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Reporting Summary

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For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.				
n/a Confirmed				
The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
A description of all covariates tested				
A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.				
For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated				
Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.				
Software and code				
Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>				

Data collection

FlowJo software (version 10) for FACs analysis. GIMP (version 2.8) (https://www.gimp.org/) for western blotting image analysis. Bcl2fastq-1.8.4 (Illumina) for WES data collection.

Data analysis

GraphPad Prism (version 5) and Microsoft Excel for most of data analyses. bwa-0.7.12, bowtie2-2.1.0, novocraftV3.02.08.Linux2.6, samtools-0.1.19, bamUtil-1.0.9, GenomeAnalysisTK-2.7-2, snpEff-v4.1b, annovar_2014nov, tabix-0.2.6, muTect-1.1.4, VarScan.v2.3.6, GenomeAnalysisTK-2.3-9 (SomaticIndelDetector) for SNV detection/WES data analyses. Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute mutational signatures framework (ref: Alexandrov LB, Nik-Zainal S, Wedge DC, et al.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

WES data are available through the National Bioscience Database Center (ID: JGAS0000000169). All other data are available in the manuscript, Supplementary Methods or Source Data. The source data underlying Figures 5B and 6B-D are provided as a Source Data file.

Field-spe	ecific r	eporting				
Please select the o	ne below tha	at is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				
Life sciences Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences						
For a reference copy of t	the document w	ith all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>				
Life scier	nces s	tudy design				
All studies must dis	sclose on the	se points even when the disclosure is negative.				
Sample size	No sample-s	o sample-size calculation was performed.				
Data exclusions	No data wer	o data were excluded from the analyses.				
Replication	Data reproducibility was examined by six independent experiments per group with three technical replicates within each of the experiments (Figure 6B), four independent experiments per group without technical replicates (Figure 6C), and six independent experiments per group with three technical replicates (three wells/samples) (Figure 6D). Reproducibility of western blotting was confirmed by two independent experiments.					
Randomization	Cells were ra	Cells were randomly allocated to the various conditions.				
Blinding	Scoring of all PR-IHC was performed blind by T.H.Y. to avoid evaluator bias. Investigators were blinded to group allocation during data collection.					
We require informati system or method list Materials & ex n/a Involved in th Antibodies Eukaryotic Palaeontol Animals an	on from author ted is relevant perimenta ne study cell lines logy and other organisearch particip	n/a Involved in the study ChIP-seq Flow cytometry MRI-based neuroimaging				
Antibodies used		anti-PR(clone: 1E2, Veentana, Cat.No: 790-2223). anti-Vinculin (clone SPM227, abcam, Cat.No: ab18058). anti-HA (clone 6E2,				
		CST, Cat.No: 2367S).				
Validation Specificity of the anti-HA and anti-vinclulin antibodies was validated by overexpression of HA or shRNA of anti-PR antibody was validated by PR-negative patient samples.		Specificity of the anti-HA and anti-vinclulin antibodies was validated by overexpression of HA or shRNA of PR. Specificity of the anti-PR antibody was validated by PR-negative patient samples.				
Eukaryotic c	ell lines					
Policy information	about <u>cell lir</u>	<u> </u>				
Cell line source(s)	293T: ATCC. Immortalized epithelial endometrial cell was generated by Dr. Muraoka (Nagoya University).				
Authentication		None of cell lines were authenticated.				

All cell lines were tested negative for mycoplasma contamination.

No commonly misidentified cell lines were used.

Mycoplasma contamination

Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

All requested information is provided in Table 1 and Supplementary Tables 1, 2, 22 and 23 in this manuscript.

Recruitment

Patients with adenomyosis gave written informed consent prior to their participation in this study were obtained at the University of Tokyo Hospital and Juntendo University Hospital between December 2016 and July 2019.

Ethics oversight

This project was approved by the institutional ethics committees of the University of Tokyo (Project Number G10035), the Juntendo University Faculty of Medicine (Project Number 2014176), and the National Cancer Center Research Institute (Project Number 2015–202).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Flow Cytometry

Plots	
Confirm that:	
The axis labels state the r	marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
The axis scales are clearly	visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
All plots are contour plot	s with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
A numerical value for nur	mber of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.
Methodology	
Sample preparation	Cells were collected 45 min after BrdU exposure, washed by PBS(-), fixed in Cytofix/Cytoperm buffer BD Bioscience; APC-BrdU kit, Cat.No:557892) and permeabilized with Cytofix/Cytoperm buffer (BD Bioscience; APC-BrdU kit, Cat.No:557892). The cells were fixed with Cytofix/Cytoperm buffer (BD Bioscience; APC-BrdU kit, Cat.No:557892), were exposed to DNase BD Bioscience; APC-BrdU kit, Cat.No:557892). The cells were stained with APC-anti-BrdU Ab (BD Bioscience; APC-BrdU kit, Cat.No:557892) for 1h at 4 degrees, followed by 7-AAD (BD Bioscience; APC-BrdU kit, Cat.No:557892) for 10 min.
Instrument	BD FACs Canto II
Software	Flow Jo software (Version 10)
Cell population abundance	No cell sorting was performed.
Gating strategy	Based on FSC vs SSC, cellular debris and cell doublets were excluded.
Tick this box to confirm the	hat a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.