Supplementary Appendix

This appendix has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

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Supplementary Appendix

Supplementary materials for:

Randomized Trial of Verubecestat for Prodromal Alzheimer's Disease

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Eligibility for Biomarker Substudies

All patients with valid baseline and post-dose MRI scans were included in the MRI volumetric substudy. All patients enrolled in the trial were eligible for participation in the CSF substudy provided that the investigative site was willing to participate. The PET substudy was restricted to sites that had appropriate capability for 18F-flutemetamol imaging.

Conduct of CDR

All raters were required to have clinical experience with AD patients and the CDR or a similar scale. All clinical interviews were recorded. A subset (~6,000) were reviewed by a group of central raters with high inter-rater reliability. Ratings were selected for review based on an algorithm which included the first two ratings for all raters and factored in time since last review and number of prior errors. Raters were provided feedback on administration, scoring errors, and interview quality.

Interim Analysis

The external Data Monitoring Committee (eDMC) met every six months to review a comprehensive package of data, including safety data, as specified in their Charter. Details of the interim analysis (IA) are provided in the final amendment of the protocol in section 8.2.13. Briefly, the protocol had an optional futility IA when 50% of the planned number of PET positive subjects had the opportunity to treat for 24 months. The eDMC conducted a futility IA in February 2018 using all longitudinal data on the primary endpoint. In addition, data from the ADAS-Cog13 and ADSC-ADL_{MCI} were also analyzed.

The decision of whether or not to terminate the trial for futility was to be based on the conditional powers (CP), (i.e., the likelihood of correctly detecting a treatment difference at the end of the trial given the results at the interim) from the comparisons of the high dose to placebo and the low dose to placebo. The CPs were to be computed assuming that the observed trend at the interim would continue to the end of the trial. Consideration could be given to terminate the trial for futility if the CP for the primary endpoint for both doses was less than 5%, The probability of incorrectly stopping the trial, β , at the IA would be <1% under the primary set of assumptions. The primary analysis model was used at the IA. The futility criteria were met.

Pharmacokinetics

Population pharmacokinetic analysis of the plasma and dried blood spot concentrations obtained during select clinic visits estimated the verubecestat mean steady-state area-under-the-curve as 1.56 (SD 0.32) and 5.15 (SD 1.07) μ M·hr for the 12mg (n=483) and 40mg (n=480) doses, respectively.

Figure S1. Patient disposition for the extension















Baseline is plotted at Week -11, which is the mean assessment time of the baseline measurement as offset from the first dose of trial medication at Week 0. As a result, there is no data plotted at Week 0. The time course of the verubecestat arms between Week -11 and Week 0 was assumed to follow the same course as the placebo arm. From this Week 0 placebo coordinate, the time course for each respective verubecestat arm was extended to the estimate at the first scheduled postdose timepoint.





Figure S6. Time to progression to AD dementia



Figure S7. Model-based mean (SE) change from baseline in MRI hippocampal volume



Baseline is plotted at Week -9, which is the mean assessment time of the baseline measurement as offset from the first dose of trial medication at Week 0. As a result, there is no data plotted at Week 0. The time course of the verubecestat arms between Week -9 and Week 0 was assumed to follow the same course as the placebo arm. From this Week 0 placebo coordinate, the time course for each respective verubecestat arm was extended to the estimate at the first scheduled postdose timepoint.



Figure S8. Model-based mean (SE) change from baseline in PET amyloid

Baseline is plotted at Week -3, which is the mean assessment time of the baseline measurement as offset from the first dose of trial medication at Week 0. As a result, there is no data plotted at Week 0. The time course of the verubecestat arms between Week -3 and Week 0 was assumed to follow the same course as the placebo arm. From this Week 0 placebo coordinate, the time course for each respective verubecestat arm was extended to the estimate at the first scheduled postdose timepoint. **Figure S9.** Plots of change from baseline in PET amyloid in individual patients (the dashed and solid lines are to differentiate patients for display purposes and have no other significance)



Table S1. Model-based least squares mean change from baseline to each time point for select outcomes, and difference (95% CI) versus placebo

Mean Change				Difference			
	12mg	40mg	Placebo	12mg vs. placebo	40mg vs. placebo		
Endpoint				(95% CI)	(95% CI)		
CDR-SB ^a							
Week 13	0.14	0.24	0.09	0.05 (-0.05, 0.16)	0.14 (0.03, 0.26)		
Week 26	0.35	0.41	0.24	0.11 (-0.02, 0.24)	0.17 (0.03, 0.30)		
Week 52	0.79	0.82	0.59	0.19 (0.02, 0.37)	0.23 (0.04, 0.41)		
Week 78	1.29	1.22	1.05	0.24 (0.00, 0.48)	0.17 (-0.07, 0.41)		
Week 104	1.65	2.02	1.58	0.07 (-0.25, 0.39	0.44 (0.09, 0.79)		
CCS-3Dª							
Week 13	0.06	0.09	-0.02	0.08 (0.02, 0.15)	0.12 (0.05, 0.18)		
Week 26	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.11 (0.04, 0.18)	0.11 (0.04, 0.18)		
Week 39	0.18	0.26	0.10	0.08 (0.00, 0.16)	0.16 (0.08, 0.24)		
Week 52	0.26	0.30	0.19	0.07 (-0.02, 0.16)	0.11 (0.01, 0.20)		
Week 65	0.42	0.47	0.35	0.06 (-0.03, 0.16)	0.12 (0.02, 0.22)		
Week 78	0.46	0.51	0.45	0.02 (-0.10, 0.13)	0.07 (-0.05, 0.18)		
Week 91	0.49	0.59	0.48	0.02 (-0.11, 0.15)	0.11 (-0.03, 0.25)		
Week 104	0.77	0.78	0.77	0.00 (-0.16, 0.15)	0.01 (-0.16, 0.17)		
ADCS-ADL _{MCI} b							
Week 13	-0.3	-0.5	-0.3	0.0 (-0.5, 0.5)	-0.2 (-0.7, 0.3)		
Week 26	-1.2	-1.1	-0.8	-0.4 (-1.0, 0.2)	-0.3 (-0.9, 0.3)		
Week 39	-2.0	-1.8	-0.9	-1.0 (-1.7, -0.3)	-0.8 (-1.5, -0.2)		
Week 52	-2.3	-2.1	-1.5	-0.8 (-1.5, -0.1)	-0.6 (-1.3, 0.2)		
Week 65	-3.1	-3.1	-2.3	-0.8 (-1.7, 0.1)	-0.8 (-1.7, 0.0)		
Week 78	-4.1	-3.7	-3.0	-1.1 (-2.1, -0.1)	-0.7 (-1.7, 0.2)		
Week 91	-4.7	-4.8	-3.3	-1.4 (-2.5, -0.3)	-1.5 (-2.6, -0.4)		
Week 104	-5.2	-5.8	-4.1	-1.0 (-2.2, 0.2)	-1.7 (-3.0, -0.4)		
ADAS-Cog ₁₃ ª							
Week 13	1.5	1.5	-0.2	1.7 (1.1, 2.3)	1.8 (1.2, 2.3)		
Week 26	0.8	1.2	-0.7	1.5 (0.9, 2.1)	1.9 (1.3, 2.5)		
Week 39	2.5	3.1	1.1	1.4 (0.8, 2.1)	2.0 (1.3, 2.6)		
Week 52	3.1	3.4	2.2	0.9 (0.1, 1.6)	1.3 (0.5, 2.0)		
Week 65	5.0	5.6	3.8	1.2 (0.4, 2.0)	1.8 (1.0, 2.6)		
Week 78	4.8	5.3	4.1	0.7 (-0.2, 1.7)	1.2 (0.3, 2.2)		
Week 91	4.5	5.0	3.6	0.9 (-0.2, 2.0)	1.4 (0.3, 2.5)		
Week 104	8.0	8.2	6.9	1.1 (-0.1, 2.3)	1.3 (0.1, 2.6)		

^aA higher positive mean change score corresponds to greater decline relative to baseline and a negative treatment difference indicates less decline for verubecestat versus placebo.

^bA higher negative mean change score corresponds to greater decline relative to baseline and a positive treatment difference indicates less decline for verubecestat versus placebo.

Table S2. Subgroup analyses of model-based least squares mean change from baseline at week 104 for CDR-SB score, and difference (95% CI) versus placebo

		Mean Change		Difference	e (95% CI) ^a
Subgroup status at baseline	12mg	40mg	Placebo	12mg vs. placebo	40mg vs. placebo
APOE4 genotype					
Non-carrier	1.5	2.4	1.5	0.0	0.9
Carrier	1.7	1.9	1.6	0.1 (-0.3, 0.5)	0.3 (-0.1, 0.7)
MMSE score					
≤26	1.7	2.4	1.9	-0.2 (-0.6, 0.3)	0.5 (0.0, 1.0)
≥27	1.6	1.6	1.3	0.3 (-0.2, 0.7)	0.3 (-0.2, 0.8)
Sex					
Male	1.8	1.8	1.6	0.2 (-0.3, 0.6)	0.2 (-0.3, 0.7)
Female	1.5	2.2	1.5	0.0 (-0.5, 0.4)	0.7 (0.2, 1.2)
Age					
<72 y	1.3	2.0	1.3	0.1 (-0.4, 0.5)	0.8 (0.3, 1.3)
≥72 y	2.0	2.0	1.8	0.1 (-0.4, 0.6)	0.1 (-0.4, 0.6)
PET SUVR					
≤0.86	1.6	1.7	1.4	0.2 (-0.3, 0.7)	0.3 (-0.2, 0.8)
>0.86	1.8	2.2	1.8	0.0 (-0.5, 0.6)	0.5 (-0.2, 1.1)

A higher positive mean change score corresponds to greater decline relative to baseline and a negative treatment difference indicates less decline for verubecestat versus placebo.

^aConfidence intervals only produced for those treatment comparisons for which at least 75 subjects were present in both treatment groups.

Table S3. Sensitivity analysis of model-based least squares mean change from baseline at each timepoint for CDR-SB, and difference (95% CI) versus placebo: excludes assessments taken after announcement of trial termination

	M	ean Change	[N]	Diffe	rence
Endpoint	12mg	40mg	Placebo	12mg vs. placebo (95% Cl)	40mg vs. placebo (95% Cl)
Week 13	0.14 [457]	0.24 [449]	0.09 [464]	0.05 (-0.05, 0.16)	0.14 (0.03, 0.26)
Week 26	0.35 [445]	0.41 [434]	0.24 [456]	0.11 (-0.02, 0.24)	0.17 (0.03, 0.30)
Week 52	0.79 [420]	0.82 [418]	0.59 [438]	0.20 (0.02, 0.37)	0.23 (0.04, 0.41)
Week 78	1.26 [300]	1.19 [290]	1.06 [302]	0.20 (-0.04, 0.45)	0.14 (-0.12, 0.39)
Week 104	1.60 [210]	1.98 [199]	1.59 [205]	0.01 (-0.33, 0.35)	0.39 (0.02, 0.76)

A higher positive mean change score corresponds to greater decline relative to baseline and a negative treatment difference indicates less decline for verubecestat versus placebo.

Biomarker	Baseline	Week 104	% change-from- baseline
Aß40 (pg/mL)			-
Placebo (n=6)	21600 (6563)	18783 (4871)	-9.0 (23.7)
12 mg (n=5)	16220 (6621)	5460 (2727)	-66.6 (9.1)
40 mg (n=6)	13448 (3478)	1640 (714.2)	-88.1 (2.8)
Aß42 (pg/mL)			
Placebo (n=6)	544.5 (134.1)	529.2 (137.2)	-2.4 (11.5)
12 mg (n=5)	407.0 (101.7)	160.6 (36.9)	-60.2 (4.7)
40 mg (n=6)	413.5 (130.2)	78.0 (25.0)	-81.0 (2.2)
sAPPß (ng/mL)			
Placebo (n=6)	316.2 (83.7)	290.7 (100.6)	-5.5 (29.5)
12 mg (n=5)	200.8 (44.0)	59.9 (5.4)	-69.1 (6.6)
40 mg (n=6)	238.3 (62.4)	20.7 (11.2)	-91.7 (2.9)
Total tau (pg/mL)			
Placebo (n=6)	243.5 (97.0)	254.2 (85.0)	10.2 (27.9)
12 mg (n=5)	203.8 (129.1)	243.0 (113.2)	33.2 (44.3)
40 mg (n=6)	159.3 (79.0)	205.0 (57.6)	42.8 (39.7)
Phosphorylated tau (j	og/mL)		
Placebo (n=6)	124.2 (69.1)	102.1 (25.0)	-6.0 (28.0)
12 mg (n=5)	125.1 (133.8)	113.6 (114.9)	-6.4 (9.4)
40 mg (n=6)	69.0 (17.0)	68.4 (15.9)	-0.2 (12.0)

Table S4. Observed mean (SD) baseline, week 104, and % change-from-baseline scores for CSF biomarkers

	12mg	40mg	Placebo
	N=483	N=484	N=484
Total	3 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	3 (0.6)
Cardiac disorders Acute mvocardial infarction	1 (0.2)	0 (0 0)	0 (0 0)
Castrointestinal disorders	1 (0.2)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
Intestinal obstruction	1 (0.2)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
Infections and infestations Pneumonia	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.2)
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications Road traffic accident	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.2)
Neoplasms Lung adenocarcinoma	0 (0.0)	1 (0.2)	0 (0.0)
Pancreatic carcinoma	1 (0.2)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
Psychiatric disorders Delirium	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.2)

Table S5. Causes of deaths occurring over 104 weeks (up to 14 days after last dose) in part-1:number (%) of patients

Table S6. Most severe treatment-emergent suicidal ideation and behavior event summary (within14 days of last dose) in part-1 using the timeframe between the screening and randomizationvisits as the reference period

	12 mg	40 mg	Placebo
Category	n/m (%)	n/m (%)	n/m (%)
With one or more ideation or behavior events	31/483 (6.4)	44/482 (9.1)	26/482 (5.4)
Suicidal ideation	31/483 (6.4)	44/482 (9.1)	26/482 (5.4)
Passive - wish to be dead	18/ 479 (3.8)	27/477 (5.7)	20/475 (4.2)
Active - nonspecific (without regard to method, intent, or plan)	5/ 482 (1.0)	6/482 (1.2)	1/477 (0.2)
Active - method, (without regard to intent or plan)	5/483 (1.0)	8/482 (1.7)	3/478 (0.6)
Active - method and intent, (without regard to plan)	3/483 (0.6)	1/482 (0.2)	1/482 (0.2)
Active - method, intent and plan	0/483 (0.0)	2/482 (0.4)	1/482 (0.2)
Suicidal behavior	2/483 (0.4)	1/482 (0.2)	1/482 (0.2)
Preparatory actions or behaviors	1/483 (0.2)	0/482 (0.0)	0/482 (0.0)
Aborted attempt	0/483 (0.0)	0/482 (0.0)	0/482 (0.0)
Interrupted attempt	0/483 (0.0)	0/482 (0.0)	1/482 (0.2)
Suicide attempt	1/483 (0.2)	1/482 (0.2)	0/482 (0.0)
Completed suicide	0/483 (0.0)	0/482 (0.0)	0/482 (0.0)
Non-Suicidal Self-Injurious Behavior	0/483 (0.0)	0/482 (0.0)	0/482 (0.0)

For each category, the population (=m) only includes treated participants for whom worsening from baseline was possible. For Suicidal Ideation Categories, worsening is defined as an increasing progression from one category to another along the spectrum (from Passive down to Active – method, intent, and plan). For Suicidal Behavior Categories, worsening is defined as an increasing progression from one category to another along the spectrum (from Preparatory actions or behaviors down to Completed suicide).

Table S7. Adverse events within 14 days of last dose in the extension: number (%) of patients and treatment difference (95% CI) in percentages versus placebo/40mg

	12mg/12mg	40mg/40mg	Placebo/40mg	Difference in %s 12mg/12mg vs. placebo/40mg	Difference in %s 40mg/40mg vs. placebo/40mg
A - L	N=197	N=191	N=204	(95 % CI)	(95% CI)
Adverse event summary	447 (50 4)				
Any adverse event	117 (59.4)	106 (55.5)	135 (66.2)	-6.79 (-16.16, 2.68)	-10.68 (-20.16, -1.04)
Any serious adverse event	10 (5.1)	22 (11.5)	24 (11.8)	-6.69 (-12.42, -1.29)	-0.25 (-6.68, 6.27)
Discontinued treatment due to adverse event	0 (0.0)	1 (0.5)	1 (0.5)	-2.42 (-6.03, 0.61)	-2.38 (-6.01, 0.71
Death	0 (0.0)	3 (1.6)	0 (0.0)	0.00 (-1.85, 1.92)	1.57 (-0.30, 4.52)
Prespecified adverse events					
ARIA-H ^a	1 (0.5)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0.51 (-1.35, 2.82)	0.00 (-1.85, 1.98)
ARIA-E ^a	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0.00 (-1.85, 1.92)	0.00 (-1.85, 1.98)
Delirium	1 (0.5)	1 (0.5)	0 (0.0)	0.51 (-1.35, 2.82)	0.52 (-1.33, 2.91)
Rash ^b	1 (0.5)	3 (1.6)	5 (2.5)	-1.94 (-5.17, 0.61)	-0.88 (-4.25, 2.36)
Specific adverse events ^c					
Rash/dermatitis/urticariad	8 (4.1)	9 (4.7)	17 (8.3)	-4.27 (-9.37, 0.50)	-3.62 (-8.81, 1.37)
Depression	6 (3.0)	2 (1.0)	6 (2.9)	0.10 (-3.62, 3.91)	-1.89 (-5.36, 1.13)
Anxiety	8 (4.1)	3 (1.6)	3 (1.5)	2.59 (-0.71, 6.52)	0.10 (-2.86, 3.22)
Sleep disturbance ^d	2 (1.0)	3 (1.6)	4 (2.0)	-0.95 (-4.05, 1.89)	-0.39 (-3.57, 2.79)
Weight decreased	6 (3.0)	0 (Ò.0)	8 (3.9)	-0.88 (-4.90, 3.06)	-3.92 (-7.55, -1.91)
Cough	2 (1.0)	1 (0.5)	4 (2.0)	-0.95 (-4.05, 1.89)	-1.44 (-4.48, 1.13)
Psychotic symptoms ^d	2 (1.0)	2 (1.0)	5 (2.5)	-1.44 (-4.73, 1.46)	-1.40 (-4.70, 1.56)
Pruritus	0 (0.0)	3 (1.6)	2 (1.0)	-0.98 (not calculated) ^f	0.59 (-2.12, 3.65)
Other adverse events of interest ^e					. ,
Falls and injuries ^d	21 (10.7)	19 (9.9)	25 (12.3)	-1.60 (-7.97, 4.78)	-2.31 (-8.64, 4.04)
Suicidal ideation	7 (3.6)	6 (3.1)	7 (3.4)	0.12 (-3.83, 4.15)	-0.29 (-4.19, 3.67)
Hair color change	0 (0.0)	1 (0.5)	6 (2.9)	-2.94 (-6.27, -1.00)	-2.42 (-5.82, 0.26)
Syncope-like events ^d	0 (0.0)	1 (0.5)	4 (2.0)	-1.96 (-4.94, -0.02)	-1.44 (-4.48, 1.13)

12/12mg = patients on 12mg in part-1 who remained on 12mg in the extension; 40mg/40mg = patients on 40 mg in part-1 who remained on 40mg in the extension; placebo/40mg = patients on 40mg in part-1 who were switched to 40mg in the extension.

^aARIA-H includes incident microhemorrhage, superficial siderosis or macrohemorrhage, ARIA-E = incident vasogenic edema.

^bRash adverse events that were clinically significant in the investigator's judgment.

^cAdverse events that met the ">5.0 % in a verubecestat group and >placebo" criteria in part-1 (see Table 3).

^dSeveral specific adverse event terms that appeared to be related were combined in a post hoc and unblinded fashion into the composite items shown; psychotic symptoms included adverse event terms with paranoia, delusion and hallucination.

^eBased on data from previous clinical trials.

^fConfidence intervals only produced for those comparisons for which at least one of the treatment groups had an incidence >1%.

	12mg/12mg	40mg/40mg	Placebo/40mg
	N=197	N=191	N=204
Total	0 (0.0)	3 (1.6)	0 (0.0)
Cardiac disorders			
Cardio-respiratory arrest	0 (0.0)	1 (0.5)	0 (0.0)
Myocardial infarction	0 (0.0)	1 (0.5)	0 (0.0)
Infections and infestations			
Pneumonia bacterial	0 (0.0)	1 (0.5)	0 (0.0)

Table S8. Causes of deaths in the extension (up to 14 days after last dose): number (%) of patients