

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

template 2

cEC(A)

RNA15 (A)
 template DNA
 non-template DNA

AAUAA UCGAGAGGG[★]
 TGAATGTAGGTAGCTCTCCCTGTGCCGCTTATCGGT
 ACTTACAGCCATCGAGAGGGACACGGCGAATAGCCA

mEC(A)

RNA15 (A)
 template DNA
 non-template DNA

★AAUAA UCGAGAGGG^A
 TGAATGTAGGTAGCTCTCCCGTGCCGCTTATCGGT
 ACTTACAGCCATCGAGAGGGGCACGGCGAATAGCCA

mEC(U)

RNA15 (U)
 template DNA
 non-template DNA

★AAUAA UCGAGAGGG^U
 TGAATGTAGGTAGCTCTCCCGGTGCCGCTTATCGGT
 ACTTACAGCCATCGAGAGGGCCACGGCGAATAGCCA

mEC(C)

RNA15 (C)
 template DNA
 non-template DNA

★AAUAA UCGAGAGGG^C
 TGAATGTAGGTAGCTCTCCCAGTGCCGCTTATCGGT
 ACTTACAGCCATCGAGAGGGTCACGGCGAATAGCCA

Fig. S.1. Structure of elongation complexes based on template 2, and sequences of nucleic acid oligonucleotides used for their assembly. Asterisk indicates that RNA is labelled at the 5' - end by kinasing oligonucleotide using polynucleotide kinase A and [γ - P³²] ATP.

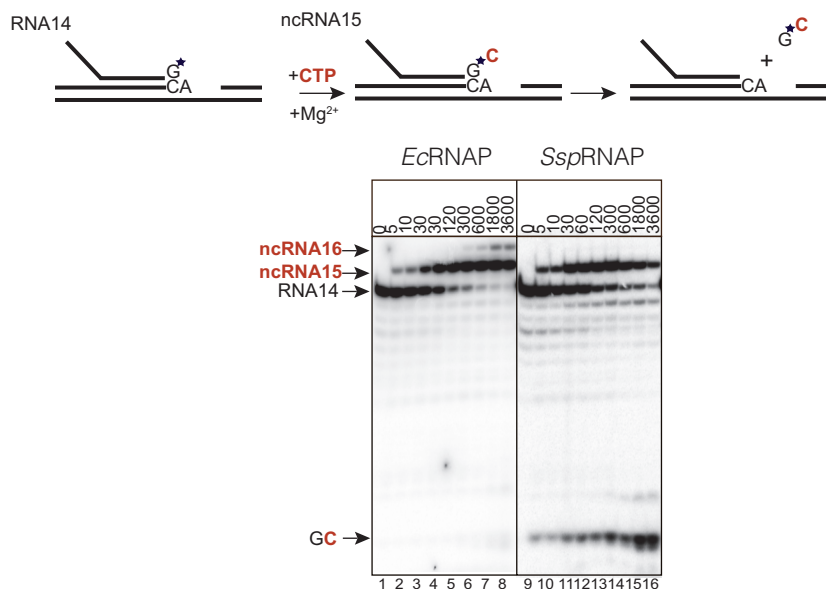


Fig. S. 2. Kinetics of misincorporation of CTP instead of UTP dictated by template with concomitant proofreading reaction - cleavage of the GC 3' dinucleotide portion of the transcript by EcRNAP and SspRNAP. Above the gel is the scheme of reaction; asterisk indicates that RNA is labelled at the 3' end by incorporation of radiolabelled GTP into the transcript. (*SspRNAP*).

Synechococcus elongatus 7942 RNAP

cEC15

cRNA15 (correct)

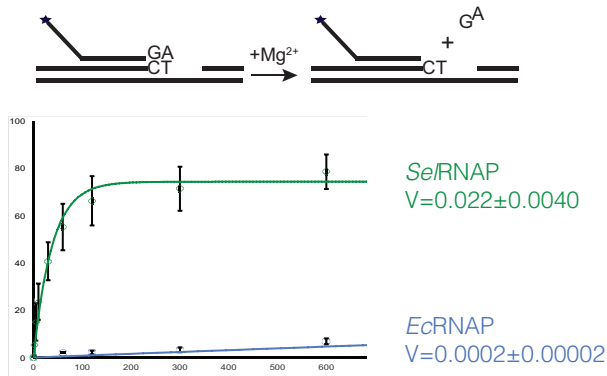


Fig. S.3. Kinetics of transcript hydrolysis in the correct elongation complex cEC(A) (Fig. S1) by purified RNAP of different cyanobacterium, *Synechococcus elongatus*, *Se*/RNAP. Above the gel is the scheme of reaction; asterisk indicates that RNA is labelled at the 5' - end by kinasing 13 nt RNA oligo using polynucleotide kinase A and [γ - P^{32}] ATP. After assembly into elongation complex, initial RNA13 was extended to RNA15 with addition of ATP and GTP. The graph fits of data to the exponential equation are shown as solid lines, *Ec*/RNAP (blue) and *Se*/RNAP (green).

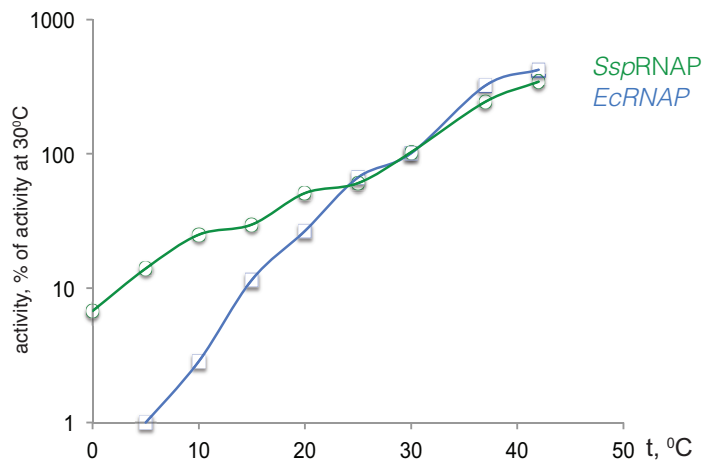


Fig. S.4. Temperature –dependence of rate of hydrolysis reaction in mEC(U) by *Ec*/RNAP and *Ssp*/RNAP.

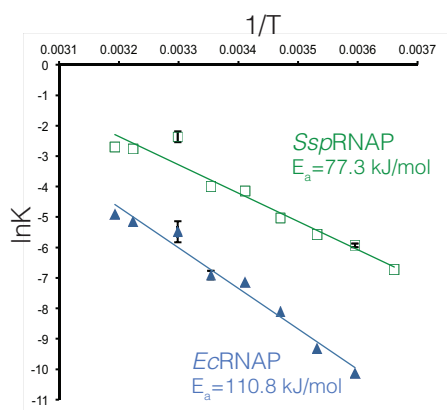


Fig. S.5. Activation energy for RNA hydrolysis in mEC(A) elongation complex by *Ec*RNAP and *Ssp*RNAP. . Arrhenius plots for *Ec*RNAP and *Ssp*RNAP, graph fit of lnK to 1/T data to linear equation are shown as straight line, apparent activation energy calculated from equation $\ln K = \ln A - E_a/R(1/T)$ is shown on the plot. The data points are averages of two independent experiments.

Table S1. Rates of transcript hydrolysis in mEC(A) and mEC(U) by WT and mutant *Ec*RNAPs with indicated amino acid changes in β' subunit at 30⁰C and 10 MgCl₂.

RNAP	mEC(U) hydrolysis rate, s-1	Standart deviation	mEC(A) hydrolysis rate, s-1	Standart deviation	mEC(C) hydrolysis rate, s-1	Standart deviation	Ratio mutant/wt mEC(U)	Ratio mutant/wt mEC(A)
<i>Ec</i> WT	0.0010	0.00021	0.0035	0.00064	0.0005	0.00006	1	1
<i>Ec</i> Q771E	0.0014	0.00107	0.0042	0.00074			1.5	1.2
<i>Ec</i> F773V	0.0082	0.00165	0.0290	0.00232	0.0043	0.00030	8.6	8.1
<i>Ec</i> N792D	0.0063	0.00056	0.0125	0.00195			6.6	3.5
<i>Ec</i> I937T	0.0007	0.00031	0.0039	0.00071			0.8	1.1
<i>Ec</i> A940V	0.0105	0.0010	0.0260	0.00532			11.1	7.3
<i>Ec</i> A941F	0.0003	0.00004	0.0011	0.00013			0.3	0.3
<i>Ec</i> K1134G	0.0011	0.0002	0.0029	0.0004			1.2	0.8
<i>Ec</i> G1136Q	0.0056	0.00103	0.0111	0.00272	0.0023	0.00030	5.8	3.1
<i>Ec</i> V1141I	0.0001	0.00002	0.0056	0.00072			1.1	1.5
<i>Ec</i> A1142E	0.0007	0.0001	0.0082	0.00122			0.7	2.3
<i>Ec</i> D1143E	0.0012	0.0002	0.0051	0.00073			1.2	1.4
<i>Ec</i> F1145L	0.0028	0.00074	0.0033	0.00121			2.9	0.9
<i>Ssp</i> RNAP	0.0612	0.00814	0.1401	0.02423			63.1	39.3
<i>Sei</i> RNAP	0.0502	0.00782	0.1212	0.00735			52.6	33.7