# L-HetNetAligner: A novel algorithm for Local Alignment of Heterogeneous Biological Networks.

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#### Quality of the alignments for synthetic networks

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#### Quality of the alignments for the Hetionet Network

Table 7, Table 8, Table 9, Table 10, Table 11, Table 12 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup>, GS<sup>3</sup>, NCV, P-NC, R-NC, F-NC measures computed on each module for the four versions of the Hetionet network.

#### Quality of the Alignments for synthetic heterogeneous networks with noise.

Table 13, Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17, Table 18 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup>, GS<sup>3</sup>, NCV, P-NC, R-NC, F-NC measures computed on each module for the four versions of synthetic heterogeneous networks obtained by aligning each network with its noisy versions built by adding a percentage of edges.

Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, Table 22, Table 23, Table 24 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup>, GS<sup>3</sup>, NCV, P-NC, R-NC, F-NC measures computed on each module for the four versions of the Hetionet network obtained by aligning each network with its noisy version built by adding a percentage of edges.

**Table 1.** Table shows the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> scores obtained by aligning the first synthetic network with its noisy versions (Altered Networks). All synthetic networks are considered. The table shows significant improvements in the values of NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and hence in the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours with respect to the network with a single colour. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

NY 4	AL L N	NOV. CG3 4 1 1	NOV. C.G. A. I. I.	NOV. CG3 2 1 1	NOV CG3 4 1 1
Network	Altered Net- works	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured version
	0	0.535	0.811	0.889	0.99
	5	0.533	0.799	0.878	0.989
N1	10	0.531	0.792	0.874	0.983
.,,	15	0.523	0.766	0.872	0.978
	20	0.52	0.763	0.85	0.96
	25	0.514	0.759	0.832	0.957
	0	0.529	0.81	0.883	0.997
	5	0.528	0.809	0.883	0.988
N2	10	0.524	0.802	0.883	0.986
	15	0.521	0.8	0.871	0.979
	20	0.516	0.785	0.865	0.976
	25	0.514	0.773	0.843	0.953
	0	0.535	0.811	0.863	0.983
NO	5	0.533	0.799	0.848	0.99
N3	10	0.531	0.766	0.843	0.989
	15 20	0.523 0.52	0.763 0.759	0.833 0.832	0.978 0.96
	25	0.514	0.752	0.83	0.96
	0	0.532	0.797	0.863	0.971
	5	0.532	0.797	0.862	0.967
N4	10	0.525	0.783	0.857	0.963
-1.	15	0.521	0.782	0.856	0.96
	20	0.517	0.782	0.833	0.952
	25	0.514	0.775	0.83	0.952
	0	0.533	0.797	0.878	0.993
	5	0.53	0.789	0.868	0.987
N5	10	0.53	0.777	0.867	0.986
	15	0.526	0.775	0.864	0.982
	20	0.519	0.773	0.851	0.981
	25	0.518	0.758	0.838	0.958
	0	0.533	0.806	0.868	0.992
	5	0.525	0.805	0.862	0.988
N6	10	0.521	0.782	0.857	0.977
	15	0.519	0.781	0.852	0.975
	20	0.516	0.77	0.849	0.966
	25	0.514	0.765 0.811	0.832 0.884	0.952 0.992
	0 5	0.534 0.531	0.811	0.865	0.992
N7	10	0.526	0.792	0.864	0.981
1117	15	0.521	0.761	0.856	0.978
	20	0.518	0.76	0.851	0.968
	25	0.516	0.755	0.844	0.959
	0	0.53	0.792	0.886	0.998
	5	0.525	0.787	0.876	0.988
N8	10	0.524	0.772	0.866	0.981
	15	0.523	0.772	0.853	0.977
	20	0.522	0.766	0.84	0.974
	25	0.514	0.76	0.838	0.972
	0	0.529	0.795	0.868	0.998
	5	0.528	0.784	0.866	0.991
N9	10	0.526	0.772	0.861	0.973
	15	0.524	0.761	0.857	0.969
	20	0.519	0.758	0.853	0.968 0.956
	25	0.516	0.754	0.838	0.956
	5	0.533	0.81	0.869	0.976
N10	10	0.529 0.528	0.808 0.808	0.868 0.865	0.976
1110	15	0.528	0.771	0.861	0.959
	20	0.522	0.767	0.852	0.954
	25	0.515	0.757	0.85	0.953
	0	0.533	0.81	0.882	1
	5	0.531	0.809	0.881	0.996
N11	10	0.527	0.797	0.879	0.986
	15	0.525	0.793	0.871	0.982
	20	0.521	0.775	0.868	0.98
	25	0.518	0.773	0.848	0.963
	0	0.527	0.809	0.887	0.99
	5	0.523	0.787	0.885	0.977
N12	10	0.518	0.786	0.884	0.969
	15	0.516	0.78	0.859	0.969
	20	0.513	0.768	0.842	0.966
	25	0.513	0.756	0.837	0.959

**Table 2.** Table shows the  $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the first synthetic network with its noisy versions (Altered Networks). All the results are equal to 1, therefore the table shows that the introduction of colors does not cause a worsening of the results.

Network	Altered Net- works	GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured version
NI	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1
N2	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1
N3	0 5 10 15 20	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1
N4	25 0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N5	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N6	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N7	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N8	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N9	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N10	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
NII	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N12	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1

**Table 3.** Table shows the NCV scores obtained by aligning the first synthetic network with its noisy versions (Altered Networks). All synthetic networks are considered. The table shows significant improvements in the values of NCV and hence in the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours with respect to the network with a single colour. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	NCV on 1 coloured version	NCV on 2 coloured version	NCV on 3 coloured version	NCV on 4 coloured version
	0	0.286	0.658	0.790	0.980
	5	0.284	0.638	0.771	0.978
N1	10	0.282	0.627	0.764	0.966
	15	0.274	0.587	0.760	0.956
	20	0.270	0.582	0.723	0.922
	25	0.264	0.576	0.692	0.916
	0	0.280	0.656	0.780	0.994
	5	0.279	0.654	0.780	0.976
N2	10	0.275	0.643	0.780	0.972
112	15	0.273	0.640	0.759	0.958
	20	0.266	0.616	0.748	0.953
	25	0.264	0.598	0.711	0.908
	0	0.286	0.658	0.745	0.966
	5	0.284	0.638	0.743	0.980
NIO					
N3	10	0.282	0.587	0.711	0.978
	15	0.274	0.582	0.694	0.956
	20	0.270	0.576	0.692	0.922
	25	0.264	0.566	0.689	0.916
	0	0.283	0.635	0.745	0.943
	5	0.281	0.635	0.743	0.935
N4	10	0.276	0.613	0.734	0.927
	15	0.271	0.612	0.733	0.922
	20	0.267	0.612	0.694	0.906
	25	0.264	0.601	0.689	0.906
	0	0.284	0.635	0.771	0.986
	5	0.281	0.623	0.753	0.974
N5	10	0.281	0.604	0.752	0.972
	15	0.277	0.601	0.746	0.964
	20	0.269	0.598	0.724	0.962
	25	0.268	0.575	0.702	0.918
	0	0.284	0.650	0.753	0.984
	5	0.276	0.648	0.743	0.976
N6	10	0.271	0.612	0.734	0.955
110	15	0.269	0.610	0.726	0.951
	20	0.266	0.593	0.721	0.933
	25	0.264	0.585	0.692	0.906
	0	0.285	0.658	0.781	0.984
	5	0.282	0.651	0.748	0.964
N7	10	0.232	0.627	0.746	0.962
11/	15	0.277	0.579	0.740	0.956
				0.733	
	20	0.268	0.578		0.937
	25	0.266	0.570	0.712	0.920
	0	0.281	0.627	0.785	0.996
***	5	0.276	0.619	0.767	0.976
N8	10	0.275	0.596	0.750	0.962
	15	0.274	0.596	0.728	0.955
	20	0.272	0.587	0.706	0.949
	25	0.264	0.578	0.702	0.945
	0	0.280	0.632	0.753	0.996
	5	0.279	0.615	0.750	0.982
N9	10	0.277	0.596	0.741	0.947
	15	0.275	0.579	0.734	0.939
	20	0.269	0.575	0.728	0.937
	25	0.266	0.569	0.702	0.914
	0	0.284	0.656	0.755	1
	5	0.280	0.653	0.753	0.953
N10	10	0.279	0.653	0.748	0.924
	15	0.279	0.594	0.741	0.920
	20	0.272	0.588	0.726	0.910
	25	0.265	0.573	0.723	0.908
	0	0.284	0.656	0.778	1
	5	0.282	0.654	0.776	0.992
N11	10	0.282	0.635	0.773	0.972
. 11.1	15	0.276	0.629	0.759	0.964
	20	0.276	0.629	0.759	0.960
	25		0.598	0.753	
		0.268			0.927
	0	0.278	0.654	0.787	0.980
2710	5	0.274	0.619	0.783	0.955
N12	10	0.268	0.618	0.781	0.939
	15	0.266	0.608	0.738	0.939
	20	0.263	0.590	0.709	0.933
	25	0.263	0.572	0.701	0.920

**Table 4.** Table shows the P-NC scores obtained by aligning the first synthetic network with its noisy versions (Altered Networks). Table shows that the alignment quality is constant when adding colors to the networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	P-NC on 1 coloured version	P-NC on 2 coloured version	P-NC on 3 coloured ver-	P-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	0	1	1	sion 1	sion 1
N1	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
111	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	0	1	1	1	1
N2	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0 5	1	1	1	1 1
N3	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1	1 1	1 1
N4	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1	1 1	1 1
N5	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25 0	1	1	1	1
	5	1	1	1	1
N6	10 15	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25 0	1	1	1	1
NZ	5	1	1	1	1
N7	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	20 25	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0	1	1	1	1
N8	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
110	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1	1	1 1	1 1
	0	1	1	1	1
N9	5 10	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1	1 1
N10	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1	1	1 1
N11	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1	1 1	1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1 1
N12	10	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	15 20	1	1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1

**Table 5.** Table shows the R-NC scores obtained by aligning the first synthetic network with its noisy versions (Altered Networks). All synthetic networks are considered. The table shows significant improvements in the values of R-NC and hence in the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours with respect to the network with a single colour. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	R-NC on 1 coloured ver- sion	R-NC on 2 coloured version	R-NC on 3 coloured version	R-NC on 4 coloured version
	0	0.173	0.498	0.707	0.960
	5	0.172	0.496	0.697	0.929
N1	10	0.171	0.489	0.637	0.916
	15	0.169	0.487	0.613	0.908
	20	0.163	0.483	0.581	0.889
	25	0.158	0.483	0.578	0.817
	0	0.171	0.511	0.707	0.980
	5	0.161	0.511	0.697	0.964
N2	10	0.159	0.510	0.621	0.953
	15	0.158	0.504	0.615	0.870
	20	0.158	0.500	0.582	0.845
	25	0.154	0.489	0.579	0.830
	0	0.166	0.498	0.711	0.922
	5	0.166	0.489	0.699	0.897
N3	10	0.163	0.496	0.621	0.882
	15	0.162	0.487	0.615	0.859
	20	0.156	0.483	0.582	0.859
	25	0.156	0.483	0.579	0.845
	0	0.175	0.514	0.694	0.945
	5	0.171	0.510	0.687	0.939
N4	10	0.168	0.510	0.681	0.895
	15	0.165	0.493	0.661	0.884
	20	0.160	0.484	0.646	0.874
	25	0.159	0.483	0.594	0.863
	0	0.175	0.517	0.686	0.962
	5	0.171	0.513	0.671	0.929
N5	10	0.169	0.511	0.671	0.856
	15	0.165	0.491	0.610	0.856
	20	0.162	0.490	0.602	0.848
	25	0.154	0.489	0.581	0.839
	0	0.170	0.526	0.704	0.953
	5	0.170	0.524	0.691	0.874
N6	10	0.168	0.497	0.669	0.874
	15	0.166	0.494	0.663	0.856
	20	0.158	0.493	0.616	0.823
	25	0.154	0.491	0.601	0.817
	0	0.175	0.513	0.707	0.974
	5	0.170	0.504	0.707	0.941
N7	10	0.169	0.501	0.632	0.885
	15	0.162	0.500	0.627	0.884
	20	0.154	0.483	0.607	0.884
	25	0.154	0.480	0.596	0.852
	0	0.169	0.524	0.689	0.970
NO	5	0.165	0.523	0.664	0.958
N8	10	0.159	0.523	0.642	0.943
	15	0.159	0.518	0.638	0.918
	20 25	0.158 0.154	0.510 0.490	0.596 0.587	0.843 0.824
				0.674	
	0	0.172	0.518		0.939
N9	5 10	0.166 0.165	0.511 0.507	0.661 0.643	0.929 0.929
117	15	0.163	0.504	0.623	0.929
	20	0.158	0.496	0.623	0.817
	25	0.154	0.496	0.585	0.817
	0	0.175	0.514	0.701	0.895
	5	0.173	0.506	0.696	0.889
N10	10	0.171	0.500	0.666	0.885
1110	15	0.169	0.501	0.666	0.885
	20	0.161	0.494	0.638	0.843
	25	0.154	0.484	0.626	0.808
	0	0.154	0.520	0.643	0.970
	5	0.162	0.520	0.661	0.970
N11	10	0.158	0.513	0.616	0.953
.111	15	0.155	0.513	0.674	0.904
	20	0.154	0.501	0.623	0.887
	25	0.152	0.490	0.585	0.857
	0	0.174	0.524	0.702	0.953
	5	0.174	0.510	0.702	0.899
N12	10	0.164	0.510	0.692	0.889
1112	15	0.157	0.497	0.686	0.884
	20	0.157	0.497	0.666	0.878
				0.578	0.878
	25	0.154	0.487	0.376	0.040

**Table 6.** Table shows the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the first synthetic network with its noisy versions (Altered Networks). All synthetic networks are considered. The table shows significant improvements in the values of F-NC and hence in the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours with respect to the network with a single colour. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	F-NC on 1 coloured ver-	F-NC on 2 coloured ver-	F-NC on 3 coloured ver-	F-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0	0.416	0.706	0.841	0.98
N1	5	0.415	0.704 0.699	0.835 0.798	0.964
N1	10 15	0.413 0.411	0.698	0.798	0.957 0.953
	20	0.404	0.695	0.762	0.933
	25	0.397	0.695	0.76	0.904
	0	0.414	0.715	0.841	0.99
	5	0.401	0.715	0.835	0.982
N2	10	0.399	0.714	0.788	0.976
	15	0.398	0.71	0.784	0.933
	20	0.397	0.707	0.763	0.919
	25	0.392	0.699	0.761	0.911
	0	0.408	0.706	0.843	0.96
	5	0.407	0.699	0.836	0.947
N3	10	0.404	0.704	0.788	0.939
	15	0.403	0.698	0.784	0.927
	20	0.395	0.695	0.763	0.927
	25	0.395	0.695	0.761	0.919
	0	0.418	0.717	0.833	0.972
	5	0.413	0.714	0.829	0.969
N4	10	0.41	0.714	0.825	0.946
	15	0.406	0.702	0.813	0.94
	20	0.4	0.696	0.804	0.935
	25	0.399	0.695	0.771	0.929
	0 5	0.418	0.719	0.828 0.819	0.981
N5	10	0.414 0.411	0.716 0.715	0.819	0.964 0.925
NS	15	0.406	0.701	0.781	0.925
	20	0.402	0.701	0.776	0.921
	25	0.393	0.699	0.762	0.916
	0	0.412	0.725	0.839	0.976
	5	0.412	0.724	0.831	0.935
N6	10	0.41	0.705	0.818	0.935
NO	15	0.407	0.703	0.814	0.925
	20	0.397	0.702	0.785	0.907
	25	0.393	0.701	0.775	0.904
	0	0.418	0.716	0.841	0.987
	5	0.412	0.71	0.841	0.97
N7	10	0.411	0.708	0.795	0.941
	15	0.402	0.707	0.792	0.94
	20	0.393	0.695	0.779	0.94
	25	0.392	0.693	0.772	0.923
	0	0.411	0.724	0.83	0.985
	5	0.406	0.723	0.815	0.979
N8	10	0.399	0.723	0.801	0.971
	15	0.399	0.72	0.799	0.958
	20	0.398	0.714	0.772	0.918
	25	0.393	0.7	0.766	0.908
	0	0.415	0.72	0.821	0.969
NO	5	0.407	0.715	0.813	0.964
N9	10	0.406	0.712	0.802	0.964
	15 20	0.398 0.398	0.71 0.704	0.789 0.785	0.934 0.904
	25	0.393	0.698	0.765	0.904
	0		0.717		0.946
	5	0.418 0.413	0.717	0.837 0.834	0.946
N10	10	0.411	0.711	0.816	0.943
1410	15	0.411	0.707	0.816	0.919
	20	0.401	0.703	0.799	0.904
	25	0.392	0.696	0.791	0.899
	0	0.409	0.721	0.802	0.985
	5	0.403	0.721	0.813	0.984
N11	10	0.397	0.716	0.785	0.976
	15	0.394	0.715	0.821	0.951
	20	0.393	0.708	0.789	0.942
	25	0.39	0.7	0.765	0.926
	0	0.417	0.724	0.838	0.976
	5	0.405	0.714	0.833	0.948
N12	10	0.405	0.713	0.832	0.943
	15	0.396	0.705	0.828	0.94
	20	0.394	0.7	0.816	0.937
	25	0.392	0.698	0.76	0.92

**Table 7.** NCV- $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvement when considering networks with many colours. Results are similar for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured
	works	version	version	version	version
	0% of noise	0.536	0.813	0.887	1
	5% of noise	0.532	0.803	0.882	0.996
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.531	0.774	0.854	0.996
	15% of noise	0.53	0.763	0.843	0.966
	20% of noise	0.524	0.76	0.834	0.954
	25% of noise	0.512	0.745	0.825	0.951

**Table 8.** Table shows the  $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant when considering colours.

Network	Altered Net-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	1	1	1	1
	5% of noise	1	1	1	1
Hetionet	10% of noise	1	1	1	1
	15% of noise	1	1	1	1
	20% of noise	1	1	1	1
	25% of noise	1	1	1	1

**Table 9.** Table shows the NCV scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvement when considering networks with many colours for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	NCV on 1 coloured ver-	NCV on 2 coloured ver-	NCV on 3 coloured ver-	NCV on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	0.287	0.661	0.787	1
	5% of noise	0.283	0.645	0.778	0.992
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.282	0.599	0.729	0.992
	15% of noise	0.281	0.582	0.711	0.933
	20% of noise	0.275	0.578	0.696	0.910
	25% of noise	0.262	0.555	0.681	0.904

**Table 10.** Table shows the P-NC scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant when considering colours.

Network	Altered Net-	P-NC on 1 coloured ver-	P-NC on 2 coloured ver-	P-NC on 3 coloured ver-	P-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	1	1	1	1
	5% of noise	1	1	1	1
Hetionet	10% of noise	1	1	1	1
	15% of noise	1	1	1	1
	20% of noise	1	1	1	1
	25% of noise	1	1	1	1

**Table 11.** Table shows the R-NC scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvement when considering networks with many colours.

Network	Altered Net-	R-NC on 1 coloured ver-	R-NC on 2 coloured ver-	R-NC on 3 coloured ver-	R-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	0.175	0.523	0.785	0.978
	5% of noise	0.168	0.518	0.781	0.924
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.167	0.517	0.692	0.906
	15% of noise	0.165	0.510	0.663	0.889
	20% of noise	0.157	0.496	0.654	0.852
	25% of noise	0.153	0.480	0.548	0.832

**Table 12.** Table shows the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvement when considering networks with many colours for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	F-NC on 1 coloured ver-	F-NC on 2 coloured ver-	F-NC on 3 coloured ver-	F-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	0.418	0.723	0.886	0.989
	5% of noise	0.41	0.72	0.884	0.961
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.409	0.719	0.832	0.952
	15% of noise	0.406	0.714	0.814	0.943
	20% of noise	0.396	0.704	0.809	0.923
	25% of noise	0.391	0.693	0.74	0.912

**Table 13.** Table shows the NCV- $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions (adding edges) for all the networks. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured version
	0	0.426	0.521	0.677	0.893
				0.674	0.893
N1	5 10	0.425 0.423	0.518 0.516		0.889
INI	l .			0.656	
	15	0.419	0.516	0.646	0.87
	20	0.419	0.508	0.644	0.869
	25	0.408	0.507	0.632	0.868
	0	0.445	0.527	0.673	0.901
	5	0.433	0.527	0.672	0.9
N2	10	0.428	0.526	0.663	0.875
	15	0.426	0.507	0.659	0.873
	20	0.422	0.504	0.635	0.872
	25	0.414	0.503	0.615	0.87
	0	0.445	0.53	0.678	0.889
	5	0.442	0.527	0.675	0.882
N3	10	0.438	0.522	0.669	0.88
	15	0.436	0.512	0.663	0.877
	20	0.429	0.509	0.615	0.862
	25	0.416	0.504	0.611	0.861
	0	0.447	0.525	0.679	0.9
	5	0.427	0.523	0.648	0.898
N4	10	0.421	0.52	0.648	0.898
117	15	0.418	0.509	0.64	0.894
				0.625	0.886
	20	0.414	0.505		
	25	0.407	0.503	0.616	0.869
	0	0.444	0.517	0.675	0.895
	5	0.431	0.516	0.673	0.888
N5	10	0.426	0.514	0.672	0.884
	15	0.417	0.504	0.642	0.881
	20	0.415	0.503	0.624	0.875
	25	0.411	0.503	0.611	0.866
	0	0.435	0.529	0.673	0.891
	5	0.434	0.524	0.672	0.883
N6	10	0.434	0.517	0.661	0.879
	15	0.424	0.507	0.65	0.878
	20	0.422	0.505	0.634	0.873
	25	0.411	0.505	0.633	0.864
	0	0.435	0.527	0.665	0.896
	5	0.433	0.526	0.661	0.896
N/7				0.654	0.89
N7	10	0.429	0.525		
	15	0.427	0.522	0.65	0.889
	20	0.419	0.52	0.625	0.88
	25	0.409	0.508	0.616	0.869
	0	0.449	0.527	0.678	0.899
	5	0.441	0.522	0.672	0.887
N8	10	0.44	0.522	0.663	0.885
	15	0.436	0.51	0.646	0.876
	20	0.429	0.506	0.643	0.87
	25	0.417	0.501	0.637	0.867
	0	0.448	0.529	0.661	0.901
	5	0.446	0.52	0.65	0.887
N9	10	0.421	0.513	0.644	0.885
	15	0.419	0.512	0.637	0.885
	20	0.411	0.506	0.63	0.881
	25	0.407	0.505	0.613	0.872
	0	0.446	0.53	0.658	0.894
	5	0.446	0.53	0.657	0.893
N10	10	0.439	0.526	0.656	0.891
1410				0.648	
	15	0.431	0.516		0.888
	20	0.414	0.508	0.641	0.881
	25	0.411	0.506	0.624	0.867
	0	0.439	0.521	0.639	0.899
	5	0.435	0.517	0.634	0.887
N11	10	0.422	0.515	0.624	0.878
	15	0.406	0.515	0.621	0.874
	20	0.406	0.504	0.615	0.869
	25	0.405	0.502	0.614	0.866
	0	0.449	0.521	0.663	0.898
	5	0.439	0.521	0.657	0.898
N12	10	0.437	0.512	0.656	0.886
1114	15	0.417	0.512	0.629	0.879
	20				
	40	0.417	0.507	0.616	0.873
	25	0.407	0.503	0.614	0.862

**Table 14.** Table shows  $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions (adding edges) for all the networks. Table shows that the alignment quality does not get worse when considering colors.

Network	Altered Net- works	GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured version
	0	1	1	1	1
N1	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	15 20	1	1	1	1
	25	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0	1	1	1	1
N2	5 10	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N3	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1	1 1
	25	1	1	1 1	1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N4	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1 1
N5	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1 1
N6	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1 1	1	1
N7	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1	1
N8	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1
N9	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1 1
N10	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1 1
N11	10 15	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25 0	1	1	1	1
	5	1	1	1	1
N12	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1

Quality of the Alignments for Hetionet network with noise.

Quality of the alignments for synthetic heterogeneous networks obtained by aligning each network with its noisy versions built by adding a percentage of nodes

Table 25, Table 26, Table 27, Table 28, Table 29, Table 30 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup>, GS<sup>3</sup>, NCV, P-NC, R-NC, F-NC measures computed on each module for the four versions of synthetic heterogeneous networks obtained by aligning each network with its noisy versions built by adding a percentage of nodes.

Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 34, Table 35, Table 36 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup>, GS<sup>3</sup>, NCV, P-NC, R-NC, F-NC measures computed on each module for the four versions of the Hetionet network obtained by aligning each network with its noisy counterpart built by adding a percentage of nodes.

Quality of the alignments of Hetionet network obtained by aligning each network with its noisy versions built by adding a percentage of nodes

**Table 15.** Table shows the NCV scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions for all the networks. The altered networks are generated by randomly adding edges. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	NCV on 1 coloured version	NCV on 2 coloured version	NCV on 3 coloured version	NCV on 4 coloured version
	0	0.181	0.271	0.458	0.797
	5	0.181	0.268	0.454	0.792
N1	10	0.179	0.266	0.43	0.79
	15	0.176	0.266	0.417	0.757
	20	0.176	0.258	0.415	0.755
	25	0.166	0.257	0.399	0.753
	0	0.198	0.278	0.453	0.812
210	5	0.187	0.278	0.452	0.81
N2	10	0.183	0.277	0.44	0.766
	15	0.181	0.257	0.434	0.762
	20 25	0.178	0.254	0.403	0.76
	0	0.171	0.253	0.378	0.757
	5	0.198 0.195	0.281 0.278	0.46 0.456	0.79 0.778
N3	10	0.193	0.272	0.448	0.774
113	15	0.192	0.262	0.44	0.769
	20	0.184	0.259	0.378	0.743
	25	0.173	0.254	0.373	0.741
	0	0.173	0.276	0.461	0.81
	5	0.182	0.274	0.42	0.806
N4	10	0.177	0.27	0.42	0.806
114	15	0.177	0.259	0.41	0.799
	20	0.173	0.255	0.391	0.785
	25	0.166	0.253	0.379	0.755
	0	0.197	0.267	0.456	0.801
	5	0.186	0.266	0.453	0.789
N5	10	0.181	0.264	0.452	0.781
NJ	15	0.174	0.254	0.412	0.776
	20	0.174	0.253	0.389	0.766
	25	0.169	0.253	0.373	0.75
	0	0.189	0.28	0.453	0.794
	5	0.188	0.275	0.452	0.794
N6	10	0.188	0.267	0.437	0.773
NO	15	0.18	0.257	0.423	0.771
	20	0.178	0.255	0.402	0.762
	25	0.169	0.255	0.401	0.746
	0	0.189	0.278	0.442	0.803
	5	0.187	0.277	0.437	0.803
N7	10	0.184	0.276	0.428	0.792
117	15	0.182	0.272	0.423	0.79
	20	0.176	0.27	0.391	0.774
	25	0.167	0.258	0.379	0.755
	0	0.202	0.278	0.46	0.808
	5	0.194	0.272	0.452	0.787
N8	10	0.194	0.272	0.44	0.783
1.0	15	0.19	0.26	0.417	0.767
	20	0.184	0.256	0.413	0.757
	25	0.174	0.251	0.406	0.752
	0	0.201	0.28	0.437	0.812
	5	0.199	0.27	0.423	0.787
N9	10	0.177	0.263	0.415	0.783
	15	0.176	0.262	0.406	0.783
	20	0.169	0.256	0.397	0.776
	25	0.166	0.255	0.376	0.76
	0	0.199	0.281	0.433	0.799
	5	0.199	0.281	0.432	0.797
N10	10	0.193	0.277	0.43	0.794
	15	0.186	0.266	0.42	0.789
	20	0.171	0.258	0.411	0.776
	25	0.169	0.256	0.389	0.752
	0	0.193	0.271	0.408	0.808
	5	0.189	0.267	0.402	0.787
N11	10	0.178	0.265	0.389	0.771
	15	0.165	0.265	0.386	0.764
	20	0.165	0.254	0.378	0.755
	25	0.164	0.252	0.377	0.75
	0	0.202	0.271	0.44	0.806
	5	0.193	0.271	0.432	0.806
N12	10	0.191	0.262	0.43	0.785
-	15	0.174	0.258	0.396	0.773
	20	0.174	0.257	0.379	0.762
	25	0.166	0.253	0.377	0.743

**Table 16.** P-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions (adding edges) for all the networks. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant by considering networks with many colours.

Network	Altered Net- works	P-NC on 1 coloured version	P-NC on 2 coloured version	P-NC on 3 coloured version	P-NC on 4 coloured version
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N1	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N2	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N3	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N4	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N5	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25	1	1	1 1	1
	5	1	1	1	1
N6	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1
	5	1	1	1	1
N7	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1
	5	1	1	1	1
N8	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1
	5	1	1	1	1
N9	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1
N10	5	1	1	1	1
N10	10 15	1 1	1	1 1	1 1
	20 25	1	1	1	1
	0	1	1	1	1
N111	5 10	1	1	1	1
N11	15	1 1	1	1 1	1 1
	20 25	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0	1	1	1	1
N12	5 10	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N12	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	23	1	1	1	1

**Table 17.** Table shows the R-NCscores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions for all the networks. The altered networks are generated by randomly adding edges. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	R-NC on 1 coloured version	R-NC on 2 coloured version	R-NC on 3 coloured version	R-NC on 4 coloured version
	0	0.138	0.476	0.623	0.651
	5	0.131	0.453	0.612	0.651
N1	10	0.116	0.446	0.607	0.651
	15	0.109	0.441	0.548	0.65
	20	0.1	0.44	0.546	0.646
	25	0.096	0.386	0.513	0.646
	0	0.137	0.464	0.634	0.654
	5	0.135	0.464	0.616	0.653
N2	10	0.122	0.462	0.616	0.646
	15	0.121	0.426	0.596	0.645
	20	0.114	0.394	0.567	0.645
	25	0.113	0.384	0.566	0.64
	0	0.158	0.424	0.607	0.654
	5	0.152	0.423	0.596	0.653
N3	10	0.147	0.367	0.594	0.651
	15	0.144	0.366	0.498	0.646
	20	0.127	0.365	0.497	0.645
	25	0.096	0.361	0.497	0.642
	0	0.141	0.423	0.627	0.656
	5	0.141	0.411	0.624	0.656
N4	10	0.114	0.41	0.618	0.654
	15	0.11	0.401	0.516	0.653
	20	0.105	0.376	0.514	0.65
	25	0.095	0.361	0.513	0.646
	0	0.149	0.454	0.634	0.651
	5	0.149	0.434	0.608	0.651
N5	10	0.149	0.434	0.605	0.65
143	15	0.129	0.432	0.601	0.648
	20	0.129	0.425	0.529	0.648
	25	0.113	0.423		0.643
				0.507	
	0	0.152	0.466	0.619	0.656
NC	5	0.126	0.425	0.618	0.653
N6	10	0.116	0.412	0.599	0.653
	15	0.111	0.402	0.591	0.65
	20	0.1	0.397	0.51	0.646
	25	0.097	0.366	0.501	0.643
	0	0.143	0.429	0.63	0.656
	5	0.141	0.428	0.564	0.648
N7	10	0.13	0.41	0.562	0.646
	15	0.123	0.404	0.557	0.643
	20	0.106	0.399	0.534	0.642
	25	0.101	0.387	0.497	0.64
	0	0.135	0.471	0.638	0.656
	5	0.127	0.45	0.612	0.653
N8	10	0.12	0.429	0.548	0.653
	15	0.118	0.419	0.539	0.653
	20	0.109	0.381	0.531	0.65
	25	0.095	0.376	0.503	0.646
	0	0.138	0.434	0.635	0.654
	5	0.137	0.428	0.632	0.651
N9	10	0.135	0.411	0.566	0.65
	15	0.128	0.403	0.543	0.646
	20	0.124	0.399	0.508	0.645
	25	0.102	0.376	0.503	0.643
	0	0.151	0.456	0.579	0.653
	5	0.145	0.436	0.557	0.648
N10	10	0.135	0.433	0.557	0.648
	15	0.127	0.433	0.551	0.645
	20	0.119	0.419	0.54	0.645
	25	0.099	0.402	0.529	0.64
	0	0.15	0.471	0.63	0.656
	5	0.132	0.462	0.607	0.656
N11	10	0.116	0.458	0.576	0.653
	15	0.106	0.44	0.572	0.648
	20	0.094	0.416	0.567	0.648
	25	0.093	0.394	0.533	0.642
	0	0.144	0.468	0.619	0.654
	5	0.132	0.465	0.619	0.651
N112	10	0.132	0.444	0.582	0.65
	1 10				
N12	15	0.122	0.382	1 () 548	1 () 648
N12	15 20	0.122 0.107	0.382 0.375	0.548 0.503	0.648 0.645

**Table 18.** Table shows the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions for all the networks. The altered networks are generated by randomly adding edges. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	F-NC on 1 coloured ver-	F-NC on 2 coloured ver-	F-NC on 3 coloured ver-	F-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0	0.371	0.69	0.789	0.807
N/1	5	0.362	0.673	0.782	0.807
N1	10	0.341	0.668	0.779	0.807
	15 20	0.33	0.664 0.663	0.74 0.739	0.806 0.804
	25	0.317 0.31	0.621	0.716	0.804
	0	0.37	0.681	0.796	0.809
	5	0.367	0.681	0.785	0.808
N2	10	0.35	0.68	0.785	0.804
112	15	0.348	0.653	0.772	0.803
	20	0.338	0.628	0.753	0.803
	25	0.336	0.62	0.752	0.8
	0	0.398	0.651	0.779	0.809
	5	0.39	0.65	0.772	0.808
N3	10	0.383	0.606	0.771	0.807
	15	0.38	0.605	0.706	0.804
	20	0.357	0.604	0.705	0.803
	25	0.31	0.601	0.705	0.801
	0	0.376	0.65	0.792	0.81
	5	0.375	0.641	0.79	0.81
N4	10	0.337	0.64	0.786	0.809
	15	0.332	0.633	0.718	0.808
	20	0.324	0.613	0.717	0.806
	25	0.309	0.601	0.716	0.804
	0	0.386	0.674	0.796	0.807
	5	0.386	0.659	0.78	0.807
N5	10	0.376	0.659	0.778	0.806
	15	0.359	0.657	0.775	0.805
	20	0.339	0.652	0.727	0.805
	25	0.328	0.65	0.712	0.802
	0	0.39	0.683	0.787	0.81
	5	0.355	0.652	0.786	0.808
N6	10	0.34	0.642	0.774	0.808
	15	0.333	0.634	0.769	0.806
	20	0.317	0.63	0.714	0.804
	25	0.311	0.605	0.708	0.802
	0	0.378	0.655	0.794	0.81
	5	0.376	0.654	0.751	0.805
N7	10	0.36	0.64	0.75	0.804
	15	0.351	0.636	0.746	0.802
	20	0.325	0.632	0.731	0.801
	25	0.318	0.622	0.705	0.8
	0	0.368	0.686	0.799	0.81
	5	0.356	0.671	0.782	0.808
N8	10	0.346	0.655	0.74	0.808
	15	0.343	0.647	0.734	0.808
	20	0.33	0.617	0.729	0.806
	25	0.309	0.613	0.709	0.804
	0	0.371	0.659	0.797	0.809
	5	0.37	0.654	0.795	0.807
N9	10	0.368	0.641	0.752	0.806
	15	0.358	0.635	0.737	0.804
	20	0.352	0.632	0.713	0.803
	25	0.32	0.613	0.709	0.802
	0	0.388	0.675	0.761	0.808
	5	0.381	0.66	0.746	0.805
N10	10	0.367	0.658	0.746	0.805
	15	0.357	0.658	0.742	0.803
	20	0.345	0.647	0.735	0.803
	25	0.314	0.634	0.727	0.8
	0	0.387	0.686	0.794	0.81
	5	0.363	0.68	0.779	0.81
N11	10	0.341	0.677	0.759	0.808
	15	0.326	0.663	0.756	0.805
	20	0.307	0.645	0.753	0.805
	25	0.305	0.628	0.73	0.801
	0	0.379	0.684	0.787	0.809
	5	0.363	0.682	0.787	0.807
N12	10	0.35	0.666	0.763	0.806
	15	0.349	0.618	0.74	0.805
	20	0.327	0.612	0.709	0.803
	25	0.317	0.605	0.706	0.802

**Table 19.** Table summarises  $NCV-GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions obtained by adding edges to the first one. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvement when considering networks with many colours.

Network	Altered Net-	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured
	works	version	version	version	version
	0% of noise	0.448	0.521	0.673	0.898
	5% of noise	0.446	0.517	0.672	0.896
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.421	0.515	0.663	0.89
	15% of noise	0.419	0.515	0.659	0.889
	20% of noise	0.411	0.504	0.635	0.88
	25% of noise	0.407	0.502	0.615	0.869

**Table 20.** Table summarises  $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Altered networks are obtained by adding edges randomly. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant when considering networks with many colours.

Network	Altered Net-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	1	1	1	1
	5% of noise	1	1	1	1
Hetionet	10% of noise	1	1	1	1
	15% of noise	1	1	1	1
	20% of noise	1	1	1	1
	25% of noise	1	1	1	1

**Table 21.** Table summarises the NCV scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Altered networks presents more random edges. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvement when considering networks with many colours for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	NCV on 1 coloured ver-	NCV on 2 coloured ver-	NCV on 3 coloured ver-	NCV on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	0.201	0.271	0.453	0.803
	5% of noise	0.199	0.267	0.452	0.803
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.177	0.265	0.44	0.792
	15% of noise	0.176	0.265	0.434	0.79
	20% of noise	0.169	0.254	0.403	0.774
	25% of noise	0.166	0.252	0.378	0.755

**Table 22.** Table summarises P-NC scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant when considering colours.

Network	Altered Net-	P-NC on 1 coloured ver-	P-NC on 2 coloured ver-	P-NC on 3 coloured ver-	P-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	1	1	1	1
	5% of noise	1	1	1	1
Hetionet	10% of noise	1	1	1	1
	15% of noise	1	1	1	1
	20% of noise	1	1	1	1
	25% of noise	1	1	1	1

**Table 23.** Table summarises the R-NC scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions when adding edges. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvement when considering networks with many colours.

Network	Altered Net-	R-NC on 1 coloured ver-	R-NC on 2 coloured ver-	R-NC on 3 coloured ver-	R-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	0.158	0.471	0.638	0.656
	5% of noise	0.152	0.462	0.612	0.648
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.147	0.458	0.548	0.646
	15% of noise	0.144	0.44	0.539	0.643
	20% of noise	0.127	0.416	0.531	0.642
	25% of noise	0.096	0.394	0.503	0.64

**Table 24.** Table summarises the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions when adding edges. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvement when considering networks with many colours.

Network	Altered Net-	F-NC on 1 coloured ver-	F-NC on 2 coloured ver-	F-NC on 3 coloured ver-	F-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	0.398	0.686	0.799	0.81
	5% of noise	0.39	0.68	0.782	0.805
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.383	0.677	0.74	0.804
	15% of noise	0.38	0.663	0.734	0.802
	20% of noise	0.357	0.645	0.729	0.801
	25% of noise	0.31	0.628	0.709	0.8

**Table 25.** The table shows the NCV- $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions when adding nodes for all the networks. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured version
	0	0.281	0.409	0.564	0.746
	5	0.28	0.407	0.559	0.732
NI1					
N1	10	0.278	0.405	0.557	0.723
	15	0.274	0.402	0.552	0.705
	20	0.266	0.397	0.549	0.686
	25	0.257	0.395	0.52	0.683
	0	0.299	0.403	0.566	0.719
	5	0.295	0.402	0.564	0.717
N2	10	0.292	0.4	0.55	0.708
112					
	15	0.292	0.396	0.548	0.69
	20	0.257	0.389	0.53	0.681
	25	0.251	0.384	0.505	0.68
	0	0.295	0.401	0.559	0.746
	5	0.288	0.398	0.557	0.72
N3	10	0.277	0.392	0.555	0.712
110	15	0.27	0.391	0.555	0.708
	20	0.264	0.387	0.538	0.696
	25	0.25	0.382	0.521	0.687
	0	0.281	0.398	0.558	0.746
	5	0.278	0.39	0.554	0.741
N4	10	0.277	0.388	0.55	0.72
		0.275	0.386	0.538	0.72
	15				
	20	0.266	0.382	0.535	0.698
	25	0.263	0.38	0.508	0.683
	0	0.296	0.403	0.566	0.747
	5	0.27	0.402	0.556	0.742
N5	10	0.267	0.399	0.554	0.736
143					
	15	0.265	0.399	0.534	0.726
	20	0.264	0.398	0.532	0.689
	25	0.258	0.381	0.51	0.688
	0	0.297	0.407	0.558	0.744
	5	0.297	0.4	0.547	0.733
N6	10	0.288	0.388	0.54	0.729
140					
	15	0.286	0.382	0.531	0.718
	20	0.269	0.381	0.523	0.683
	25	0.255	0.38	0.518	0.681
	0	0.292	0.404	0.556	0.737
	5	0.274	0.4	0.545	0.705
N7	10	0.272	0.393	0.517	0.704
117	15		0.391	0.51	0.691
		0.271			
	20	0.27	0.389	0.506	0.689
	25	0.256	0.386	0.503	0.688
	0	0.294	0.41	0.564	0.741
	5	0.292	0.402	0.546	0.731
N8	10	0.291	0.401	0.524	0.716
110	15	0.287	0.395	0.52	0.712
	20	0.281	0.388	0.507	0.705
	25	0.273	0.388	0.504	0.68
	0	0.294	0.406	0.565	0.728
	5	0.289	0.399	0.56	0.721
N9	10	0.261	0.386	0.537	0.719
	15	0.257	0.384	0.513	0.704
	20	0.257	0.383	0.506	0.687
	25	0.257	0.382	0.503	0.687
	0	0.295	0.409	0.56	0.73
	5	0.284	0.404	0.556	0.714
N10	10	0.277	0.395	0.546	0.702
	15	0.257	0.393	0.544	0.7
			0.393		
	20	0.256		0.531	0.697
	25	0.25	0.381	0.501	0.689
	0	0.286	0.404	0.555	0.73
	5	0.28	0.404	0.55	0.718
N11	10	0.274	0.401	0.535	0.711
	15	0.271	0.396	0.512	0.708
	20	0.269	0.392	0.509	0.694
	25	0.256	0.381	0.507	0.687
	0	0.297	0.399	0.558	0.741
	5	0.287	0.399	0.558	0.727
N12	10	0.266	0.398	0.531	0.722
1112					
	15	0.262	0.397	0.521	0.7
	1 (20)	11/261	0.39	0.52	0.693
	20 25	0.261 0.256	0.39	0.517	0.682

**Table 26.** Table shows the  $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions when adding nodes for all the networks. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant.

Network	Altered Net- works	GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured version
	0	1	1	1	1
N1	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	15 20	1	1	1	1
	25	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0	1	1	1	1
N2	5 10	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N3	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1	1 1
	25	1	1	1 1	1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N4	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1 1
N5	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1 1
N6	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1 1	1	1
N7	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1	1
N8	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1
N9	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1 1
N10	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1 1
N11	10 15	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25 0	1	1	1	1
	5	1	1	1	1
N12	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1

**Table 27.** The table shows the NCV scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions when adding nodes for all the networks. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	NCV on 1 coloured version	NCV on 2 coloured version	NCV on 3 coloured version	NCV on 4 coloured version
	0	0.079	0.167	0.36	0.557
	5	0.078	0.166	0.356	0.536
N1	10	0.077	0.164	0.356	0.523
	15	0.075	0.162	0.352	0.497
	20	0.071	0.158	0.341	0.471
	25	0.066	0.156	0.335	0.466
	0	0.089	0.162	0.359	0.517
	5	0.087	0.162	0.355	0.514
N2	10	0.085	0.162	0.35	0.501
112	15	0.085	0.157	0.338	0.476
	20	0.066	0.151	0.338	0.464
	25	0.063	0.131	0.326	0.462
	0	0.087	0.147	0.355	0.557
	5	0.087	0.158	0.342	0.518
N3	10	0.077	0.154	0.342	0.517
IN3	15	0.077	0.154	0.338	0.501
	20	0.073	0.155		0.484
	25			0.336	
		0.062	0.146	0.332	0.472
	0	0.079	0.158	0.36	0.557
	5	0.077	0.152	0.36	0.549
N4	10	0.077	0.151	0.353	0.518
	15	0.076	0.149	0.339	0.5
	20	0.071	0.146	0.338	0.487
	25	0.069	0.144	0.336	0.466
	0	0.088	0.162	0.358	0.558
	5	0.073	0.162	0.352	0.551
N5	10	0.071	0.159	0.342	0.542
	15	0.07	0.159	0.342	0.527
	20	0.07	0.158	0.333	0.475
	25	0.067	0.145	0.333	0.473
	0	0.088	0.166	0.361	0.554
	5	0.088	0.16	0.36	0.537
N6	10	0.083	0.151	0.348	0.531
	15	0.082	0.146	0.347	0.516
	20	0.072	0.145	0.346	0.466
	25	0.065	0.144	0.327	0.464
	0	0.085	0.163	0.358	0.543
	5	0.075	0.16	0.345	0.497
N7	10	0.074	0.154	0.338	0.496
117	15	0.073	0.153	0.338	0.477
	20	0.073	0.151	0.336	0.475
	25	0.066	0.131	0.333	0.473
	0	0.086	0.149	0.36	0.549
	5	0.085	0.162	0.349	0.534
N8	10	0.085	0.161	0.342	0.513
INO	15		0.161	0.342	0.513
	20	0.082 0.079	0.150	0.334	0.497
	25	0.079	0.151	0.326	0.462
				0.320	
	0	0.086	0.165		0.53
NO	5	0.084	0.159	0.361	0.52
N9	10	0.068	0.149	0.35	0.517
	15	0.066	0.147	0.35	0.496
	20	0.066	0.147	0.342	0.472
	25	0.066	0.146	0.326	0.472
	0	0.087	0.167	0.358	0.533
	5	0.081	0.163	0.354	0.51
N10	10	0.077	0.156	0.353	0.493
	15	0.066	0.154	0.353	0.49
	20	0.066	0.154	0.341	0.486
	25	0.062	0.145	0.336	0.475
	0	0.082	0.163	0.358	0.533
	5	0.078	0.163	0.345	0.516
N11	10	0.075	0.161	0.345	0.506
	15	0.073	0.157	0.335	0.501
	20	0.072	0.154	0.333	0.482
	25	0.066	0.145	0.325	0.472
	0	0.088	0.159	0.352	0.549
	5	0.088	0.159	0.332	0.529
N12	10			0.349	
N12		0.071	0.158		0.521
	15	0.069	0.158	0.338	0.49
	20	0.068	0.152	0.336	0.48
	25	0.066	0.15	0.326	0.465

**Table 28.** P-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions for all the networks. Networks are obtained by adding nodes. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant.

Network	Altered Net- works	P-NC on 1 coloured version	P-NC on 2 coloured version	P-NC on 3 coloured ver-	P-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	0	1	1	sion 1	sion 1
N1	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
111	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	0	1	1	1	1
N2	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0 5	1	1	1	1 1
N3	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1	1 1	1
N4	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1	1 1	1 1
N5	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25 0	1	1	1	1
	5	1	1	1	1
N6	10 15	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25 0	1	1	1	1
NZ	5	1	1	1	1
N7	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	20 25	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0	1	1	1	1
N8	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
110	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1	1	1	1 1
	0	1	1	1	1
N9	5 10	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1	1 1
N10	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1	1	1 1
N11	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1 1
N12	10	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	15 20	1	1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1

**Table 29.** The table shows the R-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions when adding nodes for all the networks. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	R-NC on 1 coloured ver- sion	R-NC on 2 coloured version	R-NC on 3 coloured version	R-NC on 4 coloured version
	0	0.084	0.167	0.101	0.539
	5	0.084	0.162	0.097	0.523
N1	10	0.075	0.154	0.096	0.508
	15	0.066	0.151	0.093	0.497
	20	0.065	0.151	0.091	0.491
	25	0.064	0.149	0.073	0.491
	0	0.083	0.166	0.102	0.552
	5	0.08	0.165	0.101	0.542
N2	10	0.078	0.160	0.092	0.511
	15	0.076	0.154	0.090	0.504
	20	0.07	0.151	0.079	0.493
	25	0.069	0.148	0.065	0.484
	0	0.088	0.166	0.097	0.534
	5	0.088	0.163	0.096	0.529
N3	10	0.085	0.160	0.095	0.526
	15	0.079	0.159	0.095	0.52
	20	0.075	0.158	0.084	0.498
	25	0.062	0.154	0.073	0.479
	0	0.086	0.166	0.097	0.557
374	5	0.079	0.154	0.094	0.533
N4	10	0.071	0.151	0.092	0.516
	15	0.069	0.149	0.084	0.5
	20	0.068	0.148	0.082	0.496
	25	0.067	0.145	0.067	0.477
	0	0.085	0.168	0.102	0.555
N/5	5	0.083	0.165	0.095	0.536
N5	10	0.082	0.162	0.094	0.527
	15	0.081	0.150	0.081	0.507
	20	0.074	0.149	0.080	0.498
	25	0.064	0.149 0.168	0.068 0.097	0.472
	0 5	0.084 0.08	0.168	0.097	0.542 0.523
N/C	10	0.08	0.167	0.089	0.518
N6	15	0.075	0.162	0.080	0.518
	20	0.073	0.134	0.075	0.482
	25	0.071	0.147	0.072	0.469
	0	0.088	0.166	0.095	0.54
	5	0.081	0.165	0.088	0.531
N7	10	0.077	0.161	0.071	0.517
117	15	0.072	0.160	0.068	0.506
	20	0.071	0.152	0.066	0.473
	25	0.068	0.146	0.064	0.465
	0	0.084	0.167	0.101	0.552
	5	0.082	0.164	0.089	0.534
N8	10	0.08	0.154	0.076	0.531
	15	0.077	0.150	0.073	0.51
	20	0.075	0.148	0.066	0.49
	25	0.062	0.145	0.065	0.482
	0	0.088	0.159	0.102	0.554
	5	0.08	0.154	0.099	0.513
N9	10	0.075	0.154	0.083	0.501
	15	0.075	0.153	0.069	0.489
	20	0.063	0.151	0.066	0.486
	25	0.063	0.144	0.064	0.465
	0	0.089	0.167	0.099	0.546
	5	0.088	0.159	0.095	0.54
N10	10	0.081	0.154	0.089	0.49
	15	0.078	0.154	0.088	0.486
	20	0.077	0.150	0.080	0.48
	25	0.072	0.144	0.063	0.471
	0	0.082	0.168	0.095	0.543
N111	5	0.08	0.166	0.092	0.531
N11	10	0.077	0.162	0.082	0.526
	15	0.076	0.154	0.069	0.521
	20	0.076	0.153	0.067	0.514
	25	0.064	0.150	0.066	0.484
	0	0.08	0.164	0.097	0.554
N112	5	0.072	0.163	0.097	0.546
N12	10	0.072	0.155	0.080	0.546
	15	0.069	0.154	0.073	0.521
	20 25	0.067 0.065	0.149 0.144	0.073 0.071	0.466 0.464
			1 11 1/4/4	1.00/1	1 11 464

**Table 30.** The table shows the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions when adding nodes for all the networks. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	F-NC on 1 coloured version	F-NC on 2 coloured version	F-NC on 3 coloured version	F-NC on 4 coloured version
	0	0.289	0.409	0.318	0.734
	5	0.289	0.402	0.312	0.723
N1	10	0.274	0.393	0.312	0.713
111	15	0.256	0.389	0.305	0.715
	20	0.255	0.388	0.303	0.701
	25	0.253	0.386	0.301	0.701
	0	0.288	0.407	0.32	0.743
	5	0.282	0.406	0.318	0.736
N2	10	0.28	0.4	0.303	0.715
	15	0.276	0.393	0.3	0.71
	20	0.264	0.388	0.281	0.702
	25	0.262	0.385	0.255	0.696
	0	0.297	0.408	0.312	0.731
	5	0.296	0.404	0.31	0.727
N3	10	0.292	0.4	0.308	0.725
	15	0.281	0.399	0.308	0.721
	20	0.274	0.397	0.289	0.706
	25	0.25	0.392	0.271	0.692
	0	0.293	0.408	0.311	0.746
	5	0.281	0.393	0.307	0.73
N4	10	0.267	0.388	0.303	0.718
-11	15	0.263	0.386	0.289	0.718
	20	0.263	0.385	0.289	0.704
	25	0.26	0.385	0.286	0.704
	0	0.291	0.41	0.32	0.745
	5	0.288	0.406	0.309	0.732
N5	10	0.287	0.403	0.307	0.726
	15	0.285	0.387	0.285	0.712
	20	0.272	0.386	0.283	0.706
	25	0.252	0.386	0.26	0.687
	0	0.289	0.41	0.311	0.736
	5	0.282	0.409	0.299	0.723
N6	10	0.275	0.402	0.292	0.72
	15	0.274	0.392	0.282	0.712
	20	0.271	0.384	0.274	0.694
	25	0.266	0.383	0.268	0.685
	0	0.296	0.407	0.309	0.735
	5	0.285	0.406	0.297	0.733
N/7	10	0.278	0.400	0.267	0.719
N7					
	15	0.268	0.4	0.26	0.711
	20	0.266	0.39	0.256	0.688
	25	0.26	0.382	0.253	0.682
	0	0.289	0.409	0.318	0.743
	5	0.286	0.405	0.298	0.731
N8	10	0.282	0.393	0.275	0.729
	15	0.277	0.387	0.27	0.714
	20	0.273	0.385	0.257	0.7
	25	0.25	0.381	0.254	0.694
	0	0.296	0.399	0.319	0.744
	5	0.283	0.393	0.314	0.716
N9	10	0.273	0.392	0.288	0.708
	15	0.273	0.391	0.263	0.699
	20	0.251	0.389	0.256	0.697
	25	0.251	0.38	0.253	0.682
	0	0.299	0.409	0.314	0.739
	5	0.299	0.399	0.314	0.735
N10	10		0.399	0.309	0.733
MIO		0.285			
	15	0.28	0.392	0.296	0.697
	20	0.277	0.387	0.282	0.693
	25	0.269	0.38	0.251	0.686
	0	0.287	0.41	0.308	0.737
	5	0.282	0.407	0.303	0.729
N11	10	0.277	0.403	0.286	0.725
	15	0.276	0.392	0.262	0.722
	20	0.275	0.391	0.259	0.717
	25	0.252	0.387	0.257	0.696
	0	0.282	0.405	0.311	0.744
	5	0.269	0.404	0.311	0.739
N12	10	0.268	0.394	0.282	0.739
1114	15	0.263	0.394	0.282	0.739
	20	0.258	0.386	0.27	0.683
	25	0.255	0.38	0.267	0.681

**Table 31.** Table summarises the NCV- $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Altered networks are obtained by adding nodes randomly. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvements when considering networks with many colours for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured
	works	version	version	version	version
	0% of noise	0.281	0.404	0.56	0.741
	5% of noise	0.278	0.4	0.556	0.727
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.277	0.393	0.546	0.722
	15% of noise	0.275	0.391	0.544	0.7
	20% of noise	0.266	0.389	0.531	0.693
	25% of noise	0.263	0.386	0.501	0.682

**Table 32.** Table summarises the  $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions when adding nodes. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant.

Network	Altered Net-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	1	1	1	1
	5% of noise	1	1	1	1
Hetionet	10% of noise	1	1	1	1
	15% of noise	1	1	1	1
	20% of noise	1	1	1	1
	25% of noise	1	1	1	1

**Table 33.** The table shows the NCV scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions when adding nodes for all the networks. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	NCV on 1 coloured ver-	NCV on 2 coloured ver-	NCV on 3 coloured ver-	NCV on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	0.079	0.163	0.358	0.549
	5% of noise	0.077	0.16	0.354	0.529
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.077	0.154	0.353	0.521
	15% of noise	0.076	0.153	0.353	0.49
	20% of noise	0.071	0.151	0.341	0.48
	25% of noise	0.069	0.149	0.336	0.465

**Table 34.** Table shows the P-NC scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions. Altered networks presents more nodes. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant.

Network	Altered Net-	P-NC on 1 coloured ver-	P-NC on 2 coloured ver-	P-NC on 3 coloured ver-	P-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	1	1	1	1
	5% of noise	1	1	1	1
Hetionet	10% of noise	1	1	1	1
	15% of noise	1	1	1	1
	20% of noise	1	1	1	1
	25% of noise	1	1	1	1

**Table 35.** The table shows the R-N scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions when adding nodes for all the networks. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	R-NC on 1 coloured ver-	R-NC on 2 coloured ver-	R-NC on 3 coloured ver-	R-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	0.088	0.168	0.102	0.554
	5% of noise	0.088	0.167	0.099	0.546
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.085	0.162	0.083	0.546
	15% of noise	0.079	0.154	0.069	0.521
	20% of noise	0.075	0.147	0.066	0.466
	25% of noise	0.062	0.147	0.064	0.464

**Table 36.** The table shows the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions when adding nodes for all the networks. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	F-NC on 1 coloured ver-	F-NC on 2 coloured ver-	F-NC on 3 coloured ver-	F-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	0.297	0.41	0.319	0.744
	5% of noise	0.296	0.409	0.314	0.739
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.292	0.402	0.288	0.739
	15% of noise	0.281	0.392	0.263	0.722
	20% of noise	0.274	0.384	0.256	0.683
	25% of noise	0.25	0.383	0.253	0.681

Quality of the alignments synthetic heterogeneous networks obtained by aligning each network with its noisy versions built by removing a percentage of nodes randomly.

Table 37, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup>, GS<sup>3</sup>, NCV, P-NC, R-NC, F-NC measures computed on each module for the four versions of synthetic heterogeneous networks obtained by aligning each network with its noisy versions built by removing a percentage of nodes.

**Table 37.** Table summarises the NCV-G $S^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions obtained by removing nodes. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the considered networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured version
	0	0.339	0.468	0.6	0.817
	5	0.338	0.465	0.597	0.789
N1	10	0.333	0.46	0.597	0.78
		0.333	0.451	0.593	0.758
	15		0.442	0.584	
	20 25	0.317			0.756
		0.311	0.424	0.579	0.753
	0	0.348	0.46	0.599	0.819
	5	0.346	0.454	0.596	0.814
N2	10	0.345	0.448	0.592	0.805
	15	0.341	0.446	0.581	0.804
	20	0.326	0.44	0.581	0.778
	25	0.307	0.439	0.571	0.774
	0	0.342	0.466	0.596	0.812
	5	0.336	0.465	0.585	0.789
N3	10	0.333	0.461	0.584	0.778
	15	0.324	0.452	0.581	0.778
	20	0.318	0.449	0.58	0.768
	25	0.314	0.434	0.576	0.754
	0	0.347	0.469	0.6	0.807
	5	0.321	0.461	0.6	0.806
N4	10	0.314	0.459	0.594	0.79
	15	0.311	0.449	0.582	0.786
	20	0.31	0.437	0.581	0.780
	25	0.302	0.437	0.58	0.762
	0	0.348	0.465	0.598	0.816
NE	5	0.346	0.461	0.593	0.799
N5	10	0.342	0.457	0.585	0.787
	15	0.325	0.455	0.585	0.777
	20	0.308	0.45	0.577	0.774
	25	0.306	0.437	0.577	0.768
	0	0.342	0.461	0.601	0.814
	5	0.337	0.458	0.6	0.814
N6	10	0.331	0.448	0.59	0.811
	15	0.33	0.444	0.589	0.788
	20	0.309	0.442	0.588	0.778
	25	0.301	0.429	0.572	0.766
	0	0.349	0.464	0.598	0.812
	5	0.349	0.462	0.587	0.798
N7	10	0.342	0.461	0.581	0.79
117	15	0.34	0.443	0.581	0.79
	20	0.316	0.442	0.58	0.787
	25	0.309	0.435	0.577	0.765
			0.455		
	0	0.336	0.469	0.6	0.799
NIO	5	0.329	0.464	0.591	0.797
N8	10	0.329	0.455	0.585	0.785
	15	0.307	0.448	0.583	0.785
	20	0.302	0.423	0.578	0.764
	25	0.301	0.421	0.571	0.755
	0	0.341	0.468	0.601	0.792
	5	0.333	0.454	0.601	0.789
N9	10	0.328	0.453	0.592	0.776
	15	0.327	0.446	0.592	0.76
	20	0.317	0.436	0.585	0.754
	25	0.301	0.43	0.571	0.75
	0	0.346	0.461	0.598	0.815
	5	0.33	0.453	0.595	0.814
N10	10	0.325	0.452	0.594	0.8
	15	0.319	0.441	0.594	0.796
	20	0.317	0.436	0.584	0.795
	25	0.313	0.424	0.58	0.764
	0	0.347	0.467	0.598	0.804
	5	0.335	0.466	0.587	0.785
N11	10	0.33	0.445	0.587	0.765
1411					
	15	0.329	0.444	0.579	0.758
	20	0.322	0.438	0.577	0.753
	25	0.303	0.429	0.57	0.752
	0	0.336	0.465	0.593	0.814
	5	0.336	0.462	0.591	0.803
N12	10	0.332	0.457	0.59	0.802
NIZ	15	0.328	0.453	0.581	0.783
	20	0.327	0.45	0.58	0.764

**Table 38.** Table shows  $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions for all the networks. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant.

Network	Altered Net- works	GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured version	GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured version
NI	0 5 10 15 20	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1
N2	25 0 5 10 15 20	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1
N3	25 0 5 10 15 20	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1
N4	25 0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N5	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N6	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1
N7	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N8	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N9	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1
N10	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1
N11	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1
N12	0 5 10 15 20 25	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1

## Quality of the alignments of Hetionet network obtained by aligning each network with its noisy versions built by removing a percentage of nodes

Table 43, Table 44, Table 45, Table 46, Table 47, Table 48 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup>, GS<sup>3</sup>, NCV, P-NC, R-NC, F-NC measures computed on each module for the four versions of the Hetionet network obtained by aligning each network with its noisy counterpart built by removing a percentage of nodes.

#### **Experiments on different Network Models.**

We generated the synthetic networks with different models to test the performances of our algorithm on different network structure. The aim of this experiment is to demonstrate the robustness of our approach on the change of network structure. Following results highlight that the algorithm has good performances in almost all the network models.

We built 5 synthetic networks having respectively 5000, 25000, 50000, 75000, 95000 nodes and a scale-free model. We built 5 synthetic networks having respectively 5000, 25000, 50000, 75000, 95000 nodes, and a geometric network model. We built 5 synthetic networks having respectively 5000, 25000, 50000, 75000, 95000 nodes using and a Erdos-Renyi network model. We built 5 synthetic networks having respectively 5000, 25000, 50000, 75000, 95000 nodes, and a small-world network model. The, we randomly assign each node a colour out of n possible colours. We vary n from one to four. That is, for each synthetic network, we built heterogeneous versions with one, two, three, and four colours. Then, we built the synthetic versions for all network models by random removing 5%, 10%, 15%, 20% and 25% of edges from the original network.

Then, we applied L-HetNetAligner to align the synthetic networks with its noisy versions. Finally, we compute NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC measures for each synthetic network model.

Table 49 and Table 53 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC measures for all the network models in one colour version. Table 50 and Table 54 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC measures for all the network models in two colour versions. Table 51 and Table 55 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC measures for all the network models in three colour versions. Table 52 and Table 56 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC measures for all the network models in four colour versions. In terms of quality, we expect that for a given noise level, the more colours are used, the better the alignment quality should be. Moreover, the use of colours should also improve the robustness to noise compared to the use of fewer colours. The analysis of results shows that for a given level of noise the use of colours improves the quality of the alignment. Besides, the robustness to the impact of noise is better.

**Table 39.** Table summarises the NCV scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions obtained by removing nodes. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the considered networks.

Network	Altered Net- works	NCV on 1 coloured version	NCV on 2 coloured version	NCV on 3 coloured version	NCV on 4 coloured ver sion
	0	0.115	0.219	0.36	0.667
	5	0.114	0.216	0.356	0.623
N1	10	0.111	0.212	0.356	0.608
	15	0.103	0.203	0.352	0.575
	20	0.1	0.195	0.341	0.572
	25	0.097	0.18	0.335	0.567
	0	0.121	0.212	0.359	0.671
	5	0.12	0.206	0.355	0.663
N2	10	0.119	0.201	0.35	0.648
	15	0.116	0.199	0.338	0.646
	20 25	0.106	0.194	0.338	0.605
	0	0.094	0.193 0.217	0.326 0.355	0.599 0.659
	5	0.117 0.113	0.217	0.342	0.623
N3	10	0.113	0.213	0.341	0.605
113	15	0.105	0.204	0.338	0.605
	20	0.101	0.202	0.336	0.59
	25	0.099	0.188	0.332	0.569
	0	0.12	0.22	0.36	0.651
	5	0.12	0.213	0.36	0.65
N4	10	0.099	0.211	0.353	0.624
114	15	0.097	0.202	0.339	0.618
	20	0.096	0.191	0.338	0.596
	25	0.091	0.186	0.336	0.581
	0	0.121	0.216	0.358	0.666
	5	0.12	0.213	0.352	0.638
N5	10	0.117	0.209	0.342	0.619
143	15	0.106	0.207	0.342	0.604
	20	0.095	0.202	0.333	0.599
	25	0.094	0.191	0.333	0.59
	0	0.117	0.213	0.361	0.663
	5	0.114	0.21	0.36	0.663
N6	10	0.11	0.201	0.348	0.658
110	15	0.109	0.197	0.347	0.621
	20	0.095	0.195	0.346	0.605
	25	0.091	0.184	0.327	0.587
	0	0.122	0.215	0.358	0.659
	5	0.122	0.213	0.345	0.637
N7	10	0.117	0.213	0.338	0.624
	15	0.116	0.196	0.338	0.624
	20	0.1	0.195	0.336	0.619
	25	0.095	0.189	0.333	0.585
	0	0.113	0.22	0.36	0.638
	5	0.108	0.215	0.349	0.635
N8	10	0.108	0.207	0.342	0.616
	15	0.094	0.201	0.34	0.616
	20	0.091	0.179	0.334	0.584
	25	0.091	0.177	0.326	0.57
	0	0.116	0.219	0.361	0.627
	5	0.111	0.206	0.361	0.623
N9	10	0.108	0.205	0.35	0.602
	15	0.107	0.199	0.35	0.578
	20	0.1	0.19	0.342	0.569
	25	0.091	0.185	0.326	0.562
	0	0.12	0.213	0.358	0.664
	5	0.109	0.205	0.354	0.663
N10	10	0.106	0.204	0.353	0.64
	15	0.102	0.194	0.353	0.634
	20	0.1	0.19	0.341	0.632
	25	0.098	0.18	0.336	0.584
	0	0.12	0.218	0.358	0.646
	5	0.112	0.217	0.345	0.616
N11	10	0.109	0.198	0.345	0.585
	15	0.108	0.197	0.335	0.575
	20	0.104	0.192	0.333	0.567
	25	0.092	0.184	0.325	0.566
	0	0.113	0.216	0.352	0.663
	5	0.113	0.213	0.349	0.645
N12	10	0.11	0.209	0.348	0.643
	15	0.108	0.205	0.338	0.613
	20	0.107	0.202	0.336	0.584
	25	0.09	0.199	0.326	0.579

**Table 40.** P-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions for all the networks. Table shows that the alignment quality is constant.

Network	Altered Net- works	P-NC on 1 coloured version	P-NC on 2 coloured version	P-NC on 3 coloured ver-	P-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	0	1	1	sion 1	sion 1
N1	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
111	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	0	1	1	1	1
N2	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0 5	1	1	1	1 1
N3	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1	1 1	1 1	1   1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1 1	1	1 1	1 1
N4	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1
N5	10 15	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25 0	1	1	1	1
	5	1	1	1	1
N6	10 15	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25 0	1	1	1	1
N7	5 10	1	1	1 1	1
IN /	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0	1	1	1	1
N8	5 10	1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	15	1	1	1	1
	20 25	1	1 1	1	1   1
	0 5	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
N9	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1 1	1
N10	10	1	1	1	1
	15 20	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	25	1	1	1	1
	0 5	1	1	1	1 1
N11	10 15	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25 0	1	1	1	1
	5	1	1	1	1
N12	10 15	1 1	1	1 1	1 1
	20	1	1	1	1
	25	1	1	1	1

**Table 41.** Table summarises the R-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions obtained by removing nodes. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the considered networks.

Network	Altered Networks (percentage of nodes	R-NC on 1 coloured version	R-NC on 2 coloured version	R-NC on 3 coloured version	R-NC on 4 coloured version
	removed)	0.106	0.102	0.222	0.545
	0 5	0.106 0.102	0.193 0.192	0.323 0.31	0.545 0.543
N1	10	0.089	0.192	0.304	0.543
111	15	0.089	0.181	0.296	0.531
	20	0.088	0.166	0.279	0.516
	25	0.086	0.161	0.264	0.511
	0	0.111	0.202	0.334	0.54
	5	0.108	0.181	0.326	0.527
N2	10	0.097	0.171	0.318	0.524
	15	0.094	0.168	0.31	0.508
	20	0.09	0.165	0.298	0.506
	25	0.089	0.154	0.286	0.497
	0	0.108	0.176	0.345	0.546
	5	0.102	0.174	0.339	0.526
N3	10	0.1	0.167	0.308	0.514
	15	0.099	0.164	0.3	0.504
	20	0.094	0.162	0.294	0.5
	25	0.087	0.145	0.277	0.498
	0	0.112	0.202	0.336	0.539
	5	0.096	0.193	0.327	0.534
N4	10	0.091	0.18	0.317	0.516
	15	0.089	0.166	0.287	0.514
	20	0.088	0.15	0.277	0.501
	25	0.086	0.147	0.267	0.494
	0	0.113	0.196	0.345	0.523
NE	5 10	0.106	0.194	0.338	0.506
N5	15	0.105 0.102	0.187 0.171	0.32 0.291	0.501 0.501
	20	0.102	0.171	0.278	0.5
	25	0.102	0.134	0.278	0.493
	0	0.112	0.202	0.339	0.536
	5	0.112	0.202	0.318	0.534
N6	10	0.106	0.193	0.314	0.529
110	15	0.095	0.174	0.278	0.527
	20	0.093	0.167	0.278	0.521
	25	0.084	0.15	0.265	0.508
	0	0.1	0.201	0.339	0.539
	5	0.097	0.193	0.332	0.529
N7	10	0.095	0.175	0.325	0.52
	15	0.095	0.171	0.311	0.517
	20	0.094	0.165	0.303	0.498
	25	0.092	0.156	0.264	0.497
	0	0.106	0.184	0.332	0.539
	5	0.101	0.183	0.331	0.51
N8	10	0.099	0.176	0.295	0.506
	15	0.09	0.176	0.293	0.506
	20	0.086	0.166	0.286	0.503
	25	0.086	0.158	0.286	0.503
	0 5	0.115 0.104	0.185 0.181	0.336 0.327	0.543 0.542
N9	10	0.104	0.181	0.294	0.542
117	15	0.104	0.175	0.294	0.534
	20	0.097	0.156	0.292	0.534
	25	0.091	0.130	0.281	0.508
	0	0.116	0.202	0.333	0.531
	5	0.116	0.186	0.304	0.531
N10	10	0.106	0.176	0.284	0.529
	15	0.1	0.171	0.278	0.527
	20	0.092	0.158	0.277	0.524
	25	0.085	0.147	0.276	0.506
	0	0.11	0.198	0.334	0.537
	5	0.105	0.187	0.32	0.526
N11	10	0.104	0.171	0.304	0.516
	15	0.103	0.163	0.301	0.507
	20	0.1	0.151	0.297	0.501
	25	0.089	0.15	0.284	0.494
	0	0.104	0.19	0.338	0.536
	5	0.104	0.187	0.327	0.524
N12	10	0.097	0.181	0.31	0.521
	15	0.096	0.176	0.291	0.514
	20	0.09	0.161	0.269	0.514
	25	0.087	0.158	0.266	0.497

**Table 42.** Table summarises the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions obtained by removing nodes. Table shows a significant improvement of the quality of the alignments when considering networks with many colours. The improvement is also stable for all the considered networks..

Network	Altered Networks (percentage of remotion)	F-NC on 1 coloured version	F-NC on 2 coloured version	F-NC on 3 coloured version	F-NC on 4 coloured version
	0	0.325	0.439	0.568	0.738
	5	0.32	0.438	0.557	0.737
N1	10	0.299	0.43	0.551	0.736
	15	0.298	0.426	0.544	0.729
	20	0.297	0.407	0.528	0.718
	25	0.293	0.401	0.514	0.715
	0 5	0.333 0.329	0.449 0.425	0.578 0.571	0.735 0.726
N2	10	0.329	0.423	0.564	0.724
112	15	0.306	0.413	0.557	0.713
	20	0.3	0.406	0.546	0.711
	25	0.298	0.392	0.535	0.705
	0	0.328	0.42	0.587	0.739
	5	0.319	0.417	0.582	0.725
N3	10	0.316	0.409	0.555	0.717
	15	0.314	0.405	0.548	0.71
	20	0.307	0.403	0.542	0.707
	25	0.295	0.381	0.526	0.706
	0	0.335	0.449	0.58	0.734
NI4	5	0.31	0.439	0.572	0.731
N4	10	0.302	0.424	0.563	0.718
	15 20	0.299 0.296	0.407 0.387	0.536 0.526	0.717 0.708
	25	0.294	0.384	0.526	0.703
	0	0.336	0.443	0.587	0.723
	5	0.325	0.443	0.581	0.711
N5	10	0.324	0.433	0.566	0.708
110	15	0.32	0.414	0.539	0.708
	20	0.319	0.392	0.527	0.707
	25	0.315	0.381	0.518	0.702
	0	0.335	0.449	0.582	0.732
	5	0.326	0.447	0.564	0.731
N6	10	0.325	0.439	0.56	0.727
	15	0.309	0.417	0.527	0.726
	20	0.305	0.409	0.527	0.722
	25	0.29	0.387	0.515	0.713
	0	0.316	0.448	0.582	0.734
N7	5 10	0.311 0.308	0.439 0.418	0.576 0.57	0.727 0.721
IN /	15	0.308	0.418	0.57	0.719
	20	0.306	0.413	0.55	0.706
	25	0.304	0.395	0.514	0.705
	0	0.326	0.429	0.576	0.734
	5	0.318	0.428	0.575	0.714
N8	10	0.315	0.42	0.543	0.711
	15	0.3	0.419	0.541	0.711
	20	0.294	0.407	0.535	0.709
	25	0.294	0.397	0.535	0.709
	0	0.339	0.43	0.58	0.737
N/O	5	0.323	0.426	0.572	0.736
N9	10	0.323	0.418	0.542	0.735
	15 20	0.311 0.303	0.406 0.395	0.54	0.731
	25	0.303	0.395	0.532 0.53	0.729 0.713
	0	0.302	0.385	0.577	0.713
	5	0.34	0.449	0.551	0.729
N10	10	0.326	0.419	0.533	0.727
-110	15	0.316	0.414	0.527	0.726
	20	0.304	0.398	0.526	0.724
	25	0.292	0.383	0.525	0.711
	0	0.331	0.445	0.578	0.733
	5	0.324	0.432	0.566	0.725
N11	10	0.322	0.413	0.551	0.718
	15	0.321	0.404	0.549	0.712
	20	0.317	0.388	0.545	0.708
	25	0.299	0.387	0.533	0.703
	0	0.323	0.436	0.581	0.732
N110	5	0.322	0.433	0.572	0.724
N12	10	0.312	0.425	0.557	0.722
	15	0.31	0.42	0.539	0.717
	20 25	0.3 0.295	0.401 0.397	0.519	0.717 0.705
	23	0.293	0.397	0.516	0.703

**Table 43.** NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions (removing nodes). Table shows a remarkable trend of improvements when considering networks with many colours for all the networks.

Network	Altered Net-	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured
	works	version	version	version	version
	0% of noise	0.347	0.464	0.598	0.817
	5% of noise	0.321	0.462	0.593	0.789
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.314	0.461	0.585	0.78
	15% of noise	0.311	0.443	0.585	0.758
	20% of noise	0.31	0.442	0.577	0.756
	25% of noise	0.302	0.435	0.577	0.753

**Table 44.**  $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions (removing nodes). Table shows that the alignment quality is constant when considering networks with many colours.

Network	Altered Net-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured ver-	GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured ver-
	works	sion	sion	sion	sion
	0% of noise	1	1	1	1
	5% of noise	1	1	1	1
Hetionet	10% of noise	1	1	1	1
	15% of noise	1	1	1	1
	20% of noise	1	1	1	1
	25% of noise	1	1	1	1

**Table 45.** Table shows the NCV scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions when removing nodes. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvement when considering networks with many colours for all the networks.

Network	Altered	NCV on 1 coloured ver-	NCV on 2 coloured ver-	NCV on 3 coloured ver-	NCV on 4 coloured ver-
	Networks	sion	sion	sion	sion
	(percentage of				
	remotion)				
	0% of noise	0.12	0.215	0.358	0.667
	5% of noise	0.103	0.213	0.352	0.623
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.099	0.213	0.342	0.608
	15% of noise	0.097	0.196	0.342	0.575
	20% of noise	0.096	0.195	0.333	0.572
	25% of noise	0.091	0.189	0.333	0.567

**Table 46.** Table shows the P-NC scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions (when removing nodes). Table shows that the alignment quality is constant by considering both un-coloured and more colours networks.

Networks (percentage of	sion	P-NC on 2 coloured version	P-NC on 3 coloured version	P-NC on 4 coloured version
0% of noise	1	1	1	1
10% of noise	1	1	1	1
20% of noise	1	1	1	1
1 1 2	percentage of remotion) 0% of noise 5% of noise 0% of noise 5% of noise	percentage of remotion	Percentage of remotion	Percentage of remotion

**Table 47.** Table shows the R-NC scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions when removing nodes. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvements when considering networks with many colours for all the networks.

Network	Altered Networks (percentage of remotion)	R-NC on 1 coloured version	R-NC on 2 coloured version	R-NC on 3 coloured version	R-NC on 4 coloured version
	0% of noise	0.12	0.215	0.358	0.667
	5% of noise	0.103	0.213	0.352	0.623
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.099	0.213	0.342	0.608
	15% of noise	0.097	0.196	0.342	0.575
	20% of noise	0.096	0.195	0.333	0.572
	25% of noise	0.091	0.189	0.333	0.567

**Table 48.** Table shows the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network with its noisy versions when removing nodes. Table shows a remarkable trend of improvements when considering networks with many colours for all the networks.

Network	Altered	F-NC on 1 coloured ver-	F-NC on 2 coloured ver-	F-NC on 3 coloured ver-	F-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	Networks	sion	sion	sion	sion
	(percentage of				
	remotion)				
	0% of noise	0.335	0.449	0.581	0.734
	5% of noise	0.326	0.431	0.572	0.727
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.325	0.419	0.557	0.721
	15% of noise	0.309	0.414	0.539	0.719
	20% of noise	0.305	0.398	0.519	0.706
	25% of noise	0.29	0.383	0.516	0.705

**Table 49.** Table shows the NCV- $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions when removing edges for all the network models having a single colour.

Model	Altered	5000 nodes	25000 nodes	50000 nodes	75000 nodes	95000 nodes
	Networks				1	
	(percentage of					
	remotion)					
	0	0.468	0.478	0.498	0.51	0.529
	5	0.467	0.477	0.497	0.509	0.528
Scale-free	10	0.466	0.475	0.491	0.509	0.524
Scale-free	15	0.466	0.474	0.491	0.507	0.521
	20	0.463	0.473	0.488	0.506	0.516
	25	0.461	0.473	0.486	0.504	0.514
	0	0.468	0.484	0.499	0.517	0.544
	5	0.467	0.484	0.498	0.515	0.543
Geometric	10	0.464	0.482	0.497	0.515	0.542
Geometric	15	0.464	0.482	0.496	0.514	0.541
	20	0.462	0.481	0.494	0.513	0.539
	25	0.461	0.48	0.491	0.51	0.539
	0	0.466	0.479	0.495	0.507	0.53
	5	0.462	0.474	0.494	0.507	0.529
Erdos-Renyi	10	0.461	0.473	0.494	0.506	0.529
Eruos-Kenyi	15	0.459	0.473	0.492	0.505	0.527
	20	0.453	0.472	0.488	0.504	0.527
	25	0.451	0.472	0.486	0.502	0.521
	0	0.469	0.478	0.497	0.51	0.528
	5	0.467	0.478	0.491	0.509	0.528
Small-world	10	0.458	0.474	0.491	0.505	0.527
Sman-world	15	0.457	0.474	0.491	0.504	0.526
	20	0.454	0.471	0.486	0.504	0.526
	25	0.454	0.471	0.485	0.503	0.52

**Table 50.** Table shows the  $NCV-GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions. Table presents two colored networks for all the network models.

Model	Altered	5000 nodes	25000 nodes	50000 nodes	75000 nodes	95000 nodes
	Networks					
	(percent-					
	age of edge					
	remotion)					
	0	0.656	0.682	0.728	0.764	0.81
	5	0.637	0.682	0.723	0.76	0.809
Scale-free	10	0.63	0.681	0.722	0.752	0.802
	15	0.624	0.68	0.718	0.75	0.8
	20	0.621	0.678	0.716	0.743	0.785
	25	0.607	0.678	0.702	0.732	0.773
	0	0.658	0.68	0.724	0.764	0.811
	5	0.65	0.68	0.723	0.756	0.792
Geometric	10	0.649	0.675	0.72	0.755	0.781
	15	0.646	0.673	0.717	0.753	0.779
	20	0.632	0.673	0.706	0.744	0.775
	25	0.631	0.672	0.705	0.737	0.775
	0	0.663	0.684	0.713	0.768	0.811
	5	0.658	0.684	0.71	0.76	0.808
Erdos-Renyi	10	0.643	0.684	0.708	0.755	0.8
	15	0.626	0.677	0.706	0.752	0.797
	20	0.615	0.675	0.702	0.75	0.795
	25	0.612	0.671	0.702	0.748	0.783
	0	0.666	0.679	0.726	0.769	0.803
	5	0.641	0.678	0.723	0.763	0.793
Small-world	10	0.641	0.677	0.721	0.749	0.787
	15	0.64	0.677	0.72	0.745	0.787
	20	0.62	0.676	0.719	0.744	0.785
	25	0.616	0.674	0.705	0.735	0.779

**Table 51.** Table shows the NCV-G $S^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with three colors with its noisy versions when removing edges for all the network models.

Model	Altered	5000 nodes	25000 nodes	50000 nodes	75000 nodes	95000 nodes
	Networks					
	(Percentage of					
	remotion)					
	0	0.818	0.828	0.834	0.84	0.883
	5	0.817	0.825	0.833	0.84	0.883
Scale-free	10	0.816	0.824	0.833	0.839	0.883
	15	0.815	0.823	0.833	0.839	0.871
	20	0.813	0.822	0.832	0.838	0.865
	25	0.813	0.822	0.831	0.837	0.843
	0	0.82	0.828	0.834	0.84	0.882
	5	0.819	0.827	0.834	0.839	0.879
Geometric	10	0.818	0.826	0.833	0.839	0.869
	15	0.816	0.824	0.833	0.837	0.848
	20	0.815	0.823	0.832	0.837	0.847
	25	0.813	0.822	0.831	0.836	0.844
	0	0.819	0.827	0.833	0.839	0.869
	5	0.818	0.825	0.832	0.839	0.866
Erdos-Renyi	10	0.816	0.825	0.831	0.838	0.855
	15	0.815	0.825	0.831	0.838	0.855
	20	0.814	0.824	0.83	0.838	0.851
	25	0.813	0.822	0.83	0.837	0.847
	0	0.819	0.827	0.834	0.839	0.871
	5	0.818	0.826	0.834	0.838	0.863
Small-world	10	0.818	0.826	0.832	0.838	0.855
	15	0.817	0.825	0.832	0.837	0.848
	20	0.814	0.823	0.832	0.837	0.846
	25	0.814	0.822	0.83	0.836	0.843

**Table 52.** Table summarises the NCV- $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with four colours with its noisy versions when removing edges for all the network models.

Model	Altered Networks (percentage of	5000 nodes	25000 nodes	50000 nodes	75000 nodes	95000 nodes
	remotion)					
	0	0.898	0.898	0.939	0.948	0.997
	5	0.898	0.898	0.939	0.947	0.988
Scale-free	10	0.898	0.898	0.939	0.946	0.986
	15	0.888	0.888	0.937	0.945	0.979
	20	0.887	0.887	0.936	0.945	0.976
	25	0.885	0.885	0.932	0.941	0.953
	0	0.898	0.898	0.936	0.951	0.992
	5	0.898	0.898	0.933	0.948	0.991
Geometric	10	0.895	0.895	0.932	0.947	0.99
	15	0.894	0.894	0.93	0.946	0.984
	20	0.889	0.889	0.93	0.945	0.981
	25	0.889	0.889	0.93	0.944	0.967
	0	0.898	0.898	0.936	0.952	0.995
	5	0.892	0.892	0.935	0.95	0.994
Erdos-Renyi	10	0.892	0.892	0.935	0.948	0.993
	15	0.891	0.891	0.934	0.945	0.975
	20	0.887	0.887	0.931	0.943	0.962
	25	0.885	0.885	0.93	0.942	0.959
	0	0.899	0.899	0.938	0.948	0.993
	5	0.896	0.896	0.936	0.948	0.988
Small-world	10	0.895	0.895	0.936	0.947	0.985
	15	0.895	0.895	0.936	0.946	0.97
	20	0.889	0.889	0.934	0.945	0.96
	25	0.884	0.884	0.931	0.942	0.955

**Table 53.** Table shows the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with one color with four colours with its noisy versions when removing edges for all the network models.

Model	Altered	5000 nodes	25000 nodes	50000 nodes	75000 nodes	95000 nodes
	Networks					
	(percentage of					
	remotion)					
	0	0.609	0.628	0.649	0.69	0.706
	5	0.608	0.627	0.648	0.688	0.704
Scale-free	10	0.606	0.626	0.647	0.685	0.699
	15	0.606	0.625	0.646	0.684	0.698
	20	0.604	0.624	0.645	0.683	0.695
	25	0.604	0.624	0.644	0.681	0.695
	0	0.609	0.629	0.648	0.689	0.811
	5	0.606	0.628	0.648	0.687	0.792
Geometric	10	0.606	0.626	0.648	0.686	0.781
	15	0.605	0.626	0.644	0.685	0.779
	20	0.605	0.626	0.643	0.685	0.775
	25	0.603	0.624	0.642	0.684	0.775
	0	0.607	0.629	0.649	0.689	0.811
	5	0.607	0.628	0.649	0.689	0.808
Erdos-Renyi	10	0.607	0.626	0.647	0.688	0.8
	15	0.606	0.623	0.645	0.687	0.797
	20	0.606	0.623	0.641	0.686	0.795
	25	0.601	0.622	0.64	0.682	0.783
	0	0.61	0.63	0.65	0.69	0.803
	5	0.609	0.628	0.647	0.689	0.793
Small-world	10	0.608	0.628	0.647	0.689	0.787
	15	0.608	0.627	0.646	0.687	0.787
	20	0.602	0.626	0.643	0.685	0.785
	25	0.601	0.623	0.642	0.683	0.779

**Table 54.** Table shows the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with two colors and its noisy versions for all the network models.

Model	Altered	5000 nodes	25000 nodes	50000 nodes	75000 nodes	95000 nodes
	Networks					
	(Percentage of					
	Noise)					
	0	0.609	0.628	0.649	0.69	0.706
	5	0.608	0.627	0.648	0.688	0.704
Scale-free	10	0.606	0.626	0.647	0.685	0.699
	15	0.606	0.625	0.646	0.684	0.698
	20	0.604	0.624	0.645	0.683	0.695
	25	0.604	0.624	0.644	0.681	0.695
	0	0.609	0.629	0.648	0.689	0.811
	5	0.606	0.628	0.648	0.687	0.792
Geometric	10	0.606	0.626	0.648	0.686	0.781
	15	0.605	0.626	0.644	0.685	0.779
	20	0.605	0.626	0.643	0.685	0.775
	25	0.603	0.624	0.642	0.684	0.775
	0	0.607	0.629	0.649	0.689	0.811
	5	0.607	0.628	0.649	0.689	0.808
Erdos-Renyi	10	0.607	0.626	0.647	0.688	0.8
	15	0.606	0.623	0.645	0.687	0.797
	20	0.606	0.623	0.641	0.686	0.795
	25	0.601	0.622	0.64	0.682	0.783
	0	0.61	0.63	0.65	0.69	0.803
	5	0.609	0.628	0.647	0.689	0.793
Small-world	10	0.608	0.628	0.647	0.689	0.787
	15	0.608	0.627	0.646	0.687	0.787
	20	0.602	0.626	0.643	0.685	0.785
	25	0.601	0.623	0.642	0.683	0.779

**Table 55.** Table shows F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with three colours and its noisy versions when removing edges for all the network models.

Model	Altered	5000 nodes	25000 nodes	50000 nodes	75000 nodes	95000 nodes
	Networks					
	(Percentage					
	of removed					
	edges)					
	0	0.729	0.75	0.754	0.765	0.841
	5	0.727	0.75	0.753	0.764	0.835
Scale-free	10	0.725	0.743	0.751	0.762	0.798
	15	0.719	0.742	0.751	0.76	0.783
	20	0.717	0.74	0.748	0.759	0.762
	25	0.711	0.735	0.747	0.756	0.76
	0	0.727	0.748	0.754	0.766	0.824
	5	0.724	0.743	0.752	0.764	0.82
Geometric	10	0.719	0.737	0.752	0.762	0.804
	15	0.717	0.737	0.75	0.76	0.782
	20	0.717	0.735	0.747	0.759	0.775
	25	0.714	0.732	0.743	0.757	0.77
	0	0.729	0.749	0.752	0.765	0.823
	5	0.726	0.744	0.751	0.764	0.822
Erdos-Renyi	10	0.72	0.741	0.751	0.764	0.802
	15	0.718	0.738	0.749	0.762	0.783
	20	0.717	0.736	0.746	0.761	0.778
	25	0.717	0.732	0.743	0.76	0.769
	0	0.729	0.75	0.755	0.763	0.834
	5	0.728	0.75	0.748	0.76	0.82
Small-world	10	0.725	0.74	0.747	0.759	0.812
	15	0.72	0.74	0.747	0.759	0.781
	20	0.717	0.739	0.744	0.759	0.78
	25	0.715	0.732	0.743	0.758	0.772

**Table 56.** Table shows the F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with four colours and its noisy versions when removing edges for all the network models.

Model	Altered	5000 nodes	25000 nodes	50000 nodes	75000 nodes	95000 nodes
	Networks					
	(percentage					
	of removed					
	edges)					
	0	0.849	0.857	0.873	0.917	0.98
	5	0.847	0.857	0.866	0.91	0.964
Scale-free	10	0.847	0.857	0.865	0.908	0.957
	15	0.846	0.854	0.857	0.905	0.953
	20	0.846	0.853	0.855	0.904	0.943
	25	0.844	0.85	0.854	0.904	0.904
	0	0.847	0.86	0.87	0.919	0.975
	5	0.847	0.858	0.866	0.917	0.966
Geometric	10	0.846	0.857	0.862	0.912	0.965
	15	0.846	0.856	0.862	0.911	0.959
	20	0.845	0.855	0.854	0.904	0.956
	25	0.845	0.855	0.852	0.903	0.954
	0	0.849	0.856	0.875	0.92	0.957
	5	0.848	0.856	0.87	0.913	0.955
Erdos-Renyi	10	0.847	0.854	0.867	0.91	0.954
	15	0.845	0.852	0.867	0.908	0.953
	20	0.844	0.852	0.865	0.905	0.947
	25	0.843	0.851	0.861	0.903	0.945
	0	0.849	0.857	0.874	0.92	0.974
	5	0.848	0.857	0.871	0.916	0.969
Small-world	10	0.847	0.856	0.868	0.914	0.968
	15	0.847	0.854	0.867	0.913	0.967
	20	0.846	0.853	0.858	0.906	0.963
	25	0.845	0.852	0.857	0.903	0.957

**Table 57.** NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> scores obtained by aligning the original network with its noisy versions (edges removing). Table shows a remarkable trend of improvements when considering networks with many colours for all the networks.

Network	Altered	1 colour	2 colour	3 colour	4 colour	5 colour	6 colour	7 colour	8 colour
	Net-								
	works								
	0% of	0.418	0.533	0.665	0.704	0.813	0.867	0.898	1
	noise								
N	5% of	0.413	0.53	0.647	0.703	0.803	0.856	0.898	0.996
	noise								
	10% of	0.411	0.53	0.632	0.701	0.774	0.854	0.897	0.986
	noise								
	15% of	0.411	0.526	0.629	0.701	0.763	0.843	0.897	0.982
	noise								
	20% of	0.401	0.519	0.625	0.699	0.76	0.834	0.888	0.98
	noise								
	25% of	0.392	0.518	0.602	0.698	0.745	0.825	0.88	0.963
	noise								

## Synthetic Networks with eight colors.

The input dataset consists of a synthetic networks built using scale-free networks (SF) graph generator. The network has 950 nodes and 4124. Then, we assign each node a colour out of n possible colours. We vary n from 1 to 8 in order to build four heterogeneous versions for each synthetic network as follows:

- 1 coloured version;
- 2 coloured version (in which 580 nodes present one colour and 382 nodes have another colour);
- 3 coloured version where we randomly assign one colour to 358 nodes, a second colour to 256 nodes and a third colour to 336 nodes;
- 4 coloured version where we randomly assign one colour to 170 nodes, a second colour to 288 nodes, a third colour to 192 nodes and a fourth to 300 nodes.
- 5 coloured version where we randomly assign one colour to 110 nodes, a second colour to 210 nodes, a third colour to 157 nodes, a fourth colour to 314 nodes and a fifth to 159 node;
- 6 coloured version where we randomly assign one colour to 98 nodes, a second colour to 124 nodes, a third colour to 242 nodes, a fourth colour to 103 nodes, a fifth colour to 211 nodes and sixth to 172 nodes;
- 7 coloured version where we randomly assign one colour to 110 nodes, a second colour to 124 nodes, a third colour to 170 nodes, a fourth colour to 223 nodes, a fifth colour to 94 nodes, a sixth to 115 nodes and seventh to 114 nodes;
- 8 coloured version where we randomly assign one colour to 110 nodes, a second colour to 94 nodes, a third colour to 121 nodes, a fourth to 97 nodes, a fifth colour to 128 nodes, a sixth to 100 nodes, seventh colour to 130 nodes and eighth to 170 nodes.

We built the synthetic versions by random removing 5%, 10%, 15%, 20% and 25% of edges from the original network. Then, we applied L-HetNetAligner to align the synthetic network with its noisy versions. Finally, we compute NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC measures for each synthetic network.

Table 57 and Table 58 report the NCV- $GS^3$  and F-NC the measures related to the alignment of the original synthetic network with its versions at 0%, 5%, 10%, 15%, 20% and 25% of added noise for all synthetic networks.

In terms of quality, we expect that for a given noise level, the more colours are used, the better the alignment quality should be. Moreover, the use of colours should also improve the robustness to noise compared to the use of fewer colours. The analysis of results shows that for a given level of noise the use of colours improves the quality of the alignment. Besides, the robustness to the impact of noise is better.

**Table 58.** F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original network with its noisy versions (edges removing). Table shows a remarkable trend of improvements when considering networks with many colours for all the networks.

Network	Altered	1 colour	2 colour	3 colour	4 colour	5 colour	6 colour	7 colour	8 colour
	Net-								
	works								
	0% of	0.412	0.558	0.664	0.705	0.725	0.839	0.877	0.976
	noise								
N	5% of	0.412	0.551	0.654	0.705	0.724	0.831	0.894	0.935
	noise								
	10% of	0.41	0.542	0.622	0.704	0.705	0.818	0.893	0.935
	noise								
	15% of	0.407	0.527	0.62	0.703	0.703	0.814	0.885	0.925
	noise								
	20% of	0.397	0.475	0.617	0.695	0.702	0.785	0.882	0.907
	noise								
	25% of	0.393	0.473	0.615	0.694	0.701	0.775	0.879	0.904
	noise								

## Comparison with respect to Single Color Alignments.

To demonstrate the effectiveness of L-HetNaligner we want to test if our algorithm is able to obtain better results when we apply it on the original network than on different subnetworks obtained from this one.

We considered two cases 1) synthetic networks, and 2) Hetionet network.

We consider the same synthetic network with 950 nodes and 3410 edges and four node colors. Then we split this network into four network considering nodes of the same color.

We obtain the **subnetwork 1** has 170 nodes and 474 edges, the **subnetwork 2** has 250 nodes and 422 edges, the **subnetwork 3** has 330 nodes and 528 edges, and the **subnetwork 4** has 220 nodes and 404 edges. Please note that the sum of the edges of the four subnetworks is lower than the number of the initial network since all the *cross*-edges, i.e. edges among node of different colors, have been removed.

We select the Hetionet network (with 37142 nodes and 6014211 edges) in four coloured version and from it we created four subnetwork according to four node types (i.e. colours.) According to this, the subnetwork 1 has 2095 nodes and 26567 edges, subnetwork 2 has 136 nodes and 543 edges, subnetwork 3 has 405 nodes and 742 edges, subnetwork 15056 has 78234 nodes and 404 edges.

Then, we built the synthetic versions for the synthetic network and Hetionet network and their subnetworks by random removing 5%, 10%, 15%, 20% and 25% of edges from the original network.

Then, we applied L-HetNetAligner to align the synthetic networks and Hetionet network with their sub networks with their noisy versions. Then, we compute NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC measures for the synthetic network and Hetionet network and for the sub networks. Finally, we tested the ability of our algorithm to infer missing links from input networks (link prediction) by count how many homogeneous and heterogeneous gaps are found in the alignment graph of the synthetic network and Hetionet network and for their sub networks.

Table 59 and Table 60 report NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC scores the synthetic network and its four subnetwork and Hetionet network and its four subnetwork. As evident the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC values in original network outperform NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC values in subnetworks for both synthetic network and Hetionet network.

**Table 59.** NCV- $GS^3$  and F-NC scores obtained by aligning the synthetic network with its noisy versions and the four subnetworks with their noisy versions.

Network	Altered Networks	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup>	F-NC
	0% of noise	0.99	0.98
	5% of noise	0.989	0.964
Synthetic	10% of noise	0.983	0.957
	15% of noise	0.978	0.953
	20% of noise	0.96	0.943
	25% of noise	0.957	0.904
	0% of noise	0.687	0.619
	5% of noise	0.68	0.619
subn 1	10% of noise	0.677	0.616
	15% of noise	0.677	0.606
	20% of noise	0.664	0.604
	25% of noise	0.663	0.604
	0% of noise	0.697	0.633
	5% of noise	0.696	0.627
subn 2	10% of noise	0.694	0.619
	15% of noise	0.662	0.609
	20% of noise	0.657	0.606
	25% of noise	0.655	0.606
	0% of noise	0.702	0.631
	5% of noise	0.696	0.629
subn 3	10% of noise	0.689	0.629
	15% of noise	0.672	0.625
	20% of noise	0.665	0.623
	25% of noise	0.657	0.61
	0% of noise	0.694	0.63
	5% of noise	0.69	0.625
subn 4	10% of noise	0.685	0.625
	15% of noise	0.665	0.611
	20% of noise	0.658	0.608
	25% of noise	0.656	0.602

**Table 60.** NCV- $GS^3$  and F-NC scores obtained by aligning the Hetionet network with its noisy versions and the four subnetworks with their noisy versions .

Network	Altered Networks	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup>	F-NC
	0% of noise	1	0.989
	5% of noise	0.996	0.961
Hetionet	10% of noise	0.996	0.952
	15% of noise	0.966	0.943
	20% of noise	0.954	0.923
	25% of noise	0.951	0.912
	0% of noise	0.623	0.607
	5% of noise	0.623	0.601
subn 1	10% of noise	0.618	0.597
	15% of noise	0.601	0.583
	20% of noise	0.595	0.581
	25% of noise	0.592	0.57
	0% of noise	0.612	0.611
	5% of noise	0.606	0.608
subn 2	10% of noise	0.604	0.605
	15% of noise	0.604	0.601
	20% of noise	0.593	0.598
	25% of noise	0.59	0.567
	0% of noise	0.612	0.611
	5% of noise	0.606	0.609
subn 3	10% of noise	0.595	0.591
	15% of noise	0.594	0.576
	20% of noise	0.589	0.571
	25% of noise	0.588	0.57
	0% of noise	0.621	0.609
	5% of noise	0.62	0.592
subn 4	10% of noise	0.612	0.588
	15% of noise	0.606	0.586
	20% of noise	0.605	0.576
	25% of noise	0.601	0.568

## Predicted Links Missed by Single Color Alignments

Table 61 reports the number of correctly predicted links obtained by aligning original synthetic network and it subnetworks with its noisy versions obtained by random removal of pair-matched nodes for all the networks. Table 62 reports the number of correctly predicted links obtained by aligning Hetionet network and it subnetworks with its noisy versions obtained by random removal of pair-matched nodes for all the networks.

We should note L-HetNetAligner can predict a high number of link for the synthetic network respect to its sub networks and for Hetionet respect to its sub networks.

Finally, we reported an examples of predicted link in Hetionet networks:

- Metaedge Anatomy::UBERON:0000955-Gene::3892 is missing in one coloured version and it is predicted in two, three and four colour versions;
- Metaedges Gene::3725- Molecular Function::GO:0070412, Gene::6259-Biological Process::GO:0032990, Anatomy::UBERON:0002030-Gene::79944 are predicted only four colour versions.
- Metaedges Gene::9585-Molecular Function::GO:0017111, Gene::3433 -Gene::3875, Anatomy::UBERON:0002037-Gene::56288 is missing in one coloured version and it is predicted in two, three and four colour versions;
- Metaedges Disease::DOID:3393-Gene::28, Gene::25-Biological Process::GO:1903530, Anatomy::UBERON:0000473-Gene::124961, Gene::51111 Molecular Function::GO:0016278, Disease::DOID:1793 Gene::4893 is missing in one and two coloured version and it is predicted in three and four colour versions;
- Metaedges Disease::DOID:3393-Gene::28, Gene::25-Biological Process::GO:1903530, Anatomy::UBERON:0000473-Gene::124961, Gene::51111 Molecular Function::GO:0016278, Disease::DOID:1793 Gene::4893, Disease::DOID:0050156-Gene::664, Gene::3385-Molecular Function::GO:0005178, Gene::57835-Molecular Function::GO:0015081, Anatomy::UBERON:0002240-Gene::81502, Anatomy::UBERON:0001044-Gene::80790, Anatomy::UBERON:0000473-Gene::9778, Gene::2624-Biological Process::GO:0030100, Gene::7903-Biological Process::GO:0006664, Gene::64220-Biological Process::GO:0048592, Gene::7321-Gene::84231, Gene::6737-Gene::8202, Gene::10987-Gene::26054, Gene::3320-Gene::23118, Gene::3146-Gene::55806, Gene::7525-Gene::8751, Disease::DOID:3393-Gene::9314, Disease::DOID:8778-Gene::10285, Disease::DOID:1324-Gene::23532, Disease::DOID:2841-Gene::6701, Disease::DOID:1936-Gene::3569, Disease::DOID:2986-Gene::10550, Disease::DOID:1790-Gene::5734 are predicted only four colour versions.

**Table 61.** Corrected predicted links obtained by aligning the original synthetic network and four subnetworks with its noisy versions for all the networks.

Network	Nodes	Edges	5% of noise	10% of noise	15% of noise	20% of noise	25% of noise
Synthetic	950	3410	190	360	490	550	600
sb1	170	474	24	44	78	84	112
sb2	250	422	34	49	67	79	123
sb3	330	528	55	63	77	82	104
sb4	200	404	21	45	63	98	132

**Table 62.** Corrected predicted links obtained by aligning the original Hetionet network and four subnetworks with its noisy versions for all the networks.

Network	Nodes	Edges	5% of noise	10% of noise	15% of noise	20% of noise	25% of noise
Hetionet	37142	6014211	5439	7592	8357	12686	21678
sb1	2095	26567	634	1252	1472	2689	3567
sb2	136	543	12	31	78	87	98
sb3	405	742	22	51	89	112	167
sb4	15056	78234	1278	1310	2014	3244	4543

## Running L-HetNetAligner using all the pairs of nodes as input.

To demonstrated the effectiveness of L-HetNaligner we also performed the alignment of synthetic network with its noisy versions by providing, instead of similarity function among the nodes, all pair of nodes in the input step. We selected one synthetic network (previously generated) with 950 nodes and 3410 edges. Then, we built the synthetic versions by random removing 5%, 10%, 15%, 20% and 25% of edges from the original network. Then, we applied L-HetNetAligner to align the synthetic networks with its noisy versions. Then, we applied L-HetNetAligner to align the synthetic networks with its noisy versions. Finally, we computed NCV-GS³ and F-NC measures for each synthetic network model.

L-HetNetAligner completed the process of alignment of synthetic networks with its noisy counterpart in almost 67 minutes, and the process occupies 8 GB of Memory. Table 63 and Table 66 report the NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC scores. The NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC values are much lower than NCV-GS<sup>3</sup> and F-NC value obtained when the similarity function among nodes is used in the alignment building.

Impact of the Variation of the Parameters to the Alignment Quality

**Table 63.** NCV- $GS^3$  scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions for all the networks. In the alignment graph building all pair of nodes were selected.

Network	Altered Net- works	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 1 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 2 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 3 coloured version	NCV-GS <sup>3</sup> on 4 coloured version
	0	0.367	0.49	0.59	0.776
	5	0.359	0.476	0.59	0.774
N1	10	0.355	0.474	0.589	0.768
	15	0.351	0.474	0.586	0.765
	20	0.346	0.47	0.584	0.764
	25	0.335	0.462	0.574	0.755
	0	0.364	0.483	0.595	0.783
	5	0.364	0.482	0.593	0.777
N2	10	0.363	0.48	0.589	0.776
- 1-	15	0.358	0.477	0.586	0.776
	20	0.353	0.471	0.582	0.771
	25	0.342	0.457	0.573	0.765
	0	0.352	0.488	0.595	0.788
	5	0.349	0.476	0.588	0.785
N3	10	0.342	0.468	0.581	0.784
IN3				0.576	
	15	0.34	0.464		0.778
	20	0.336	0.459	0.57	0.77
	25	0.336	0.456	0.57	0.762
	0	0.368	0.487	0.593	0.787
	5	0.364	0.487	0.588	0.786
N4	10	0.363	0.475	0.584	0.779
	15	0.345	0.468	0.583	0.758
	20	0.337	0.462	0.577	0.755
	25	0.335	0.452	0.574	0.752
	0	0.371	0.487	0.598	0.786
	5	0.367	0.472	0.593	0.783
N5	10	0.365	0.47	0.585	0.782
	15	0.345	0.468	0.579	0.766
	20	0.343	0.466	0.579	0.766
	25	0.342	0.461	0.571	0.756
	0	0.379	0.48	0.597	0.789
	5	0.377	0.479	0.593	0.784
N6	10	0.35	0.476	0.593	0.784
110	15	0.348	0.473	0.592	0.779
	20	0.347	0.455	0.588	0.771
	25	0.344	0.451	0.579	0.771
	0	0.366	0.482	0.598	0.771
					0.782
NZ	5	0.357	0.481	0.584	
N7	10	0.355	0.472	0.583	0.779
	15	0.353	0.457	0.575	0.752
	20	0.336	0.457	0.573	0.752
	25	0.334	0.451	0.572	0.752
	0	0.377	0.484	0.591	0.787
	5	0.376	0.48	0.591	0.786
N8	10	0.376	0.467	0.583	0.785
	15	0.371	0.463	0.581	0.757
	20	0.363	0.46	0.579	0.756
	25	0.344	0.451	0.571	0.756
	0	0.372	0.48	0.591	0.789
	5	0.365	0.478	0.587	0.782
N9	10	0.36	0.476	0.583	0.781
	15	0.357	0.474	0.582	0.78
	20	0.349	0.455	0.58	0.761
	25	0.34	0.451	0.579	0.754
	0	0.368	0.484	0.598	0.785
	5	0.359	0.475	0.595	0.785
N10	10	0.354	0.471	0.595	0.78
1110	15	0.353	0.469	0.577	0.78
	20	0.347	0.462	0.575	0.775
	25	0.338	0.456	0.572	0.753
	0	0.374	0.483	0.596	0.788
N111	5	0.374	0.475	0.588	0.77
N11	10	0.367	0.474	0.588	0.77
	15	0.365	0.472	0.586	0.768
	20	0.355	0.467	0.573	0.762
	25	0.343	0.464	0.569	0.752
	0	0.377	0.489	0.584	0.79
	5	0.363	0.488	0.578	0.783
		0.361	0.48	0.578	0.766
N12	10	0.301			
N12	10 15	0.351	0.471		
N12				0.575 0.572	0.764 0.761

**Table 64.** F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions for all the networks. In the alignment graph building all pair of nodes were selected.

Network	Altered Net-	F-NC on 1 coloured ver-	F-NC on 2 coloured ver-	F-NC on 3 coloured ver-	F-NC on 4 coloured ver-
	works 0	sion 0.32	sion 0.45	sion 0.568	sion 0.72
	5	0.314	0.444	0.531	0.719
N1	10	0.309	0.441	0.529	0.711
111	15	0.308	0.44	0.507	0.709
	20	0.304	0.435	0.506	0.704
	25	0.304	0.434	0.501	0.703
	0	0.32	0.454	0.595	0.713
	5	0.32	0.454	0.592	0.71
N2	10	0.317	0.438	0.591	0.71
	15	0.311	0.437	0.59	0.71
	20	0.305	0.436	0.566	0.708
	25	0.304	0.434	0.522	0.707
	0	0.314	0.452	0.595	0.719
N3	5 10	0.311 0.31	0.448 0.446	0.592 0.572	0.716 0.713
N3	15	0.31	0.445	0.544	0.713
	20	0.303	0.444	0.537	0.711
	25	0.302	0.441	0.533	0.707
	0	0.314	0.45	0.556	0.718
	5	0.314	0.444	0.553	0.718
N4	10	0.308	0.441	0.535	0.713
	15	0.305	0.439	0.523	0.709
	20	0.305	0.437	0.505	0.703
	25	0.302	0.436	0.504	0.703
	0	0.319	0.448	0.599	0.715
	5	0.318	0.446	0.58	0.715
N5	10	0.314	0.441	0.574	0.714
	15	0.311	0.439	0.571	0.713
	20	0.31	0.436	0.569	0.71
	25	0.307	0.435 0.448	0.523	0.71 0.717
	5	0.318 0.318	0.447	0.589 0.589	0.717
N6	10	0.315	0.443	0.588	0.71
140	15	0.314	0.443	0.558	0.707
	20	0.308	0.441	0.53	0.707
	25	0.302	0.44	0.522	0.703
	0	0.319	0.454	0.556	0.718
	5	0.319	0.452	0.555	0.716
N7	10	0.317	0.45	0.506	0.714
	15	0.315	0.45	0.506	0.709
	20	0.302	0.445	0.505	0.708
	25	0.301	0.435	0.501	0.703
	0	0.32	0.449	0.555	0.72
NIO	5	0.311	0.449	0.545	0.72
N8	10 15	0.311 0.309	0.441 0.439	0.544 0.536	0.718 0.716
	20	0.305	0.438	0.514	0.710
	25	0.303	0.434	0.501	0.709
	0	0.319	0.451	0.581	0.714
	5	0.318	0.451	0.565	0.714
N9	10	0.318	0.449	0.565	0.713
	15	0.31	0.445	0.563	0.712
	20	0.305	0.441	0.557	0.71
	25	0.301	0.438	0.555	0.705
	0	0.318	0.452	0.591	0.719
N/10	5	0.318	0.444	0.557	0.716
N10	10	0.315	0.441	0.546	0.716
	15 20	0.312 0.308	0.44 0.436	0.538 0.532	0.712 0.709
	25	0.308	0.435	0.505	0.706
	0	0.316	0.449	0.561	0.719
	5	0.315	0.449	0.559	0.711
N11	10	0.313	0.445	0.544	0.709
•	15	0.312	0.443	0.54	0.705
	20	0.305	0.438	0.535	0.704
	25	0.303	0.436	0.524	0.702
	0	0.32	0.447	0.595	0.72
	5	0.318	0.444	0.578	0.717
N12	10	0.315	0.442	0.56	0.717
	15	0.311	0.442	0.552	0.717
	20	0.31	0.439	0.518	0.713
	25	0.308	0.434	0.514	0.709

**Table 65.** F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions for all the networks. In the alignment graph building all pair of nodes were selected.

NCV-GS <sup>3</sup>	L-HetNetAligner Parameters
0.957	Homogeneous Match: 1
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
0.95	Homogeneous Match: 0.95
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
0.947	Homogeneous Match: 1
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.8
	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
0.951	Homogeneous Match: 1
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.45
	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
	Homogeneous Match: 1
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
0.051	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
0.951	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.3
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
0.954	Homogeneous Match: 1
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.15
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
	Homogeneous Match: 1
0.952	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.05

**Table 66.** F-NC scores obtained by aligning the original synthetic network with its noisy versions for all the networks. In the alignment graph building all pair of nodes were selected.

F-NC	L-HetNetAligner Parameters
0.817	Homogeneous Match: 1
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
0.811	Homogeneous Match: 0.95
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
	Homogeneous Match: 1
0.79	Heterogeneous Match: 0.813
	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
	Homogeneous Match: 1
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
0.813	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.45
0.813	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
	Homogeneous Match: 1
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
0.812	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
0.812	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.3
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
	Homogeneous Match: 1
	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
0.814	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
0.814	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.15
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.1
	Homogeneous Match: 1
0.814	Heterogeneous Match: 0.9
	Homogeneous Mismatch: 0.5
	Heterogeneous Mismatch: 0.4
	Homogeneous Gap: 0.2
	Heterogeneous Gap: 0.05