SUPPLEMENTAL FIGURE LEGENDS-

Fig S1. CbsR12 is processed by RNase III. (**A**). CbsR12 secondary structure as predicted by mFold. Nucleotide 1 was determined to be the TSS for the full-size transcript by 5' RACE. Red asterisks indicate apparent alternative TSSs by 5' RACE. Dotted line indicates the putative RNase III processing area. Blue solid lines indicate consensus CsrA-binding sites. (**B**). RNase III assay of *in vitro*-transcribed CbsR12 with the *C. burnetii* IVS RNA as a positive control. Results from treatment with *E. coli* (*Ec*) RNase III (New England BioLabs), recombinant *C. burnetii* (*Cb*) RNase III or no-enzyme controls are shown and done as previously described (1). Arrows indicate RNase III-processed (blue) and un-processed (red) CbsR12 RNA.

Fig S2. Location of the MB-*cbsR12* transposon insertion to inactivate *cbsR12*. (A). The *cbsR12* gene and promoter elements are highlighted by the indicated colors, while the location of the *Himar* transposon insertion producing the MB-*cbsR12* strain is marked by a black arrow. Red arrows denote primer-binding sites for PCR confirmation of the lesion (forward and reverse primers above and below their annealing sequences, respectively). (B). PCR products confirming transposon insertion in *cbsR12* of MB-*cbsR12* (red arrow) by loss of the ~250 bp amplicon and reintroduction of *cbsR12* in MB-*cbsR12*-Comp (blue arrow). (C). Copy number qPCR analysis confirming a single additional insertion of *cbsR12* in the MB-*cbsR12*-Comp strain. Values represent the means \pm standard error of means (SEM) of three independent determinations.

Fig S3. Additional biological replicates for ACCM-2 and THP-1 growth curves. Growth curves for MB-WT, MB-*cbsR12*, and MB-*cbsR12*-Comp strains in ACCM-2 (**A**, **B**) or THP-1 cells (**C**, **D**) as determined by qPCR. The 0dpi time point refers to the inoculum. Values represent means \pm standard error of means (SEM) of three technical replicates.

Fig S4. CbsR12 competitively binds *carA*, *metK*, and *cvpD* transcripts in a dose-dependent manner. RNA-RNA EMSAs showing hybridization reactions between biotin-labeled CbsR12 (Bio-CbsR12) and an *in vitro*-transcribed segment of *carA* (A), *metK* (B), or *cvpD* (C). Anti-CbsR12 represents a positive control consisting of a transcript equal in size but antisense to the CbsR12 transcript. A cold-chase sample containing Bio-CbsR12 + un-labeled CbsR12 + CarA/MetK/CvpD shows competitive (specific) binding relative to Bio-CbsR12 plus target alone, while increasing the dose of *carA/metK/cvpD* transcript (from 2 nM to 10 nM) increases the amount of retarded sample signal on the blot. Arrows indicate un-bound Bio-CbsR12 (blue) and Bio-CbsR12 bound to its RNA targets (red).

Fig S5. Artemis views of CbsR12 binding to *carA*, *metK*, *ahcY*, and *cvpD* transcripts. Artemis representation of Crosslink-Seq results for MB-WT. Red and blue lines represent the two biological replicates. (A). CbsR12 crosslinking with *carA* reads (blue arrow). (B). CbsR12 crosslinking with *metK* reads (blue arrow) and *ahcY* reads (red arrow). (C). CbsR12 crosslinking with *cvpD* reads (blue arrow).

Fig S6. CbsR12 downregulates the quantity of transcripts arising from the 5' end of *cvpD* **in LCVs from infected THP-1 cells.** (**A**). *cvpD* gene sequence from the 5' TSS to the predicted downstream alternative start codon. Indicated colors highlight the TSSs, the CbsR12-binding site, the putative downstream promoter, putative RBSs, and start codons. Red arrows show primer annealing regions for qRT-PCR (forward and reverse primers above and below their

respective annealing sequences). (**B**). Representation of CbsR12 binding to the *cvpD* transcript as determined by IntaRNA with base numbers indicated. The top strand in the model represents the *metK* sequence, while the bottom strand represents the complementary CbsR12 sequence. (**C**). qRT-PCR of the 5' end of *cvpD* from MB-WT, MB-*cbsR12*, and MB-*cbsR12*-Comp LCVs (3dpi) and SCVs (7dpi) infecting THP-1 cells. Values represent means \pm standard error of means (SEM) of three independent determinations (** = P < 0.01, one-way ANOVA, *** = P < 0.001, one-way ANOVA).

Fig S7. Coomassie blue-stained SDS-PAGE gels corresponding to Fig. 9 to demonstrate loading consistency. (A). Proteins (30 µg total) from MB-WT, MB-*cbsR12*, and MB-*cbsR12*-Comp LCVs (mid-log phase; 96h for MB-WT and MB-*cbsR12*-Comp and 144h for MB-*cbsR12*) grown in ACCM-2 were resolved on a 10-20% acrylamide gradient SDS-PAGE gel and stained with Coomassie brilliant blue R. (B). Proteins (60 µg total) from MB-WT, MB-*cbsR12*, and MB-*cbsR12*-Comp LCVs (mid-log phase; 96h for MB-WT and MB-*cbsR12*-Comp and 144h for MB-*cbsR12*) grown in ACCM-2 were resolved on a 10-20% acrylamide gradient SDS-PAGE gel and stained with Coomassie brilliant blue R. (B). Proteins (60 µg total) from MB-WT, MB-*cbsR12*, and MB-*cbsR12*-Comp LCVs (mid-log phase; 96h for MB-WT and MB-*cbsR12*-Comp and 144h for MB-*cbsR12*) grown in ACCM-2 were resolved on a 10-20% acrylamide gradient SDS-PAGE gel and stained stained with Coomassie brilliant blue R.

Fig S8. CbsR12 in *E. coli* leads to an autoaggregative phenotype and biofilm formation. (A). Overnight cultures of *E. coli* Top10 F' harboring pBEST + *carA5*'UTR or pBEST + *carA5*'UTR + *cbsR12* were inoculated into 3 mL LB supplemented with ampicillin (100 µg/mL), grown for 2 h at 37°C with shaking, then induced with 1 mM IPTG for 3 h before photography. The red arrow indicates autoaggregation of *E. coli* in the presence of CbsR12. (B). *in vitro* biofilm formation assay of *E. coli* Top10 F' harboring pBEST or pBEST + *carA5*'UTR + *cbsR12*. Crystal violet staining is indicative of adherence due to biofilm induction. Values represent the average OD₅₇₀ readings of 10 wells ± standard error of means (SEM) of three independent determinations (* = P < 0.05, student's *t* test, ** = P < 0.01, student's *t* test).

Fig S9. CbsR1 is an additional *C. burnetii* **sRNA with RsmY/Z-like characteristics.** (**A**). The *cbsR1* gene, predicted promoter elements, and putative LetA-binding site are highlighted by the indicated colors. (**B**). CbsR1 secondary structure as predicted by mFold. Nucleotide 1 was predicted to be the TSS for the full-size transcript by analysis of RNA-Seq datasets. Blue solid lines indicate putative CsrA-binding sites.

Fig S10. Strains, plasmids, and primers used in the study.

SUPPLEMENTAL LITERATURE CITED-

- 1. Warrier I, Walter MC, Frangoulidis D, Raghavan R, Hicks LD, Minnick MF. 2016. The Intervening Sequence of *Coxiella burnetii*: Characterization and Evolution. *Front Cell Infect Microbiol* **6**: 83.
- Martinez E, Cantet F, Fava L, Norville I, Bonazzi M. 2014. Identification of OmpA, a *Coxiella burnetii* Protein Involved in Host Cell Invasion, by Multi-phenotypic High-content Screening. *PLoS Pathog* 10:e1004013.

 Choi KH, Gaynor JB, White KG, Lopez C, Bosio CM, Karkhoff-Schweizer RR, Schweizer HP. 2005. A Tn7-based broad-range bacterial cloning and expression system. *Nat Methods* 2:443-448.



Fig. S2

A AGCCGCTTTCTGATAGGGCAGTTTATGTTTGTTAAGGGAAGCTGAAGTGATATATTGAAAATCCCTCAAT GGGAAACGTGAGTGTTTAGAGTAGCTGATAAACAAGGTAGTTTAGCTGAGGTCTCTAGGATCTTGGTGGA CAAGGAAGTCCTCGGTGTACTCTAAACGTAATGAGGTAGTCTAAGGTCTGTGTATCAAGGATGAAGTTT TGGGCAAGGAAGCCCGCTGCAGACCCTCCAGATTGTACTAATAAAGAGGACCGCTTTTGCGGTCCTTTT тттстс CbsR12 Coding Sequence -35 Promoter Element -10 Promoter Element MB-cbsR12-Comp В С MB-cbsR12 MB-WT ,adder CbsR12 Copy Number in Studied Strains 2.6 bps 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.2 1.0 1.0 0.8 3000 2000 $1500 \\ 1200 \\ 1000$ 0.8 500 400 300 0.6 0.4 0.2 200

0.0

MBW

NB-05-F12-ComP

MBcbsH12

Strain

100







Α



В



С



A

TT TAAAATTTTTTATTACAAAATAAATTTACGAGGTTAAAAAATGTCTAGATTGCCATCC AAAACTAAATATCATTCTTCTTCATCGCAGCCTAAATAGAAAAACCCCCATTACTTCAGA GAAGTTCTGAAACTAATAGTCTTCGTGAAAGTGGAATAGAAACGGCATCTAGTCAATT ATCCCTAGCCGCATCAAGTTATACACCTATTGACGAAGAAATG

5' RACE TSS (Tn1832 and Tn327) 5' RACE TSS (Tn1832 Only)

CbsR12-Binding Site

Putative Promoter

Putative RBS



Start Codon

C



Expression of 5' End of cvpD in THP-1 Cells



A



В



Putative LetA-binding site CbsR1 Coding Sequence -10 Promoter Element -35 Promoter Element

В



	Strains	Description			Origin		
	TOP10F'	E. coli Chemically	y Competent S	train	Invitrogen		
	PIR1	E. coli Strain with	PIR Origin o	f Replication	Paul Beare		
	MB-WT	<i>C. burnetii</i> "Control" Transposon Mutant (<i>Tn1832</i>)			[2]		
	MB-cbsR12 MB-cbsR12-Comp	C. <i>burnetii</i> Transp Pmini-Tn7 Compl	lement of MB.	chsR12	[2] This Study		
	MB costriz comp			COSICI 2	This Study		
	Plasmid Name	Purpose			Background	Origin	
	Frameshifted Lucifer	ise Reporter As		ssay Negative Control	Top 10 F	This Study	
	pBEST + carA 5'UTI	CheP12 Reporter As		ssay	Top 10 F	This Study	
	pBEST + carA 5 UTI pBEST + metK	CDSR12	Reporter A	ssay	Top 10 F'	This Study	
	pBEST + metK + Ch	sR12	Reporter A	ssay	Top 10 F'	This Study	
	carA pOE30 Ca		CarA Expre	ession Plasmid	Top 10 F'	This Study	
	metK_pQE30		MetK Expr	ession Plasmid	Top 10 F'	This Study	
	pQE30_rnc	pQE30_rnc RNas		Assay	Top 10 F'	[1]	
	csrA1_pQE30 CsrA-		CsrA-1 Exp	pression Plasmid	Top 10 F'	This Study	
	csrA2_pQE30		CsrA-2 Exp	pression plasmid	Top 10 F'	This Study	
pMiniTnS2-ABCD pMiniTn7-CbsR12-KA		Tn327 Com TAN Tn327 Com TA cloping		nplementation nplementation	PIR1		
					PIRI Ter 10	This Study	
	pCR2.1-10P0	1A clo		vector	100 10	Invitrogen	
	Primer Category	Primer Name	e	5'-3' Sequence			
	QRT-PCR	$Q_CbsR12_F_L_qRT$		GCTGATAAACAAGG	TAGTTTAGCTGA	GGTC	
		$Q_CbsR12_R_qRT$ $Q_dotA_qRT_F$		TGGGAGAGCTAAACAGGGGG			
		Q_dotA_qRT_R		CCACAGCTAGCCCTGAAAAGGTATAC			
		Q_cvpD_qRT_F		CGAGGTTAAAAATGTCTAGATTGCC			
	EMCA	Q_cvpD_qRT_R		GACTAITAGTITCAGAACITCTCTGAAG TA ATACCACTCACTATAGGGGA A ACCTCAGTGTTTAG			
	EMSA	O ChsR12 F		CTCTTTATTAGTACAATCTGGAGGGGTCTGCAGC			
		QmetK_F+T7		TAATACGACTCACTATAGGTGAAACATTAATTTAGG			
		QmetK_R		GGTCTTGGCCAATCAGGG			
		QcarA_F+1 / OcarA_R		GCGGCAGCACCCTCTTTACCTA			
		QCb1818_F+T7		TAATACGACTCACTATAGGTTTAAAATTTTTTATTAC			
		QCb1818_R		CACGAAGACTATTAGTTTCAGAACTTC			
		QpurH_F+T7		TAAIACGACICACTATAGGAGAGTGGTTATGCGCTAC GCACGCTTAATCGGCCTTTCAGTA			
		QdnaA_F+T7		TAATACGACTCACTATAGGAAAACTTTAATTTCTTTTCT			
		QdnaA_R		GCGGAATTTCATCGCGCAAATAACC			
		QrpsA_F+T7		TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAATCGTAAACAGACCCTAACC GCCTTGACCAAGGCTCCAGGAC TAATACGACTCACTATAGGCTGGAGGGTCTGCAGCG			
		OCbsR12A I	F+T7				
		QCbsR12A_I	R	GCTGATAAACAAGGTAGTTTAGCTGAGGTC			
	Reporter Assay	LucF_RepAss_carA		AAGCTTTGTTGACAATTAATCATCGGCTCGTATAATGTGCGAAATCGAGAAAGACTCTAAAG			
		Luck_RepAssAIG_carA RA_NEWEST_CbsR12_E		GGATCCCGCGGCAGCACCCTCTTTACCTAT GACTCGAGCTGGTGACAATTAATCATCGGCTCGTATAATGTGTGGGAATTGTGAGCGGATAACAATTTCCCTCAATGGGAAACGTG			
		RA CbsR12	Rev G3	GAAGCGCTAAGTGA	GAAAAAAAAGO	GACCGCAAAAGCGG	
		RA_LacO_Q5R		CTCACAATTCCACACATTATACGAGCCGATG			
		RA_LacO_Q5F		CGGATAACAATTCGAAATCGAGAAAGACTC TTTACCTAACAATTCGAAACACCCCCCCAAAAAACATAAAC			
		RA_NEW_M	letK_Q5F	TAAGGTCADAATCCDAATACGATCCTGTTTCC			
	XLINK_Seq	CbsR12_XLI	NK_1_F	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGGTTCCTTGTCCACCAAG			
		CbsR12_XLINK_1		TCCCTCAATGGGAAACGTGAGTGTTTAG			
		CbsR12_ALI	NK_2_F NK_2_R	GTTTTTGGGCAAGG	AAGCCCGCTG	UCAAAAGUU	
(CarA and MetK Clonin	g_CarA_Express_F		CAGGATCCAATCGCTTATCCTTTTGCAAG			
		Q_CarA_Exp	oress_R	CAAAGCTTGGTGGA	GTCCCTCATTAA	TTTAAC	
		Q_MetK_Exp	press_F	CAGGATCCACGCAC	ACGACCTTATTL	AC	
	CsrA-1/2 Cloning O CsrA1 pOE F		DE F	CAGGATCCTTAGTC	TTAACACGAACA	AATG	
	0	Q_CsrA1_pQ	E_R	CAAAGCTTTTCAAC	TTCCTCAAGAAT	AGGTG	
		Q_CsrA2_pQ	E_F	CAGGATCCTTAATAC	CTAACCAGACGT	ATCGG	
5	5' RACE	Q_CSrA2_pQE_R CbsR12_GSP2		CAAAGCITTICAAA			
	JIMEL	carA GSP1	2	CCAAAATCGTAAAC	GACC		
		carA_GSP2		CGTTGAAACAGCCT	TTGCTAGATCTTT	TCCTTTC	
		metK_GSP1		CTTTGCCGGAGAAA	CAC		
		cvpD GSP1		GAAGGAGAGTGAG	CGG	IAIC	
		cvpD_GSP2		GCCTACTATTAAGCO	GTCTCATGATATT	CAAGGGC	
	RNAseIII Assay	IVS_Flank_F		TAATACGACTCACT	TAGGCTGGTTCT	TCCTCG	
	CheP 12 Complement	IVS_Flank_R	DIE	CITTICCTGGAAGC	GIGG GAAGGCTAAAC	rg a g a a	
	Cosk12 Complement	CbsR12_Ecol	hHI R	CCTCAGGATCCGTC	GGTTTTTAGCCG	CTTTC	
		NM2_GlmS_	F	CCTATTGCATACACC	GATTCCACTG		
		NM2_Kan_F		ATGATTGAACAGAT	GGATTGCACGC		
		Long_CbsR1	2_F	TATGTTTGTTAAGGO	JAAGCTGAAGTG		

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