

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Journal: Pharmacoconomics – Open

Article: Healthcare, Sickness Absence, and Disability Pension Cost Trajectories in the First 5 Years After Diagnosis with Multiple Sclerosis: A Prospective Register-Based Cohort Study in Sweden

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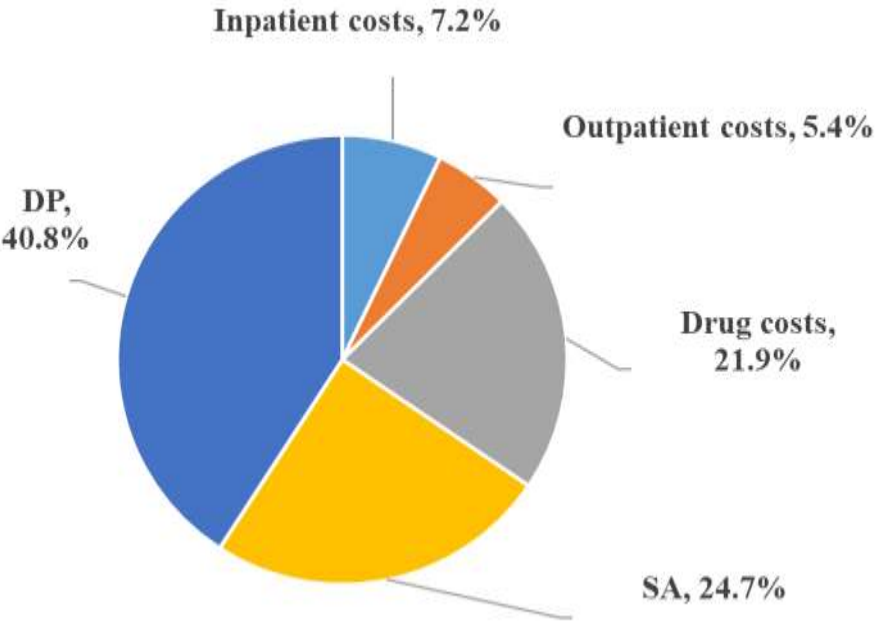
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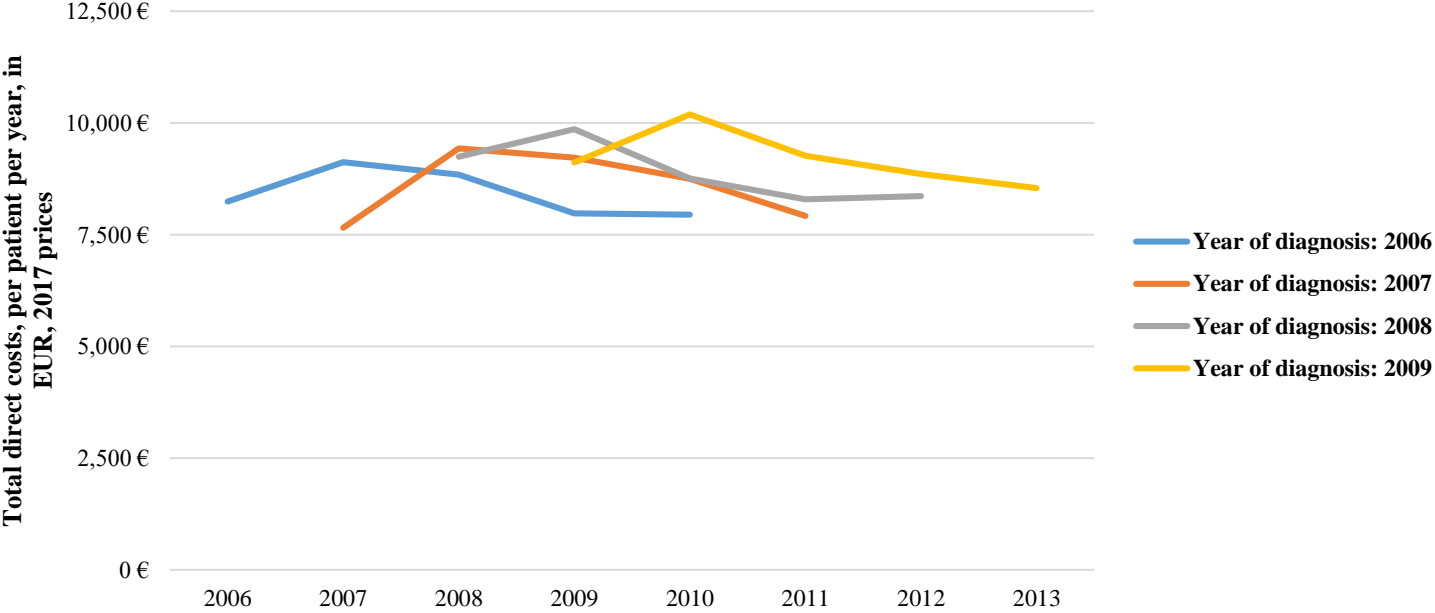
Figure 1: Cost components as % of total costs, average across all years and cohorts



Abbreviations: DP = disability pension; SA = sickness absence.

Figure 2a-b: Change in the mean, annual, per patient, direct and indirect costs, by year of MS diagnosis (four study cohorts)

a) Direct costs



b) Indirect costs

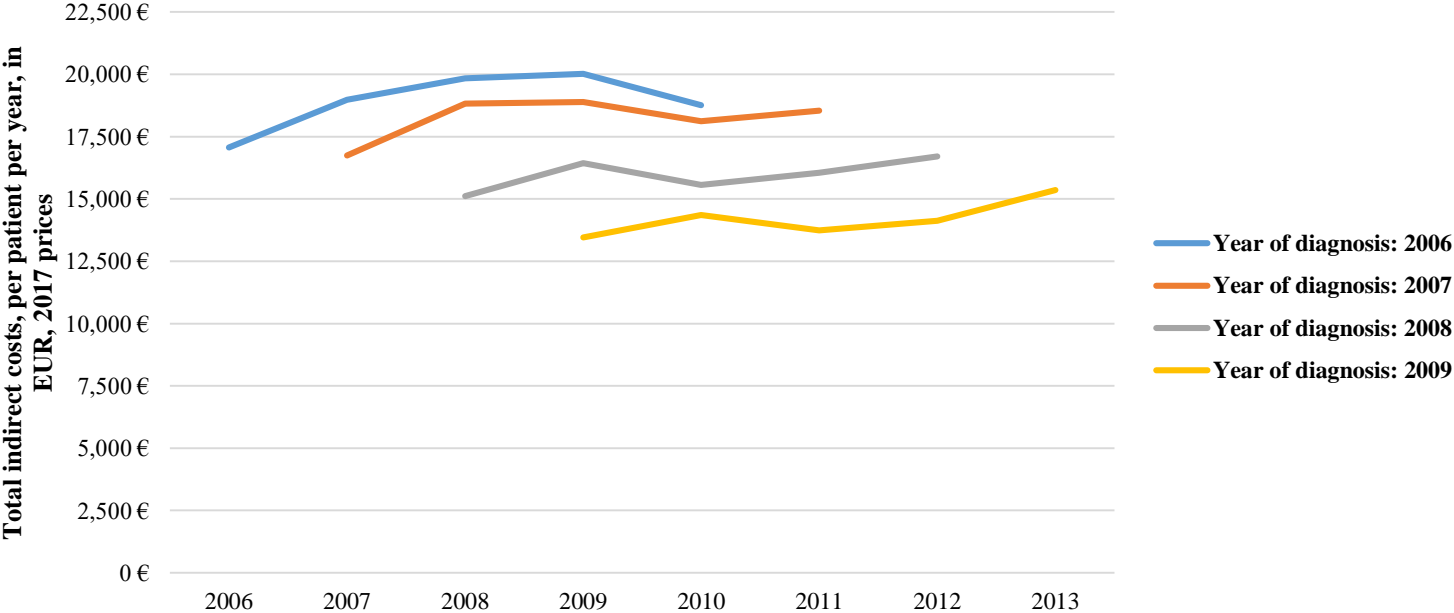
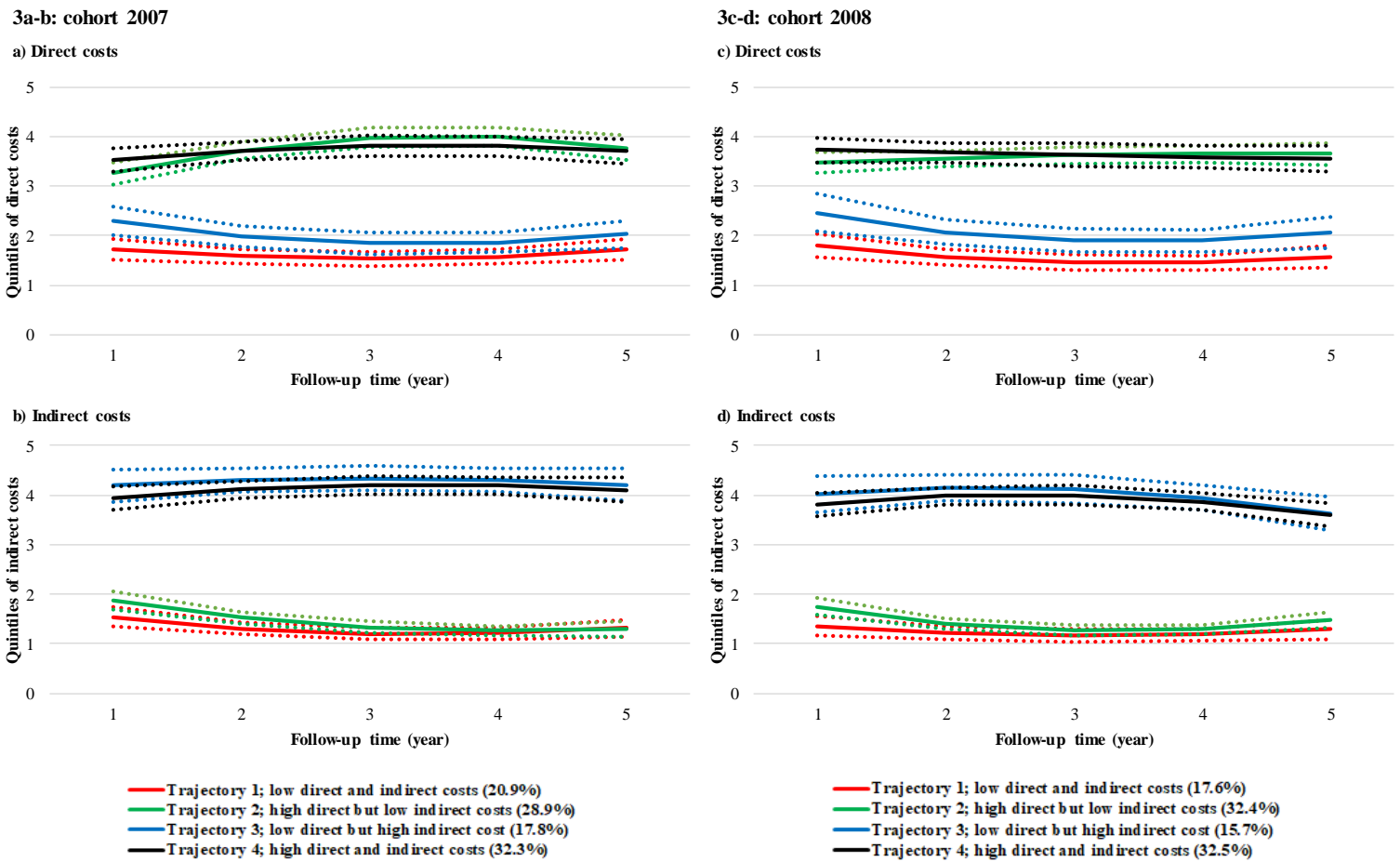


Figure 3: Estimated direct and indirect cost trajectories, for the 2007 (3a-b) and 2008 (3c-d) study cohorts, separately, during the 5-year follow-up; dotted lines present the 95% confidence intervals



Note 1: The values 0 to 1 in the y-axis denote the 1st quintile (0-20% of observations), 1 to 2 the 2nd (20 to 40% of observations), 2 to 3 the 3rd (40 to 60% of observations), 3 to 4 the 4th (60 to 80% of observations), and 4 to 5 the 5th quintile (80 to 100% of observations). Each included individual with MS is classified for each year of follow up into the respective quintile for direct and indirect costs, i.e. individuals can be classified in different quintiles for each year of follow-up. For example, an individual diagnosed with MS in 2007, may be in the 2nd (between 20% and 40% of observations) quintile in 2007 when it comes to direct costs, while in the 3rd quintile regarding indirect costs.

Note 2: Trajectories represent clusters (sub-groups) of people with MS that have a similar likelihood for belonging to the identified quintiles of costs, over time (up to five years after diagnosis).

Figure 4: Model parameters of the final model selected for the group-based multitrajectory model that was used in the trajectory analysis. Output from the statistical software SAS, using the command *proc traj*.

Maximum Likelihood Estimates					
Model: Zero Inflated Poisson (ZIP)					
Group	Parameter	Estimate	Standard Error	T for H0: Parameter=0	Prob > T
1	Intercept	0.43503	0.03312	13.136	0.0000
	Linear	-0.21047	0.03930	-5.356	0.0000
	Quadratic	0.04455	0.00951	4.687	0.0000
2	Intercept	0.56925	0.02440	23.335	0.0000
	Linear	-0.25932	0.02982	-8.697	0.0000
	Quadratic	0.05032	0.00726	6.934	0.0000
3	Intercept	1.41251	0.02236	63.168	0.0000
	Linear	0.02549	0.02479	1.028	0.3039
	Quadratic	-0.00714	0.00591	-1.207	0.2274
4	Intercept	1.34938	0.01616	83.519	0.0000
	Linear	0.04061	0.01784	2.276	0.0228
	Quadratic	-0.00916	0.00426	-2.151	0.0315
	Alpha0	-21.79028	805.60059	-0.027	0.9784
	Alpha1	-0.34962	432.69648	-0.001	0.9994
Group membership					
1	(%)	19.87937	0.84741	23.459	0.0000
2	(%)	31.84896	0.99548	31.993	0.0000
3	(%)	16.05601	1.19204	13.469	0.0000
4	(%)	32.21566	1.32600	24.295	0.0000
BIC=-54889.74 (N=32374) BIC=-54854.21 (N=3272) AIC=-54759.77 L=-54728.77					