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Reporting Summary

Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistics					
For all statistical analys	es, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.				
n/a Confirmed					
The exact sam	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
A statement of	🗴 A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
A description	A description of all covariates tested				
A description	🔲 🗴 A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)					
	hesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F , t , r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted exact values whenever suitable.				
For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings					
For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes					
Estimates of e	effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated				
'	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.				
Software and c	ode				
Policy information about	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>				
Data collection NetLogo v5.1 Stella (ISEE Systems) v10.1					
Data analysis	R version 3.4.4 (2018-03-15) "Someone to Lean On"				
	om algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.				
Data					
- Accession codes, un	ut <u>availability of data</u> include a <u>data availability statement</u> . This statement should provide the following information, where applicable: ique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets have associated raw data				
	restrictions on data availability				
All data generated or ana	llysed during this study are included in this published article (and its supplementary information files).				
Field-speci	fic reporting				
Please select the one b	elow that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose or	these points even when	the disclosure is negative.	
Study description		nship between ecosystem size and duration of regime shift. Statistical analysis of regime shift duration in ecosystems/social systems. Simulation of regime shift durations in five open access/available models to system area.	
Research sample	essentially established a sta seasonal events (e.g. annua Essentially the models had	ts were collected from published sources, as per the protocol detailed in Methods. The protocol ndard to reliably measure the spatial and temporal scales of regime shifts, whilst filtering out any I red tide events). The models were also selected via a second protocol outlined in the Methods. To simulate state changes driven by some measurable driver (as opposed to some randomness). As a pregenerated from five freely available models, written in NetLogo v5.1 and Stella system dynamics v10.1.	
Sampling strategy	Used all published data available from literature search following quality control as described in Methods.		
Data collection	All data collected from publications and model outputs as described in Methods		
Timing and spatial scale	Timing and spatial scale set only for model runs as described in Methods		
Data exclusions	meet the criteria for inclusi	pre-established for all model runs across the five modelling experiments. Any model run that did not on described in the Methods (i.e. a statistically significant breakpoint or the settling within an alternative rom analysis. Please see Supplementary Note 2 and Supplementary Table 9 for further details.	
Reproducibility	Reproducibility exists in terms of analyses of multiple runs of each simulation model using sensitivity tests (e.g Monte Carlo). Spread of values for each model experiment shown in figures. All data and model code are shown in Supplementary Information or easily accessible.		
Randomization	No randomization required		
Blinding	No blinding required		
Did the study involve fiel	d work? Yes	No No	
Reporting fo	r specific m	aterials, systems and methods	
		materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, enot sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.	
Materials & experimental systems		Methods	
/a Involved in the study		n/a Involved in the study	
✗ ☐ Antibodies		ChiP-seq	
Eukaryotic cell lines		Flow cytometry	
Palaeontology		MRI-based neuroimaging	
Animals and other of	organisms	•	
Human research pa	rticipants		
Clinical data			