.555555556	63
chr8	107,058,173	Nip7	G	T	Ala Ser		0.472222222	36	0.463414634	41
chr8	107,413,008	Nob1	G	C	Ser Trp		0.454545455	22	0.428571429	42
chr8	110,600,251	Hydin	T	G	Phe Val		0.461538462	65	0.476923077	130
chr8	116,933,299	Cenpn	T	G	Phe Val	0.46875		32	0.440677966	59
chr9	44,256,464	Nirx1	T	C	Lys Arg	0.613636364		44	0.592592593	81
chr9	58,026,196	Cyp11a1	T	G	Phe Val	0.464285714		56	0.391304348	92
chr9	59,870,963	Myo9a	T	C	Leu Pro		0.382352941	34	0.538461538	52
chr10	12,720,929	Utrn	T	G	Ser Arg		0.661654135	133	0.595505618	178
chr10	22,286,289	H60b	A	T	Ser Cys		0.573529412	68	0.636363636	77
chr10	67,244,839	Jmj1d1c	T	C	Ser Pro		0.483870968	31	0.326530612	49
chr10	75,049,293	Vpreb3	T	C	Leu Pro		0.568965517	58	0.669724771	109
chr10	79,781,166	Fst3	T	G	Leu Arg		0.601123596	178	0.666666667	294
chr10	81,332,714	Tbx2a2r	T	G	Val Gly		0.714285714	56	0.691489362	94
chr10	129,692,035	Oifr803	T	C	Lys Arg		0.658227848	79	0.783333333	60
chr11	3,819,900	Osbp2	G	C	His Asp	0.625		56	0.489583333	96
chr11	84,342,011	Acaca	G	A	Glu Lys		0.558139535	86	0.597826087	92
chr11	87,549,488	Tex14	A	C	Asn Thr	0.425		80	0.441860465	129
chr11	106,019,137	Kcnh6	T	C	Val Ala		0.397435897	156	0.553278689	244
chr11	110,244,291	Abca6	A	G	Phe Leu		0.444444444	36	0.47826087	69
chr11	115,616,648	Slc25a19	T	G	Asn Thr		0.513153151	37	0.430379747	79
chr12	114,682,664	Ighv1-18	A	T	Ser Thr		0.50245098	408	0.505102041	392
chr13	22,244,744	Vmn1r194	T	G	Val Gly		0.388235294	85	0.449438202	89
chr13	74,150,794	Slc9a3	T	G	Phe Val		0.462121212	132	0.445121951	164
chr13	100,489,143	Gtf2h2	A	T	Leu His		0.490196078	51	0.512820513	78
chr13	113,095,902	Gzma	T	G	Lys Thr		0.52173913	69	0.53125	96
chr14	20,651,261	Myoz1	A	G	Phe Leu		0.428571429	14	0.5	32
chr15	98,457,041	Oifr281	C	T	His Tyr		0.52238806	67	0.441176471	102
chr15	101,892,462	Krt76	C	A	Cys Phe		0.390243902	41	0.425	40
chr16	18,437,532	Txnr2	T	G	Val Gly	0.48		25	0.421052632	19
chr16	36,969,911	Fbx40	A	C	Leu Arg		0.6222807018	114	0.555555556	108
chr16	88,627,399	2310079G19Rik	C	G	Cys Ser		0.476923077	65	0.365079365	63
chr17	24,702,480	Tbl3	T	A	Asp Val		0.492537313	67	0.476190476	126
chr17	25,111,118	Telo2	T	A	Lys Met		0.523364486	107	0.549618321	131
chr17	34,696,037	Tnxb	T	C	Ser Pro		0.478378378	370	0.435763889	576
chr17	40,880,380	9130008F23Rik	A	C	Leu Val		0.435714286	140	0.475903614	166
chr17	72,205,866	Alk	A	C	Val Gly		0.40070922	282	0.493121948	363
chr18	6,225,597	Kif5b	T	G	Asn His		0.432432432	185	0.464435146	239
chr18	36,796,519	Zmat2	T	G	Ser Ala		0.390243902	41	0.596153846	52
chr18	64,265,605	St8sia3	C	G	Ala Gly		0.460526316	76	0.474226804	97
chr19	13,145,793	Oifr1459	T	C	Ser Gly		0.470588235	221	0.488479263	217
chrX	56,960,158	Adgr4	A	G	Asn Ser	1		20	1	33
chrX	66,654,905	Slitrk2	A	T	Lys Met		0.980392157	51	1	70

Supplementary Table 2: Primers used in this study.

Genes	Forward (5' → 3')	Reverse (5' → 3')	Reference
<b>Mouse</b>			
<i>EWS/ATF1</i>	CAATATAGCCAACAGAGCAGCAG	CTCCAAGGGGAGGACTTTG	
<i>Nanog</i>	TGCTTACAAGGGTCTGACTG	TAGAAGAATCAGGGCTGCCCTG	
<i>Oct3/4 (endogenous)</i>	TCCCATGATTCAAACGTAG	CCACCCCTGTTGTGCTTTA	
<i>Ink4a</i>	CGCTGCAGACAGACTGG	TGAAATCTGCACCGTAGTTG	
<i>Arf</i>	GTCGAGGTTCTGGTCACT	TGAAATCTGCACCGTAGTTG	
<i>Cdkn1a</i>	TTGCACTCTGGTGTCTGAGC	TCTGCGCTTGGAGTGATAGA	
<i>IL-6</i>	GTTCTCTGGAAATCGGGA	GGTACTCCAGAACGACAGAGGA	(Mosterio et al. 2016)
<i>Ebf1</i>	CAGCACTGAAACAGAAAGTC	ACATGGAGGGACAACTATGC	
<i>Actb</i>	GCCAACCGTAAAAGATGAC	TCCGGAGTCCATCACAAATG	
<b>Human</b>			
<i>EWS/ATF1</i>	GAAGAGGGGATTGATCGT	TTTCTGCCCGTGTATCTT	
<i>Sox10</i>	GGCTCCCCATGTCAAGAT	GCTGATCTCACCAATGTCCA	
<i>MPZ</i>	GAAATTGCACAAGCCAGGAA	CCTTGGCCTTCTTCATCTG	
<i>NGFR</i>	CCCTGTCATTGTCATCC	CTGTTGGCTCCTGCTTGT	
<i>TYR</i>	TTCATCCAAGATCTGGCTA	CAGATCCGACTCGCTTGT	
<i>MITF</i>	GAAATCTGGGCTTGTATGGA	GGACAGGAGTTGCTGATGGT	
<i>DCT</i>	ACAAACGCTTGCACATTC	AGGCATCTGCAGGAGGATTA	
<i>S100B</i>	AGGGAGACAAAGCACAGCTG	TCCACACCTCTGCTCTT	
<i>EGR1</i>	AGCCTACGAGCACCTGAC	AGCGGCCAGTATAAGGTGATG	
<i>EGR2</i>	GGTGACCATTTTCCAAATG	AGGGTCAATGGAGAACTTGC	
<i>EGR3</i>	CAGCGACTCGGTAGTCATT	GGAAGGAGCCGGAGTAAGAG	
<i>TPPP3</i>	ATGGCAAGAACTGGGCAAG	TTGATGACCCGAGCAGACTTC	
<i>PLP1</i>	CCAAATGACCTTCACCTGT	CATGAGTTAACCGAGGCAA	
<i>PMP22</i>	CCTCAGGAAATGTCCCCAC	AGGGTGAAGAGTTGGCAGAA	
<i>MBP</i>	ACGCAGGAAACGAGAATTA	CGTGAAGAGTACCCAGGTT	
<i>GAPDH</i>	ATGGGAAAGGTGAAGGTG	GGGGTCATTGATGGCAACAAATA	
<b>Mouse</b>			
<i>p75NTR</i>	CCTGCCAGGACAAACAGAAC	GCAGTTCTCTCCCTCTGGT	
<i>Mbp</i>	GGCTGGAAAGAAGAGAGCG	TGGCATGGCTCATGGTACTT	
<i>Pip1</i>	TGTTGATGGCTCTGGTGT	CCATGAGTTAACCGAGGCG	
<i>S100b</i>	CCCAGTTCTCTGCAAGGAA	CTGGAAGTCACACTCCCCAT	
<i>Pmp22</i>	TTGCTCTCGTCTCCACCAT	ATGATACCACTGAGGGAGGC	
<i>Actb</i>	GCTACAGCTTCAACCACACA	CTTCTGCATCTGTCAGCAA	
<b>Human</b>			
<i>SOX10</i>	CTACAAGAGGCCACTTGG	GTAGCTGCTCACATGGCTG	
<i>P75NTR</i>	CCGACAAACCTCATCCCTGTC	CTATGTGCTGGGCTGGTAG	
<i>S100B</i>	ATGTCAGCTGGAGAAAGGC	AGCTCCACTAGGCTGCAAG	
<i>MBP</i>	CACGGACAAACCTCAGAGGAC	CTCTGTGCCCTGGAGGAAG	
<i>PLP1</i>	GTGGCCACTGGATTGTGTTT	AAACATGACACACCCGCTC	
<i>PMP22</i>	GCTCTCTGTTGCTGAGTA	ATCCGAGTTGAGATGCCACT	
<i>Ex-hOCT3/4</i>	GCTCTCCATGCATTCAAACGTA	CTTACCGAAATACGGGAGACA	
<i>Ex-hSOX2</i>	TTCACATGCCCCAGCACTACAGA	GACATGGCTGCCGGTTATTATT	
<i>Ex-hKLF4</i>	CCACCTCGCTTACACATGAAGA	GACATGGCTGCCGGTTATTATT	
<i>Ex-h-cMYC</i>	ATACATCCTGTCGCTTCAAGCAGA	GACATGGCTGCCGGTTATTATT	
<b>Bisulfite genomic sequence</b>			
<i>Nanog</i> promoter	GATTTTGAGGTGGGATAATTGTGAATT	ACCAAAAAACCCACATCAATA	(Takahashi and Yamanaka 2006)
<i>Oct3/4</i> distal enhancer	GGTTTAGAGGTTGGTTGGG	CATCTCTCTAACCTCTCCATAATC	(Theunissen, Costa et al. 2011)