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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistics						
For all statistical analys	For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.					
n/a Confirmed	a Confirmed					
The exact sam	ple size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement					
A statement o	on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly					
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.					
A description	of all covariates tested					
A description	of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons					
Y	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)					
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>					
For Bayesian a	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings					
For hierarchic	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes					
Estimates of e	ffect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated					
1	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.					
Software and c	ode					
Policy information abou	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>					
Data collection	Microsoft Excel for Mac 2011, Version 14.7.7 was used to display UV/VIS spectra and gel filtration chromatograms.					
Data analysis	For data analysis Graph Pad Prism 7.02 for Windows was used.					
For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further informations.						
Data						
Policy information about availability of data All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable: - Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets - A list of figures that have associated raw data - A description of any restrictions on data availability						
All relevant data are available in the paper, Supplementary Information files, and from the corresponding authors upon request.						
Field-specific reporting						
Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.						
∑ Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences					

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.					
Sample size	negative				
Data exclusions	Data were only excluded inc case experiments failed due to technical reasons.				
Replication	Number of repetitions per experiment is described in the Methods section.				
Randomization	not relevant for protein purification studies				
Blinding	negative				

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems		Methods	
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
	Antibodies	\boxtimes	ChIP-seq
\boxtimes	Eukaryotic cell lines	\boxtimes	Flow cytometry
\boxtimes	Palaeontology	\boxtimes	MRI-based neuroimaging
\boxtimes	Animals and other organisms		
\boxtimes	Human research participants		
\times	Clinical data		

Antibodies

Antibodies used

Anti-MBP Monoclonal Antibody is a murine anti-maltose binding protein (MBP) antibody, isotype IgG2a from NEB (E8032S), goat-anti-mouse IgG secondary antibody Alexa Fluor 680 (Thermo Fisher, Invitrogen)

Validation

Quality Assurance: anti-MBP antibody: In an ELISA assay, a dilution of 1/10,000 gives a signal of at least 20% of the maximum signal using high concentrations of antibody. The same 1/10,000 dilution gives a strong signal when used to detect maltose- binding protein in Western blots developed with a variety of detection systems. This antibody does not cross-react with other E. coli proteins. Secondary antibody: see information provided by Thermo Fisher.