



Supplementary Materials: Ex Vivo Conjunctival Retention and Transconjunctival Transport of Poorly Soluble Drugs Using Polymeric Micelles

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	Cyclosporine	Dexamethasone	Econazole Nitrate	TPGS	
Linearity (µg/mL)ª	0.25–5	0.05-1	0.1–5	2.5–50	
	2.5-50	1-100	5-100		
LLOQ (µg/mL)	0.25	0.05	0.1	2.5	
(RSD%; RE%)	(RSD% 1.72; RE% 12)	(RSD% 3.7; RE% 3.3)	(RSD% 9.03; RE% 19)	(RSD% 13.5; RE% 8.7)	
LOD (µg/mL)	0.125	0.01	0.05	1	
Recovery % from the ocular tissue	93.6 ± 5.2 ^{b,c}	100.0 ± 2.1 ^b	88.9 ± 2.6	nd	

Table S1. Validation parameters of the HPLC methods.

^a Calibration curves at lower concentration were used for permeability studies, calibration curves at higher concentration were used for solubility evaluation. ^b The method was validated on corneal tissue, ^cFrom ref [7].

Table S2. Results of the DLS analysis of blank P formulations at different dilutions.

Dilution	Size (nm)	% Intensity	Z Average	PdI
1:10	6.6 ± 2.3	69.40%		0.29
	33.9 ± 13.3	29.00%	76.19	
-	5023 ± 693	1.70%	-	
1.50	8.4± 2.9	81.70%	- 9.215	0.328
1:50	568.4 ± 580.3	18.30%	9.215	
	8.3 ± 2.5	69%		
1:100	470.7 ± 236.6	22.30%	30.88	0.345
	4495 ± 956	7.2%	-	

Table S3. Values of peak positions observed by small angle X ray scattering (SAXS) patterns analysis for formulation P at 25 °C. The determination of the crystalline phase, face-centered cubic FCC, has been obtained from the qi/q^* ratios. The first-order peak q^* is not present in the pattern.

Peak Position (nm ⁻¹)	qi/q*
q* = 0.2125	
0.368	√3
0.43	2
0.61	√8
0.7	√11
0.74	√12
0.85	√16
0.93	√19

The determination of the intermicellar distance d is given by q* (and the lattice parameter a_{FCC}) according to $d = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} \frac{2\pi}{q^*} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} a_{FCC}$. The calculated distance was d = 18.1 nm, with a corresponding size of Pluronic micelles of the order of 13 nm.

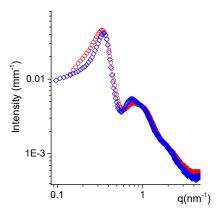


Figure S1. SAXS spectra of mixed TP micelles (50:50 mole ratio) prepared with different protocols. Dissolution of both powders in water (blue diamonds) and mixing of T and P solutions (red dots). Intensity profiles are similar in all the investigated q region.