

Supporting data

Development of a Low-Cost UV-Vis Spectrophotometer and its Application for the Detection of Mercuric Ions Assisted by Chemosensors

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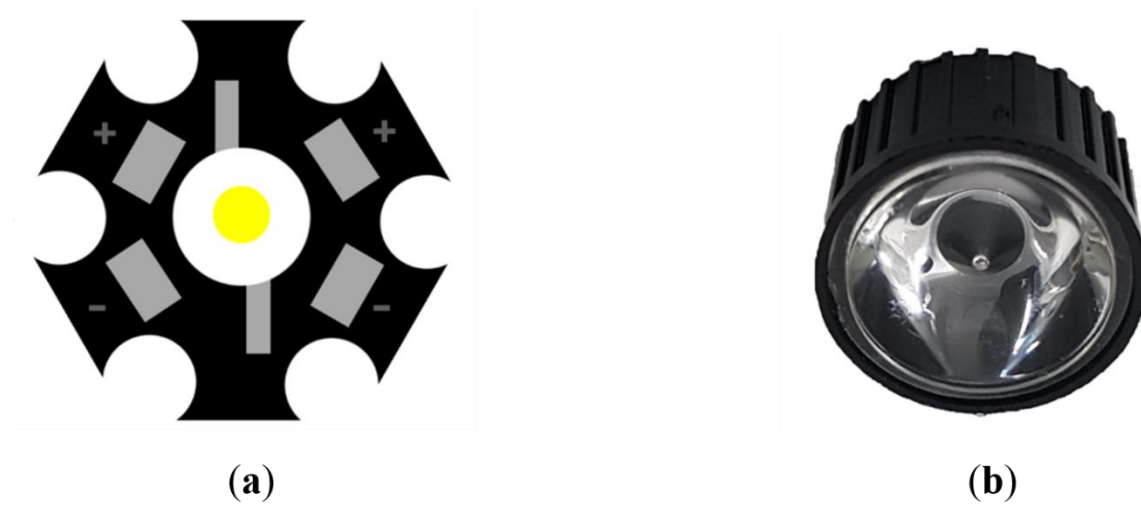


Figure 1. a) 1W used white LED. b) 5° collimator lens.

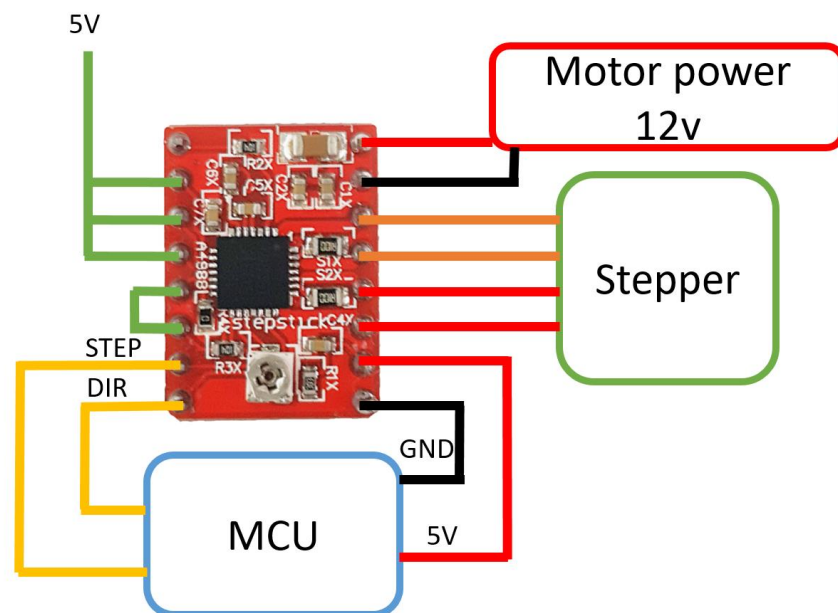
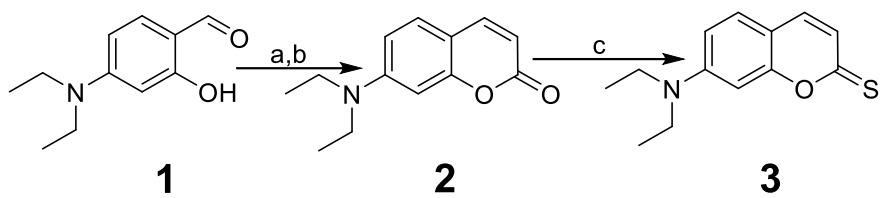


Figure S2. a4988 driver in microstepping configuration.



Scheme S1. Synthetic route to 7-(diethylamino)-2-chromene-2-thione (**3**). Reagents and conditions: a) Diethyl malonate, piperidine, reflux, 6h; b) HCl, AcOH, reflux, 24 h; c) Lawesson Reagent, Toluene, Reflux, 3 h.

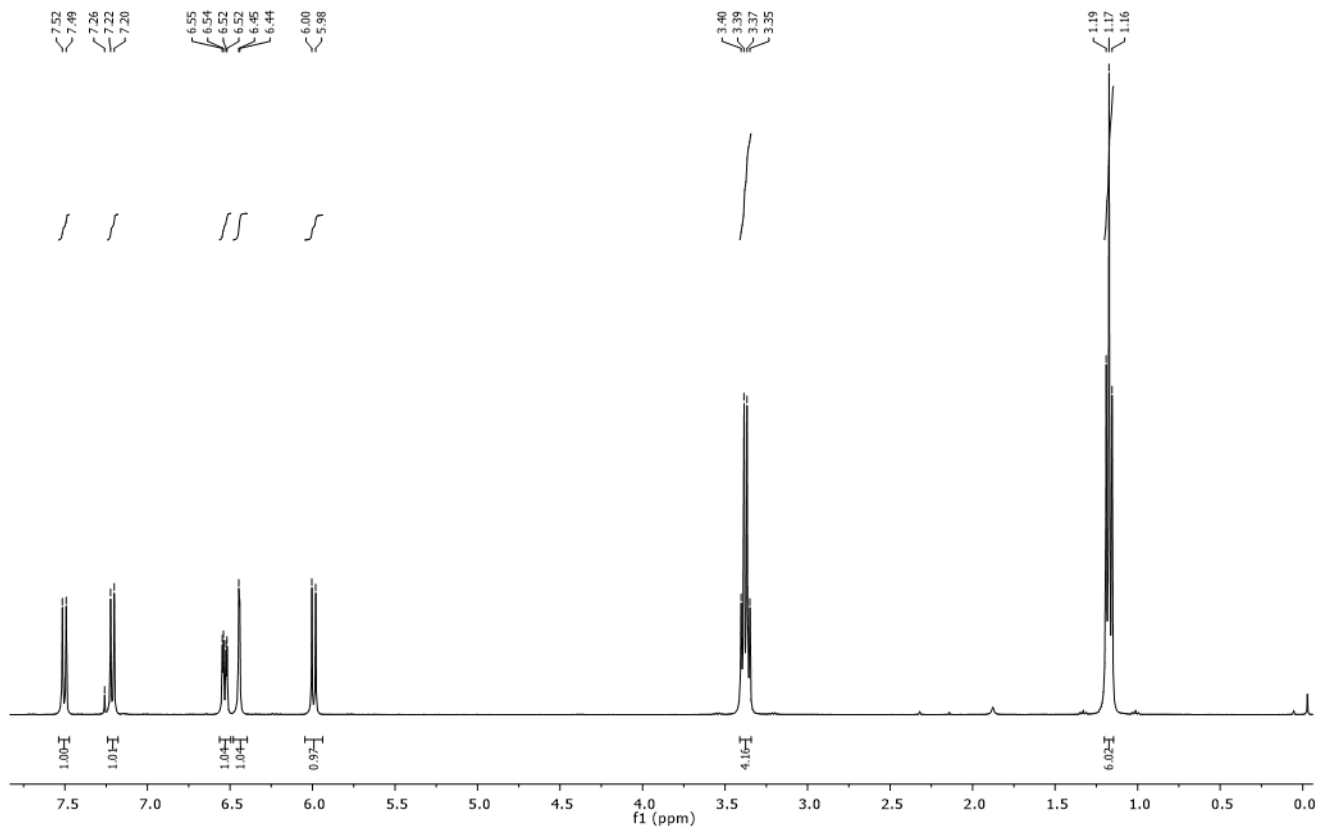


Figure S3. ^1H NMR ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of 7-(diethylamino)-2H-chromen-2-one (2).

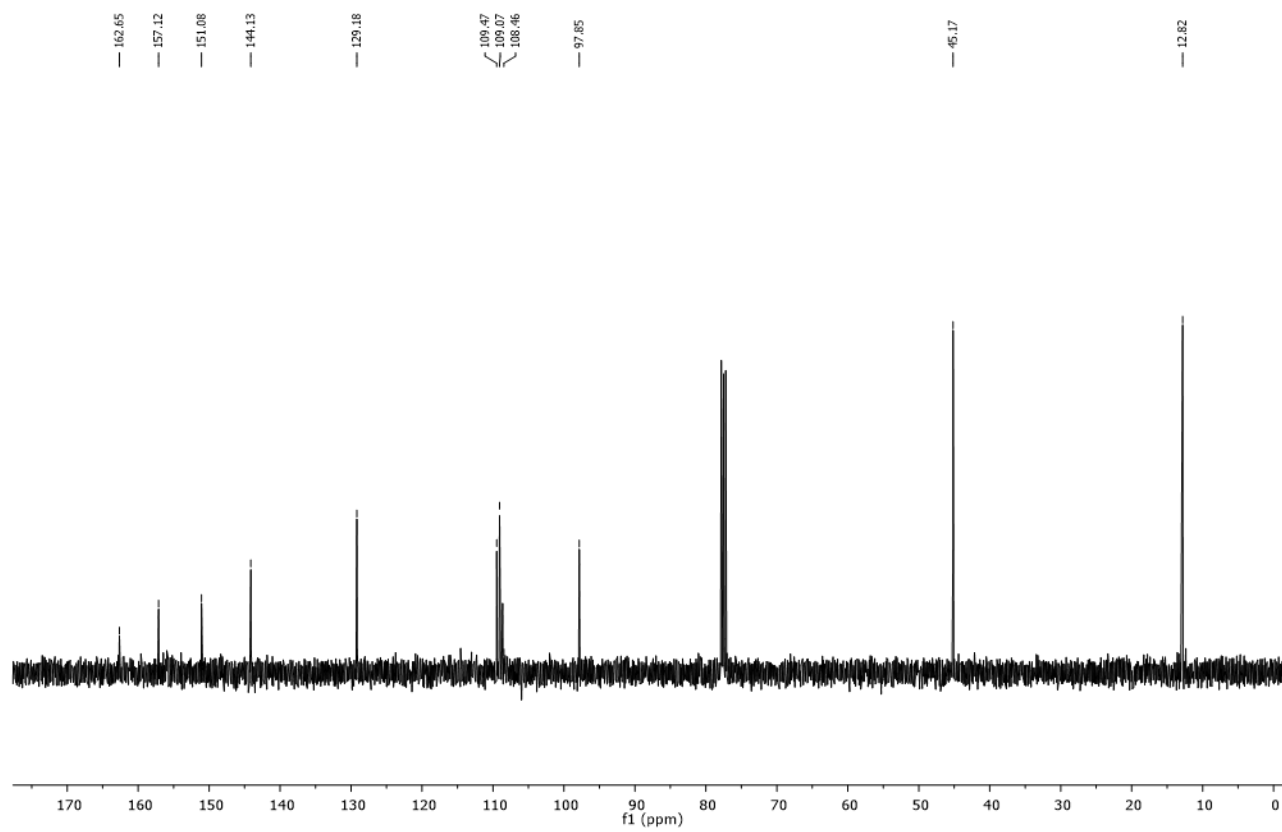


Figure S4. ^{13}C NMR ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of 7-(diethylamino)-2*H*-chromen-2-one (**2**).

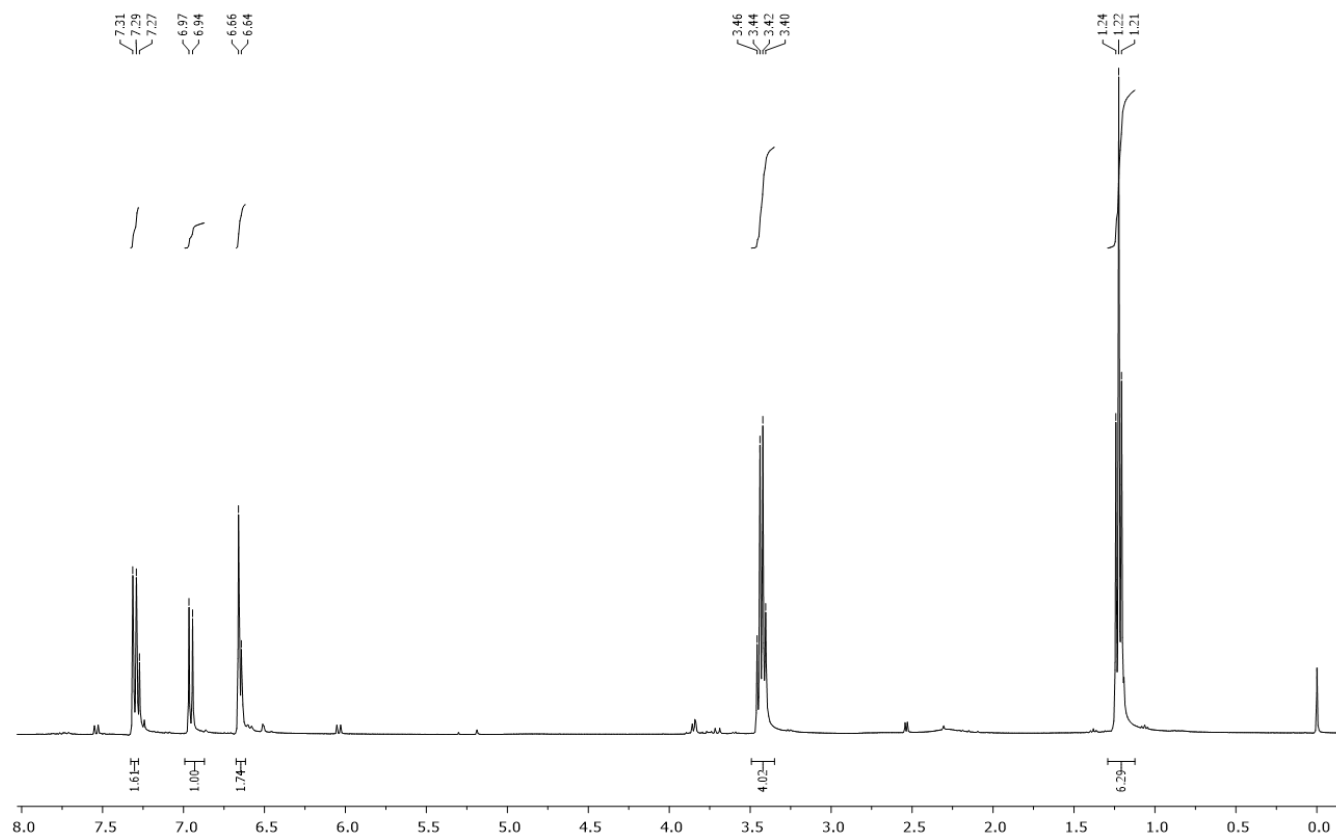


Figure S5. ^1H NMR ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of 7-(diethylamino)-2H-chromene-2-thione (**3**).

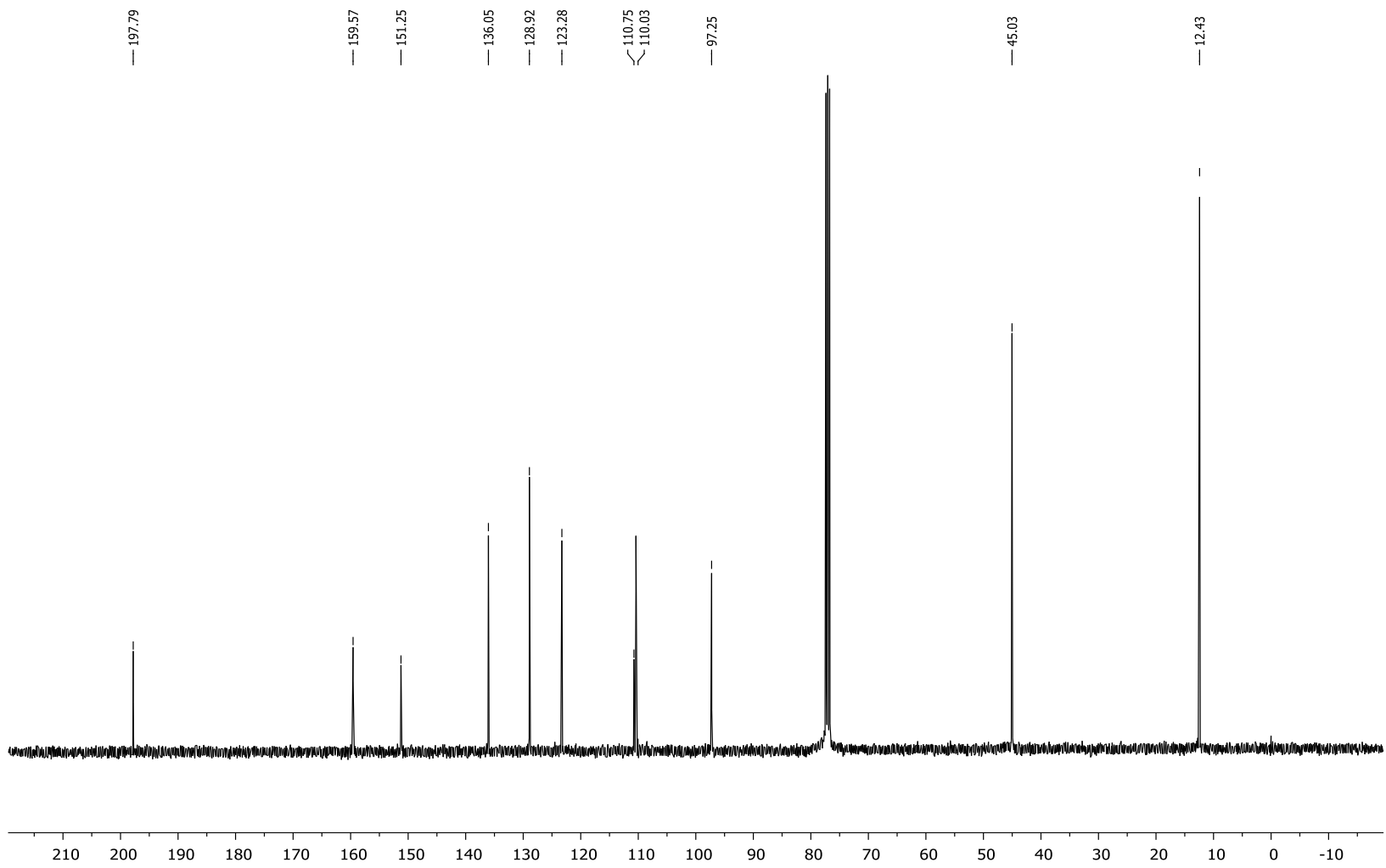


Figure S6. ^{13}C NMR (DMSO- d_6) spectrum of 7-(diethylamino)-2H-cromeno-2-tiona (3).

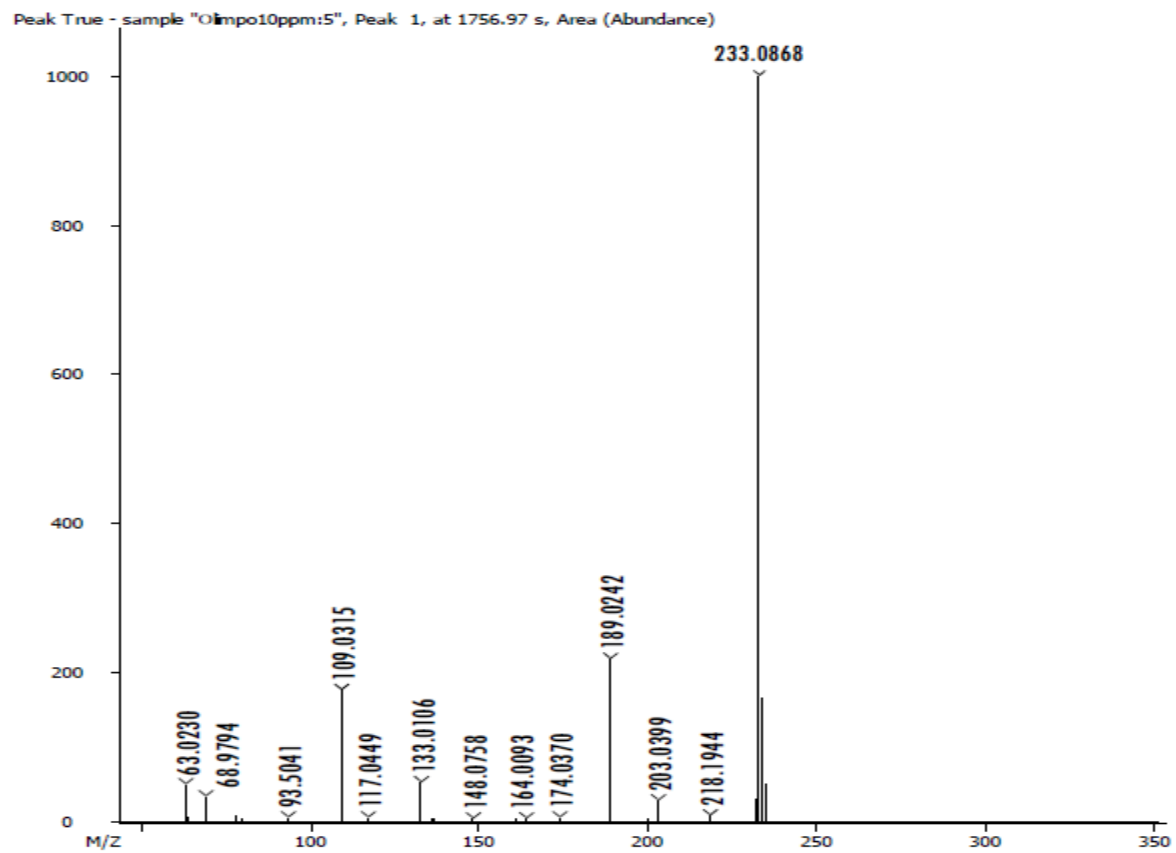


Figure S7. HRMS of 7-(diethylamino)-2H-cromeno-2-tiona (3).

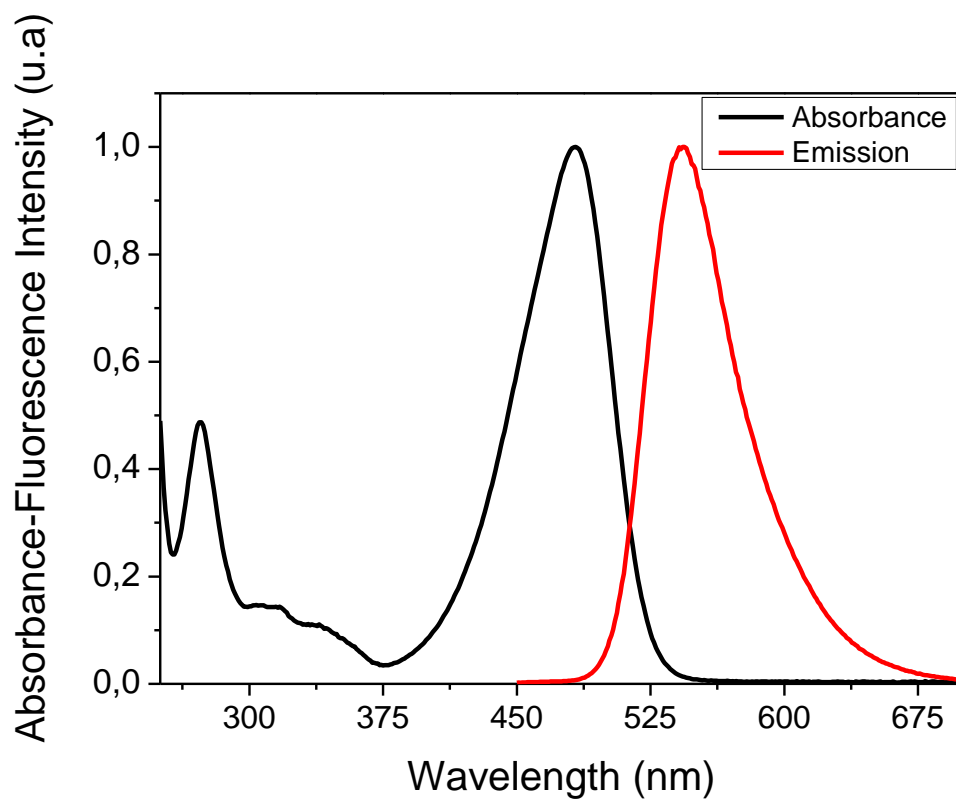


Figure S8. UV-Vis and emission spectra of **3**.

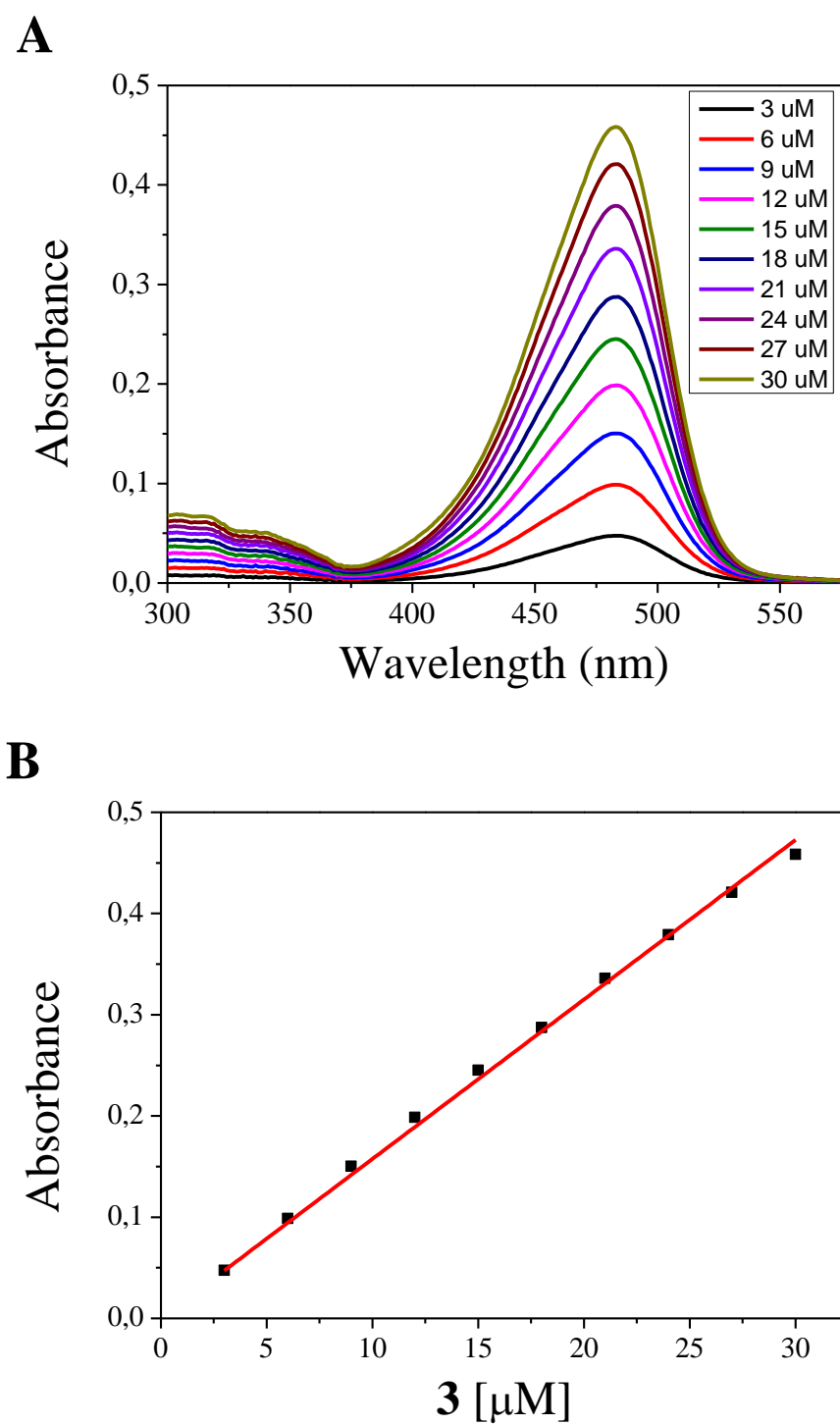


Figure S9. (A) UV-Vis spectra of **3** at different concentration; (B) Plot of absorbance of chemosensor **3** against its concentration from 3 to 30 μM .

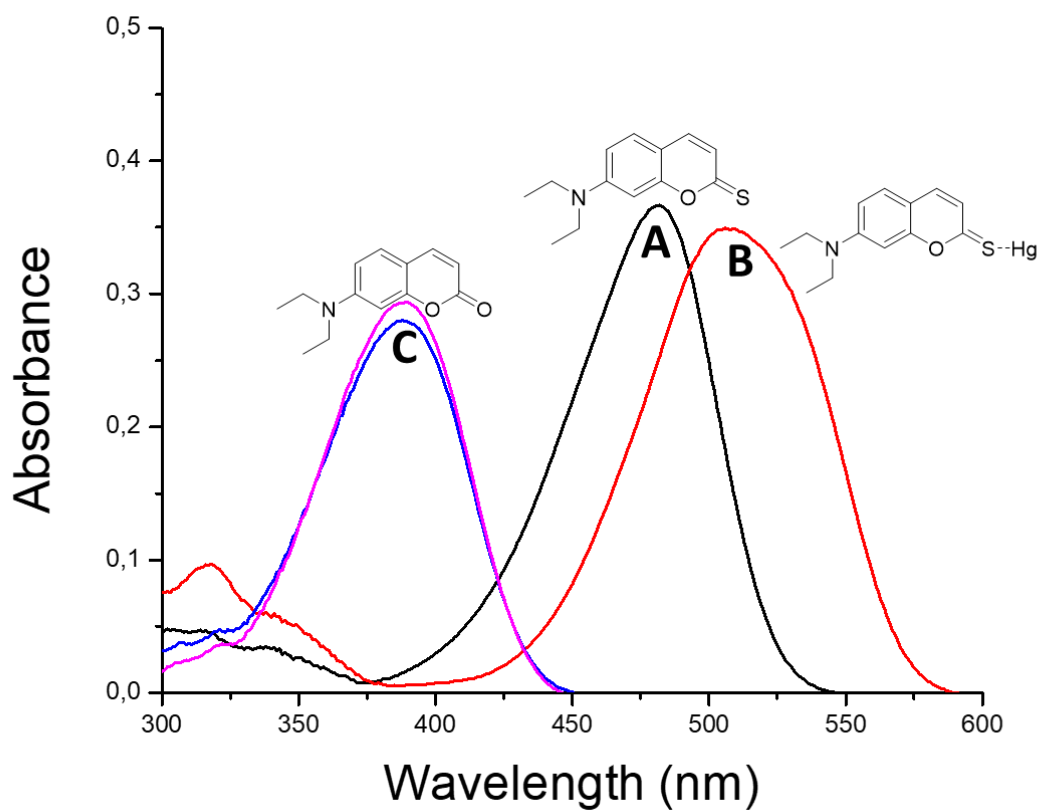


Figure S10. (A) UV-Vis spectra of **3**; (B) UV-Vis spectra of **3-Hg**; (C) UV-Vis spectra of **2**.

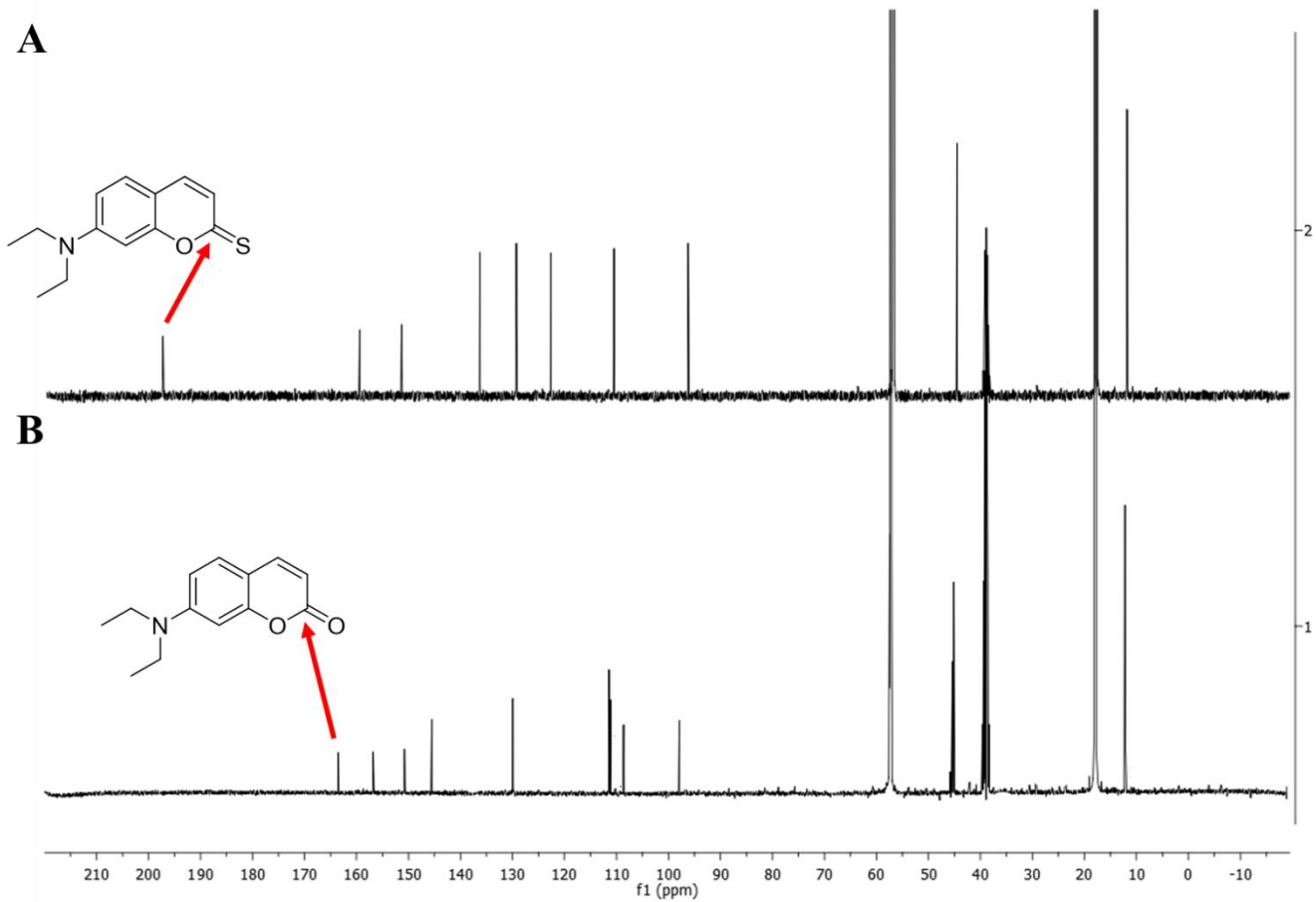


Figure S11. ^{13}C NMR ($\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of chemosensor 3 alone (A) and in the presence of mercuric ions (B).