

Supplemental material

Klaproth et al., <https://doi.org/10.1083/jcb.201903109>

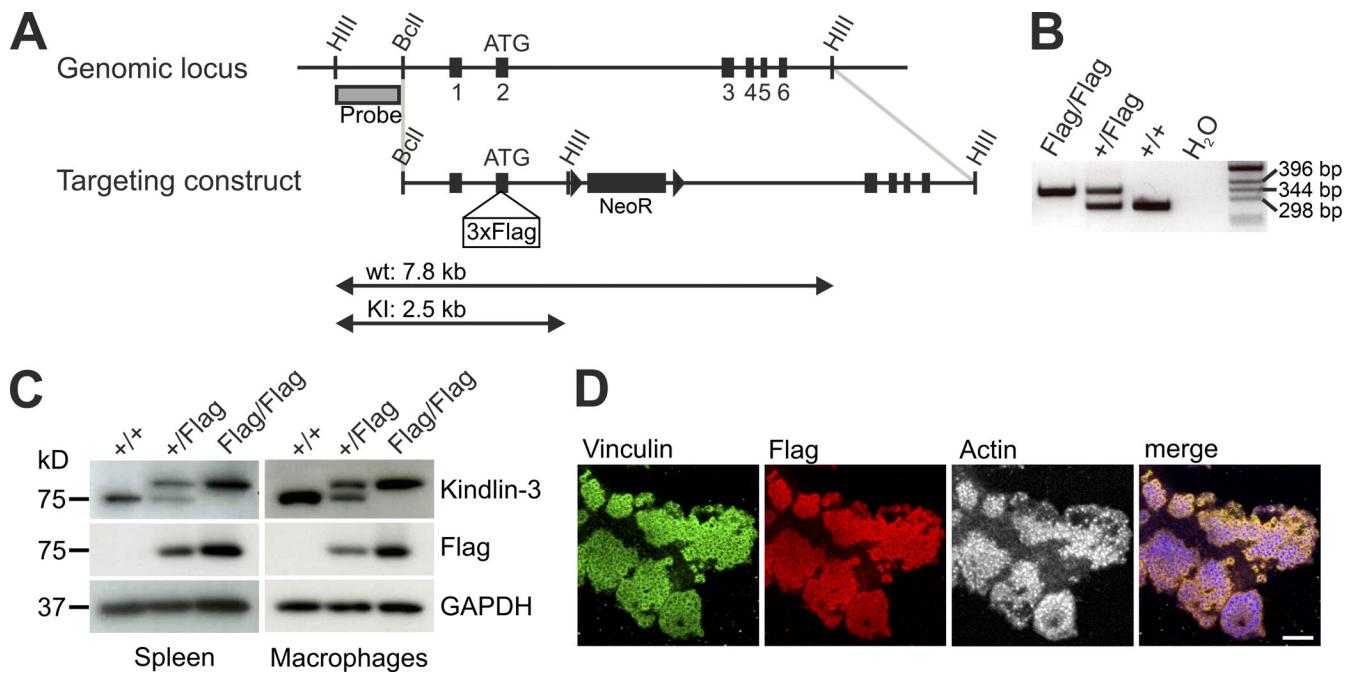


Figure S1. Generation and characterization of Flag-tagged kindlin-3 knockin mice. **(A)** Targeting strategy for the generation of mice expressing an N-terminally Flag-tagged version of kindlin-3, by targeting exon 2 of the endogenous kindlin-3 *kursiv* gene locus. **(B)** Genomic PCR for genotyping WT (+/+), heterozygous (+/Flag) and homozygous (Flag/Flag) mutant animals. **(C)** Western blot analyses of lysates of spleen and bone marrow-derived macrophages from +/+, +/Flag, and Flag/Flag mice. **(D)** IF staining for vinculin (green), flag peptide (red), and actin (white/blue in merge) of Flag/Flag preosteoclasts. Scale bar, 10 μ m.

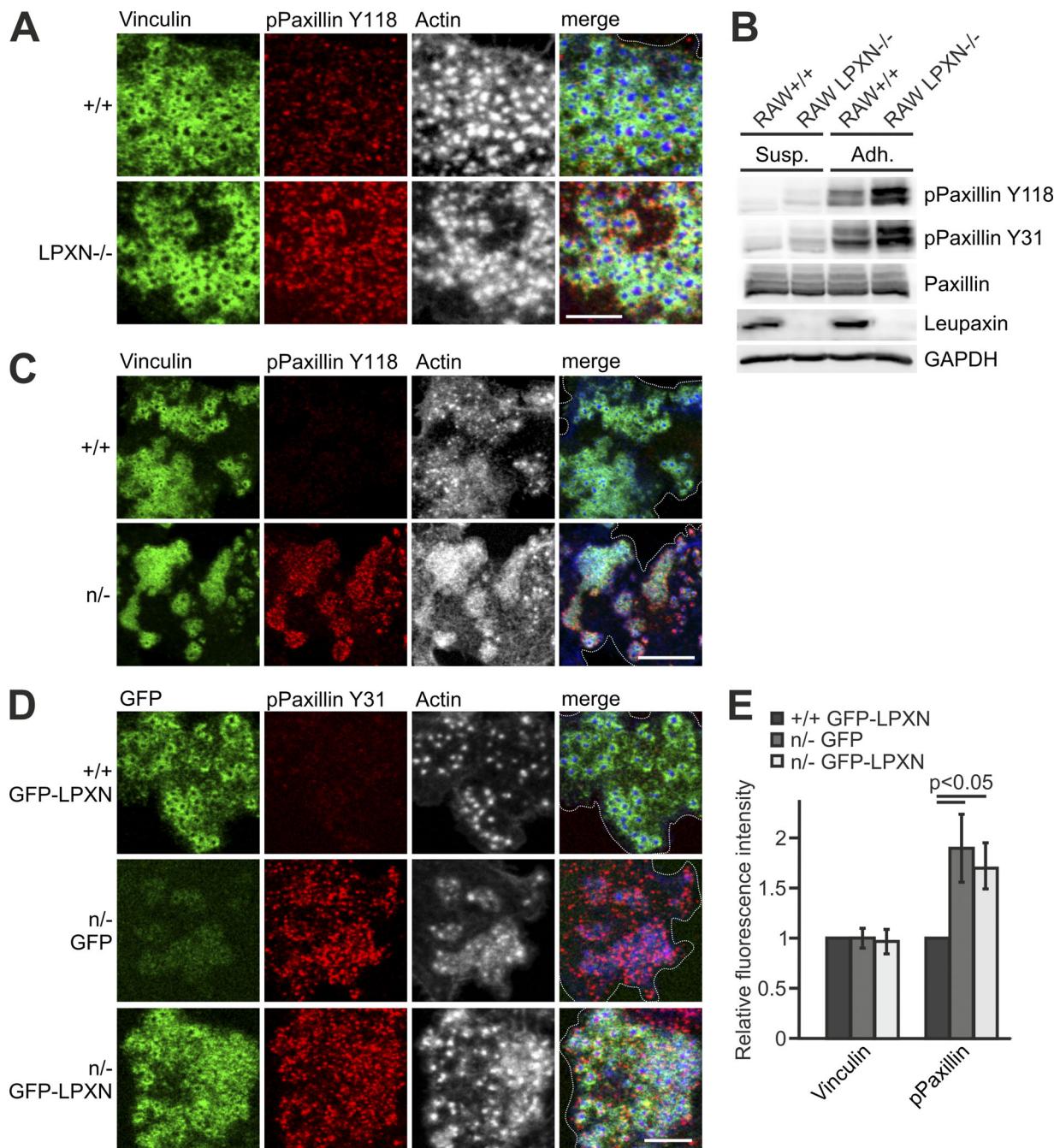


Figure S2. Loss of leupaxin podosomal localization results in reduced paxillin phosphorylation. **(A)** Confocal images of +/+ RAW cells and leupaxin^{-/-} RAW cells stained for vinculin (green), paxillin phosphorylated at Y118 (red), and actin (white/blue in merge). Scale bar, 5 μ m. **(B)** Analysis of paxillin phosphorylation in +/+ and leupaxin^{-/-} RAW cells kept either in suspension (Susp.) or adherent (Adh.) to fibronectin assessed by probing Western blots for paxillin phosphorylated at Y31 or Y118, total paxillin, and leupaxin. **(C)** Confocal images of vinculin (green), Y118-phosphorylated paxillin (red), and actin (white/blue in merge) IF stainings of preosteoclasts derived from WT and K3^{n/-} mice. Scale bar, 10 μ m. **(D)** Confocal images of +/+ preosteoclasts overexpressing GFP-tagged leupaxin and K3^{n/-} preosteoclasts transduced with either GFP alone or GFP-tagged leupaxin stained for phosphorylated paxillin at Y31 (red) and actin (white/blue in merge). Scale bar, 5 μ m. **(E)** Quantification of vinculin level and paxillin phosphorylation at Y31 in podosomal clusters of +/+ and n/- preosteoclasts transduced with GFP or GFP-tagged leupaxin by measuring MFI of confocal images. Values of WT cells expressing GFP-leupaxin were set to 1. $n = 4$. Dotted white lines mark cell borders.

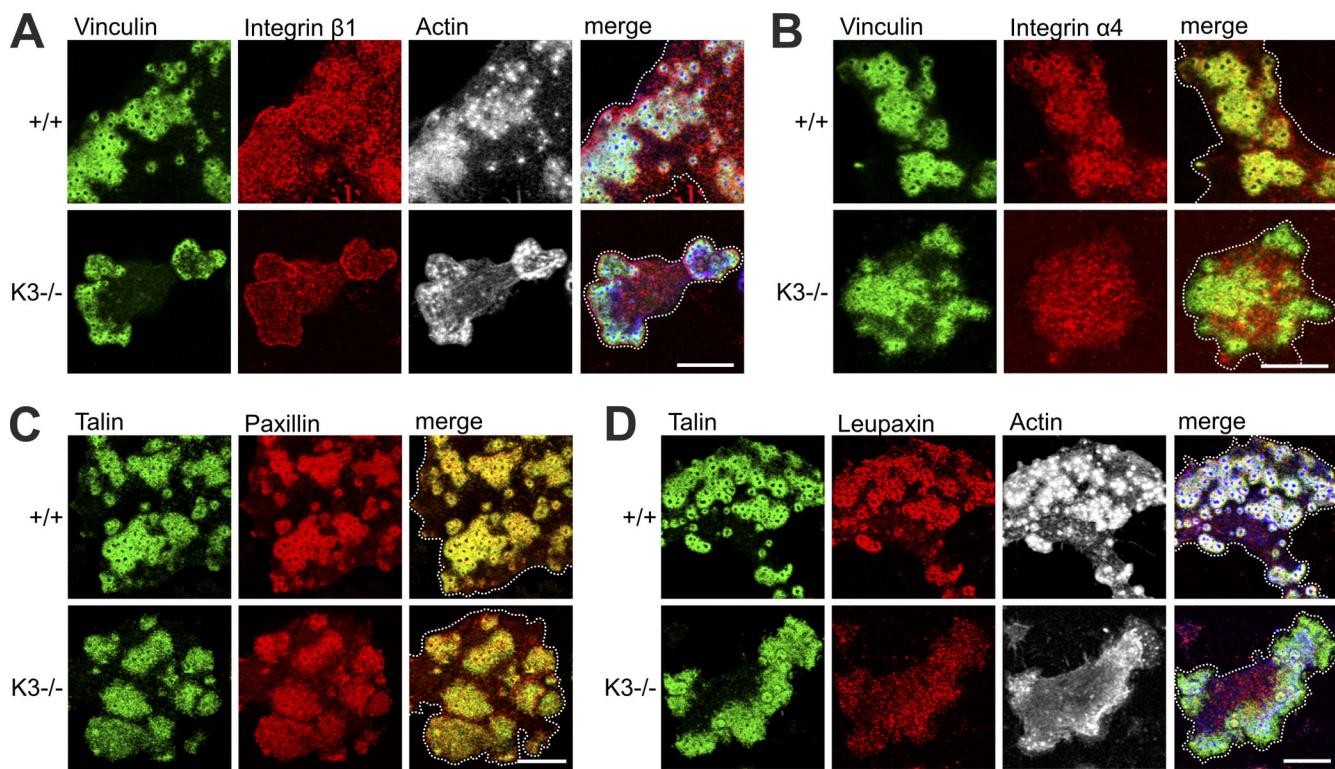


Figure S3. In contrast to the plaque proteins vinculin, talin, and paxillin, $\beta 1$ and $\alpha 4$ integrins are not recruited to adhesion patches of kindlin-3-deficient preosteoclasts. Confocal images of IF stainings for (A) vinculin (green), integrin $\beta 1$ (red), and actin (white/blue in merge); (B) vinculin (green) and integrin $\alpha 4$ (red); (C) talin (green) and paxillin (red); and (D) talin (green), leupaxin (red), and actin (white/blue in merge) in podosomes of $K3^{+/+}$ and $K3^{-/-}$ preosteoclasts. Scale bars, 10 μ m. Dotted white lines mark cell borders.

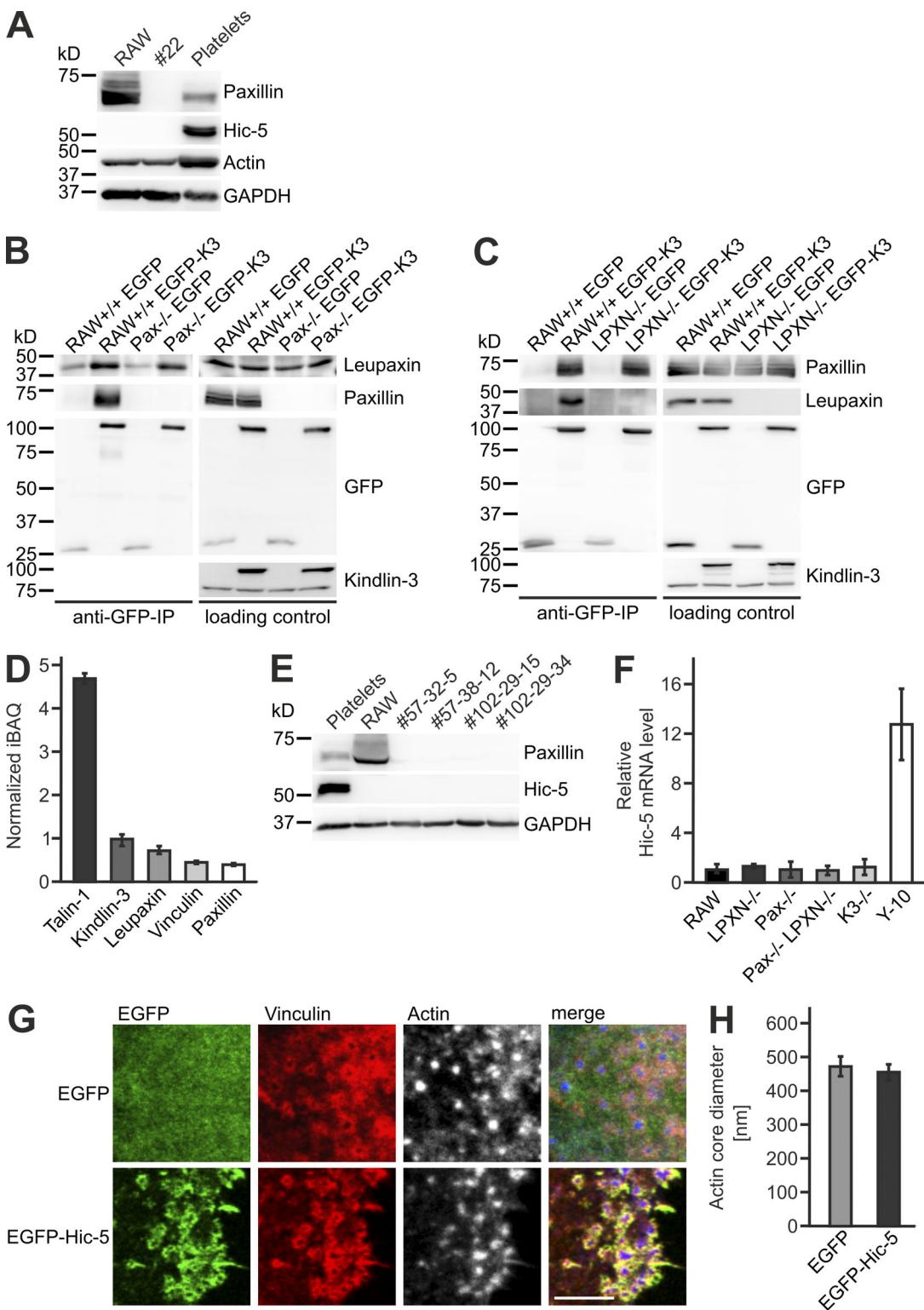


Figure S4. Paxillin and leupaxin do not compete for kindlin-3 binding in RAW cells. (A) Western blot analyses of +/+, paxillin^{-/-} (#22) RAW cells, and platelets for paxillin and Hic-5 expression. Actin and GAPDH served as loading controls. (B) GFP-IP from lysates of +/+ and paxillin^{-/-} RAW cells expressing either EGFP or EGFP-K3 analyzed for leupaxin and paxillin binding. (C) GFP-IP from lysates of WT and leupaxin-deficient RAW cells expressing either EGFP or EGFP-K3 analyzed for paxillin and leupaxin binding. (D) Quantification of the protein abundance of talin-1, kindlin-3, leupaxin, paxillin, and vinculin in RAW cells by whole proteome mass spectrometry analyses. All values are given in relation to the amount of kindlin-3. $n = 4$. (E) Western blot analyses of platelets and +/+ and different clones of paxillin/leupaxin dKO RAW cells for paxillin and Hic-5 expression. (F) Hic-5 mRNA level in +/+, leupaxin^{-/-}, paxillin^{-/-}, paxillin/leupaxin dKO, and K3^{-/-} RAW cells relative to GAPDH. WT controls were set to 1, and megakaryocyte precursor cell line Y-10 served as positive control. $n = 4$. (G) Confocal images of paxillin/leupaxin dKO RAW cells transfected with EGFP or EGFP-tagged Hic-5 stained for vinculin (red) and actin (white/blue in merge). Scale bar, 5 μm. (H) Diameter of the podosomal actin cores in paxillin/leupaxin dKO RAW cells transfected with EGFP or EGFP-tagged Hic-5. $n = 4$.

Table S1. Key resources

Reagent type (species) or resource	Designation	Source or reference	Identifiers	Additional information
Genetic reagent (<i>Mus musculus</i>)	K3 ^{-/-}	Moser et al., 2008	RRID: MGI:2147790	R. Fässler (Max Planck Institute of Biochemistry)
Genetic reagent (<i>M. musculus</i>)	K3 ^{n/-}	Klaproth et al., 2015	RRID: MGI:3785479	R. Fässler
Antibody	Rabbit anti-actin	Sigma-Aldrich	Cat. no. A2066; RRID: AB_476693	WB (1:3,000)
Antibody	rabbit anti-cortactin	Cell Signaling Technology	Cat. no. 3502; RRID: AB_2115148	WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Rabbit anti-phospho-Cortactin Y421	Cell Signaling Technology	Cat. no. 4569; RRID: AB_2276917	WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Rabbit anti-FAK	Cell Signaling Technology	Cat. no. 3285; RRID: AB_2269034	WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Rabbit anti-phospho-FAK Y397	Cell Signaling Technology	Cat. no. 3283S; RRID: AB_2173659	WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Mouse anti-FLAG M2-Cy3	Sigma-Aldrich	Cat. no. A9594; RRID: AB_439700	IF (1:500)
Antibody	Mouse anti-GAPDH	Merck Millipore	Cat. no. CB1001; RRID: AB_2107426	WB (1:20,000)
Antibody	Mouse anti-GFP	Homemade cell culture supernatant		WB (1:3)
Antibody	Mouse anti-Hic-5	BD Biosciences	Cat. no. 611164; RRID: AB_398702	WB (1:500)
Antibody	Rabbit anti-His-tag	Cell Signaling Technology	Cat. no. 2365; RRID: AB_2115720	WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated anti-mouse IgG	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. A-11001; RRID: AB_2534069	IF (1:300)
Antibody	Alexa Fluor 546-conjugated anti-mouse IgG	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. A-11003; RRID: AB_2534071	IF (1:300)
Antibody	Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. A-11034; RRID: AB_2576217	IF (1:300)
Antibody	Alexa Fluor 546-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. A-11010; RRID: AB_2534077	IF (1:300)
Antibody	Alexa Fluor 546-conjugated anti-rat IgG	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. A-11081; RRID: AB_2534125	IF (1:300)
Antibody	IgG1 isotype control from murine myeloma	Sigma-Aldrich	Cat. no. M5284-.1MG; RRID: AB_1163685	IP (5 µg)
Antibody	Anti-integrin α4-PE	BD Pharmingen	Cat. no. 553157; RRID: AB_394670	IF (1:100)
Antibody	Anti-integrin αV-PE	BD Pharmingen	Cat. no. 551187; RRID: AB_394088	IF (1:100)
Antibody	Anti-integrin β1	R. Fässler (Max Planck Institute of Biochemistry)		IF (1:5,000)
Antibody	Anti-integrin β3-PE	eBioscience	Cat. no. 12-0611-81; RRID: AB_465717	IF (1:100)
Antibody	Rabbit anti-kindlin-3	Markus Moser (Max Planck Institute of Biochemistry)		IF (1:100), WB (1:3,000)
Antibody	Mouse anti-leupaxin	Abcam	Cat. no. ab181621	IF (1:100), WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Mouse anti-paxillin	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. 610051; RRID: AB_397463	WB (1:5,000), IP (5 µg)
Antibody	Rabbit anti-paxillin	Abcam	Cat. no. ab32084; RRID: AB_779033	IF (1:300)

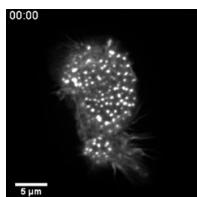
Table S1. Key resources (Continued)

Reagent type (species) or resource	Designation	Source or reference	Identifiers	Additional information
Antibody	Rabbit anti-paxillin Y31	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. 44-720G; RRID: AB_2533732	IF (1:100), WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Rabbit anti-paxillin Y118	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. 44-722G; RRID: AB_1501919	IF (1:100), WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Mouse anti-PTP-PEST	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. MA1-12377; RRID: AB_2175233	IF (1:100), WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Rabbit anti-Pyk2	Cell Signaling Technology	Cat. no. 3292; RRID: AB_2174097	WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Rabbit anti-phospho-Pyk2 Y402	Cell Signaling Technology	Cat. no. 3291; RRID: AB_2300530	WB (1:1,000)
Antibody	Anti-p-tyrosine (pY99)	Santa Cruz Biotechnology	Cat. no. sc-7020; RRID: AB_628123	IF (1:50)
Antibody	Mouse anti-talin	Sigma-Aldrich	Cat. no. T3287; RRID: AB_477572	WB (1:20,000)
Antibody	Rabbit anti-talin1	Abcam	Cat. no. ab71333; RRID: AB_2204002	IF (1:250)
Antibody	Mouse anti-vinculin	Sigma-Aldrich	Cat. no. V9131; RRID: AB_477629	IF (1:500)
Peptide, recombinant protein	GeneArt Platinum Cas9 Nuclease (3 µg/µL)	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. B25641	
Peptide, recombinant protein	Fibronectin bovine plasma	Merck Millipore	Cat. no. 341631	5 µg/ml
Peptide, recombinant protein	Gelatin from pig skin, Oregon Green 488 Conjugate	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. G13186	10 µg/ml
Peptide, recombinant protein	Recombinant mouse TNF-α	R&D Systems	Cat. no. 410-MT	2 µg/ml
Commercial assay or kit	µMACS GFP Isolation Kit	Miltenyi	Cat. no. 130-091-125	
Commercial assay or kit	µMACS DYKDDDDK Isolation Kit	Miltenyi	Cat. no. 130-101-591	
Commercial assay or kit	Mouse Macrophage Nucleofactor Kit	Lonza	Cat. no. VAPA-1009	
Commercial assay or kit	Glutathione Magnetic Agarose Beads	Jena Bioscience	Cat. no. AC-605-5	
Commercial assay or kit	Pierce Protein A/G Magnetic beads	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. 88802	
Commercial assay or kit	PureCube 100 INDIGO Ni-Agarose beads	Cube Biotech	Cat. no. 75103	
Commercial assay or kit	GeneArt Precision gRNA Synthesis Kit	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. A29377	
Commercial assay or kit	Neon Transfection System 10 µl Kit	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. MPK1096	
Commercial assay or kit	Lipofectamine LTX Reagent with PLUS Reagent	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. A12621	
Commercial assay or kit	Lipofectamine 3000 Transfection Reagent	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. L3000015	
Commercial assay or kit	RNeasy Mini Kit	Qiagen	Cat. no. 74104	
Commercial assay or kit	iScript cDNA Synthesis Kit	Bio-Rad	Cat. no. 1708890	
Commercial assay or kit	iQ SYBR Green Supermix	Bio-Rad	Cat. no. 1708880	
Chemical compound, drug	M-CSF	Tebu-bio	Cat. no. 315-02-B	
Chemical compound, drug	Alexa Fluor 647 phalloidin	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Cat. no. A22287; RRID: AB_2620155	IF (1:40)
Chemical compound, drug	RANKL	Tebu-bio	Cat. no. 315-11-B	
Software, algorithm	GraphPad Prism	GraphPad	RRID:SCR_002798	

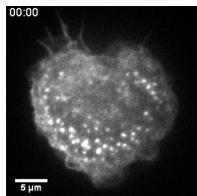
Table S1. Key resources (Continued)

Reagent type (species) or resource	Designation	Source or reference	Identifiers	Additional information
Software, algorithm	ImageJ	National Institutes of Health	RRID:SCR_003070	
Software, algorithm	Photoshop	Adobe	RRID:SCR_014199	
Other	Glass Bottom Microwell Dishes	MatTek Corporation	Cat. no. P35G-15-20-C	

WB, Western blot; PMID, PubMed ID; RRID, Research Resource identifiers.



Video 1. Time-lapse video of a WT preosteoclast expressing LifeAct-GFP acquired with a custom-made spinning disc confocal microscope. Pictures were taken every 15 s for 5 min.



Video 2. Time-lapse video of a K3^{n/-} preosteoclast expressing LifeAct-GFP acquired with a custom-made spinning disc confocal microscope. Pictures were taken every 15 s for 5 min.

References

- Klaproth, S., F.A. Moretti, M. Zeiler, R. Ruppert, U. Breithaupt, S. Mueller, R. Haas, M. Mann, M. Sperandio, R. Fässler, and M. Moser. 2015. Minimal amounts of kindlin-3 suffice for basal platelet and leukocyte functions in mice. *Blood*. 126:2592–2600. <https://doi.org/10.1182/blood-2015-04-639310>
- Moser, M., B. Nieswandt, S. Ussar, M. Pozgajova, and R. Fässler. 2008. Kindlin-3 is essential for integrin activation and platelet aggregation. *Nat. Med.* 14: 325–330. <https://doi.org/10.1038/nm1722>