natureresearch

Corresponding author(s): Minglin Ma

Last updated by author(s): Aug 28, 2019

Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistics

For	all st	atistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Cor	firmed
	\boxtimes	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	\boxtimes	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	\boxtimes	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
\boxtimes		A description of all covariates tested
	\square	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	\boxtimes	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	\boxtimes	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.
\boxtimes		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
\boxtimes		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
\boxtimes		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
		Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information a	bout <u>availability of computer code</u>
Data collection	EVOS™ FL Imaging System was used to collected optical, phase-contrast and fluorescence images. Confocal images were captured by FV10-ASW2.0 software (Olympus) under FLUOVIEW FV1000 confocal microscope (Olympus)
Data analysis	GraphPad Prism and R software were used for data plotting and statistical analysis. Fiji ImageJ software was used for image analysis
For manuscripts utilizing of We strongly encourage co	us on algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. de deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

All relevant data are available within the article and Supplementary Information, and from the corresponding author upon reasonable request.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.		
Sample size	Sample size was determined based on previous experience and literatures	
Data exclusions	All mice were used for analysis unless they died or had to be euthanized according to IACUC approved protocols.	
Replication	Experiments were repeated at least twice. Results were consistent across independent experiments	
Randomization	Mice were randomized among control and treatment groups to keep blood glucose levels at the similar level for all groups at the beginning of transplantation	
Blinding	Blood glucose measurements were randomly performed by blinded and non-blinded personnel	

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems

Μ	et	ho	ds
	~ ~		00

n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
	Antibodies	\boxtimes	ChIP-seq
	Eukaryotic cell lines	\boxtimes	Flow cytometry
\boxtimes	Palaeontology	\boxtimes	MRI-based neuroimaging
	Animals and other organisms		
\boxtimes	Human research participants		
\boxtimes	Clinical data		

Antibodies

Antibodies used	Mouse anti-human CD31 (PECAM-1), eBioscience, Cat No 14-0319-82, Clone WM-59 Rabbit anti-human CD31, Sigma, Cat No SAB5600061-100UL, Clone RM247 Goat anti-mouse CD31, R&D systems, Cat No AF3628 Alfa-smooth muscle actin antibody conjugated with Cy3, Sigma, Cat No C61982ML, Clone 1A4 Rabbit anti-rat insulin, abcam, Cat No ab181547, Clone EPR17359 Alexa FluorTM 488 goat anti-mouse antibody, Invitrogen, Cat No A-11001 Alexa FluorTM 555 donkey anti-mouse antibody, Invitrogen, Cat No A-31570 Alexa FluorTM 488 phalloidin, Life technology, Cat No A12379 Texas Red™-X Phalloidin, Life technology, Cat No T7471 Alexa FluorTM 594 donkey anti-rabbit antibody, Invitrogen, Cat No R37119 Alexa FluorTM 488 donkey anti-rabbit antibody, Invitrogen, Cat No R37118 Alexa FluorTM 488 donkey anti-goat antibody, Invitrogen, Cat No R37119 Alexa FluorTM 594 donkey anti-goat antibody, Invitrogen, Cat No R37119 Alexa FluorTM 594 donkey anti-rabbit antibody, Invitrogen, Cat No R37119
Validation	Mouse anti-human CD31 (PECAM-1), eBioscience, Cat No 14-0319-82, Clone WM-59: The WM59 monoclonal antibody reacts with human CD31 https://www.thermofisher.com/antibody/product/CD31-PECAM-1-Antibody-clone-WM-59-WM59-Monoclonal/14-0319-82 Rabbit anti-human CD31, Sigma, Cat No SAB5600061-100UL, Clone RM247 This antibody reacts to human CD31 (Platelet endothelial cell adhesion molecule, PECAM-1) https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/catalog/product/sigma/sab5600061?lang=en®ion=US Goat anti-mouse CD31, R&D systems, Cat No AF3628 Detects mouse and rat CD31/PECAM-1, approximately 10% cross-reactivity with recombinant human CD31 and recombinant porcine CD31 is observed https://www.rndsystems.com/products/mouse-rat-cd31-pecam-1-antibody_af3628 Alfa-smooth muscle actin antibody conjugated with Cy3, Sigma, Cat No C61982ML, Clone 1A4 Species reactivity: human, mouse, rat, rabbit, guinea pig, chicken, snake, sheep, goat, frog, canine, bovine Application: immunohistochemistry (formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections) https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/catalog/product/sigma/c6198?lang=en®ion=US

Rabbit anti-rat insulin, abcam, Cat No ab181547, Clone EPR17359 Species reactivity: Mouse, Rat, Human Tested applications, Suitable for: IHC-FoFr, WB, IHC-P, ICC/IF https://www.abcam.com/insulin-antibody-epr17359-ab181547.html

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>	
Cell line source(s)	HUVEC and NHDF were purchased from Lonza
Authentication	Lonza's certificate
Mycoplasma contamination	Cells were not tested for mycoplasma contamination in house but Lonza certified them free of contamination
Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)	Neither of cell lines are on the ICLAC registry
Authentication Mycoplasma contamination Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)	Lonza's certificate Cells were not tested for mycoplasma contamination in house but Lonza certified them free of contamination Neither of cell lines are on the ICLAC registry

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals	Sprague-Dawley rats (male, strain code 400, 250-275 g weight, Charles River) SD-Tg(UBC-EGFP)2BalRrrc rats (or SD-EGFP, male, 8-12 weeks old, Rat Resource and Research Center) SCID-Beige mice (male and female, model number CBSCBG, 6-8 weeks old, Taconic Biosciences)
Wild animals	The study didn't involve wild animals
Field-collected samples	The study did not involve samples collected from the field
Ethics oversight	All animal procedures were approved by and performed according to the guidelines of the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee at the Cornell University

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.