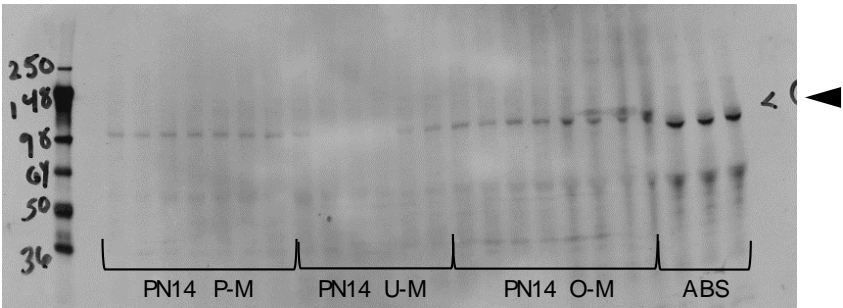


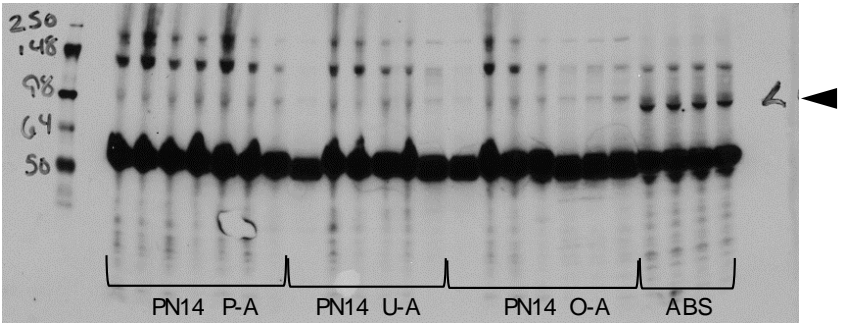
Opendak, et al.

Supplementary Figure 6.

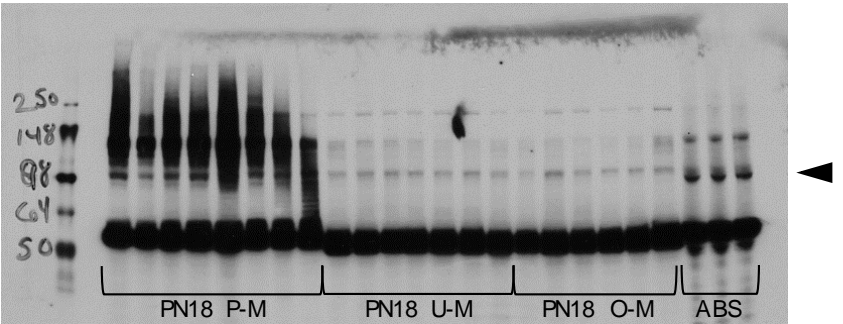
GluA3 Blots (100 kD).



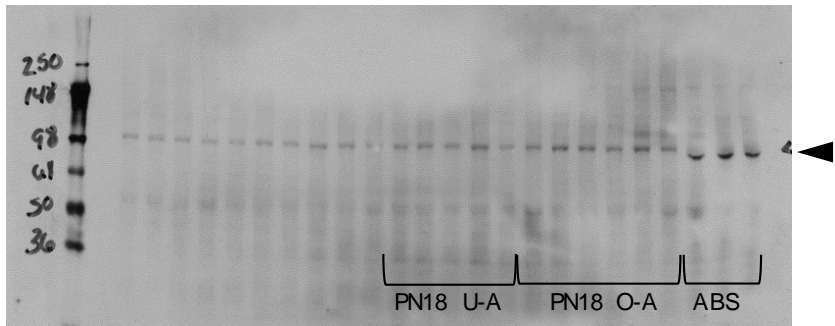
6A.  $\alpha$ -Tubulin comparison in Supp. Fig. 7A



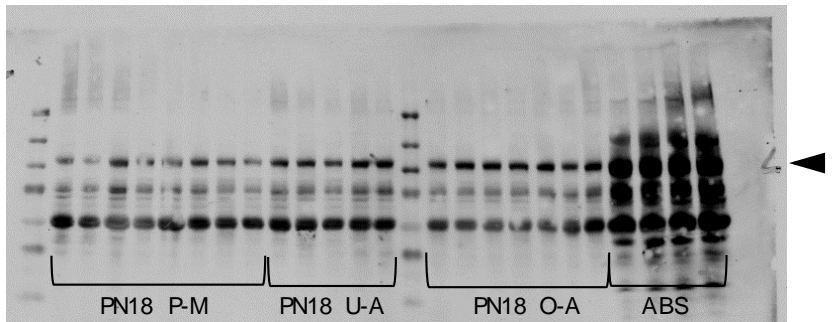
6B.  $\alpha$ -Tubulin comparison in Supp. Fig 7B



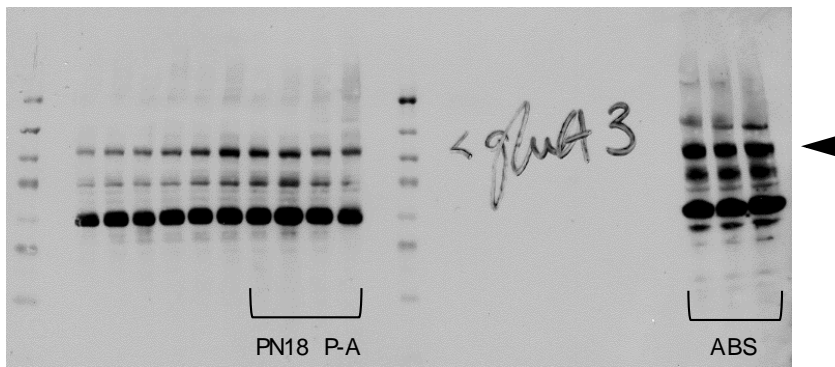
6C.  $\alpha$ -Tubulin comparison in Supp. Fig. 7C



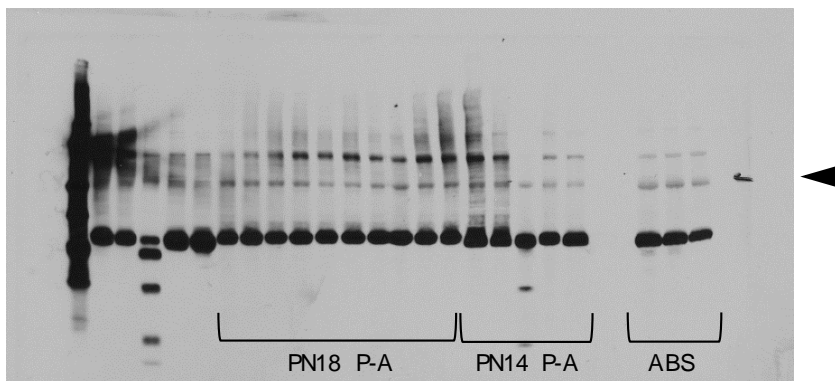
6D.  $\alpha$ -Tubulin comparison in Supp. Fig. 7D.



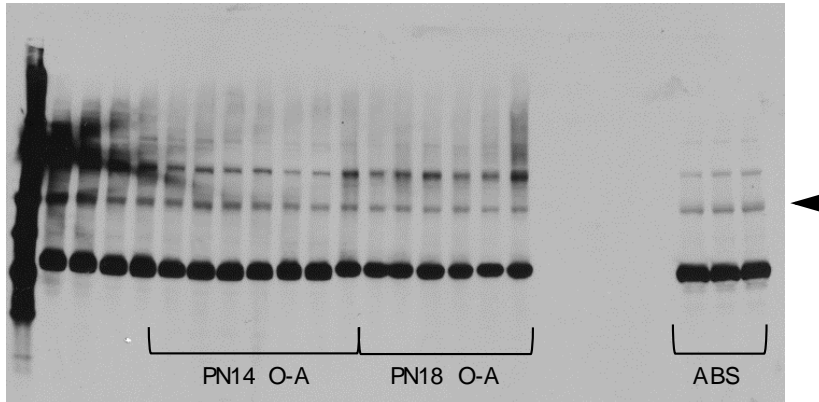
6E.  $\alpha$ -Tubulin comparison in Supp. Fig. 7G.



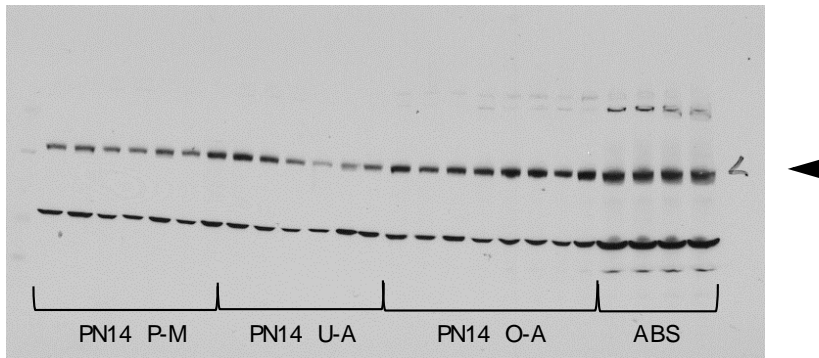
6F.  $\alpha$ -Tubulin comparison in Supp. Fig. 7J.



6G.  $\alpha$ -Tubulin comparison in Supp. Fig. 7H



6H.  $\alpha$ -Tubulin comparison in Supp. Fig. 7I.



6I.  $\alpha$ -Tubulin comparison in Supp. Fig. 7F

**Figure S6.** Western blot showing GluA3 (100 kDa, arrow) levels in amygdalae of pups conditioned at age postnatal day PN14 and PN18. P-A/U-A/O-A/P-M/U-M/O-M: Paired, Unpaired, Odor only conditioning, alone (A) or with mother (M). ABS: All brain sample, positive control. Empty lanes were loaded with 1x Laemmli Buffer. The same tubulin-corrected values were used for all markers probed. Comparisons were made across gels processed in parallel using samples derived from the same experiment. Unmarked blots were analyzed as part of a different study.