S1 Table. Associations between active smoking and the risk of papillary thyroid cancer stratified by passive smoking exposure status

	No exposure to passive smoking				Exposure to passive smoking with childhood exposure				Exposure to passive smoking without childhood exposure			
	Men ^{a)}		Women ^{a)}		Men ^{a)}		Women ^{a)}		Men ^{a)}		Women ^{a)}	
•	Cases/ Controls	OR ^{b)} (95% CI)	Cases/ Controls	OR ^{b)} (95% CI)	Cases/ Controls	OR ^{b)} (95% CI)	Cases/ Controls	OR ^{b)} (95% CI)	Cases/ Controls	OR ^{b)} (95% CI)	Cases/ Controls	OR ^{b)} (95% CI)
Active smoking sta	atus											
Never	51/474	1.00	728/8,492	1.00	15/111	1.00	238/1,972	1.00	63/521	1.00	190/1,562	1.00
Past	90/931	0.78 (0.51-1.19)	12/135	0.97 (0.51-1.85)	27/216	0.91 (0.30-2.78)	4/43	1.09 (0.26-4.60)	8/65	0.76 (0.29-1.98)	23/194	1.04 (0.68-3.93)
Current	15/661	0.22 (0.12-0.43)	6/210	0.31 (0.13-0.73)	36/328	0.92 (0.36-2.39)	9/145	0.61 (0.22-1.69)	11/118	0.75 (0.38-1.46)	34/355	0.80 (0.54-2.30)
Cumulative smoki	ng dose (pacl	k-year)										
Never-smoker	51/474	1.00	728/8,492	1.00	15/111	1.00	238/1,972	1.00	63/521	1.00	190/1,562	1.00
<20	57/849	0.55 (0.35-0.87)	12/307	0.42 (0.23-0.77)	37/290	1.03 (0.36-2.92)	9/166	0.66 (0.24-1.79)	12/114	0.88 (0.46-1.69)	35/342	0.81 (0.55-2.41)
≥20	47/737	0.63 (0.38-1.02)	5/36	2.31 (0.77-6.96)	25/247	0.85 (0.32-2.26)	3/17	0.78 (0.12-5.32)	7/66	0.66 (0.23-1.88)	21/198	0.92 (0.59-2.93)
Age at active smol	ing initiation	n (yr)										
Never-smoker	51/474	1.00	728/8,492	1.00	27/27	1.00	238/1,972	1.00	63/521	1.00	190/1,562	1.00
≥25	7/234	0.26 (0.11-0.61)	5/223	0.24 (0.09-0.60)	5/16	0.20 (0.05-0.73)	9/107	0.85 (0.28-2.56)	4/44	0.62 (0.19-2.05)	13/133	0.84 (0.48-2.14)
20-24	68/977	0.63 (0.41-0.98)	11/91	1.32 (0.66-2.65)	37/67	0.39 (0.18-0.85)	1/63	0.31 (0.04-2.49)	8/91	0.63 (0.26-1.49)	23/273	0.72 (0.47-1.80)
<20	29/380	0.63 (0.37-1.08)	2/28	0.93 (0.20-4.32)	21/14	1.27 (0.49-3.30)	3/14	2.24 (0.18-27.35)	7/47	0.98 (0.37-2.57)	21/140	1.31 (0.82-6.52)

OR, odds ratio; CI, confidence interval. ^{a)}Participants with missing information for passive smoking during growing up (5 cases and 158 controls for men; 17 cases and 474 controls for women) and those with childhood and adulthood exposure to passive smoking (96 cases and 588 controls for men; 438 cases and 4,084 controls for women) were excluded, ^{b)}Associations between active smoking and thyroid cancer were assessed by conditional logistic regression model (matching variables: age and sex) adjusted for body mass index ($< 25 \text{ kg/m}^2$, and unknown), education (high school graduation: no, yes, and unknown), marital status (single, married, and unknown), and history of chronic diseases (hypertension or dyslipidemia).