### Appendix

# Disease modeling of an $\alpha$ -actinin 2 mutation guides clinical therapy in hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

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Appendix Figure S1. Generation of hiPSC lines and disease modeling protocol. (A) Protocol for generation of CRISPR/Cas9 isogenic control cell line HCMrep. Indicated are steps of quality assessment and approximate time needed for each step (iPSC, induced pluripotent stem cell). (B) G-banding results are depicted by these representative karyograms of the investigated hiPSC Ctrl- (passage 40), HCM- (passage 11) and HCMrep-line (passage 55). (C) Disease modeling approach for the production of hiPSC-CMs, models and experimental procedures that were used for this study (div, days in vitro; EB, embryoid body; EHT, engineered heart tissue).



Appendix Figure S2. Molecular characterization of human tissue and hiPSC-derived CMs from 2D and 3D models. (A) Western blot analysis of human tissue samples stained with antibodies directed against  $\alpha$ -actinin 2 and cardiac troponin T (cTnT; MW, molecular weight; kDa, kilodalton). (B) Quantification of mutant and wild-type mRNA in 3D-cultured hiPSC-derived engineered heart tissues and HCM-affected family member II.4. Transcripts were quantified by conversion of RNA to cDNA, subcloning of amplified *ACTN2* RT-PCR

fragments and validation by sequencing (n=number of picked and sequenced clones; HCM-EHTs (n=15); HCM tissue (n=13); mut, mutant; WT, wild type). Data are expressed as the % of WT versus mutant mRNA transcripts. (**C**) RNA sequencing analysis revealed mismatches in the genomic range of chromosome 1 from 236.735.660 bp to 236.735.720 bp showing heterozygous C>T mutation of base 236.735.677 in ~ 50% of analyzed reads (blue bars out of grey zone) in both HCM-EHTs (n=7/6) and patient II.4 septal myectomy. CRISPR/Cas9 engineered isogenic control HCMrep-EHTs (n=7/3) showed no C>T transition at base 236.735.677, but the simultaneously introduced homozygous silent C>A and G>C mutations at bases 236.735.668 (light blue bar) and 236.735.714 (orange bar). (**D**) Gene expression analysis in hiPSC-CMs and -EHTs, performed with the nanoString nCounter® Elements technology. Data were normalized to housekeeping genes (*ABCF1, CLTC, GAPDH, ACTB*) and related to Ctrl (n=number of pooled samples/differentiations; 2D: Ctrl (n=16/3); HCM (n=15/3); HCMrep (n=18/3); EHTs: Ctrl (n=7/4); HCM (n=7/4); HCMrep (n=7/3)). Human samples were normalized to housekeeping genes (see method) and related to Ctrl (n=pool of 9 non-failing heart (NFH) tissues and n=1 for septal myectomy of patient II.4).



Appendix Figure S3. Force and calcium sensitivity measurements of 3D-cultured hiPSCderived engineered heart tissues and HCM-affected family member II.4. (A) Functional parameters of maximal force ( $F_{max}$ ) normalized to cross-sectional area (CSA) obtained from permeabilized EHT-strips (n=number of analyzed muscle strips; Ctrl (n=15), HCM (n=10), HCMrep (n=7)). Data are expressed as mean±SEM, one-way ANOVA plus Bonferroni's posttest. (B) Functional parameters of force obtained from muscle strips of non-failing human heart (NFH; n=15) and septal myectomy of index patient II.4 (n=16). Data are expressed as mean±SEM. Unpaired Student's *t*-test. (C) pCa<sub>50</sub> values of EHT muscle strips from Ctrl (n=15), HCM (n=10), HCMrep (n=7). Data are expressed as mean±SEM, one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's post-test. (D) pCa<sub>50</sub> values of non-failing heart (NFH) tissue (n=15), septal myectomy of index patient II.4 (n=16). Data are expressed as mean±SEM, unpaired Student's *t*-test. (E) pCa<sub>50</sub> curve of non-failing heart (NFH) tissue (n=11), septal myectomy from patient II.4 (n=16)). Data are expressed as mean±SEM. Concentration response curves were fitted to the data points and force-pCa relationship comparison was done by using extra sum-ofsquares F-test.



Appendix Figure S4. Validation of Ca<sub>v</sub> $\alpha$ 1.2 and  $\alpha$ -actinin 2 protein interaction by bioluminescence resonance energy transfer (BRET) assay. HL-1 transfected cells with  $\alpha$ -actinin 2 wildtype (WT, n=11) and mutant (HCM, n=11) proteins were analyzed for their interaction with the Ca<sub>v</sub> $\alpha$ 1.2 and Ca<sub>v</sub> $\beta$ 2 domain. Data are expressed as mean±SEM, two-way ANOVA, followed by Sidak's multiple comparisons test.





Appendix Figure S5. Representative 12-lead surface ECG with averaged signal and overlay of all leads (in grey, apart from V5 in black) of the genotyped family sorted by positive *ACTN2* (A, patient II.4; B, patient II.5; C, patient III.4) and negative (D, patient III.1; E, patient III.2; F, patient III.3).



Appendix Figure S6. Fluorescent activated cell sorting (FACS) analysis of cardiac troponin T (cTnT)-positive cells. Representative FACS-plots showing gating strategy for evaluation of cTnT-positive cells after cardiac differentiation. Fixed HCM-cardiomyocytes were stained with a directly labeled FITC cTnT antibody, quantified with the BD FACSCANTO II (BD Biosciences) and analyzed with the FACSDiva software (BD Biosciences).

Gene	RefSeq Accession		
ACTC1	NM_005159.4		
ACTN2	NM_001103.2		
ANKRD1	NM_014391.2		
CSRP3	NM_003476.3		
FHL1	NM_001159702.2; NM_001449.4		
FLNC	NM_001458.4		
GLA	NM_000169.2		
LAMP2	NM_002294.2; NM_001122606.1; NM_013995.2		
МҮВРС3	NM_000256.3		
MYH7	NM_000257.2		
MYL2	NM_000432.3		
MYL3	NM_000258.2		
PLN	NM_002667.3		
PRKAG2	NM_016203.3		
TNNC1	NM_003280.2		
TNNI3	NM_000363.4		
TNNT2	NM_001276345.1		
TPM1	NM_001018005.1 AY640414.1		
TTR	NM_000371.3		

### Appendix Table S1. Analyzed HCM-associated genes

Appendix Table S2. Analyzed off-targets in HCMrep by PCR.

off-target position		
Exon	g.81,841-81,860	
Exon	c.1037-1056	
Exon	g.14,262-14,281	
Exon	g.149,593-149,612	
Exon	c.2942-2961	
Exon	g.24,969-24,988	
Exon	c.898-917	
Intron	g.109,195,197-109,195,219	
Intron	g.39,202,757-39,202,779	
Intron	g.60,206,273-60,206,295	
Intron	g.81,458,539-81,458,561	
Intron	g.16,615,937-16,615,959	
Intron	g.73,770,186-73,770,208	
	Exon Exon Exon Exon Exon Intron Intron Intron Intron Intron Intron	

### Appendix Table S3. Sequences of PCR primers

Primers	Forward (5´ to 3´)	Reverse (5' to 3')	
ACTN2 genotyping	ggcccatgaaacacagaaat	agggccattcttcctcaagg	
NG_029480	ggggtgtatggtgttcttgg	ggcaggaggacatggtttg	
NM_016642	cttttgctttcctggtggct	gtctcctctggacagtctgc	
NG_013304	ggaagagaagacactgggct	gactgagtgtgtgcagctgg	
NG_029938	ccaaaggttcagagaagggc	cccggaagatgatggtgtct	
NM_000827	tttgtttgatcccacagcaa	ggtctccatctgctccagtt	
NG_009061	agggtgcttgagttgatcct	tgttggtggcagtggaca	
NM_025268	ccgcagaagatgatgctgta	ggctgcagctccagtgatag	
NC_018924	ttctgggttcaagccatcct	aagctcactgaaaggaaaggt	
NC_018930	cttccagtccagagcaagtg	cagtcaaatcccagctctgc	
NC_018931	tcagtttctacggccactgt	tgaaacctctctcttgccgt	
NC_018919	agtgggttgctgcagagtaa	acaggtgtgagccatgtacc	
NC_018916	tctgcactgtgtaggtcatgt	tgatgagaaaacgggaggca	
NC_018929	gcaaggcatccacgaatagt	gctatttggggcactttggt	
Allele-specific mRNA analysis	gccatggaaatcgctgagaa	atcctgttagccgctgtctc	

Gene	Acronym	Accession number (NCBI)
Alpha-Actinin 2	ACTN2	NM_001103.2
Myosin heavy chain 7	MYH7	NM_000257.2
Myosin heavy chain 6	MYH6	NM_002471.3
Natriuretic peptide B	NPPB	NM_002521.2
Serum response factor	SRF	NM_003131.3
Four-and-a-half-LIM-domains 1	FHL1	NM_001449.4
L-Type Ca <sup>2+</sup> channel	CACNA1C	NM_199460.2
Natrium-Calcium Exchanger NCX	SLC8A1	NM_021097.1
Phospholamban	PLN	NM_002667.3
ATPase sarcoplasmic/endoplasmic reticulum Ca <sup>2+</sup> transporting 2	ATP2A2	NM_001681.3
Ryanodine receptor 2	RYR2	NM_001035.2
Collagen type I alpha 1	COL1A1	NM_000088.3
Connective tissue growth factor	CTGF	NM_001901.2
Nuclear factor kappa B subunit 1	NFKB1	NM_003998.2
Caspase 3	CASP3	NM_032991.2
BCL2, apoptosis regulator	BCL2	NM_000657.2
ATP Binding Cassette Subfamily F Member 1	ABCF1	NM_001090.2
Clathrin Heavy Chain	CLTC	NM_004859.2
Glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase	GAPDH	NM_002046.3
Beta-actin	ACTB	NM_001101.2
Phosphoglycerate kinase 1	PGK1	NM_000291.2
Tubulin Beta Class I	TUBB	NM_178014.3

## Appendix Table S4. Acronyms and names of genes evaluated with the nanoString nCounter® Elements technology.