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Reporting Summary

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For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legand, table legand, main text, or Methods section

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101	an statistical analyses, commit that the following items are present in the figure regend, table regend, main text, or interious section.
n/a	Confirmed
	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
	A description of all covariates tested
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
\boxtimes	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated
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Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

No software was used

Data analysis

- YAMP [DOI: 10.1093/gigascience/giy072] was used pre-process the metagenomic data (Version 0.9.1, source code: https://github.com/alesssia/YAMP)
- PopPAnTe [DOI: 10.1186/s12864-017-3527-7] was used for the association study (Version 1.0.2, source code: https://github.com/alesssia/poppante)
- custom code to assess the dialogue between the gut and systemic host metabolism (source code: https://github.com/alesssia/microbiome_metabolome_interplay)

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

Data generated during the study are available as Supplementary Data, while a web interface for querying the associations between microbiome and metabolites is available at: http://www.metabgut.org. Results are shown as interactive tables and can also be visualised graphically. Data on TwinsUK twin participants are available to bona fide researchers under managed access due to governance and ethical constraints. Raw data should be requested via our website (http://twinsuk.ac.uk/resources-for-researchers/access-our-data/) and requests are reviewed by the TwinsUK Resource Executive Committee (TREC) regularly. The raw

metagenomic seque	nces are availa	able from the European Nucleotide Archive website (study accession number: PRJEB32731).				
Field-spe	ecific r	reporting				
Please select the o	ne below tha	at is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				
Life sciences		Behavioural & social sciences				
For a reference copy of t	the document w	with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>				
Life scier	nces s	tudy design				
All studies must dis	close on the	ese points even when the disclosure is negative.				
Sample size		dy was not statistically predetermined. Metagenomics sequencing was performed on 1,054 randomly selected samples, while plood metabolomics was assessed in 479 and 859 individuals with metagenomics data, respectively.				
Data exclusions	abnormal sa sample was	genomic data, a principal component analysis evaluated using the taxonomic profiling was used to identify and discard ecologically samples (N=37). If sample scores were greater than 3 times the standard deviation on one of the first 10 principal components the as labelled as outlier and discarded. Finally, we removed individuals not of European ancestry (N=9, self-reported via questionnaire) in 1,004 samples.				
Replication	No replication	tion study was carried on				
Randomization	Not relevant	vant for this study				
Blinding	Not relevant	evant for this study				
We require informati	on from autho	specific materials, systems and methods ors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.				
Materials & ex						
n/a Involved in th	•	n/a Involved in the study				
Antibodies		ChIP-seq				
Eukaryotic cell lines		Flow cytometry				
Palaeontol						
Animals an	nd other organ	isms				
Human res	earch particip	vants				
Clinical dat	ia .					
Human rese	arch par	ticipants				
		es involving human research participants				
		The study cohort included individuals of European ancestry and composed predominantly of middle-aged woman (96%, average				
		The TwinsUK adult twin registry includes about 14,000 subjects, predominantly females, with disease and lifestyle characteristic similar to the general UK population [PMID: 11780939].				
Ethics oversight	St. Thomas' Hospital Research Ethics Committee approved the study, and all twins provided informed written consent.					

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.