### **Supplementary Methods**

## 6-Bromoindirubin-3'-oxime intercepts GSK3 signaling to promote and enhance skeletal muscle differentiation affecting miR-206 expression in mice

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#### Count nuclei

C2C12 cells, were plated in 96-well plates and incubated with GM, BIO (3 µM dissolved in GM medium) or Vehicle (DMSO) for 24 h and 48 h. Compounds were tested in triplicate on n=4 independent experiments. C2C12 treated cells were stained with Hoechst (33342, Thermo Fisher Scientific) and nuclei were counted by ImageJ software. Data are expressed as a percentage of control (GM). Data (collected from four independent experiments) represent means ± SEM. \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001 relative to GM stimulated cells (according to two-tailed Student t test).

#### Quantitative real-time PCR

RNA was extracted from cultured cells using TRIzol reagent (Ambion) followed by isopropanol-alcohol precipitation (RNeasy Mini Kit, Qiagen) before quantitation. RNA was then converted to cDNA with High Capacity cDNA Reverse Transcription kit (Applied Biosystem) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Gene expression analysis was carried out using the mouse housekeeping gene GAPDH. Primers for mouse Utrophin, Calcineurin,  $\beta$ -Catenin, Transforming growth factor beta (TGF- $\beta$ ), Myostatin, MuRF-2, Cullin-1, FBXW7 and  $\beta$ -TrCP are reported in **Supplementary Table S1**. Transcript levels were assessed using the Bio-Rad CFX machine according to the manufacturer's instructions and each experiment was repeated three times using independent RNA samples. Expression values of genes of interest were calculated based on  $\Delta\Delta$ Ct type of analysis normalizing on GAPDH reference gene. Data (collected from three independent experiments) represent means  $\pm$  SEM. \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001 relative to GM stimulated cells (according to two-tailed Student t test).

#### Immunoblotting and antibodies

C2C12 cells were plated in 10cm plates and incubated with GM, BIO (3  $\mu$ M dissolved in GM medium) or Vehicle (DMSO) for 24 h and 28 h. Total cell lysates were obtained with RIPA buffer supplemented with fresh 1X protease inhibitors (Complete Ultra Tablets Mini easypack, Roche) and phosphatase inhibitor cocktail tablets (phos STOP easypack, Roche). Commercial antibodies used in this study include anti- $\beta$ -Catenin (Abcam), anti-GAPDH (Abcam) and anti- $\beta$ -TrCP (Cell Signaling). Densitometric analysis of the bands was carried out using Image J software. Intensity of bands from the protein of interest were normalized to the intensity of GAPDH bands of the respective blots. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SEM (n = 2, P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001), normalized to GAPDH.

#### Mouse Skeletal Myoblasts treatments and analysis

C2C12 cells (70% confluency) were treated 24 h with GM, DM, BIO dissolved in GM medium or Vehicle (DMSO) and then incubated in DM for 96 h. Gene expression analysis for Utrophin, Calcineurin and  $\beta$ -Catenin was carried out using the mouse housekeeping gene GAPDH. Transcript levels were assessed using the Bio-Rad CFX machine according to the manufacturer's instructions and each experiment was repeated three times using independent RNA samples. Data represent means ± SEM (n=4, \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001 relative to GM stimulated cells (according to two-tailed Student t test). C2C12 cells (70% confluency) were incubated in DM (96 h) and treated with Cardiotoxin (Sigma) (1  $\mu$ M, 24

h). Subsequently the cells were treated 24 h with GM, DM, BIO 3  $\mu$ M (dissolved in GM medium) or Vehicle. Gene expression analysis for Utrophin, Calcineurin, TGF- $\beta$ , Myostatin, MuRF-2, Cullin-1, FBXW7 and  $\beta$ -TrCP was carried out using the mouse housekeeping gene GAPDH. Data represent means ± SEM (n=4, \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001 relative to untreated cells (GM) (according to two-tailed Student t test). To compare the effect of BIO and CHIR a on mouse skeletal myoblasts differentiation, C2C12 cells (70% confluency) were treated 24 h with GM, DM, BIO 3  $\mu$ M (in GM medium), Vehicle (DMSO), CHIR 3  $\mu$ M (in GM medium), or Vehicle (DMSO) and then incubated in DM for 96 h. The fusion index was calculated as described above. Data are expressed as mean diameter in micrometers of ten myotubes measured per field. The average size (diameter) per myotube was calculated as the mean of three measurements taken along the long axis of the myotube.

#### Immunofluorescence

C2C12 cells were plated in 96-well plates in GM medium and exposed in DM medium up to 96hours. After incubation treatment, cells were washed with 1X PBS (Gibco) and then fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde for 10 min. After three washes in PBS, cells were permeabilized with 0.5% Triton X-100 for 10 min and washed with PBS. Cells were then blocked with PBS 2% goat serum (Gibco) for 30 min and then incubated overnight at 4°C with anti-MHC antibody. Cells were then washed three times with PBS and incubated for 1 hour with Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (eBioscience) and after a washing step subjected to DAPI staining (Life Technologies). Cells were examined with a DMI600 (Leica) fluorescence microscope and photographed using a DFC360-FX camera (Leica). To test the effect of CHIR on mouse skeletal myoblasts differentiation, C2C12 cells were plated in 96-well plates in GM, DM, CHIR 3μM (dissolved in GM medium) or Vehicle (DMSO) and exposed in DM medium up to 96hours. After incubation treatment, cells were washed with 1X PBS (Gibco) and then fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde for 10 min and then stained as mentioned above.

#### Mouse Skeletal Myocytes and Myotubes Ara-C treatment

C2C12 cells (70% confluency) were incubated in DM for 96 hours and treated with 1  $\mu$ M of Cardiotoxin (Sigma) for 24 hours. Subsequently the cells were treated with 50  $\mu$ M of  $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranoside (Sigma) for 24 hours prior to incubate cells with 3  $\mu$ M of BIO for 24 hours. To quantify the differentiation and fusion of C2C12 cells after treatments, samples were detected by  $\alpha$ -MHC/DAPI staining and analyzed by ImageJ software in order to discriminate myotubes with a number of nuclei more than 5 (>5) and the total amount of MHC<sup>+</sup> cells.

### **Supplementary Figures**

# 6-Bromoindirubin-3'-oxime intercepts GSK3 signaling to promote and enhance skeletal muscle differentiation affecting miR-206 expression in mice

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Figure S3





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0.0

Figure S5

0.5

0.0







Figure S8

## **Supplementary Figure Legends**

## 6-Bromoindirubin-3'-oxime intercepts GSK3 signaling to promote and enhance skeletal muscle differentiation affecting miR-206 expression in mice

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**Figure S2:** (A) C2C12 cells were cultured in the presence of growth medium (GM), differentiation medium (DM), BIO (3  $\mu$ M) or Vehicle (DMSO), for 24 h and 48 h. Cell lysates were subjected to Western blot analysis of  $\beta$ -TrCP. (B) qRT-PCR analysis for Utrophin and Calcineurin was performed in C2C12 treated with GM, BIO (3  $\mu$ M) or Vehicle (DMSO) for 24 h and 48 h. Data (collected from three independent experiments) represent means ± SEM. \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001 relative to Vehicle treated cells (according to two-tailed Student t test).

**Figure S3:** (A) Immunofluorescence analysis of C2C12 cells treated with DM medium: MHC protein expression (green) and nuclei counterstained by DAPI (blue) are shown. (B, C) qRT-PCR analysis for Utrophin, Calcineurin and  $\beta$ -Catenin was performed in C2C12 treated with GM, DM, BIO (3  $\mu$ M) and Vehicle (DMSO) for 24 h and then shifted to DM medium for 6 days. Data (collected from three independent experiments) represent means ± SEM. \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001 relative to GM treated cells (according to two-tailed Student t test).

**Figure S4:** (A) Schematic representation of C2C12 treatment: C2C12 cells were treated with growth medium (GM), differentiation medium (DM), BIO (3  $\mu$ M), Vehicle (DMSO), CHIR99021 (3  $\mu$ M) or Vehicle (DMSO) for 24 h and then exposed to DM for 96 h. (B)  $\alpha$ -MHC Immunofluorescence of myotubes treated with growth medium (GM), differentiation medium (DM), CHIR (3  $\mu$ M) or Vehicle (DMSO) and then exposed to DM for 96 h. (C) C2C12 cells

treated as represented in Fig. S4A. Fusion Index and Myotube size of myotubes were calculated on MHC-positive cells. Data (collected from three independent experiments) represent means ± SEM. \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001 relative to GM treated cells (according to two-tailed Student t test).

**Figure S5:** C2C12 cells were incubated in DM medium for 96 h and treated with Cardiotoxin (Sigma) (1  $\mu$ M, 24 h). Subsequently the cells were treated with GM, DM, BIO (3  $\mu$ M) and Vehicle (DMSO). QRT-PCR analysis for **(A)** Utrophin, Calcineurin **(B)** TGF- $\beta$  **(C)** Myostatin **(D)** MuRF-2 **(E)** Cullin-1 **(F)** FBXW7 and **(G)**  $\beta$ -TrCP was performed. Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  SEM (n = 3, P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001), relative to GM treated cells (according to two-tailed Student t test).

**Figure S6:** C2C12 cells were incubated in DM medium for 96 h and treated with Cardiotoxin (Sigma) (1  $\mu$ M, 24 h). Subsequently the cells were treated with GM, DM, CHIR (3  $\mu$ M) and Vehicle (DMSO). QRT-PCR analysis for **(A)** Utrophin, Calcineurin **(B)** TGF- $\beta$  **(C)** Myostatin **(D)** MuRF-2 **(E)** Cullin-1 **(F)** FBXW7 and **(G)**  $\beta$ -TrCP was performed. Data are presented as the mean ± SEM (n = 3, P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001), relative to GM treated cells (according to two-tailed Student t test).

**Figure S7:** (A) Original gel blots for data shown in the main figure **Fig. 2A**. (B) Original gel blots for data shown in the main figure **Fig. 2B** (C) Original gel blots for data shown in the figure **Fig. 2F**. (D) Original gel blots for data shown in the figure **Fig. 2A**. (E)  $\alpha$ -MHC Immunofluorescence of myotubes CTX damaged and treated with Ara-C +/- BIO and +/- Vehicle (DMSO).

Figure S8: (A) Original gel blots for data shown in the main figure Fig. 2G.