

## **Supplemental Information**

### **Materials in this Supplemental Information:**

**Figure S1. Four modes of interaction between dimers of IF proteins (Related to Figure 4).**

**Figure S2. Crystal contacts of K5/K14 wildtype 2B complex and of K5/K14-C367A mutant 2B complex (Related to Figures 1 and 2).**

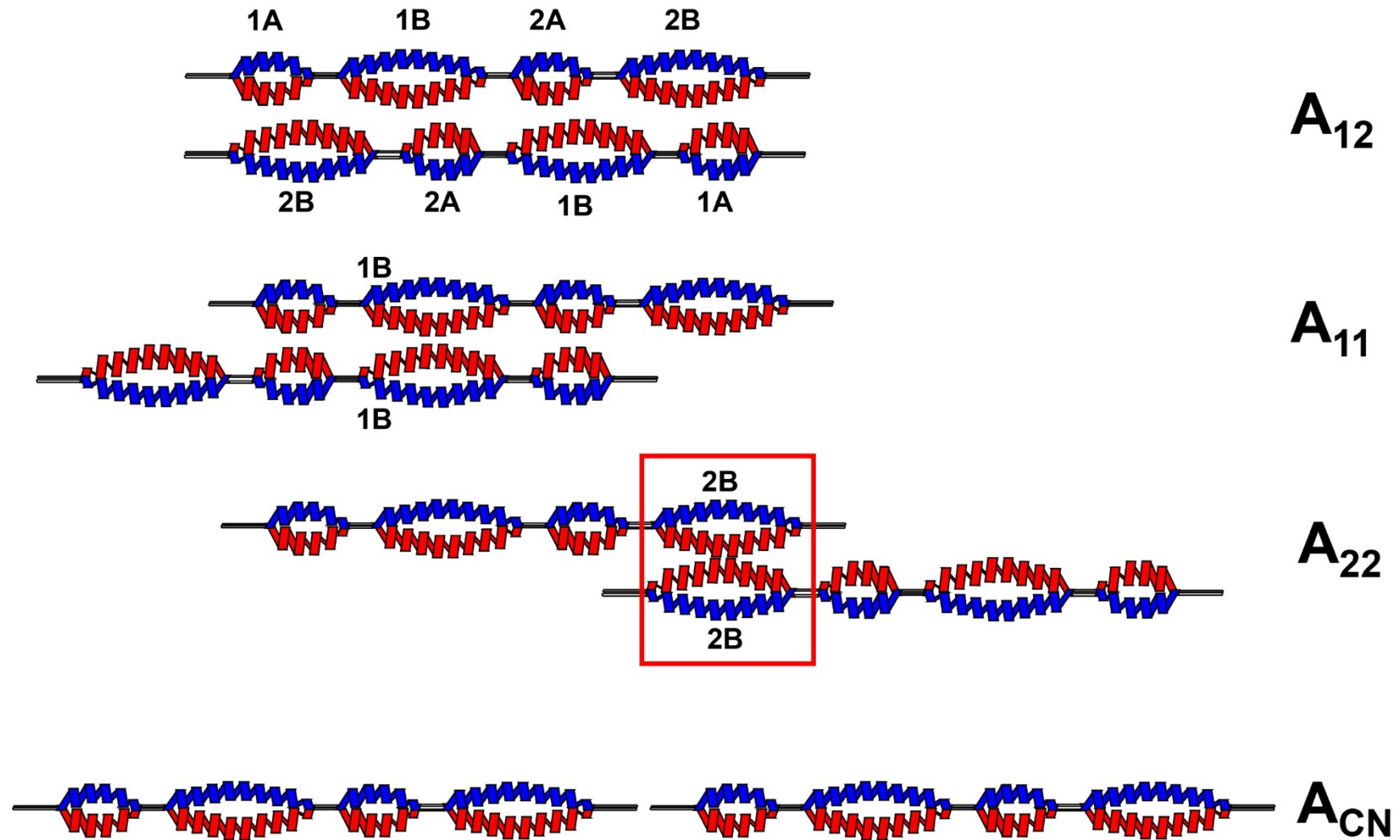
**Figure S3. Sequence alignment of type I and type II keratins in the 2B region of the rod domain (Related to Figures 1 and 2).**

**Figure S4. Transmission electron microscopy images of the negative-stained filaments of K5/K14 wildtype, ID1\_AAA mutant or ID7\_AAA mutant (Related to Figure 3).**

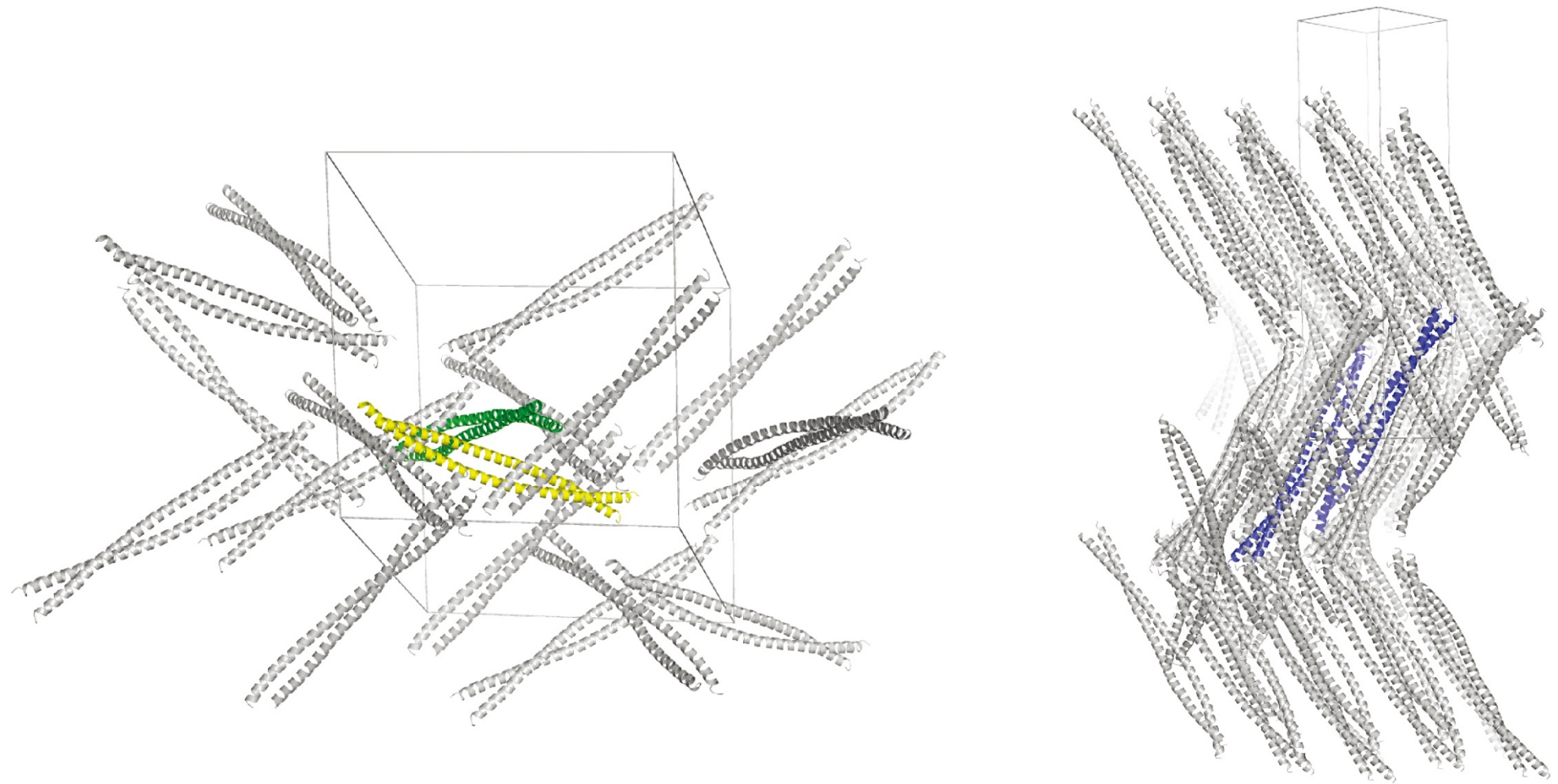
**Table S1. List of ID contacts found in K5/K14-C367A 2B complex (Related to Figures 1 and 2)**

**Table S2. Summary of the results from PISA and the mutated residues for interaction deficiencies (Related to Figures 1 and 2)**

**Table S3. Sequences of the oligonucleotide primers used for mutagenesis to produce ID-deficient mutants (Related to Key Resources Table of the STAR METHODS).**

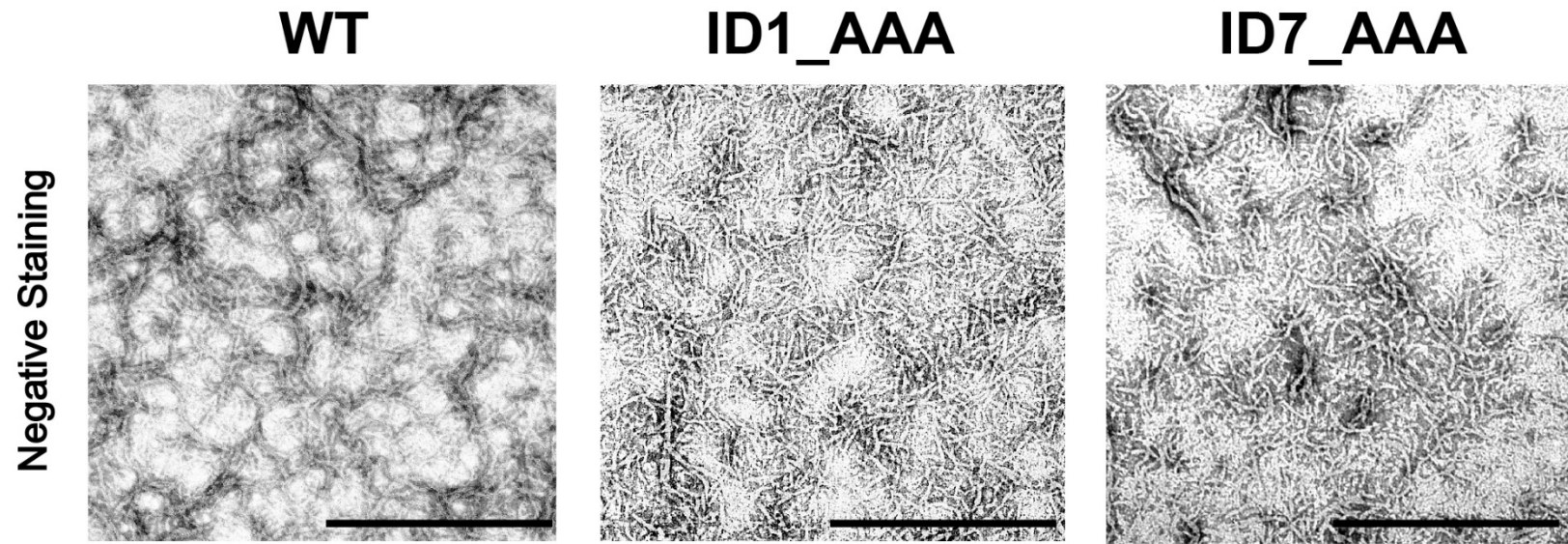


**Figure S1. Four modes of interaction between dimers of IF proteins (Related to Figure 4).** These alignments are named  $A_{11}$ ,  $A_{12}$ ,  $A_{22}$ , and  $A_{CN}$  reflecting the name of the interacting domains involved (Herrmann and Aebi, *Curr Opin Struct Biol.* 8:177-185, 1998). The interaction modes were suggested from nearest neighbor analysis using chemical cross-linking coupled to mass analysis, complemented by site-directed mutagenesis (Strelkov et al., *BioEssays* 25:243-251, 2003). The red chains and the blue chains represent type I keratins and type II keratins, respectively.



**Figure S2. Crystal contacts of K5/K14 wildtype 2B complex and of K5/K14-C367A mutant 2B complex (Related to Figures 1 and 2).** (Left) The crystal contact of wild-type K5/14 2B (PDB ID : 3TNU). the single K5/14 2B heterodimeric coiled-coil helix in asymmetric unit shown in green color and symmetry related molecule making disulfide bond shown in yellow color. (Right) The crystal contact of C367A mutant of K5/14 2B complex (PDB ID: 6JFV). Two heterodimeric molecules in asymmetric unit are shown in blue color. The unit cell is also shown in line.





**Figure S4.** Transmission electron microscopy images of the negative-stained filaments of K5/K14 wildtype, ID1\_AAA mutant or ID7\_AAA mutant (Related to Figure 3). Bar, 200 nm.

Contact ID	Interface area (Å <sup>2</sup> )	Coiled-coil Alignment	Symmetry Operation
ID1	805.7	Anti-parallel	x, y-1, z
ID3	760.9	parallel	-y+1, x, z+1/4
ID5	362.3	T-shape	-y+1, x, z+1/4
ID7	215.3	Anti-parallel	x, y, z
ID8	190.8	N/A	-x, -y+1, z-1/2
ID9	40.3	N/A	-y+1, x+2, z+1/4
ID10	16.3	N/A	-x, -y+2, z-1/2
ID11	6.5	N/A	-y+1, x+1, z+1/4

**Table S1.** List of ID contacts found in K5/K14-C367A 2B complex (Related to Figures 1 and 2)

average values	ID1			ID3			ID7		
	interface area (Å <sup>2</sup> )	Δ'G (kcal/mol)		interface area (Å <sup>2</sup> )	Δ'G (kcal/mol)		interface area (Å <sup>2</sup> )	Δ'G (kcal/mol)	
	805.7	-4.5		362.3	-2.1		215.3	1.7	
dimer 1	interacting residue (inter-dimer)	Comment	dimer 1	interacting residue (inter-dimer)	comment	dimer 1	interacting residue (inter-dimer)	comment	
K14-I331	-		K14-M351	-		K5-K426	-		
K14-R335	K5-E475	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	K14-S354	K5-Q454		K5-N430	-		
K14-M338	K5-L474		K14-L355	-		K5-A433	-		
K14-Q339	K5-E475		K14-S358	K5-Q454		K5-E434	-		
K14-E342	K5-R471 K14-Y415	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	K14-E361	K5-L461		K5-E437	K5-R451	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	
K14-I343	K5-R471		K14-T362	-		K5-Q440	K5-Q444	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	
K14-L345	K14-T414		K14-R365	K5-D464	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	K5-Q444	K5-Q440	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	
K14-Q346	K14-E411	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	K14-Y366	K5-K460	mutated to Phenylalanine for deficiency	K5-R448	-		
K14-L349	K14-Q410 K14-E411		K14-Q369	-		K5-N458	-		
K14-S350	-		K14-Q372	K5-R471	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	dimer 2	interaction	note	
K14-K352	K14-Q410		K5-K404	-	K404E (WC*)	K5-K426	-		
K14-A353	K14-R407		K5-C407	-		K5-N430	-		
K14-E356	K14-Q410		K5-A408	-		K5-A433	-		
K14-N357	K14-D403, K14-K399		K5-Q411	K14-Q394 K5-L450	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	K5-E434	-		
K14-E360	K14-K399		K5-N412	K14-E397	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	K5-E437	K5-R451		
K14-E361	K14-K399		K5-I414	K5-Y453 K5-M457		K5-Q440	K5-Q444	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	
K5-E385	-		K5-A415	K14-E397		K5-K441	-		
K5-E388	-		K5-D416	-		K5-Q444	K5-Q440	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	
K5-M389	K5-E475		K5-E418	K5-K460 K14-L401		K5-D445	-		
K5-M392	K5-L474 K14-L419		K5-Q419	-		K5-R448	-		
K5-R395	K14-E420		K5-E422	K14-R407	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	K5-R451	K5-E437	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	
K5-L396	-		K5-R429	-		K5-N458	-		
K5-E399	K14-R417	mutated to Alanine for deficiency	dimer 2	interaction	note				
K5-V403	-		K14-Q394	K5-Q411					
dimer 2	interaction	note	K14-E397	K5-N412 K5-A415					
K14-K399	K14-E360 K14-E361		K14-I400	-					
K14-D403	K14-N357		K14-L401	K5-E418	L401P (WC*)				
K14-T406	-		K14-V404	-					
K14-R407	K14-A353		K14-R407	K5-E422					
K14-Q410	K14-E356		K14-E411	-	E411K (DM*, K*)				
K14-E411	K14-Q346 K14-L349	E411K (DM*, K*)	K5-M446	-					
K14-T414	K14-L345		K5-A447	-					
K14-Y415	K14-E342	Y415H (K*, DM*) Y145C (WC*)	K5-L450	K5-Q411					
K14-R417	K5-E399	R417P (DM*)	K5-R451	-					
K14-L418	-	L418V (K*)	K5-Y453	K5-I414					
K14-L419	K5-M392	L419Q (DM*)	K5-Q454	K14-S354 K14-S358					
K14-G421	-		K5-M457	K5-I414					
K5-I467	-	I467L (WC*) I467M (K*) I467T (DM*)	K5-N458	-					
K5-R471	K14-E342 K14-I343	R471C (K*)	K5-K460	K5-E418 K14-Y366					
K5-L474	K14-M338		K5-L461	K14-E361					
K5-E475	K14-R335 K14-Q339	E475K (DM*) E475G (DM*)	K5-D464	K14-R365					
K5-G476	-	G476D (WC, EPPK*)	K5-V465	-					
			K5-I467	-	I467L (WC*) I467M (K*) I467T (DM*)				
			K5-A468	-					
			K5-R471	K14-Q372	R471C (K*)				
			K5-E475	-	E475K (DM*) E475G (DM*)				

**Table S2. Summary of the results from PISA and the mutated residues for interaction deficiencies  
(Related to Figures 1 and 2)**

\*Note: Relevance to genetic skin disease is highlighted. Abbreviations are as follow: **DM**, Epidermolysis bullosa simplex, Dowling-Meara variant; **EPPK**, Epidermolytic palmoplantar keratoderma; **K**, Epidermolysis bullosa simplex, Koebner (generalized) variant; **WC**, Epidermolysis bullosa simplex, Weber-Cockayne (localized) variant.



Mutant	Primer Name	Sequence (5'->3')
ID1	ID1_K5E_PvuI_F	CCAGAGGCTGAGAGCCGCGATCGACAATGTCAAGAAACAGTGC
	ID1_K5E_PvuI_R	GCACTGTTTCTTGACATTGTCGATCGCGGCTCTCAGCCTCTGGATCA TCCGG
	ID1_K14REQ_F	CGAGATCTCGGAGCTCGCGCGCACCATGCAGAACCTGGCGATTGAGCTGGCGTCCC AGCTCAGCATGAAAGC
	ID1_K14_K14REQ_R	CCAGTTCTGCATGGTGC GCGGAGCTCCGAGATCTCGCTCTTGCCGC TCTGC
ID3	ID3_K5QNE_NotI_F	GCCGAGATTGACAATGTCAAGAAACAGTGC GCCAATCTGGCGCCGCCATTGCGG ATGCCGAGCAGCGTGGGGCGCTGGCCCTCAAGGATGCC
	ID3_K5QNE_NotI_R	GCGGCCGCCAGATTGGCGCACTGTTTCTTGACATTGTCAATCTCGGCTCTCAGCC TCTGGATCATCCGG
	ID3_K14RYQ_F	GGAGGAGACCAAAGGTGCCTTCTGCATGCAGCTGGCCGCGATCCAGGAGATGATTGG
	ID3_K14RYQ_R	GGCCAGCTGCATGCAGAAAGCACCTTTGGTCTCCTCCAGGCTGTCTCCAGGG
ID7	ID7_K5AAA_F	GGATGCCAGGAACAAGCTGGCCGAGCTGGAGGCAGCGCTGGCGAAGGCAAGG CGGACATGGCCCGGCTGCTGCGTGAGTACCAGG
	ID7_K5AAA_R	CCTGGTACTCACGCAGCAGCCGGCCATGTCCGCCTTGGCCTTCGCCAGCGCTGC CTCCAGCTCGGCCAGCTTGTTCCTGGCATCC

**Table S3. Sequences of the oligonucleotide primers used for mutagenesis to produce ID-deficient mutants (Related to Key Resources Table of the STAR METHODS).**