Supplementary Information for

Optimized CRISPR guide RNA design for two high-fidelity

Cas9 variants by deep learning

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Supplementary Notes

Detailed hyperparameters searching space used in this study:

(1) XGBoost

- I. Learning rate: (0.01, 0.12, 0.23, 0.34, 0.45, 0.56, 0.67, 0.78, 0.89, 1.0)
- II. Sub sample: (0.5, 0.556, 0.611, 0.667, 0.722, 0.778, 0.833, 0.889, 0.944, 1.0)
- III. Subsample ratio of columns when constructing each tree: (0.5, 0.556, 0.
 611, 0.667, 0.722, 0.778, 0.833, 0.889, 0.944, 1.0)
- IV. Maximum depth of a tree: (3, 4, 5, 6)
- V. Number of boosted trees to fit: (100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900,1 000)
- VI. L2 regularization term on weights: (1, 11, 21, ..., 479, 489, 500)
- VII. Objective: {'0':'reg: tweedie', '1':'reg: linear'}
- (2) Multilayer perceptron
 - I. Number of fully connected layers: (1,2,3,4,5,6)
 - II. Number of unites in fully connected layers: (50, 60, 70,80, 90, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 200, 220, 240, 260, 280, 300, 320, 340, 360, 380, 400)
- III. Fully connected layers dropout rate: (0.1,0.2,0.4,0.4,0.5,0.6,0.7)
- IV. Batch size: (20,30, 40, 50,60, 70, 80,90, 100)
- V. Epochs: (20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55)
- VI. Activation function: {'1':'relu', '2':'tanh', '3':'sigmoid', '4':'hard_sigmoid', '0':'elu'}

XII. Optimizer: {'1': SGD, '2': RMSprop, '3': Adagrad, '4': Adadelta, '5': Adam, '6': Adamax, '0': Nadam}

(3) CNN

Learning rate was fixed as 0.001.

- I. Embedding dimensions: (16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 68)
- II. Embedding dropout rate: (0.1,0.2,0.3)
- III. Number of fully connected(FC) layers: (1,2,3,4,5,6)

- IV. Number of unites in FC layers: (50, 60, 70,80, 90, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 200, 220, 240, 260, 280, 300, 320, 340, 360, 380, 400)
- V. FC dropout rate:(0.1,0.2,0.4,0.4,0.5,0.6,0.7)
- VI. Batch size: (20,30, 40, 50,60, 70, 80,90, 100)
- VII. Epochs: (20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55)
- VIII. FC Activation function: {'1':'relu','2':'tanh', '3':'sigmoid', '4':'hard_sigmoid', '0':'elu'}
 - IX. Convolutional Layers: {

'0':

'1':

'2':

['1:2:3:4:5:6:7:8:9:10:11:12:13:14:15','20:20:20:20:40:40:40:40:80:80:80:80:80:80:80'],

'3':

['1:2:3:4:5:6:7:8:9:10:11:12:13:14:15','40:40:40:40:40:40:40:40:80:80:80:80:80:80:80:80'],

}

XII. Optimizer: {'1': SGD, '2': RMSprop, '3': Adagrad, '4': Adadelta, '5': Adam, '6': Adamax, '0': Nadam}

Notion: In the hyperparameter of convolutional layers, the first element of the list is feature maps, the second element of the list is kernel sizes.

(4) RNN

Learning rate was fixed as 0.001.

X. Embedding dimensions: (16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 68)

XI. Embedding dropout rate: (0.1,0.2,0.3)

- XII. RNN cell units: (20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 200, 220, 240)
- XIII. RNN dropout rate: (0.1,0.2,0.4,0.4,0.5,0.6,0.7)
- XIV. Recurrent RNN dropout rate: (0.1,0.2,0.4,0.4,0.5,0.6,0.7)
- XV. Number of fully connected(FC) layers: (1,2,3,4,5,6)
- XVI. Number of unites in FC layers: (50, 60, 70,80, 90, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 200, 220, 240, 260, 280, 300, 320, 340, 360, 380, 400)
- XVII. FC dropout rate:(0.1,0.2,0.4,0.4,0.5,0.6,0.7)
- XVIII. Batch size: (20,30, 40, 50,60, 70, 80,90, 100)
 - XIX. Epochs: (20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55)
 - XX. FC Activation function: {'1':'relu','2':'tanh', '3':'sigmoid', '4':'hard_sigmoid', '0':'elu'}

XII. Optimizer: {'1': SGD, '2': RMSprop, '3': Adagrad, '4': Adadelta, '5': Adam, '6': Adamax, '0': Nadam}

The feature engineering was implemented by SHAP and XGBoost algorithm, the hyper parameters of XGBoost were shown in **Supplemental Data 4**. The feature importance was measured by SHAP value. After excluding 0-valued features, top 70% of the remaining most important features were selected as the final features used in the other conventional models. The corresponding threshold is 1.4434 for eSpCas9 and 1.3006 for Cas9- HF1 respectively. There left 696 and 701 features to be included in the other baseline models, respectively. We found that stem-loop, melting temperature, and free energy were the top important features in both eSpCas9 and Cas9- HF1. These complicated features can hardly get from the original sequence. This further demonstrates the need for biological features (especially secondary structure and thermodynamics) as complementary information in the deep learning models.

For RNN+biofeature models, the hyperparameters of the two different highly specific Cas9s almost converge to the same optimized combinations. Except for embedding dimensions (eSpCas9,44; Cas9-HF1, 48), number of fully connected layers

(eSpCas9,3; Cas9-HF1,2) and dropout rate of fully connected layers (eSpCas9,0.4; Cas9-HF1,0.5). In fact, neural network is quite a flexible model which can tolerance the changes of parameters in a limited range. The optimal parameter configurations for the other nine hyperparameters are all the same. The detailed hyperparameters for DeepHF and other models were showed in **Supplemental Data 14-18**.



Supplementary Figures

Supplementary Figure 1. Examples of T7EI digestion for hU6 promoter and mU6 promoter at day 3 post-transfection in HEK293T cells. a gRNAs initiated with G. b gRNAs initiated with A but free of G at 1-4 nucleotides. Red arrows indicate the expected bands after digestion; Ctr: cells without plasmid transfection. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 2. Both hU6 promoter and mU6 promoter enabled to transcript gRNAs initiated with A for genome editing. a Nine gRNA sequences initiated with A but contained G at 1-4 nucleotides. b Indel frequencies induced by hU6 promoter and mU6 promoter. Data are shown as mean \pm s.d. (n = 2) c Summary of the indel frequencies. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 3. Comparison of hU6 promoter and mU6 promoter activity in HeLa cells. a, b Indel frequencies for six gRNAs initiated with A but free of G at 1-4 nucleotides. c, d Indel frequencies for nine gRNAs initiated with A but contained G at 1-4 nucleotides. e, f Indel frequencies for nine gRNAs initiated with G. Data are shown as mean \pm s.d. (n = 2). gRNA sequences were shown in Table 1 and Supplementary Fig. 2a. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 4. hU6 and mU6 promoters promoted genome editing in a lentivirus vector. a The indel frequencies were detected at day 3. b The indel frequencies were detected at day 5. Data are shown as mean \pm s.d. P>0.05; P<0.05 by 2way ANOVA (n = 2 per group). n.s. = not significant. gRNA sequences were shown in **Table 1.** Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 5. Gel pictures of T7EI digestion with gRNAs initiated with A or G driven by mouse U6 promoter. a The gRNA activity was analyzed at day 3 post-transfection. **b** The gRNA activity was analyzed at day 5 post-transfection. Red arrows indicate the expected bands after digestion; Ctr: cells without plasmid transfection. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 6. Comparison of three Cas9 activity. a An example of indels generated at integration targets of EIF2B2 gene detected by deep sequencing. PAM sequences were shown in green. The insertions and mismatches were shown in red. b The boxplot results of indel frequency for high-throughput test of gRNA activity. c Indel frequency was detected after transient transfection of Cas9 and gRNA in HEK293T cells (n = 2 per group). Data are shown as mean \pm s.d. gRNA sequences were shown in Table 1. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 7. Residual plasmid DNA detected in the transduced cells. a Primer design. **b** Minimal residual plasmid DNA could be detected with primers PF1/PR1 in cells five days after transduction. The integrated lentivirus DNA could be detected with primers LF1/LR1. The genomic DNA was prepared in two independent transduction assay. 1d_gDNA, genomic DNA prepared one day after transduction; 5d_gDNA, genomic DNA prepared five days after transduction. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 8. The Spearman correlation between endogenous indel frequency and prediction score for WT-SpCas9. a-g The Spearman correlation between Linear, Ridge, MLP, XGBoost, CNN, RNN, DeppHF and endogenous loci, respectively.



Supplementary Figure 9. The Spearman correlation between endogenous indel frequency and prediction score for eSpCas9. a-g The Spearman correlation between Linear, Ridge, MLP, XGBoost, CNN, RNN, DeppHF and endogenous loci, respectively.



Supplementary Figure 10. The Spearman correlation between endogenous indel frequency and prediction score for SpCas9-HF1. a-g The Spearman correlation between Linear, Ridge, MLP, XGBoost, CNN, RNN, DeppHF and endogenous loci, respectively.



Supplementary Figure 11. The Spearman correlation of indel frequency between integrated targets and endogenous targets. a-c The Spearman correlation for WT-SpCas9, eSpCas9)1.1) and SpCas9-HF1, respectively.



Supplementary Figure 12. Nucleotide contributions to gRNA activity revealed by Deep SHAP. a Deep SHAP values were rescaled by the Z-score (i.e. standardization). The height of the bar represented the Z-score. Colored bars represented Z-score above 1 or below -1. The left, middle, and right columns represent Wt-SpCas9, eSpCas9(1.1), and HF1-SpCas9, respectively. **b** The difference of Z-score between eSpCas9(1.1)/HF1-SpCas9 and WT-SpCas9. The height of the bar represented the difference of Z-score. Colored bars represented difference of Z-score above 1 or below -1.



Supplementary Figure 13. The relationship between indel frequency and actual gene disruption. a After nine days of genome editing, indel frequencies(genotype) were measured by TIDE; protein expression(phenotype) was measured with Western blot. Data are shown as mean \pm s.d. (n = 2 per group). b The correlation between indel frequency and protein expression was calculated by Pearson Correlation. c Schematic diagram of experimental design. Renilla and firefly were integrated into AAVS1 site in HEK293T cells by using genome editing technology. Red triangle shows the targeted site of CRISPR/Cas9; green bar on firefly gene shows the targeted site of gRNA. d After five days of genome editing, indel frequencies were measured by TIDE; luciferase activity was measured using Dual-Luciferase® Reporter Assay System. Data are shown as mean \pm s.d. (n = 2 per group). e The correlation between genotype and phenotype was tested by Pearson Correlation analysis. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 14. Compare specificity of gRNAs with different activity. a Schematic diagram of the guide-target pair strategy. Three sgRNA sequences as well as target sequences for sgRNA-1 are shown below. Two base pairs of mismatch were indicated in red. Green box indicated mismatch. b Off-target mutations at each sites were detected by deep sequencing for three Cas9 nucleases. Schematic diagram of the mismatches were shown on the left. Data were shown as mean \pm s.d. (n = 2 per group). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

ggcgcaacagcatctgttgcaactcacagtctggggcatcaagcagctccaggcaagaatcctggctgtggaaagatacctaa aggat caa cag ctcctggggatttggggttgctctggaa aactcatttgcaccactgctgtgccttggaatgctagttgga cact cctt a att gaaga at cg caa a a c cag caaga a a gaa a gaa a gaa at tatt gg a att a gat a a atg gg caagt tt gt a cact cctt a att gg a at cg caaga c a gaa aggaattggtttaacataacaaattggctgtggtatataaaattattcataatgatagtaggaggcttggtaggtttaagaatagtttttgctgtactttctatagtgaatagagttaggcagggatattcaccattatcgtttcagacccacctcccaaccccgaggggaa cata caa a cta a a ga atta caa a a a caa a a tta caa a a a tta caa a a ttt caa a a ttt caa a a ttt caa a tttt caa a ttttgattattgactagttattaatagtaatcaattacggggtcattagttcatagcccatatatggagttccgcgttacataacttacggtaa atggcccgcctggctgaccgcccaacgacccccgcccattgacgtcaataatgacgtatgttcccatagtaacgccaatagggactttccattgacgtcaatgggtggagtatttacggtaaactgcccacttggcagtacatcaagtgtatcatatgccaagtacgccccctattgacgtcaatgacggtaaatggcccgcctggcattatgcccagtacatgaccttatgggactttcctacttgg cag tacat ctacg tattag tcatcg ctattaccatgg tg atgcgg ttttgg cag tacat caatgg gcg tg ga tagcgg tttggtcgtaacaactccgccccattgacgcaaatgggcggtaggcgtgtacggtgggggggtctatataagcagtctagagatcc gacgccgccatctctaggcccgcgccgcccccccgcacagacttgtgggagaagctcggctactcccctgccccggttaatttgcatataatatttcctagtaactatagaggcttaatgtgcgataaaagacagataatctgttctttttaatactagctacatttta catgataggcttggatttctataagagatacaaatactaaattattatttttaaaaaacagcacaaaaggaaactcaccctaactttgtgcatgcacctagaggaaaaacctacaacatttgttattcctacatttgtgccttttaataattctttacaatagcttgttcaatatgaattaacacaaactgttgcaaaatcaaattcaattgcttcatcacataattgtttaatttcagctttcgtagcatcttgttttaataatttgaacagattcaccaacacctataaaataaatttttagtttaggttcagttccacttgggcgaacagcaaatcatgacttatcttctaa ataa a attttag taag tcttg tcctgg cat attata cattccatcg at gtag tcttcaa cattaa caactttaag tccag caa taa attata cattcatcg at gtag tcttcaa cattaa caactttaag tccag caa taa attata cattcatcg at gtag tcttcaa cattaa caactttaag tccag caa taa attata cattaa cattaa caacttaa caacttaa caacttaa caacttaa caact taa attata cattaa cattaa cattaa caact taa attataa caact taa attataa caactaa caattgagttaagggtgttgctctcaatgatttcattaatggttcaatttttaatttcttttcttctggtttaaaattcaagtttaaagtgaaagtgtaatatgcacccatttetttaaataaatettetaaatagtetaetaatgttttattttgtttttataaaaateaagcagcetetgetattaatatagaagcttgtattccatctttatctctagctgagtcatcaattacatatccataactttcttcataagcaaaaaacaaaattta at ccgttat ctt ctt ctt ctt a gca attt ct ct a ccc att cattta a at cc agt ta a a gtt tt a cat att a a ct ccat attt tt cat g a g c a st a c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a ta tt tt cat g a g c a st a ct c a st a ta t a ct a ta t a ct a st a ta t agattctatcacccaaatcacttgttacaaaacttgaatatagagccggattttttggaatgctatttaagcgttttagatttgataatttt caat caat taa aattggtcctgtttgatttccatctaat cttacaa aatgaccat catgttttattgccattccaa aatctgtcagcatctgggtcattcataataataatatctgcatcatgtttaataccatattcaagcggtatttttcatgcaggatcaaattctggatttgtaaatttagttcctgttccattaactgcgctaaaaataatttttaaatcttttttagcttcttgctcttttttgtacgtctctgttttagagttgagacaa atggcag tattcatccaca attttaa aagaa aagggggggattggggggtacagtgcaggggaa agaa tagtagacata atag caa caga cata caa acta aa gaatta caa aa acaa atta caa aa atta caa atta caa atta caa atta caa aa atta caa atta caaa atta caa atta caaa atta caa atta caa atcagcagagatccactttggcgccggctcgagcacgtg(PmII)agcaagggcgaggagctgttcaccggggtggtgcc catcctggtcgagctggacggcgacgtaaacggccacaagttcagcgtgtccggcgagggcgaggcgatgccacctaacggcgtgcagtgcttcagccgctaccccgaccacatgaagcagcacgacttcttcaagtccgccatgcccgaaggctacgtccaggagcgcaccatcttcttcaaggacgacggcaactacaagacccgcgccgaggtgaagttcgagggcgacaccctggtgaaccgcatcgagctgaagggcatcgacttcaaggaggacggcaacatcctggggcacaagctggagtacaact

gaggacggcagcgtgcagctcgccgaccactaccagcagaacacccccatcggcgacggccccgtgctgctgcccga caaccactacctgagcacccagtccgccctgagcaaagaccccaacgagaagcgcgatcacatggtcctgctggagttcgtgaccgccgcgggatcactctcggcatggacgagctgtacaagggatccgcggccgctgagggcagaggaagtctt gcgacgacgtccccagggccgtacgcaccctcgccgccgcgttcgccgactaccccgccacgcgccacaccgtcgatc cggaccgccacatcgagcgggtcaccgagctgcaagaactcttcctcacgcgcgtcgggctcgacatcggcaaggtgtg cggcccaaggagcccgcgtggttcctggccaccgtcggcgtctcgcccgaccaccagggcaagggtctgggcagcgccgtcgtgctccccggagtggaggcggccgagcgcgcggggtgcccgccttcctggagacctccgcgccccgcaacct ccccttctacgagcggctcggcttcaccgtcaccgccgacgtcgaggtgcccgaaggaccgcgcacctggtgcatgacccgcaagcccggtgcctgaatctaggtcgacaatcaacctctggattacaaaatttgtgaaagattgactggtattcttaactatgttgctccttttacgctatgtggatacgctgctttaatgcctttgtatcatgctattgcttcccgtatggctttcattttctcctccttgtataaatcctggttgctgtctctttatgaggagttgtggcccgttgtcaggcaacgtggcgtggtgtgcactgtgtttgctgacgcaacccccactggttggggcattgccaccacctgtcagctcctttccgggactttcgctttccccctcctattgccacggcggaactcatcgccgcctgcctgccggctgggacaggggctcggctgttgggcactgacaattccgtggtgttgtcgggg tcaatccagcggaccttccttcccgcggcctgctgccggctctgcggcctcttccgcgtcttcgccttcgccctcagacgagtcggatctccctttgggccgcctccccgcctggtacctttaagaccaatgacttacaaggcagctgtagatcttagccacttttt $\underline{tagaccagatctgagcctgggagctctctggctaactagggaacccactgcttaagcctcaataaagcttgccttgagtgctt}$ <u>caagtagtgtgtgcccgtctgttgtgtgactctggtaactagagatccctcagacccttttagtcagtgtggaaaatctctagca</u> gtagtagttcatgtcatcttattattcagtatttataacttgcaaagaaatgaatatcagagagtgagaggaacttgtttattgcaggacta attttttttattcagaaggccgaggccgcctcggcctctgagctattccagaagtagtgaggaggcttttttggaggcctagacttttgcagagacggcccaaattcgtaatcatggtcatagctgtttcctgtgtgaaattgttatccgctcacaattcca cacaa catacgag ccgg aag cataa ag tg taa ag cctgg gg tg ccta at gag tg ag cta act ca cat ta at tg cg tt g cg the set of the set octcactgcccgctttccagtcgggaaaacctgtcgtgccagctgcattaatgaatcggccaacgcgggggagaggcggtttgcgtattgggcgctcttccgcttcctcgctcactgactcgctgcgtcgtcgtcggcggcggggggtatcagctcactcaa agg cgg taa tacgg ttatccacag aa tcagg gg at aa cg cagg aa agaa catgt gag caa aa gg ccag caa ag caccaggaaccgtaaaaaggccgcgttgctggcgtttttccataggctccgccccctgacgagcatcacaaaaatcgacgctcaagtcagaggtggcgaaacccgacaggactataaagataccaggcgtttccccctggaagctccctcgtgcgctctcctgttccgaccctgccgcttaccggatacctgtccgcctttctcccttcgggaagcgtggcgctttctcatagctcacgctgtag gtatctcagttcggtgtaggtcgttcgctccaagctgggctgtgtgcacgaacccccgttcagcccgaccgctgcgccttatccggtaactatcgtcttgagtccaacccggtaagacacgacttatcgccactggcagcagccactggtaacaggattagcagagcgaggtatgtaggcggtgctacagagttcttgaagtggtggcctaactacggctacactagaaggacagtatttggtacgctcagtggaacgaaaactcacgttaagggattttggtcatgagattatcaaaaaggatcttcacctagatccttttaaattaaaa at gaag tttta aat caat ctaa ag tat at at gag ta a a cttgg tctg a cag tta ccaat g ctt a at cag tg ag g cacctat ctc a construct a constagcgatctgtctatttcgttcatccatagttgcctgactccccgtcgtgtagataactacgatacgggagggcttaccatctgg

Supplementary Figure 15. Lentiviral vector sequence for library construction. Lentivirus LTR sequences were underlined; CMV promoter was shown in red; mouse U6 promoter was shown in blue; filler sequence was shown in grey; GFP sequence was shown in green; P2A sequence was shown in yellow; puromycin resistance gene was shown in purple; PmII and PmeI restriction sites were highlight in yellow.



Supplementary Figure 16. The expression of the Cas9 nucleases was confirmed by Western blot. The expected bands were indicated by red arrows; the selected clones in this study were indicated by red box.