Population-based volume kinetics of crystalloids and colloids in healthy volunteers

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8: Professor, Department of Anesthesiology and Pain Medicine and Department of Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics, Asan Medical Center, University of Ulsan College of Medicine, Seoul, Korea (nohgj@amc.seoul.kr) Example of the control stream used in the volume kinetic model for Ringer's lactate solution.

```
$PROB RUN# 1112 (fluid kinetic model HS 2COM)
$INPUT ID OID TIME AMT RATE DUR DV MDV SAMPLEID HB HCT PERIOD FLUID TYPE
AGE HT WT ICW ECW TBW ETRATIO HR SBP DBP MBP
$DATA 05_04_NONMEM_Bioimpedance_BP_HS.csv ACCEPT=(FLUID.EQ.1) IGNORE=#
$SUBROUTINE ADVAN13 TRANS=1 TOL=6
$MODEL COMP (VOLUME1) COMP (VOLUME2)
$PK
  TH1 = THETA(1)
  TH2 = THETA(2)
  TH3 = THETA(3)
  TH4 = THETA(4)
  TH5 = THETA(5)
  TH6 = THETA(6)
  KB = TH1 ; basal elimination rate (ml/min, 0.8 at Anesthesiology 1997;
87: 204-12)
  KR = TH2 ; renal clearance (ml/min)
  VC0 = TH3 ; baseline plasma volume (ml)
  VTO = TH4 ; baseline interstitial volume (ml)
  KT = TH5 ; distributionl clerance (ml/min)
  KB = TH1 * EXP(ETA(1))
  KR = TH2 * EXP(ETA(2))
  VC0 = TH3 \times EXP(ETA(3))
  VT0 = (TH4+TH6**(ECW/16))*EXP(ETA(4))
  KT = TH5 * EXP(ETA(5))
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```
DADT(1) = RATE - KB - KR*(A(1)/VC0) - KT*(A(1)/VC0) + KT*(A(2)/VT0)
DADT(2) = KT*(A(1)/VC0) - KT*(A(2)/VT0)
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; A1: plasma volume expansion at central compartment (VC(t) - VCO); VC(t)
and VCO mean plasma volume at any time and at baseline, respectively.
; A2: interstitial volume expansion at tissue compartment (VT(t) - VTO);
VT(t) and VTO mean interstitial volume at any time and at baseline tissue
compartment, respectively.
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\$ERROR

\$DES

A1 = A(1)A2 = A(2)TA = A1/VC0TB = A2/VT0IPRED = TA W = 1IRES = DV - IPRED IWRES = IRES / W Y = IPRED + W * EPS(1)\$THETA ; #5 0.8 FIX ; KB (0, 20) ; KR (0, 2000) ; VCO (0, 6000) ; VTO (0, 100) ; KT (0, 10) ; VT0_ECW \$OMEGA ; #3

0 FIX ; IIV_KB 0.3 ; IIV_VC0 0.3 ; IIV_VT0 0 FIX ; IIV_KT \$SIGMA ; #1 0.01 \$ESTIMATION MAXEVAL=9999 SIGL=6 NSIG=2 PRINT=5 METHOD=1 INTER NOABORT MSF0=1112.MSF \$COVARIANCE PRINT=E



Supplementary figure. Changes of intracellular water (ICW; A) and total body water (TBW; B) during and after intravenous infusion of 5% dextrose water (20 mL/kg) over 1 h in 12 volunteers.