

Corresponding author(s):	William E. Balch
Last updated by author(s):	Sep 27, 2019

Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistics					
For all statistical analys	ses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.				
n/a Confirmed					
☐ ☐ The exact sam	\square The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
A statement of	on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
The statistical Only common t	l test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided rests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
A description	A description of all covariates tested				
A description	of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
A full descript AND variation	cion of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) in (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
For null hypot	thesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F , t , r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted is exact values whenever suitable.				
For Bayesian	analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
For hierarchic	cal and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
Estimates of e	effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated				
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.				
Software and o	code				
Policy information abo	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>				
Data collection	Image J bundled with Java 1.8.0_112 (NIH image)				
Data analysis	GS+, Version 10 (Gammadesign software); Gstat, 1.1-6 (R-package); Originpro 2016 (Originlab); Pymol 1.8.6.0 (Schrodinger, LLC)				
For manuscripts utilizing cust	om algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.				
Data					
Policy information abo	ut <u>availability of data</u>				
•	include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:				
	lique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets have associated raw data				
	restrictions on data availability				
All the input and output	data were uploaded. See Data availability statement in the manuscript.				
Field-speci	ific reporting				
Please select the one b	below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				
Life sciences Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences					

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see $\underline{\mathsf{nature}.\mathsf{com}/\mathsf{documents}/\mathsf{nr}-\mathsf{reporting}-\mathsf{summary-flat}.\mathsf{pdf}}$

Life sciences study design

Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)

No cell line listed by ICLAC was used.

LITE SCIETI	1003 30	ady design		
All studies must disc	close on these	points even when the disclosure is negative.		
Sample size	48 NPC1 variants were measured in this study. The severity score and age of first neurologic symptom of 27 anonymous patients were included in this study.			
Data exclusions	No data is excluded.			
Replication	The precise number of repeats (n) are indicated in the supplementary excel sheet for each experiment of each variant.			
Randomization	N/A			
Blinding	N/A			
We require informatic system or method listed Materials & exp n/a Involved in the Antibodies Eukaryotic of Palaeontolo Animals and	on from authors ed is relevant to perimental s e study cell lines pgy d other organism	n/a Involved in the study ChIP-seq Flow cytometry MRI-based neuroimaging		
Antibodies used	A	Il antibody information including clone numbers and company source are provided in the Methods section.		
Validation		Il antibodies were validated by the supplier for human samples, and were checked in the lab by Western Blotting on cell lysate and by comparing to the manufacturer's or in-house results.		
Eukaryotic ce	ell lines			
Policy information a	about <u>cell line</u> s			
Cell line source(s)		All the cell line sources are provided in the Methods section.		
Authentication		The morphology of the cell lines is monitored through microscopic inspection. Stable silencing of endogenous NPC1 in all cell lines was validated by RT-PCR and Western blot analysis. The plasmids of all the variants were validated by sequencing as described in the Methods section. Transfected cell lines are monitored by Western blot analysis, RT-PCR and fluorescent measurements to confirm the level of expression and phenotype of the disease associated variants.		
Mycoplasma cont	amination	No mycoplasma contamination was found in the cell lines used in this study.		