

	sdLDL-C < 25 mg/dL	sdLDL-C >25 mg/dL	P-value
CLINICAL CHARACTERISTICS			
N	65	65	
Age (years)	56±12	59±9	0.18
Gender (male)	40 (62%)	41 (63%)	1.0
Ethnicity			0.46
Caucasian (%)	45 (69%)	51 (78%)	
African-American (%)	15 (23%)	10 (15%)	
ETOIOLOGY OF LIVER DISEASE			0.03
Hepatitis C	32 (49%)	16(25%)	
Alcohol	6(9%)	9(14%)	
Nonalcoholic Steatohepatitis	7(11%)	16(25%)	
Follow up time from liver transplantation (months)	67±57	65±55	0.92
CARDIOMETABOLIC CONDITIONS			
Body mass index (kg/m ²)	27.8±5.1	30.5±6.0	<0.05
Diabetes (%)	17 (26%)	28(43%)	0.07
Dyslipidemia (%)	16(25%)	36(55%)	<0.01
Hypertension (%)	48(74%)	58(89%)	0.02
Obesity (%)	20(31%)	32(49%)	0.02
LABORATORY PARAMATERS			
ALT (IU/L)	46±30	49±45	0.72
AST (IU/L)	48±27	45±32	0.56
Alkaline Phosphatase (IU/L)	128±61	143±125	0.38
Bilirubin, total (mg/dL)	0.9±1.0	0.7±0.4	0.20
Bilirubin, direct (mg/dL)	0.4±0.3	0.3±0.3	0.32
IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS			0.37
Cyclosporine (%)	19(29%)	22(34%)	
Rapamune (%)	42(65%)	36(55%)	
Tacrolimus (%)	10(15%)	17(26%)	

Supplementary Table 1: Clinical characteristics of the cohort stratified based on sdLDL-C < 25 and sdLDL-C > 25