

**Table S1.** Bivariate correlations between foods and sugar-sweetened beverages (SSB) consumed by infants from 4 to 12 months.

	Baby Snacks <sup>a</sup>	Sweets <sup>b</sup>	SSB <sup>c</sup>	Fruits	Vegetables	Dairy <sup>d</sup>	Protein <sup>e</sup>	Grains <sup>f</sup>	Breastmilk	Formula
Baby snacks <sup>a</sup>	–									
Sweets <sup>b</sup>	0.30 *	–								
SSB <sup>c</sup>	0.17 **	0.48 *	–							
Fruits	0.43 *	0.23 *	0.07	–						
Vegetables	0.41 *	0.22 *	0.13 **	0.78 *	–					
Dairy <sup>d</sup>	0.39 *	0.37 *	0.24 *	0.42 *	0.44 *	–				
Protein <sup>e</sup>	0.39 *	0.49 *	0.29 *	0.43 *	0.47 *	0.53 *	–			
Grains <sup>f</sup>	0.47 *	0.31 *	0.27 *	0.35 **	0.40 *	0.29 *	0.37 *	–		
Breastmilk	-0.16 **	-0.12 **	-0.27 **	0.01	0.04	0.08	-0.04	-0.26 *	–	
Formula	0.03	0.06	0.08 *	-0.06	-0.05	-0.17 *	-0.18 *	0.15 **	-0.63 *	–

<sup>a</sup> Includes teething biscuits, puffs, and melts. <sup>b</sup> Includes cakes, cookies, and candies. <sup>c</sup> Includes juice drinks, soda, or sweeten tea. <sup>d</sup> Includes yogurt and cheese. <sup>e</sup> Includes meat, fish and eggs. <sup>f</sup> Includes breakfast cereal, crackers, bread, pasta, rice, and infant cereal. \*\*  $p < 0.05$ , \*  $p < 0.001$