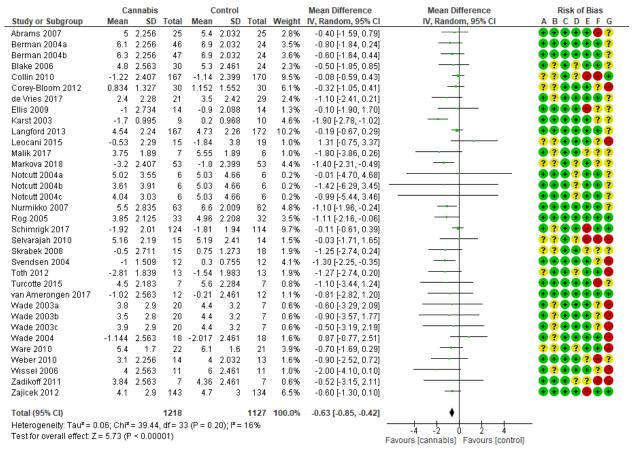
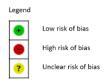
## e-Figures 1-22

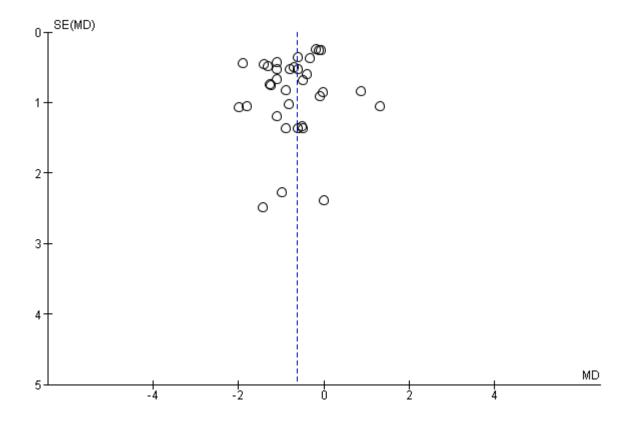


## Risk of bias legend

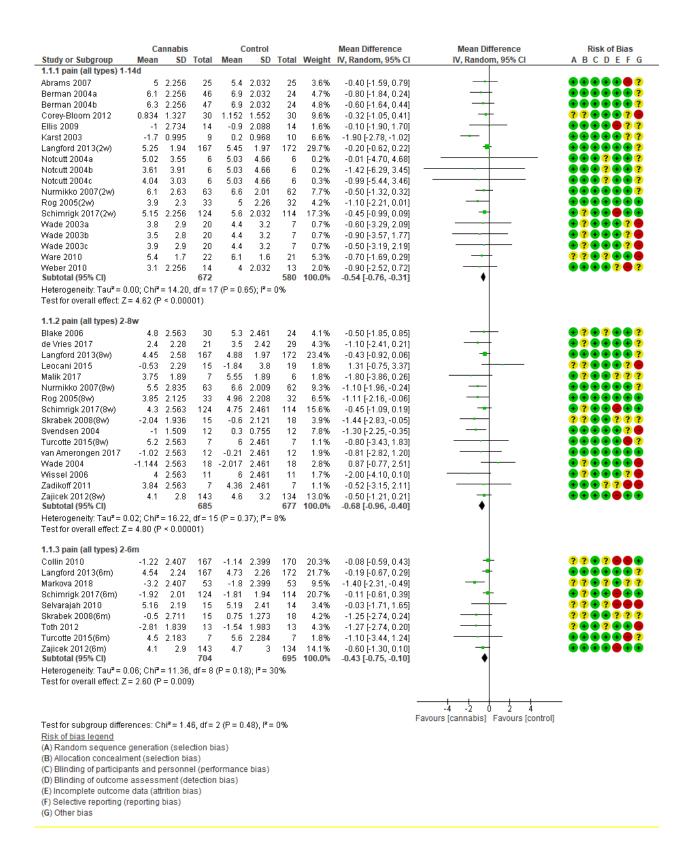
- (A) Random sequence generation (selection bias)
- (B) Allocation concealment (selection bias)
- (C) Blinding of participants and personnel (performance bias)
- (D) Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
- (E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias)
- (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)
- (G) Other bias



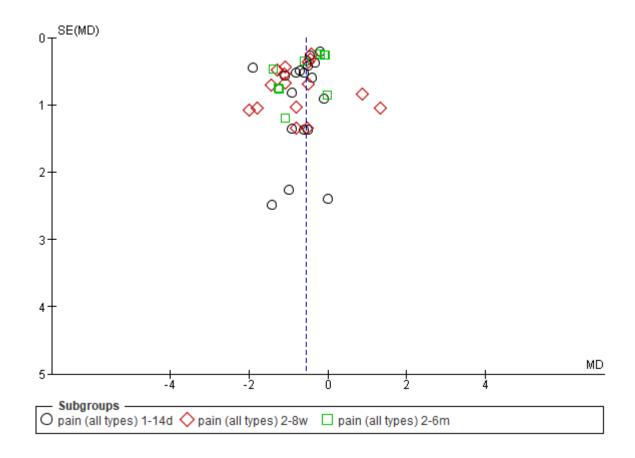
e-Figure 1. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain); all included studies at the longest duration of follow-up.



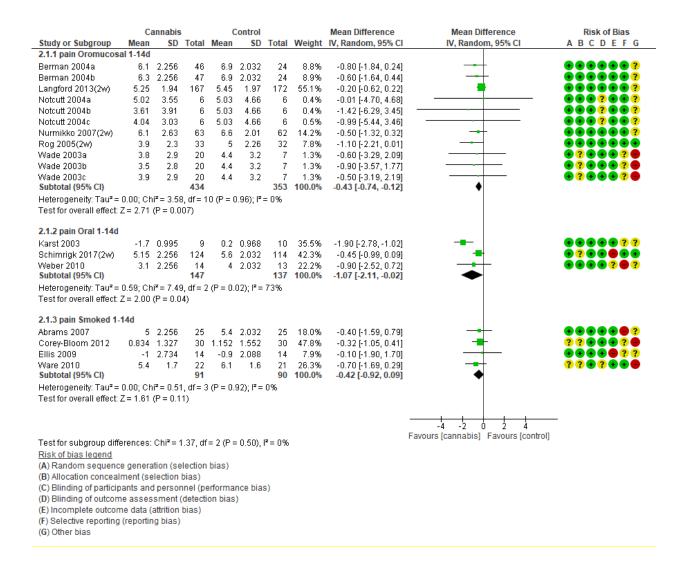
e-Figure 2. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain to assess for publication bias); all included studies at the longest duration of follow-up. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.



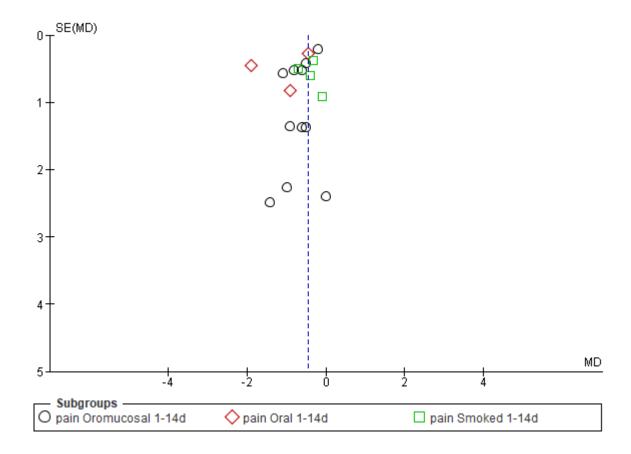
e-Figure 3. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain) by duration of follow-up.



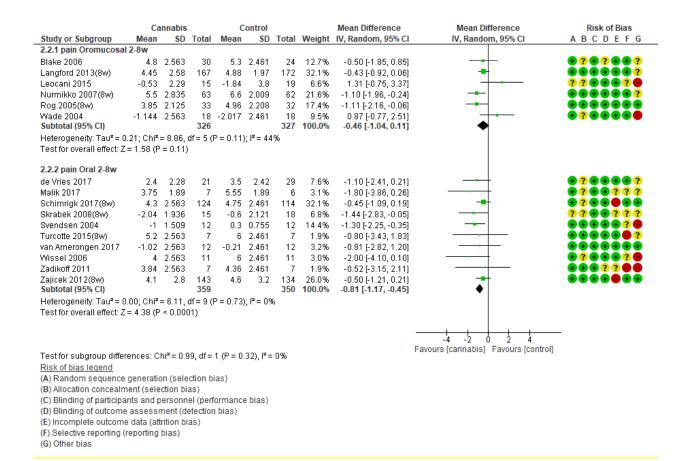
e-Figure 4. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain by duration of treatment, to assess for publication bias. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.



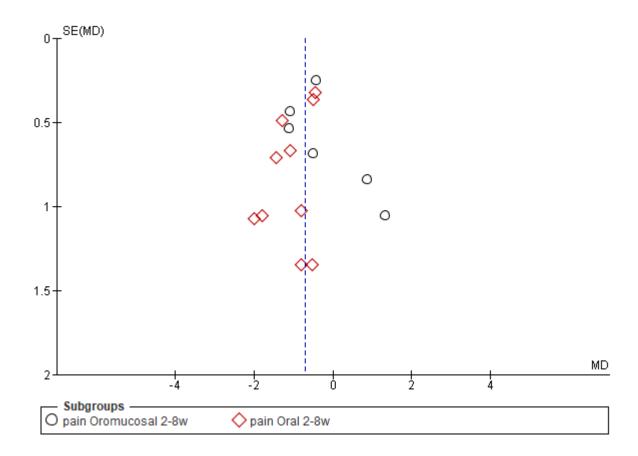
e-Figure 5. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain) at 1-14 days follow-up, stratified by route of administration.



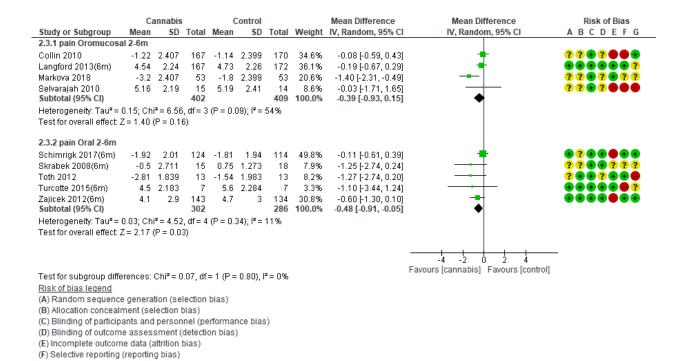
e-Figure 6. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain at 1-14 days follow-up by route of administration, to assess for publication bias. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.



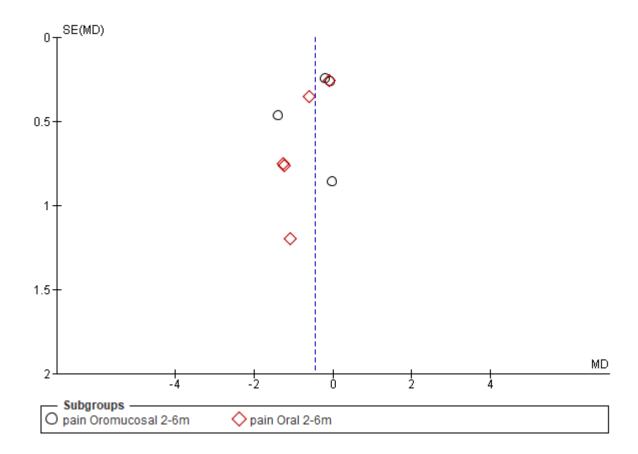
e-Figure 7. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain) at 2-8 weeks follow-up, stratified by route of administration.



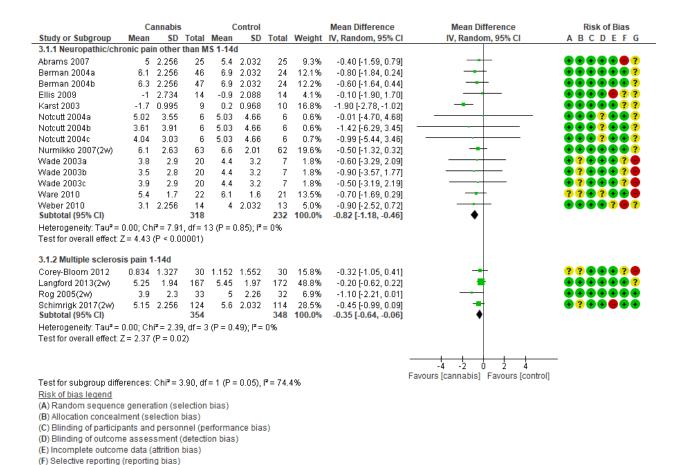
e-Figure 8. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain at 2-8 weeks follow-up by route of administration, to assess for publication bias. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.



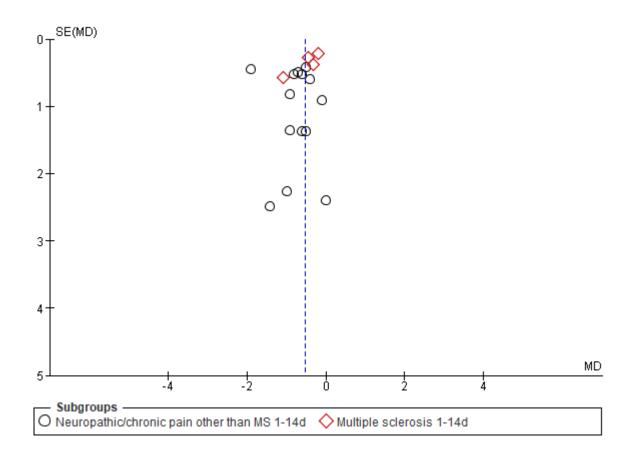
e-Figure 9. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain) at 2-6 months follow-up, stratified by route of administration.



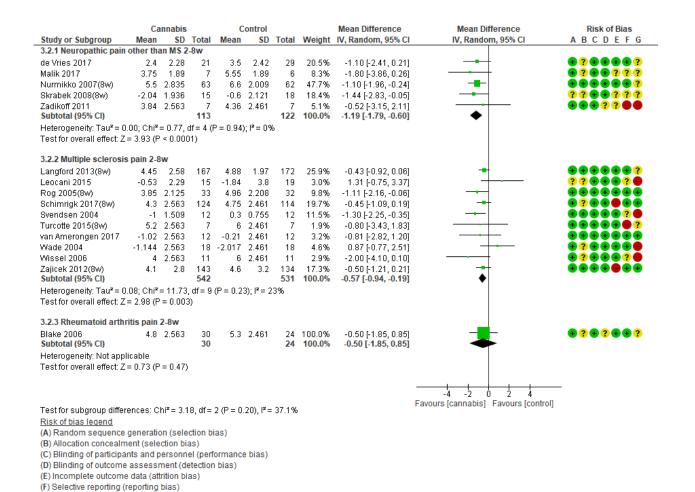
e-Figure 10. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain at 2-6 months follow-up by route of administration, to assess for publication bias. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.



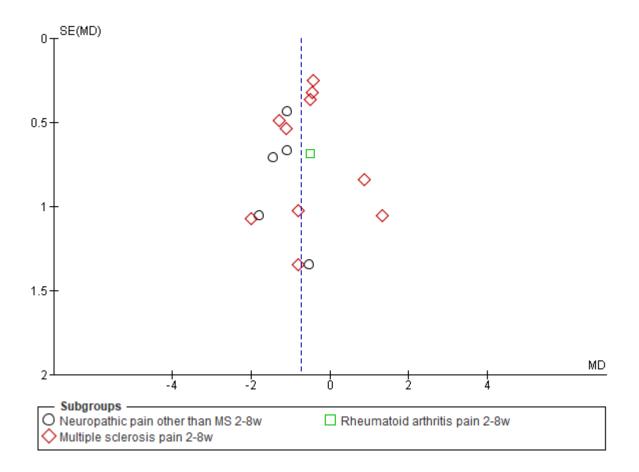
e-Figure 11. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain) at 1-14 days follow-up, stratified by pain condition.



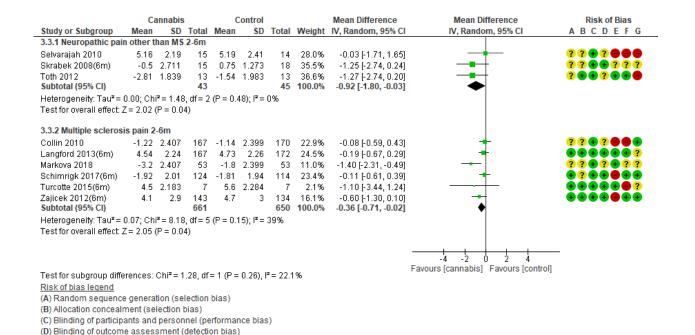
e-Figure 12. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain at 1-14 days follow-up by pain condition, to assess for publication bias. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.



e-Figure 13. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain) at 2-8 weeks follow-up, stratified by pain condition.

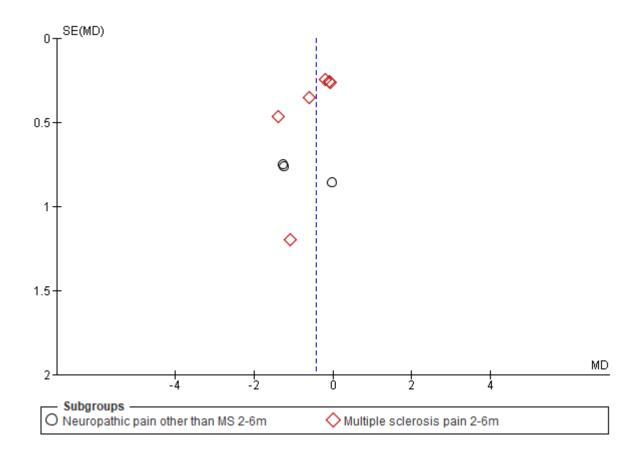


e-Figure 14. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain at 2-8 weeks follow-up by pain condition, to assess for publication bias. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.

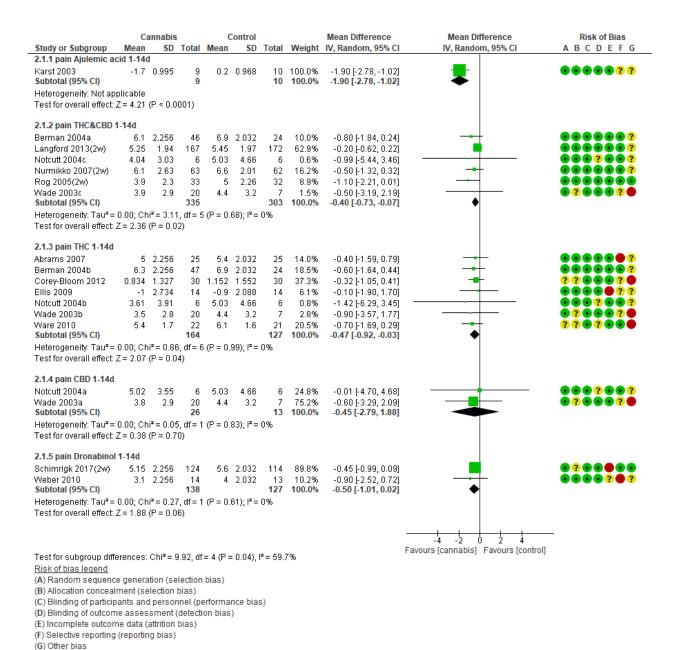


e-Figure 15. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain) at 2-6 months follow-up, stratified by pain condition.

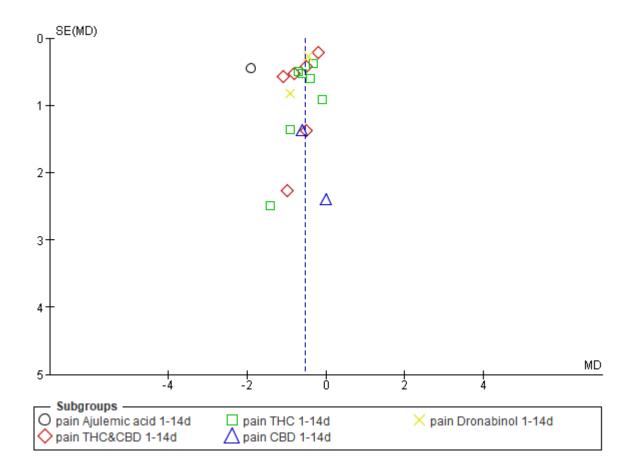
(E) Incomplete outcome data (attrition bias) (F) Selective reporting (reporting bias)



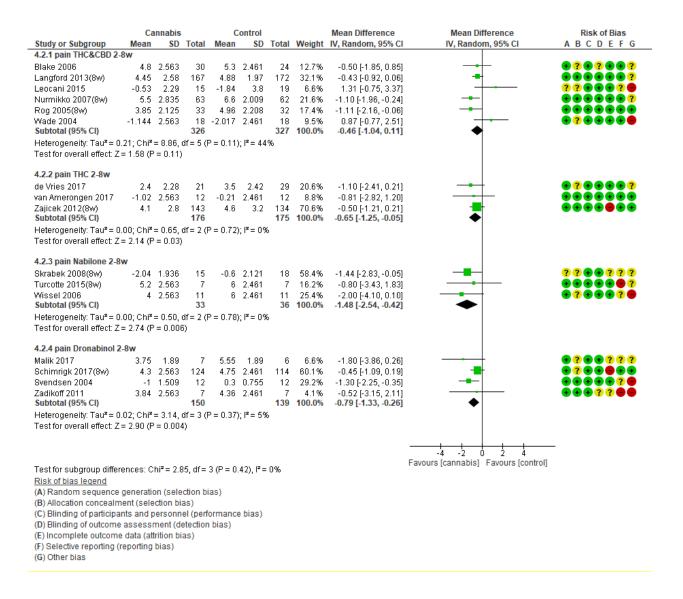
e-Figure 16. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain at 2-6 months follow-up by pain condition, to assess for publication bias. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.



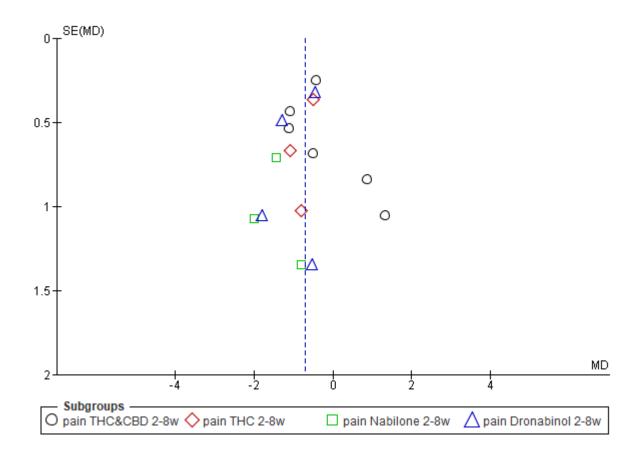
e-Figure 17. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain) at 1-14 days follow-up, stratified by type of drug.



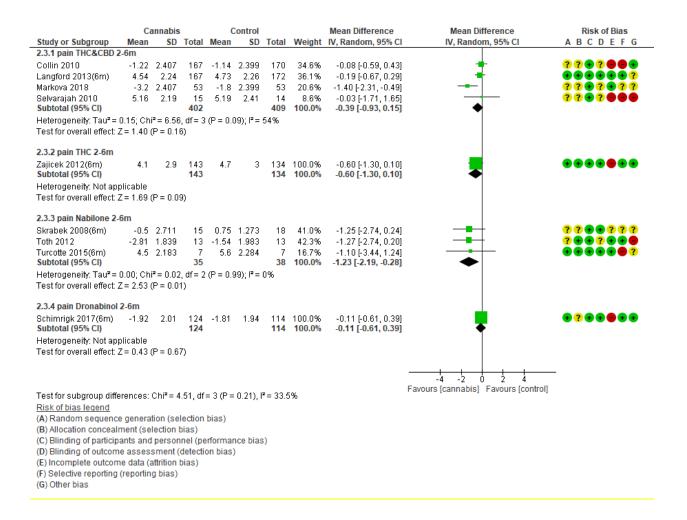
e-Figure 18. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain at 1-14 days follow-up by type of drug, to assess for publication bias. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.



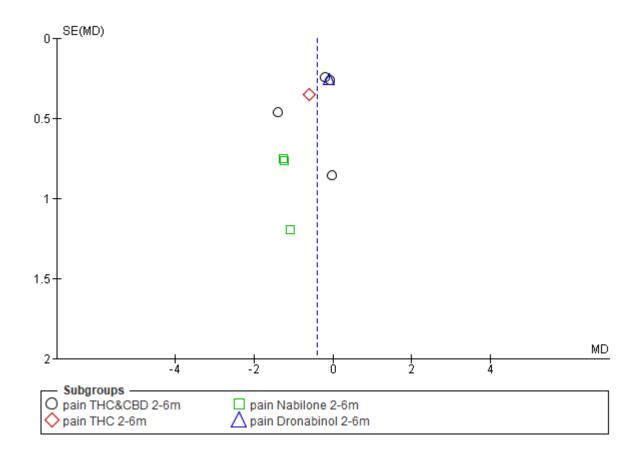
e-Figure 19. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain) at 2-8 weeks follow-up, stratified by type of drug.



e-Figure 20. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain at 2-8 weeks follow-up by type of drug, to assess for publication bias. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.



e-Figure 21. Forest plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain (0-10 visual analogue scale, higher score more pain) at 2-6 months follow-up, stratified by type of drug.



e-Figure 22. Funnel plot of medical cannabis (intervention) versus placebo (control) for chronic non-cancer pain at 2-6 months follow-up by type of drug, to assess for publication bias. Effect estimates (mean difference MD) is on the x-axis, study precision (standard error, SE) is on the y-axis.

## e-Tables 1 and 2

## e-Table 1 - MEDLINE Database specific search strategy

- 1. exp pain/
- 2. exp chronic pain/
- 3. pain\$.mp.
- 4. (chronic or intractable or refractory or persistent).mp.
- 5. 1 or 3
- 6. 4 and 5
- 7.2 or 6
- 8. fibromyalgia.mp.
- 9. fibrositis.mp.
- 10. arthriti\$.mp.
- 11. back pain.mp.
- 12. neck pain.mp.
- 13. exp musculoskeletal diseases/
- 14. exp joint diseases/
- 15. exp back pain/
- 16. exp multiple sclerosis/
- 17. multiple sclerosis.mp.
- 18. allodynia.mp.
- 19. sciatic\$.mp.
- 20. neuralgia.mp.
- 21. neuropath\$.mp.
- 22. or/7-21
- 23. cannabis.mp.
- 24. exp cannabis/
- 25. cannabinoid\$.mp.
- 26. exp cannabinoids/
- 27. tetrahydrocannabinol.mp.
- 28. exp dronabinol/
- 29. cannabidiol.mp.

- 30. exp cannabidiol/
- 31. sativex.mp.
- 32. exp medical marijuana/
- 33. nabiximols.mp.
- 34. thc.mp.
- 35. nabilone.mp.
- 36. cesamet.mp.
- 37. marinol.mp.
- 38. marihuana.mp.
- 39. marijuana.mp.
- 40. hashish.mp.
- 41. or/23-40
- 42. 22 and 41
- 43. randomized controlled trial.pt.
- 44. controlled clinical trial.pt.
- 45. randomized.ab.
- 46. placebo.ab.
- 47. drug therapy.fs.
- 48. randomly.ab.
- 49. trial.ab.
- 50. groups.ab.
- 51. or/43-50
- 52. 42 and 51
- 53. exp animals/ not humans/
- 54. 52 not 53

e-Table 2 – Demographic and treatment arm details for included studies

Author (Year)	Route of admin	Country	RCT Type	No. of Participants randomized	Group	No./ arm
Abrams	Inhaled	United States	Parallel RCT	55	(1) Cannabis (3.56% THC)	27
(2007)1	(smoked)	United States	Parallel RC1	ວວ	(2) Placebo	28
Ball		United Kingdom	Parallel RCT	498	(1) Dronabinol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 3.5-28mg/day)	332
(2015) <sup>2</sup>	Oral				(2) Placebo	166
					(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	46
Berman (2004) <sup>3</sup>	Oromucosal spray	United Kingdom	Crossover RCT		(2) THC only (THC 27mg/ml)	47
,					(3) Placebo	48
Blake	Oromucosal	United Kingdom	Parallel RCT	58	(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	31
(2006)4	spray				(2) Placebo	27
Carroll	Oral	United Kingdom	Crossover RCT	19	(1) Cannabis Extract capsule (THC 2.5mg/CBD 1.25mg.5 to 25mg/day)	19
(2004) <sup>5</sup>					(2) Placebo	19
Collin	Oromucosal spray	Czech Republic United Kingdom	Parallel RCT		(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	167
(2010)6				337	(2) Placebo	170
		United States	Crossover RCT	37	(1) Cannabis (4.0% THC)	30

Corey-Bloom (2012) <sup>7</sup>	Inhaled (smoked)				(2) Placebo	30
de Vries (2017) <sup>8</sup>	Oral	Netherlands	Parallel RCT	65	(1) Namisol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 3mg TID x 5d, 5ma TID x 5d, then 8ma TID)	30
,					(2) Placebo	32
Ellis	Inhaled (smoked)	United States	Crossover RCT	34	(1) Cannabis (1-8% THC)	34
(2009) <sup>9</sup>					(2) Placebo	34
Hagenbach	Oral	Switzerland	Parallel RCT	13	(1) Dronabinol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 2.5-10mg/tab)	6
(2007) <sup>10</sup>	Orai			13	(2) Placebo	7
Karst	Oral	Germany	Crossover RCT	21	(1) Ajulemic acid, CT3 (Synthetic THC-11, 20mg BID x 4 days, then 40mg BID x 3 days)	21
(2003) <sup>11</sup>					(2) Placebo	21
	Oral	Netherlands	Crossover RCT		(1) Dronabinol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 2.5-10mg/tab)	16
Killenstein (2002) <sup>12</sup>				16	(2) Cannabis Extract capsule (THC 2.5mg/CBD 20 to 30%) up to 10mg/day	16
					(3) Placebo	16
Langford	Oromucosal spray	France	Parallel RCT	339	(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	167
(2013) <sup>13</sup>				339	(2) Placebo	172
Leocani	Oromucosal spray	Italy	Crossover RCT	4.4	(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	44
(2015)14				44	(2) Placebo	44
Malik	Oral	United States	Parallel RCT	13	(1) Dronabinol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 5mg BID x 4 weeks)	7

					_	
(2017) <sup>15</sup>					(2) Placebo	6
Markova	Oromucosal spray	Czech Republic Austria	Parallel RCT	106	(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	53
(2018) <sup>16</sup>					(2) Placebo	53
					(1) Nabiximol (THC 2.5mg:CBD 2.5/spray)	24
Notcutt	Oromucosal	United Kingdom	Crossover RCT		(2) THC only (THC 2.5mg/spray)	24
(2004)17	spray			34	(3) CBD only (CBD 2.5mg/spray)	24
					(4) Placebo	24
Novotna	Oromucosal spray	Czech Republic Italy Poland Spain United Kingdom	Parallel RCT	0.44	(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	124
(2011) <sup>18</sup>				241	(2) Placebo	117
Nurmikko	Oromucosal spray	Belgium United Kingdom	Parallel RCT	125	(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	63
(2007) <sup>19</sup>					(2) Placebo	62
Rog	Oromucosal spray	United Kingdom	Parallel RCT	00	(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	34
(2005) <sup>20</sup>				66	(2) Placebo	32
Schimrigk	Oral	Germany	Parallel RCT	240	(1) Dronabinol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 7.5mg to 15mg/day x 4 weeks)	124
(2017) <sup>21</sup>					(2) Placebo	116
		United Kingdom	Parallel RCT	30	(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	15

Selvarajah (2010) <sup>22</sup>	Oromucosal spray				(2) Placebo	15
Serpell (2014) <sup>23</sup>	Oromucosal spray	Canada Belgium Czech Republic	Parallel RCT	246	(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	128
,	-13	Romania United Kingdom			(2) Placebo	118
Skrabek (2008) <sup>24</sup>	Oral	Canada	Parallel RCT	40	(1) Nabilone (Synthetic Cannabinoid, 0.5 - 1.0mg BID x 4 weeks)	20
(2006)-					(2) Placebo	20
Svendsen	Oral	Denmark	Crossover RCT	24	(1) Dronabinol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 5mg BID x 20 days)	24
$(2004)^{25}$					(2) Placebo	24
Toth	Oral	Canada	Parallel RCT	26	(1) Nabilone (Synthetic Cannabinoid, 1.0 - 4.0mg/day x 9 weeks)	13
(2012) <sup>26</sup>					(2) Placebo	13
Turcotte	Oral	Canada	Parallel RCT	15	(1) Nabilone (Synthetic Cannabinoid, 0.5 - 1.0mg BID x 61 days)	8
$(2015)^{27}$					(2) Placebo	7
van Amerongen	Oral	Netherlands	Parallel RCT	24	(1) Namisol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 16mg/day x 4 weeks)	12
$(2017)^{28}$				· -	(2) Placebo	12
					(1) CBD only (CBD 2.5mg per spray)	24
Wade (2003) <sup>29</sup>	Oromucosal spray	United Kingdom	Crossover RCT	24	(2) THC only (THC 2.5mg per spray)	24
					(3) Nabiximol (THC 2.5mg:CBD 2.5mg per spray)	24

					_	i
					(4) Placebo	24
Wade	Oromucosal spray	United Kingdom	Parallel RCT	400	(1) Nabiximol (THC 27mg/ml:CBD 25mg/ml)	80
(2004) <sup>30</sup>				160	(2) Placebo	80
Ware	Inhaled (smoked)	Canada	Crossover RCT	23	(1) Smoked cannabis (9.4% THC)	23
(2010) <sup>31</sup>				23	(2) Placebo	23
Weber	Oral	Switzerland	Crossover RCT	27	(1) Dronabinol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 5mg BID x 2 weeks)	27
(2010) <sup>32</sup>				21	(2) Placebo	27
Wissel	Oral	Austria	Crossover RCT	13	(1) Nabilone (Synthetic Cannabinoid, 1.0mg/day x 4 weeks)	13
$(2006)^{33}$				13	(2) Placebo	13
Zadikoff	Oral	Canada	Crossover RCT	9	(1) Dronabinol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 2.5-15mg/day x 3 weeks)	9
(2011) <sup>34</sup>					(2) Placebo	9
	Oral	United Kingdom	Parallel RCT		(1) Cannabis Extract capsule (THC 2.5mg/CBD 1.25ma. 5 to 25ma/dav)	219
Zajieck (2005) <sup>35</sup>				657	(2) Marinol (Synthetic delta-9 THC, 3.5-28mg/day)	216
,					(3) Placebo	222
Zajicek	Oral	United Kingdom	Parallel RCT	279	(1) Cannabis Extract capsule (delta-9 THC 5 to 25mg/day x 12 weeks)	144
(2012) <sup>36</sup>					(2) Placebo	135

Notes: THC = tetrahydrocannabinol; CBD = cannabidiol.