Supplementary Materials:

Figure S1: Flowchart of enrolled stroke patients during following-up. Inclusion and exclusion criteria listed in the figure were used to recruit eligible candidates. Recruited stroke patients were divided into two groups based on their treatments: TRP with (TRP+ET) and without ET (TRP). In addition to TRP, the TRP+ET group performed supervised in-hospital training on a bicycle ergometer (i.e., 50~60%VO_{2peak} for 30 min/day, 5 days/week for 4 weeks). The TRP group only engaged in traditional rehabilitation course for 4 weeks, as instructed by their rehabilitation physicians.

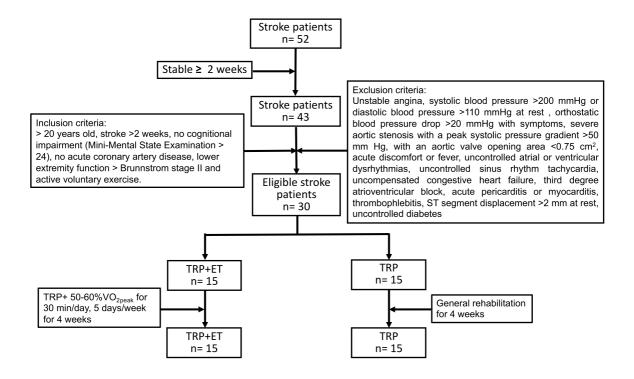


Figure S2: Graphs showing the reference protocols [(A) RP1 and (B) RP2] of substrate-uncoupler-inhibitor titration (SUIT) and (C) convergent electron transfers at levels of the Q-junction [Complexes I and II (CI and CII), glycerophosphate dehydrogenase (GpDH), and electron-transferring flavoprotein (ETF)] in platelets. RP1 and RP2 are the SUIT experiments to measure mainly the capacities of mitochondrial oxidative phosphorylation (OXPHOS) and electron transport chain (ETC) in platelets, respectively. LEAK, uncoupling proton leakage; ADP, adenosine diphosphate; P, pyruvate; M, malate; G, glutamate; S, succinate; Oct, octanoyl-carnitine; Gp, glycerophosphate; FCCP, carbonyl cyanide-p-trifluoromethoxyphenylhydrazone; Rot, rotenone; Ama, antimycin A.

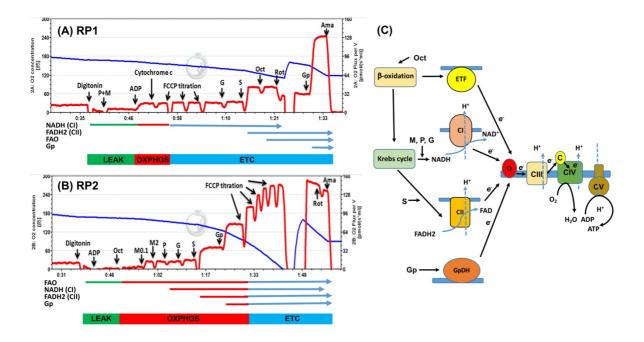


 Table S1: Baseline demographics in hemorrhagic stroke patients.

		TRP+ET	TRP		
Anthropometrics/Clinical Characteristics					
Gender	n (M/F)	3 (3/0)	3 (3/0)		
Age	year	55.3 ± 5.4	59.0 ± 5.7		
BMI	kg/m^2	23.7 ± 1.6	28.3 ± 1.6		
Heart rate	bpm	69±3	71±5		
Systolic blood pressure	mmHg	133±16	149±5		
Diastolic blood pressure	mmHg	87±16	99±7		
Stroke duration	month	29.0 ± 12	26.2 ± 14		
Brunnstrom stage					
>Stage III	n (%)	3 (100)	3 (100)		
Mini-Mental State Examination	score	28.3 ± 1.7	29.0±0.8		
Risk factors					
Smoking	n (%)	0 (0)	0 (0)		
Hyperlipidemia	n (%)	1 (33)	1 (33)		
Hypertension	n (%)	3 (100)	3 (100)		
CVD	n (%)	1 (33)	1 (33)		
Diabetes mellitus	n (%)	1 (33)	1 (33)		
Medicines	. ,	` '	` ,		
ASA	n (%)	0 (0)	0 (0)		
HMG CoA reductase inhibitor	n (%)	1 (33)	1 (33)		
β-blockers	n (%)	2 (67)	0(0)		
ACEI/ARB	n (%)	2 (67)	2 (67)		

Values are mean ± SEM. ACEI/ARB, angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor/angiotensin II receptor blocker; ASA, acetylsalicylic acid; BMI, body mass index; CVD, cardiovascular diseases; ET, exercise training; HMG CoA, 3-hydroxy-3-methyl- glutaryl coenzyme A; TRP, traditional rehabilitation program.

Table S2: Estimated power in measured parameters

Parameter	F-value	<i>p</i> -value	λ	Power
VO _{2peak}	53.434	< 0.0001	53.434	1.000
Max. ETC	52.242	< 0.0001	52.242	1.000
ETC _{CI+CII}	21.160	< 0.0001	21.160	0.997
ETC _{CI+CII+FAO}	13.028	0.0012	13.028	0.952
ETC _{CII}	10.742	0.0028	10.742	0.902
ETC_{CII+Gp}	16.109	0.0004	16.109	0.983
Max. OXPHOS	19.226	0.0001	19.228	0.995

ETC_{CII}, electron transport chain of complex I in mitochondria; ETC_{CI+CII}, electron transport chain in complex I & II of mitochondria; ETC_{CII+Gp}, electron transport chain in complex II & glycerophosphate of mitochondria; ETC_{CI+CII+FAO}, electron transport chain of complex I, II, & fatty acid oxidation in mitochondria; Max. ETC, maximal electron transport chain capacity; Max. OXPHOS, maximal oxidative phosphorylation capacity; VO_{2peak}, peak exercise capacity.