

## Supporting Information

### Self-assembly of a Catalytically Active Lipopeptide and its Incorporation into Cubosomes

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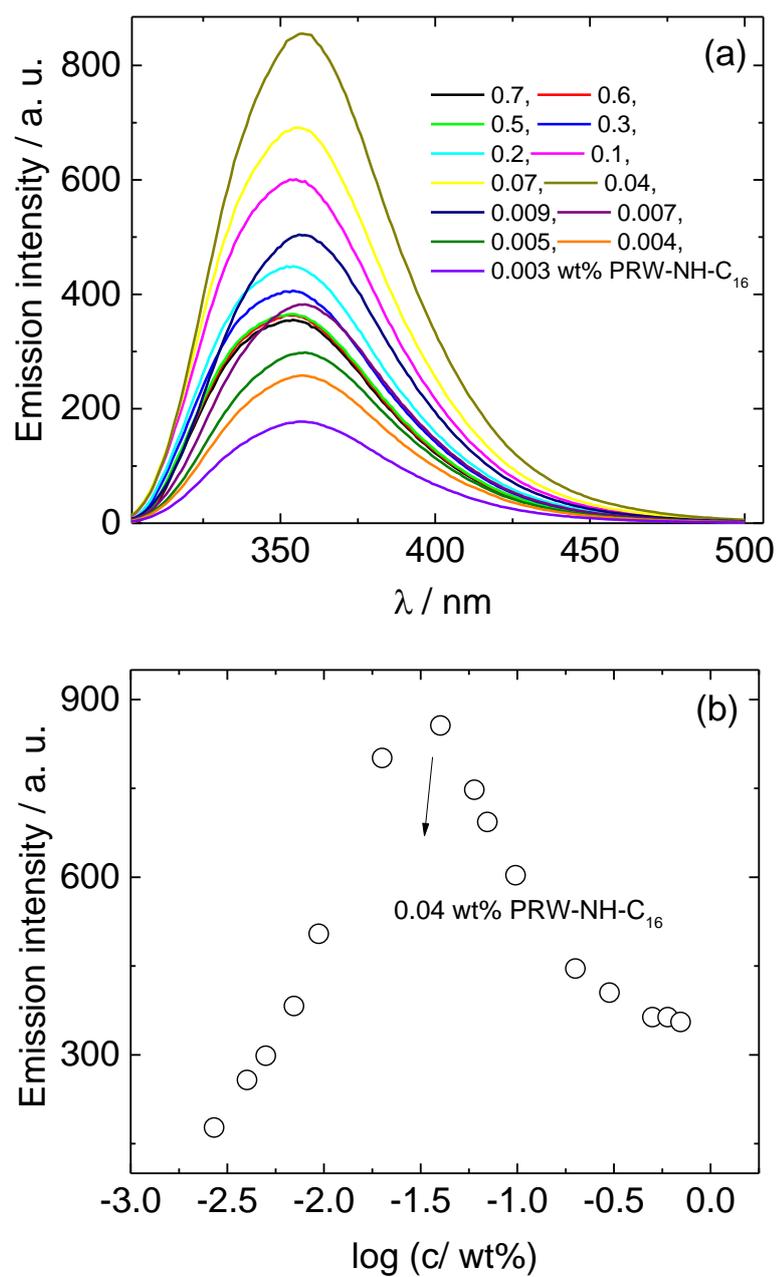
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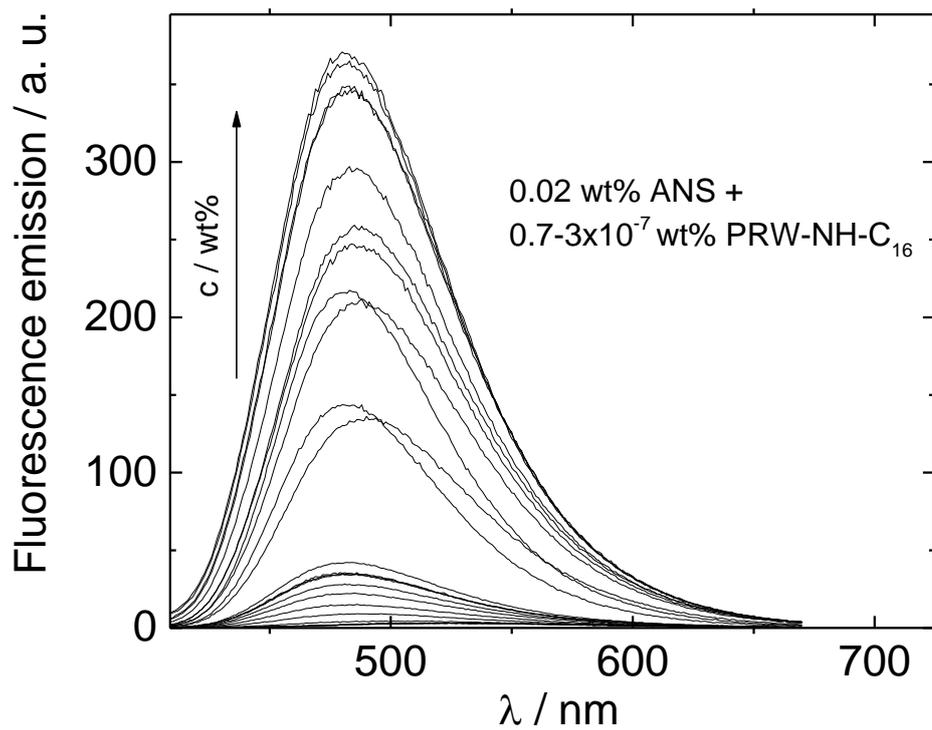
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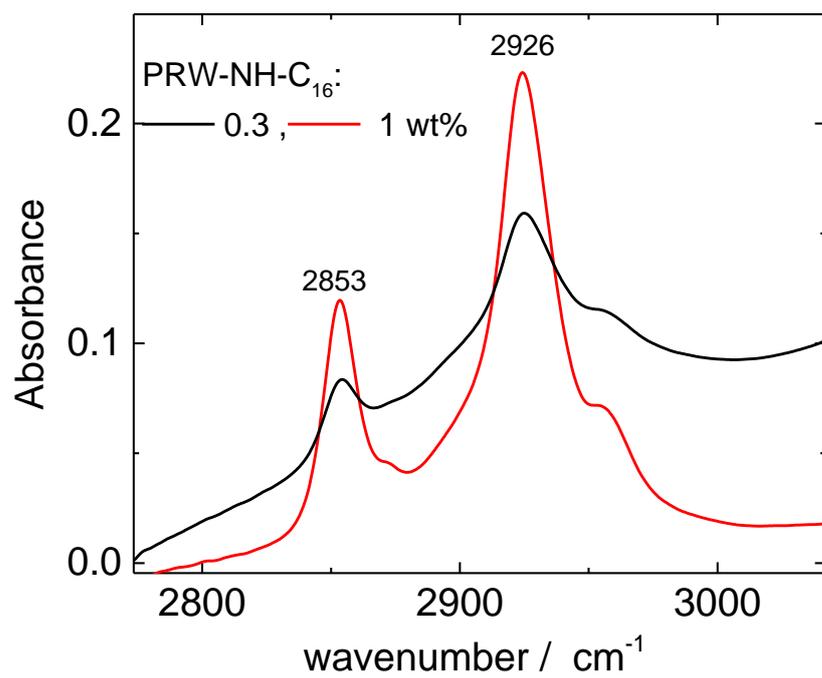
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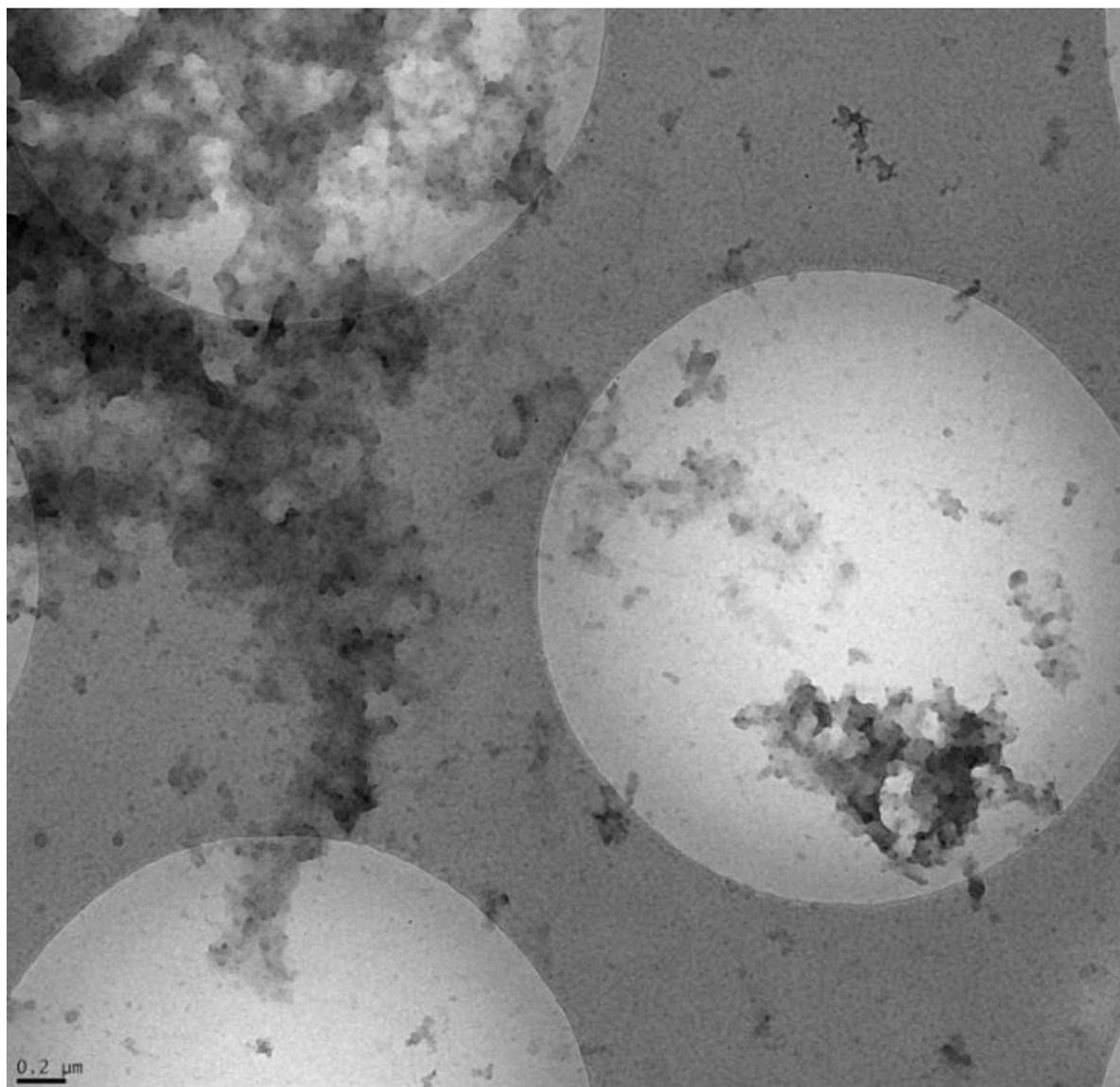
**Figure S1.** (a) Tryptophan fluorescence for PRW-NH-C<sub>16</sub>, (b) dependence of the maxima in the fluorescence intensity in (a) with concentration.



**Figure S2.** ANS fluorescence spectra for PRW-NH-C<sub>16</sub>.

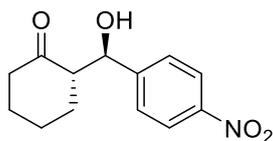


**Figure S3.** FTIR spectra in the region of CH<sub>2</sub> stretch modes.

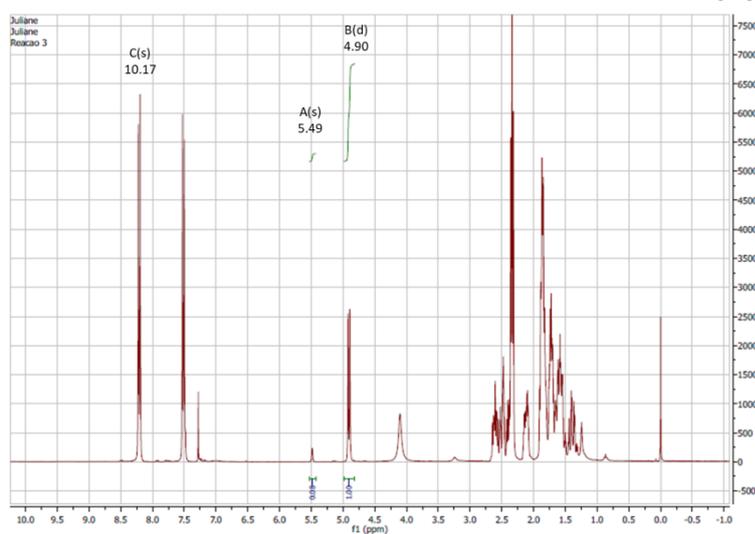


**Figure S4.** Additional cryo-TEM image from a 1 wt% solution of PRW-NH-C<sub>16</sub>.

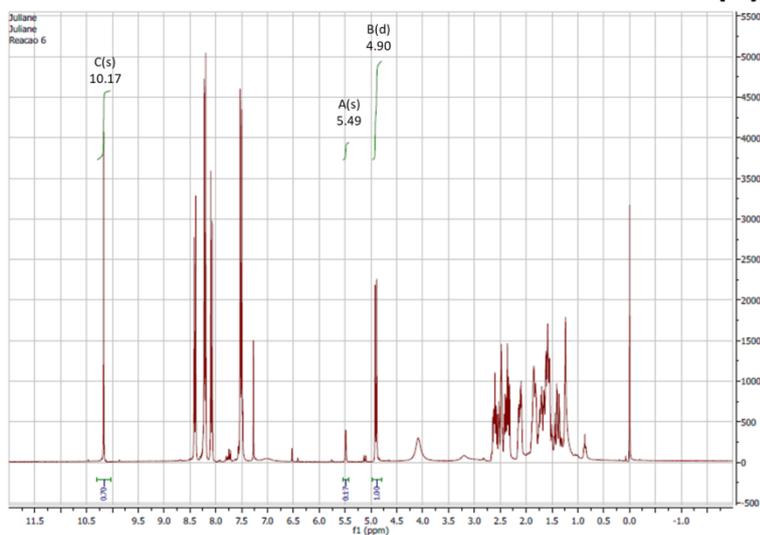
**(S)-2-((R)-Hydroxy(4-nitrophenyl)methyl)cyclohexan-1-one**



**(a)**



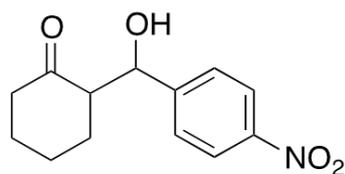
**(b)**



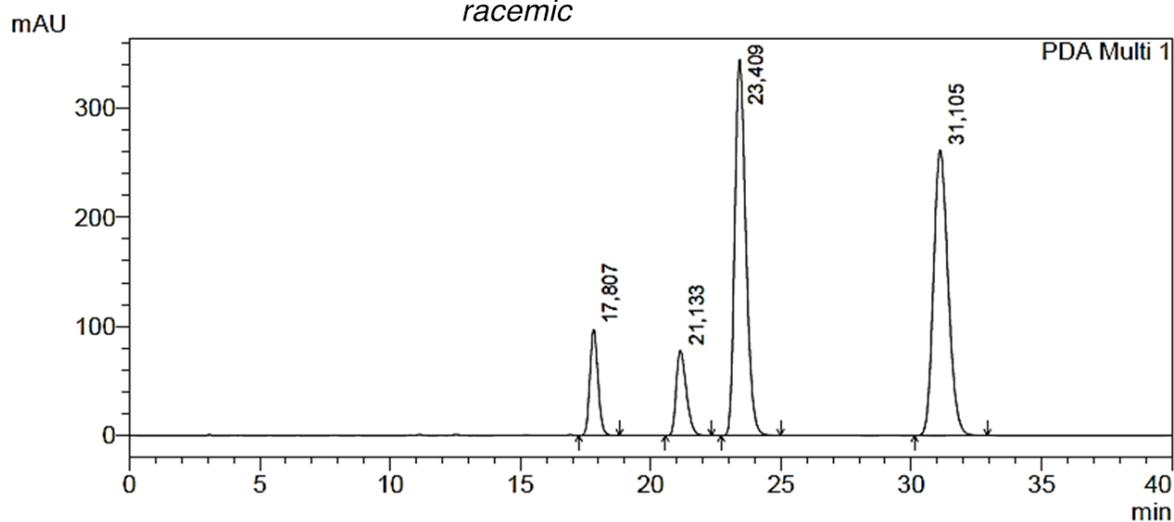
**Figure S5.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of crude aldol product for Entries (a) 1 and (b) 4.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.22-8.18 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.51-7.47 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.49 (br s, 1H,  $\text{CHOH}$  of *syn* diastereoisomer), 4.90 (d,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{CHOH}$  of *anti* diastereoisomer), 2.66-2.30 (m, 1H,  $\text{CHCHOH}$ ), 2.66-2.30 (m, 2H,  $\text{CH}_2\text{C}(\text{O})$ ), 2.16-1.24 (m, 6H, cHex-H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  214.9, 148.5, 147.7, 128.0, 123.7, 74.1, 57.3, 42.8, 30.9, 27.8, 24.8.



*racemic*

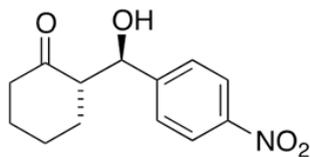


1 PDA Multi 1/254nm,4nm

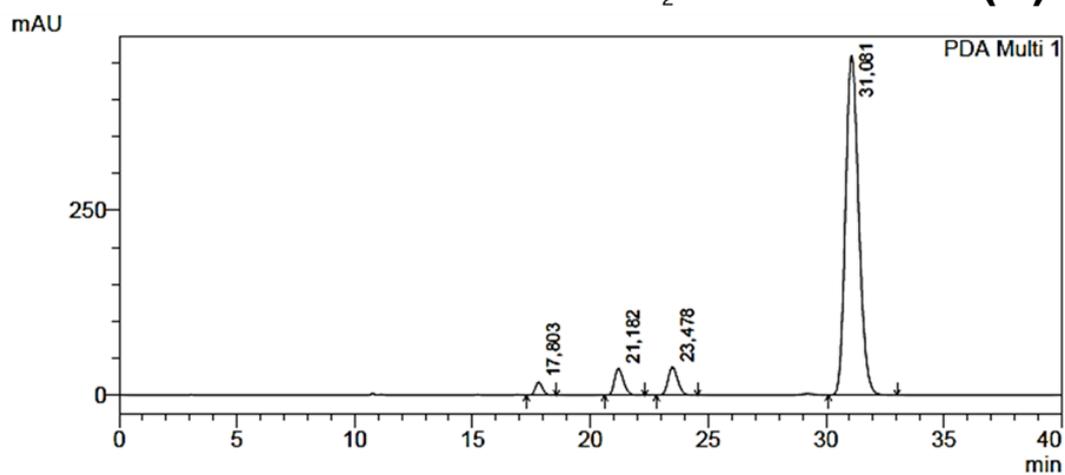
PeakTable

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area %	Height %
1	17,807	2098997	96930	8,560	12,422
2	21,133	2101762	77810	8,571	9,972
3	23,409	10148757	344448	41,387	44,144
4	31,105	10172017	261098	41,482	33,462
Total		24521532	780286	100,000	100,000

**Figure S6.** HPLC chromatogram for racemic aldol product. Conditions: Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/2-propanol (90/10); 1.0 mL·min<sup>-1</sup>,  $\lambda$  = 254 nm.



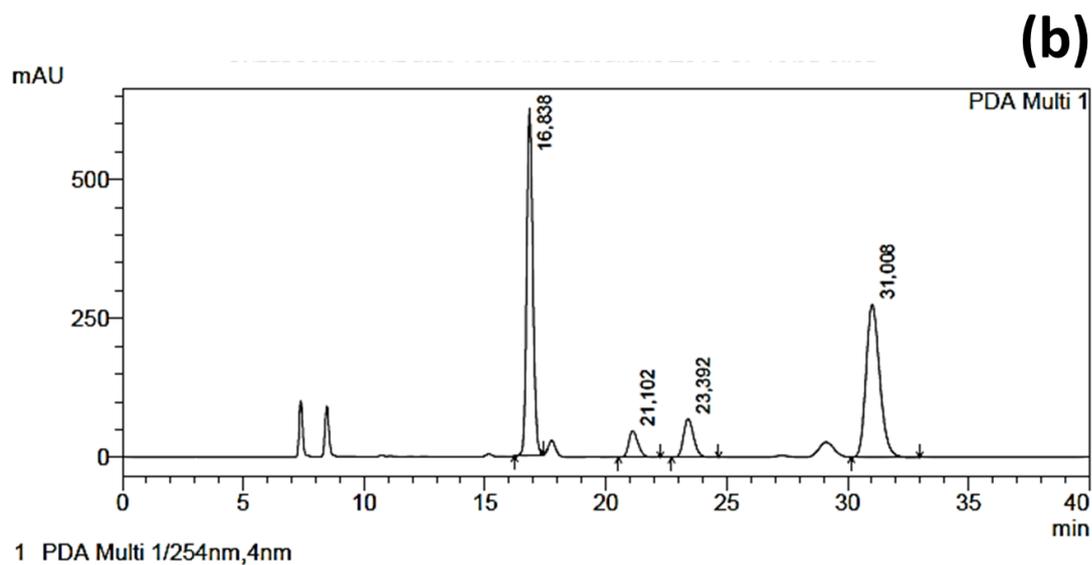
(a)



1 PDA Multi 1/254nm,4nm

PeakTable

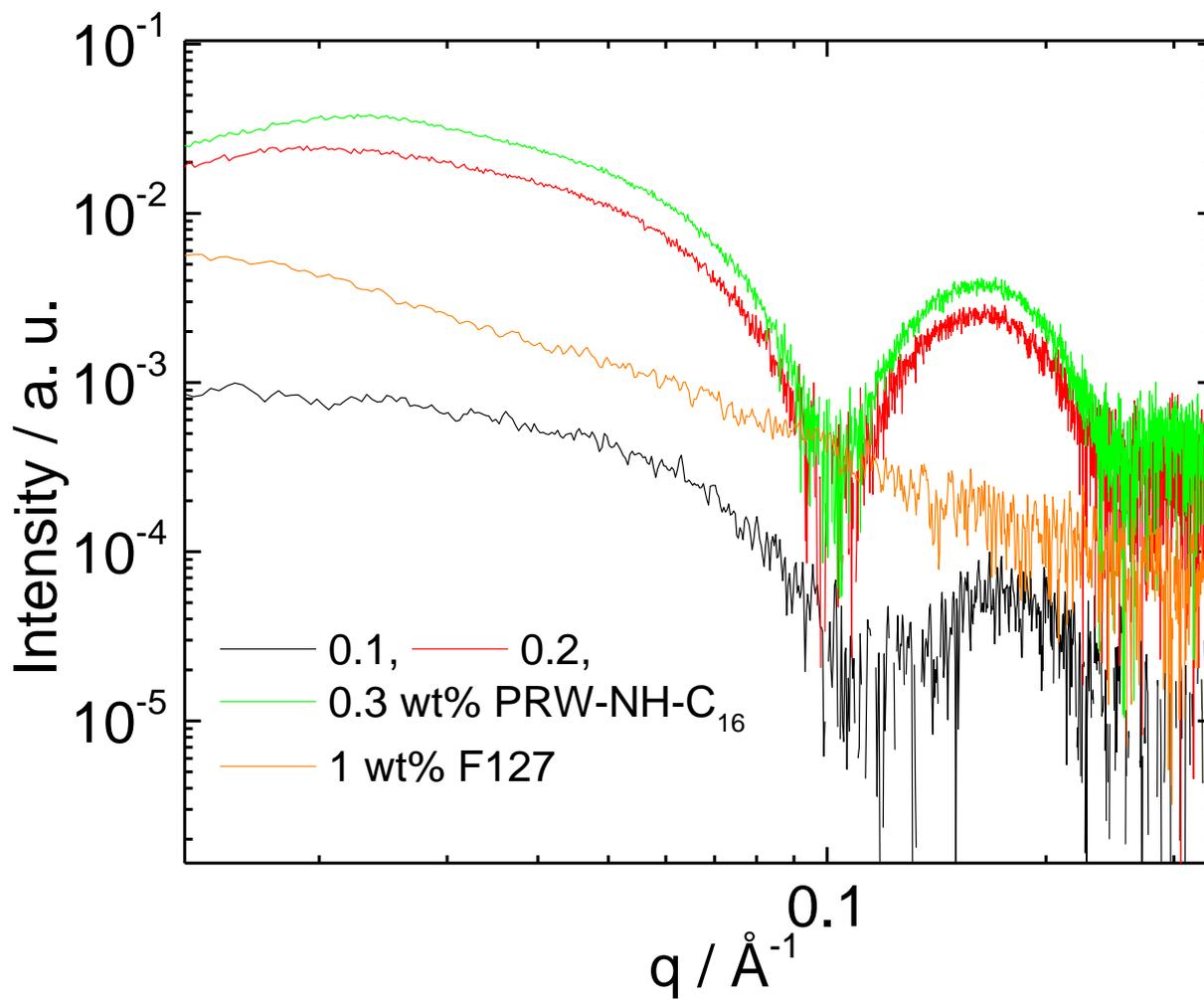
PDA Ch1 254nm					
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area %	Height %
1	17,803	382644	17761	1,882	3,228
2	21,182	966113	35992	4,752	6,542
3	23,478	1094478	37766	5,384	6,865
4	31,081	17886323	458635	87,982	83,365
Total		20329558	550153	100,000	100,000



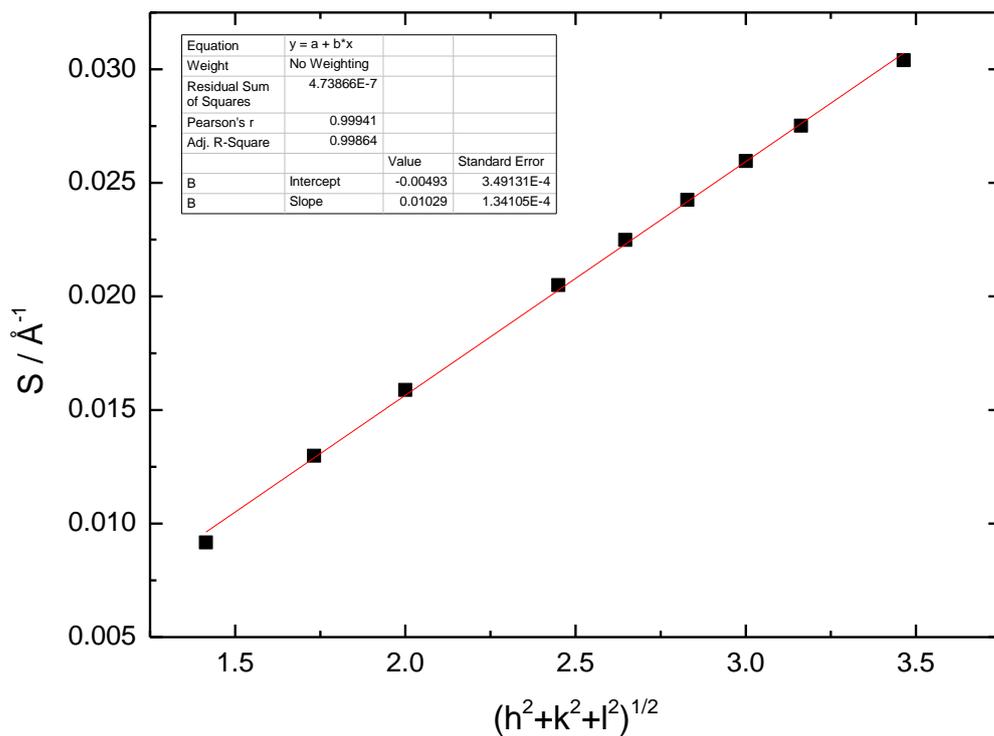
PeakTable

PDA Ch1 254nm					
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area %	Height %
1	16.838	10943283	624097	43.746	61.455
2	21.102	1278264	47562	5.110	4.683
3	23.392	2024442	69619	8.093	6.855
4	31.008	10769242	274250	43.051	27.006
Total		25015231	1015528	100.000	100.000

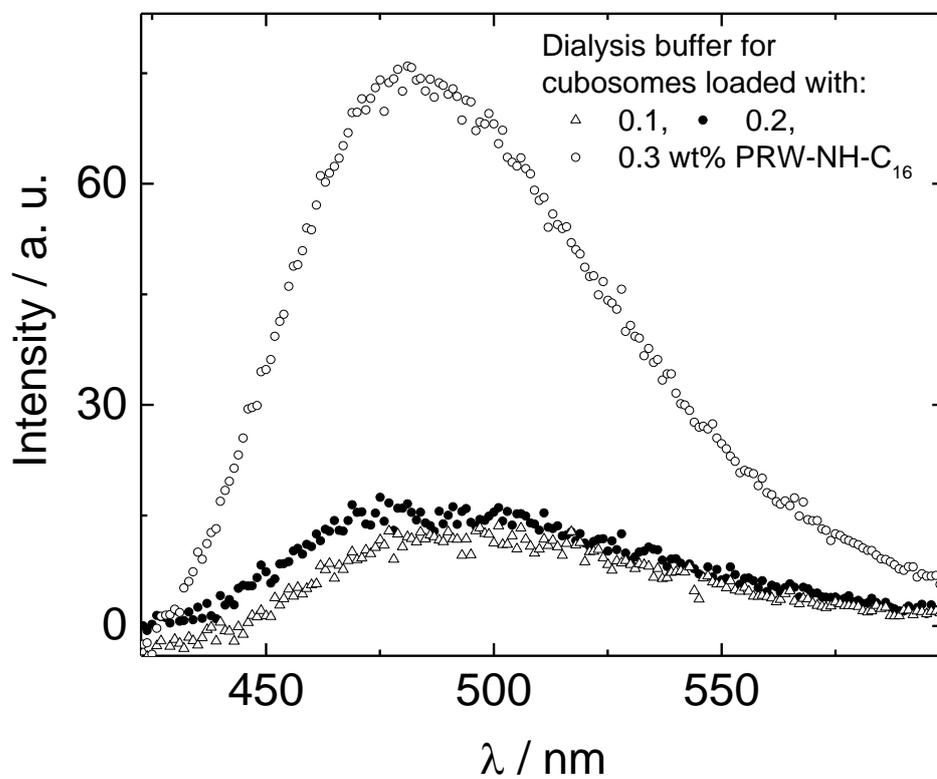
**Figure S7.** Representative HPLC chromatograms for racemic aldol product and chiral aldol product for entries (a) 1 and (b) 4. Conditions: Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/2-propanol (90/10); 1.0 mL·min<sup>-1</sup>, λ = 254 nm. The *anti*:*syn* ratio is obtained from the relative areas of peaks 4 and 3:  $[A(\text{peak 4}) - A(\text{peak 3})]/[A(\text{peak 4}) + A(\text{peak 3})]$ .



**Figure S8.** Controls (peptide or F127 only) for the SAXS data in Fig. 3.



**Figure S9.** Indexation of SAXS reflections observed for the cubosomes (in the absence of lipopeptide) from the SAXS profile shown in Fig.3a. The lattice constant  $a$  is determined as the reciprocal of the gradient.



**Figure S10.** FLC assay on the dialysis buffer of cubosomes made of 10 wt% monoolein+1 wt% F127 and loaded with 0.1, 0.2 or 0.3 wt% PRW-NH-C<sub>16</sub>.

