# natureresearch

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# **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

### Statistics

For	all st	atistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Cor	firmed
	$\square$	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	$\square$	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
		The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
$\boxtimes$		A description of all covariates tested
	$\square$	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	$\boxtimes$	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	$\boxtimes$	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
$\boxtimes$		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
$\boxtimes$		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	$\boxtimes$	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
		Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

# Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code				
Data collection	Zen2009 (Confocal microscope, Zeiss); AcquireSR (OMX SIM microscope, GE Healthcare Life Sciences; LAS X(CARS microscope, Leica)			
Data analysis	ImageJ; GraphPad Prism 7; Zen2009; SoftWoRx (OMX SIM microscope, GE Healthcare Life Sciences); LAS X			

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable: - Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets

- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The authors declare that the data supporting the findings of this study are available within the research article and its supplementary Information files. Further information is available from the corresponding author upon request.

# Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

# Life sciences study design

All studies must dis	cose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.
Sample size	Sample size for in vivo, ex vivo, and in vitro experiments was chosen based on commonly adopted standards in the field, resulting in statistically meaningful comparisons.
Data exclusions	Experiments failed for technical reasons were excluded from data analysis.
Replication	All experiments were carried out under standard and clearly defined conditions. And all attempts at replication were successful by at least one researcher.
Randomization	Randomization was used for analyzing image data. Mice and worms from experimental and control groups were randomly selected.
Blinding	Blinding test was used for imaging experiments. And the analysis was performed in a blinded fashion whenever possible.

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

# Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

#### Materials & experimental systems

#### Methods

n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
	Antibodies	$\boxtimes$	ChIP-seq
	Eukaryotic cell lines	$\boxtimes$	Flow cytometry
$\boxtimes$	Palaeontology	$\boxtimes$	MRI-based neuroimaging
	Animals and other organisms		
	Human research participants		
$\boxtimes$	Clinical data		

#### Antibodies

Antibodies used	Rabbit anti-ATGL, Cell Signaling, 2138S; Rabbit anti-HSL, Cell Signaling, 4107S; pHSL, Cell Signaling, 4139; Rabbit anti-PKA substrate, Cell Signaling, 9624S; anti-PLIN1, Greenberg et al., 1991; Guinea Pig anti-PLIN1, Fitzgerald Industries, 20R-pp004; Rabbit anti-PMP70, Abcam, ab3421; Mouse anti-PMP70, Sigma, SAB4200181; Mouse anti-PEX5, Abcam, Ab125689; Rabbit anti-PEX5, Novus biological, NBP2-38443; goat anti-PEX5, Santacruz, sc-23188; Mouse anti-Catalase, Abcam, ab16771); Mouse anti-ABHD5, Novus Biologicals, H00051099-M01; Rabbit anti-GAPDH, AbFrontier, LF-PA0018; Mouse anti-GFP, Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Sc9996; Mouse anti-MYC, Cell Signaling, 9B11; Mouse anti-βactin, Sigma Aldrich, A5316.
Validation	All the antibodies were validated by manufacturer and are widely used for similar experiments by other researchers worldwide.

# Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>					
Cell line source(s)	3T3-L1 cells, ATCC; HEK 293 cells, Laboratory of Norbert Perrimon; Cos-7 cells, MSKCC stem cell core facility.				
Authentication	3T3-L1 cells were authenticated by ATCC. HEK 293 cells and Cos-7 cells were obtained as pre-authenticated lines from Laboratory of Norbert Perrimon and MSKCC stem cell core facility, respectively.				
Mycoplasma contamination	We used the cell lines after testing mycoplasma contamination (ROCHE 10799050001).				
Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)	None.				

#### Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

In C57BL/6 background, PEX5 AKO mice were generated by crossing adiponectin Cre mice with PEX5-loxP mice (provided by Dr. Baes, KU Leuven, Leuven, Belgium). C57BL/6 male mice were purchased from SAMTACO (Seoul, South Korea) and were housed in colony cages.

Field-collected samples	The study did not involve samples collected from the field.			
Ethics oversight	All experiments with mice were approved by the Seoul National University Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (SNUIACUC).			

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

### Human research participants

Wild animals

Policy information about <u>stud</u>	ies involving human research participants		
Population characteristics	The study analyzed the Genotype-Tissue Expression (GTEx) data from GTEx consortium (Consortium, 2013). All information about characteristics of human research participants is described in Consortium, Nat Genet 45, 580-585 (2013) and website https://gtexportal.org/home/.		
Recruitment	Information is described in Consortium, Nat Genet 45, 580-585 (2013) and website https://gtexportal.org/home/.		
Ethics oversight	Information is described in Consortium, Nat Genet 45, 580-585 (2013) and website https://gtexportal.org/home/.		

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.