

Supplementary Data

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE S1. EFFECTS OF VARIOUS CRYOPROTECTANTS AND PRESERVATION METHODS ON THE VIABILITY OF MALE (♂) AND FEMALE (♀) GAMETOPHYTIC CELLS OF *SACCHARINA LATISSIMA* 52 DAYS POST-THAWING (MEDIAN, $N=6$ AND $N_{Mr. Frosty}=4$)

Cryoprotectant	Survival											
	Cryoprotectant (noncooling)		LN2 (direct plunge)		Controlled rate cooler		Stirling cycle freezer		Mr. Frosty		CoolCell	
	♂	♀	♂	♀	♂	♀	♂	♀	♂	♀	♂	♀
5% (v/v) DMSO	Crossed*		-	-	Crossed*		Crossed*		Crossed*		Crossed*	
10% (v/v) DMSO +9% (w/v) D-sorbitol			-	-								
10% (v/v) polyethylene glycol			-	-			++	++	++	++	++	++
10% (v/v) methanol			-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-
5% (v/v) polyethylene glycol +5% (v/v) methanol			-	-			Crossed*					

- - - = no viability.
 - + = 0-20% viability.
 - ++ = 20-50% viability.
 - +++ = 50-80% viability.
 - ++++ = >80% viability.

*Crossed, start induction of gametogenesis and fertilization 35 days post-thawing.

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE S2. EFFECTS OF VARIOUS CRYOPROTECTANTS AND PRESERVATION METHODS ON THE VIABILITY OF MALE (♂) AND FEMALE (♀) GAMETOPHYTIC CELLS OF *SACCHARINA LATISSIMA* 10 DAYS POST-THAWING (MEDIAN, $N=6$)

Cryoprotectant	Survival											
	Cryoprotectant (noncooling)		LN2 (direct plunge)		Controlled rate cooler		Stirling cycle freezer		Mr. Frosty		CoolCell	
	♂	♀	♂	♀	♂	♀	♂	♀	♂	♀	♂	♀
5% (v/v) DMSO	+	+	-	-	++	++	-	-	-	-	-	-
10% (v/v) DMSO +9% (w/v) D-sorbitol	+	+	-	-	++	++	-	-	-	-	-	-
10% (v/v) polyethylene glycol	+	+	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-
10% (v/v) methanol	+	+	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-
10% (v/v) polyethylene glycol +10% (v/v) methanol	+	+	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-

- - - = no viability.
 - + = 0-20% viability.
 - ++ = 20-50% viability.
 - +++ = 50-80% viability.
 - ++++ = >80% viability.
 DMSO, dimethyl sulfoxide.