



Figure S2. Changes in the hallmarks of AD in five animal models and wild-type (WT) mice at 2-, 4-, 8- and 18-month-old from the Mouseac database.

(a) Changes in relative densities of A β plaque or tau neurofibrillary tangle (n = 4 for each group). The data are presented as the mean \pm standard error of the mean (mean \pm sem). Colours indicate different models; lines are fitted using a polynomial algorithm.

(b) Changes in \log_2 normalized expression levels of synaptophysin ($n = 4$ for each group). The data are presented as the mean \pm standard error of the mean (mean \pm sem). Colours indicate different models; lines are fitted using a polynomial algorithm.

(c-d) Changes in \log_2 normalized expression levels of CD86 and ARG1, representing changes in M1 and M2 cell counts ($n = 4$ for each group). The data are presented as the mean \pm standard error of the mean (mean \pm sem). Colours indicate different models; lines are fitted using a polynomial algorithm.

(e-f) Changes in \log_2 normalized expression levels of TIPM, CCL3, GATA-3 and MIF, representing changes in Th1 and Th2 counts ($n = 4$ for each group). The data are presented as the mean \pm standard error of the mean (mean \pm sem). Colours indicate different models; lines are fitted using a polynomial algorithm.