SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Metabolic Syndrome and Risk of Ischemic Stroke in Atrial Fibrillation: Atherosclerosis Risk In Communities (ARIC) Study

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Conflicts of interest: None

All authors have read and approved the submitted manuscript, the manuscript has not been submitted elsewhere nor published elsewhere in whole or in part, except as an abstract.

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Cover Title: Metabolic Syndrome and Stroke in AF

Total number of tables and figures in supplemental material: 3 tables

Key Words: atrial fibrillation; metabolic syndrome; ischemic stroke; hypertension; diabetes; obesity; hypertriglyceridemia; high-density lipoprotein.

Subject Terms: atrial fibrillation; ischemic stoke

Word Count: 574

Supplemental Tables:

Supplemental Table I. Association of Metabolic Syndrome Components with Embolic Stroke in Participants with Atrial Fibrillation, Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities (ARIC) Study

(Mic) Study							
Individual	Absent	HR (95%	P-	HR (95%	P-	HR (95%	P-
variables		CI), Model	value	CI), Model 2	Value	CI), Model 3	Value
		1					
High Waist	1 (Ref)	0.98	0.93	0.92	0.79	0.90	0.72
Circumference		(0.55-1.72)		(0.52-1.65)		(0.50-1.61)	
High	1 (Ref)	1.46	0.16	1.43	0.19	1.40	0.22
Triglycerides		(0.87-2.45)		(0.83-2.45)		(0.82-2.38)	
Low HDL	1 (Ref)	1.67	0.06	1.60	0.10	1.61	0.09
		(0.97-2.87)		(0.92-2.78)		(0.93-2.81)	
Elevated BP	1 (Ref)	1.31	0.44	1.32	0.44	1.24	0.54
		(0.66-2.62)		(0.65-2.69)*		(0.62-2.52)*	
Elevated fasting	1 (Ref)	1.19	0.55	1.14	0.65	1.14	0.66
plasma glucose		(0.68-2.08)		(0.64-2.02)**		(0.64-	
						2.00)**	

Model 1: Cox proportional hazards model adjusted for age, sex, race/center

Model 2: Cox proportional hazards model adjusted for age, sex, race/center and the remaining CHA₂DS₂-VASc variables of stroke/transient ischemic attack, heart failure, hypertension, diabetes, myocardial infarction, peripheral artery disease and also anticoagulation use.

Model 3: Cox proportional hazards model adjusted for age, sex, race/center and the remaining CHADS₂ variables of stroke/transient ischemic attack, heart failure, hypertension, diabetes and also anticoagulation use.

Ref indicates reference and HDL, High-density lipoprotein. Ref for prehypertension includes participants without prehypertension or HTN Ref for prediabetes includes participants without prediabetes or diabetes

- *Not adjusted for hypertension
- **Not adjusted for diabetes

Supplemental Table II. Association of Metabolic Syndrome Components with Ischemic Stroke in Participants with Atrial Fibrillation, Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities

(ARIC) Study, Sensitivity Analysis Fitting Fine-Gray Model

(may) Study, School by mary sis I tem g I me Gruy Model							
Individual	Absent	HR (95%	P-	HR (95%	P-		
variables		CI), Model 1	Value	CI), Model 2	Value		
High Waist	1 (Ref)	0.87	0.50	0.86	0.47		
Circumference		(0.58-1.31)		(0.57-1.29)			
High	1 (Ref)	1.20	0.35	1.17	0.42		
Triglycerides		(0.81-1.78)		(0.79-1.73)			
Low HDL	1 (Ref)	1.44	0.07	1.44	0.08		
		(0.97-2.15)		(0.96-2.15)			
Elevated BP	1 (Ref)	1.27	0.35	1.22	0.42		
		(0.77-2.08)*		(0.75-2.00)*			
Elevated fasting	1 (Ref)	1.09	0.69	1.07	0.73		
plasma glucose		(0.72-1.63)**		(0.72-			
				1.61)**			

Model 1: Cox proportional hazards model adjusted for age, sex, race/center and the remaining CHA₂DS₂-VASc variables of stroke/transient ischemic attack, heart failure, hypertension, diabetes, myocardial infarction, peripheral artery disease and also anticoagulation use.

Model 2: Cox proportional hazards model adjusted for age, sex, race/center and the remaining CHADS₂ variables of stroke/transient ischemic attack, heart failure, hypertension, diabetes and also anticoagulation use.

Ref indicates reference and HDL, High-density lipoprotein. Ref for prehypertension includes participants without prehypertension or HTN Ref for prediabetes includes participants without prediabetes or diabetes

- *Not adjusted for hypertension
- **Not adjusted for diabetes

Supplemental Table III. Association of HDL (Modeled as a Continuous Variable) with Ischemic Stroke in Participants with Atrial Fibrillation, Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities (ARIC) Study

Individual variables	Absent	HR (95% CI), Model 1		HR (95% CI), Model 2		HR (95% CI), Model 3	P- Value
HDL (per 1 SD increase)	1 (Ref)	0.91 (0.76-1.11)	0.35	0.95 (0.78-1.15)	0.61	0.95 (0.79-1.16)	0.63

Model 1: Cox proportional hazards model adjusted for age, sex, race/center

Model 2: Cox proportional hazards model adjusted for age, sex, race/center and the remaining CHA₂DS₂-VASc variables of stroke/transient ischemic attack, heart failure, hypertension, diabetes,

myocardial infarction, peripheral artery disease and also anticoagulation use.

Model 3: Cox proportional hazards model adjusted for age, sex, race/center and the remaining CHADS₂ variables of stroke/transient ischemic attack, heart failure, hypertension, diabetes and also anticoagulation use.

Ref indicates reference and HDL, High-density lipoprotein.
Ref for prehypertension includes participants without prehypertension or HTN
Ref for prediabetes includes participants without prediabetes or diabetes

- *Not adjusted for hypertension
- **Not adjusted for diabetes