

Table S1. Abdominal fat areas and anthropometric parameters.

Parameters	Treatment	Values			
		0 weeks	4 weeks	8 weeks	12 weeks
Abdominal total fat area (cm ²)	CP1563-10-HOA	335.0 ± 6.7	339.7 ± 7.1	335.4 ± 7.2	332.0 ± 7.3
	Placebo	340.1 ± 6.3	345.6 ± 6.9	346.1 ± 6.9	349.6 ± 7.0
	<i>p</i> value (vs. placebo)	0.58	0.55	0.29	0.08
Abdominal visceral fat area (cm ²)	CP1563-10-HOA	92.0 ± 3.5	93.1 ± 3.5	89.2 ± 3.2	88.8 ± 3.4
	Placebo	90.8 ± 3.7	90.3 ± 3.4	89.6 ± 3.5	92.4 ± 3.8
	<i>p</i> value (vs. placebo)	0.81	0.55	0.92	0.49
Abdominal subcutaneous fat area (cm ²)	CP1563-10-HOA	242.9 ± 6.5	246.5 ± 6.6	246.2 ± 6.7	243.1 ± 6.6
	Placebo	249.3 ± 6.4	255.3 ± 6.8	256.4 ± 6.9	257.2 ± 6.8
	<i>p</i> value (vs. placebo)	0.48	0.35	0.29	0.14
Body weight (kg)	CP1563-10-HOA	72.5 ± 0.9	72.5 ± 0.9	72.4 ± 0.9	72.3 ± 1.0
	Placebo	74.5 ± 1.0	74.8 ± 1.0	75.0 ± 1.0	75.1 ± 1.0
	<i>p</i> value (vs. placebo)	0.14	0.097	0.06	0.045
BMI (kg/m ²)	CP1563-10-HOA	27.0 ± 0.2	27.1 ± 0.2	27.0 ± 0.2	26.9 ± 0.2
	Placebo	27.1 ± 0.2	27.2 ± 0.2	27.3 ± 0.2	27.3 ± 0.2
	<i>p</i> value (vs. placebo)	0.86	0.58	0.26	0.18
Body fat percentage (%)	CP1563-10-HOA	34.2 ± 0.7	34.4 ± 0.8	34.6 ± 0.8	34.3 ± 0.7
	Placebo	33.9 ± 0.7	34.0 ± 0.8	34.0 ± 0.8	34.1 ± 0.8
	<i>p</i> value (vs. placebo)	0.79	0.67	0.57	0.81
Waist circumference (cm)	CP1563-10-HOA	91.1 ± 0.7	91.4 ± 0.7	91.8 ± 0.6	92.2 ± 0.6
	Placebo	91.4 ± 0.7	91.8 ± 0.7	92.2 ± 0.7	92.6 ± 0.7
	<i>p</i> value (vs. placebo)	0.74	0.61	0.69	0.64

Values are the mean ± SEM. The *p* value was calculated by Student's *t*-test.

Table S2. The α -diversity indices.

	CP1563-10-HOA	Placebo	<i>p</i> value (vs. placebo)
0 weeks			
Chao1	1089.7 \pm 35.8	1081.9 \pm 35.5	0.88
Shannon	5.9 \pm 0.1	5.8 \pm 0.1	0.43
PD whole tree	27.7 \pm 0.9	27.0 \pm 0.8	0.55
12 weeks			
Chao1	1267.7 \pm 44.1	1349.0 \pm 42.5	0.19
Shannon	6.2 \pm 0.1	6.1 \pm 0.1	0.85
PD whole tree	31.4 \pm 1.0	32.3 \pm 0.9	0.49

Values are the mean \pm SEM (the CP1563-10-HOA group at 0 weeks: n=83, at 12 weeks: n=82; the placebo group at 0 weeks: n=84, at 12 weeks: n=83). The *p* values were calculated by Student's *t*-test.

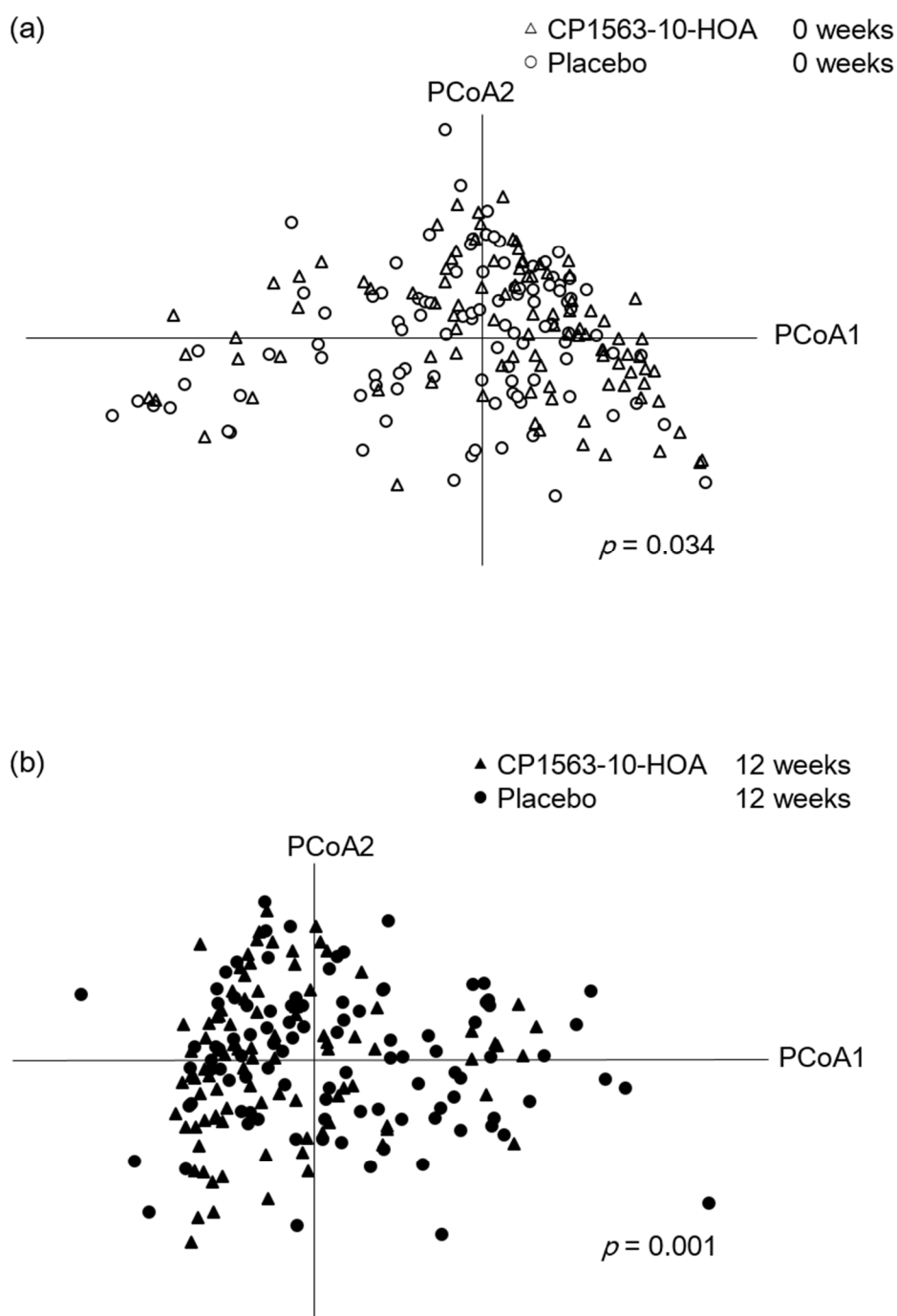


Figure S1. Plots of the placebo and CP1563-10-HOA groups at 0 (a) and 12 (b) weeks were visualized by principal coordinate analysis (PCoA) based on the weighted UniFrac distance (the CP1563-10-HOA group at 0 weeks: $n=83$, at 12 weeks: $n=82$; the placebo group at 0 weeks: $n=84$, at 12 weeks: $n=83$). The p values were calculated by permutational MANOVA based on the weighted UniFrac distance.

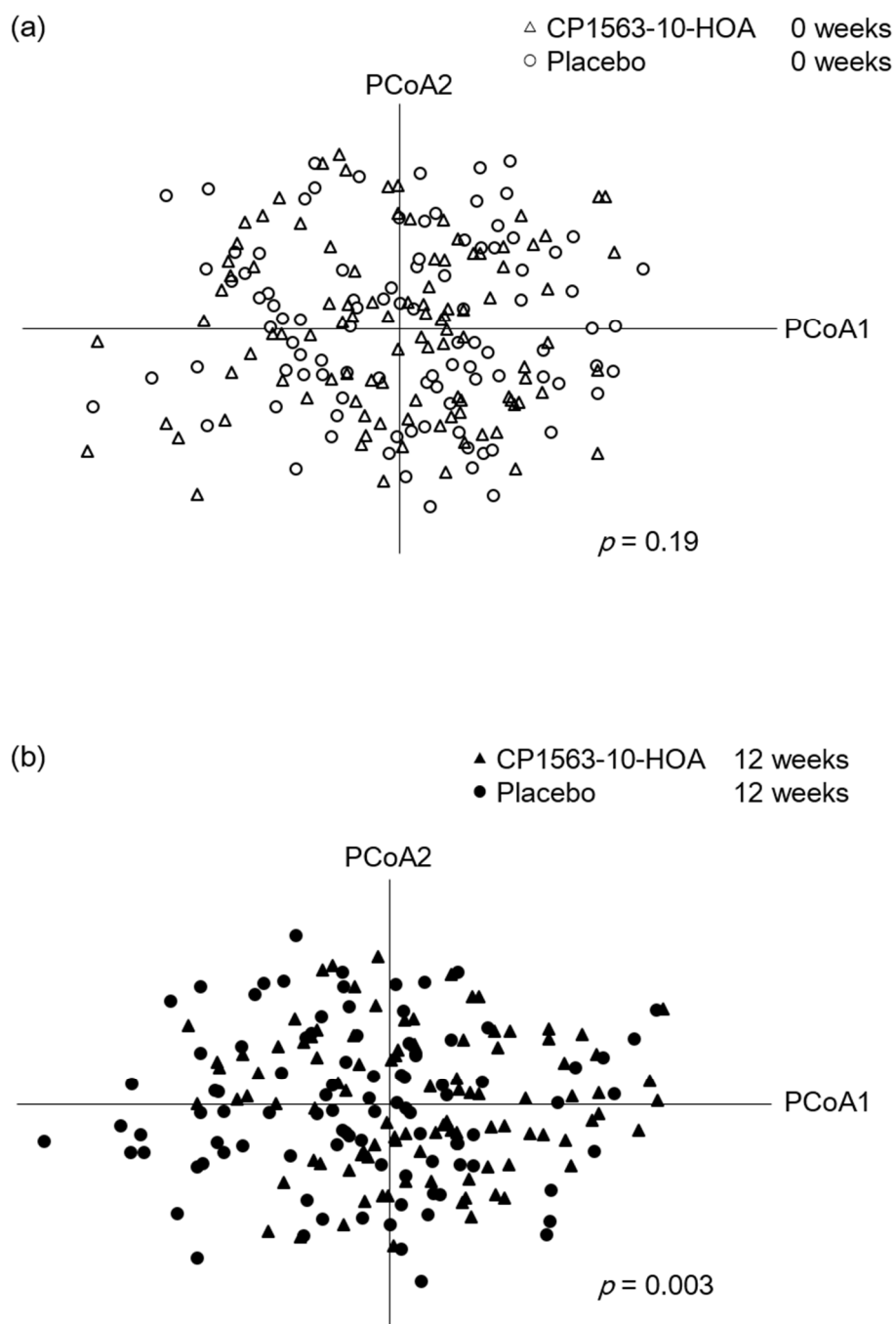


Figure S2. Plots of the placebo and CP1563-10-HOA groups at 0 (a) and 12 (b) weeks were visualized by principal coordinate analysis (PCoA) based on the unweighted UniFrac distance (the CP1563-10-HOA group at 0 weeks: $n=83$, at 12 weeks: $n=82$; the placebo group at 0 weeks: $n=84$, at 12 weeks: $n=83$). The p values were calculated by permutational MANOVA based on the unweighted UniFrac distance.

Table S3. Components of the fecal microbiota at the genus level.

Genus	Composition (%)
<i>Blautia</i>	19.5 ± 0.5
<i>Bifidobacterium</i>	10.3 ± 0.6
<i>Faecalibacterium</i>	10.7 ± 0.5
<i>Coprococcus</i>	9.1 ± 0.3
<i>Lachnospiraceae</i> ;g_[<i>Ruminococcus</i>]	6.3 ± 0.3
<i>Lachnospiraceae</i> ;g	5.7 ± 0.2
<i>Roseburia</i>	5.8 ± 0.4
<i>Bacteroides</i>	5.5 ± 0.4
<i>Streptococcus</i>	2.6 ± 0.2
<i>Ruminococcus</i>	2.6 ± 0.2
<i>Dorea</i>	2.2 ± 0.1
<i>Erysipelotrichaceae</i> ;g_[<i>Eubacterium</i>]	1.3 ± 0.2
<i>Lachnospiraceae</i> ; Other	1.3 ± 0.1
<i>Butyricoccus</i>	1.1 ± 0.1
<i>Collinsella</i>	1.1 ± 0.1

Values are the mean ± SEM (n=332).

Table S4. Summary of the characteristics of subjects and gut microbial composition of this study at week 0 and other studies.

	CP1563-10-HOA	Placebo	Nishijima et al. [1]	Hisada et al. [2]	Oki et al. [3]
BMI (kg/m ²)	27	27	22	25	22
Age (years)	44	42	32	38	52
Genus (%)					
<i>Blautia</i>	21.9 ± 1.2	18.4 ± 1.0	16.7	14.8	4.4
<i>Bifidobacterium</i>	8.0 ± 1.1	11.8 ± 1.4	17.9	4.6	2.8
<i>Faecalibacterium</i>	10.9 ± 1.0	9.4 ± 0.7	5.8	5.3	7.5
<i>Coprococcus</i>	9.5 ± 0.8	9.9 ± 0.8	1.4	1.4	2.2
<i>Lachnospiraceae</i> ;g_[<i>Ruminococcus</i>]	6.5 ± 0.6	7.0 ± 0.7	-	-	0.4
<i>Lachnospiraceae</i> ;g	4.7 ± 0.4	6.5 ± 0.5	-	-	0.4
<i>Roseburia</i>	5.7 ± 0.7	6.2 ± 0.8	2.2	1	1.2
<i>Bacteroides</i>	5.8 ± 0.6	3.3 ± 0.5	11.4	17.7	28.2
<i>Streptococcus</i>	3.0 ± 0.5	2.4 ± 0.5	2.2	2.5	1.1
<i>Ruminococcus</i>	2.3 ± 0.3	2.8 ± 0.4	5.6	7.1	3.3
<i>Dorea</i>	2.3 ± 0.3	2.3 ± 0.2	2.1	1.4	0.7
<i>Erysipelotrichaceae</i> ;g_[<i>Eubacterium</i>]	1.6 ± 0.4	1.1 ± 0.3	-	-	0.6
<i>Lachnospiraceae</i> ; Other	1.2 ± 0.2	1.3 ± 0.1	-	-	6.5
<i>Butyrivicoccus</i>	1.1 ± 0.1	1.3 ± 0.1	-	-	0.01
<i>Collinsella</i>	1.0 ± 0.1	1.3 ± 0.2	3.0	2.7	0.6

Values of characteristics of subjects are the mean. Values of gut microbial composition are the mean ± SEM (this study) or the mean (other studies).

References

1. Nishijima, S.; Suda, W.; Oshima, K.; Kim, S.W.; Hirose, Y.; Morita, H.; Hattori, M. The gut microbiome of healthy Japanese and its microbial and functional uniqueness. *DNA Res.* **2016**, *23*, 125-133, doi:10.1093/dnares/dsw002.
2. Hisada, T.; Endoh, K.; Kuriki, K. Inter- and intra-individual variations in seasonal and daily stabilities of the human gut microbiota in Japanese. *Arch. Microbiol.* **2015**, *197*, 919-934, doi:10.1007/s00203-015-1125-0.
3. Oki, K.; Toyama, M.; Banno, T.; Chonan, O.; Benno, Y.; Watanabe, K. Comprehensive analysis of the fecal microbiota of healthy Japanese adults reveals a new bacterial lineage associated with a phenotype characterized by a high frequency of bowel movements and a lean body type. *BMC Microbiol.* **2016**, *16*, 284, doi:10.1186/s12866-016-0898-x.