# natureresearch

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# Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see Authors & Referees and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

Stat	tistics					
For al	l statistical analys	es, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.				
n/a	Confirmed					
	The exact sam	pple size $(n)$ for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
	🔀 A statement o	on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
	The statistical  Only common to	test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided ests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
	A description	of all covariates tested				
	A description	of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
	A full descripti AND variation	ion of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
	For null hypot  Give P values as	thesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. $F$ , $t$ , $r$ ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and $P$ value noted exact values whenever suitable.				
	For Bayesian a	analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
	For hierarchic	al and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
	Estimates of e	effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated				
		Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.				
Soft	tware and c	ode				
Policy	information abou	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>				
Dat	a collection	Amira 6.3 (ThermoFisher Scientific, USA), CT Analyzer 1.16.4.1 (Bruker, Belgium),				
Dat	a analysis	GraphPad Prism 6 (GraphPad Software Inc., USA), R studio 3.4.0				
		om algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.				
Dat	а					
Policy	information abou	ut <u>availability of data</u>				
All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u> . This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:  - Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets  - A list of figures that have associated raw data  - A description of any restrictions on data availability						
The m	najority of the raw d	lata were generated at the Canadian Light Source large-scale facility. Source data for figures are provided with the paper as supplementary				
Fie	eld-speci	fic reporting				
Please	e select the one b	elow that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				
⊠ Lit	fe sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences				

### Life sciences study design

All studies must dis	close on these points even when the disclosure is negative.
Sample size	Since the requested beam time in our proposal to use synchrotron radiation micro-CT at Canadian Light Source, SK, Canada had to be a reasonable time, we decided our sample size based on the time limitation.
Data exclusions	No data were excluded
Replication	We used an STZ-induced hyperglycemic rat model, which is a commonly used animal model, and we stated the blood glucose limit of animals which are considered as hyperglycemic (blood glucose>15 mmol/L). We used commercially available analysis tools (AMIRA, CTAn) to analyze our Micro-CT data. Therefore, we believe our results will be reproducible when the defined methods have been followed.
Randomization	Same strain and gender rats (male Wistar Albino) has been randomly chosen to receive STZ injections to induce hyperglycemia.
Blinding	Only the sample numbers have been used during the data collection.

## Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems	Methods	
n/a Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
Antibodies	$\boxtimes$	ChIP-seq
Eukaryotic cell lines	$\boxtimes$	Flow cytometry
Palaeontology	$\boxtimes$	MRI-based neuroimaging
Animals and other organisms		
Human research participants		
Clinical data		

#### Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

Rat, Wistar Albino, Male, 11-week old.

Wild animals

The study did not involve wild animals.

Field-collected samples

The study did not involve samples collected from the field.

Ethics oversight

All experimental protocols were approved by the Ethics Committee of Animal Research at the University of Toronto (Protocol # 20011729).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.