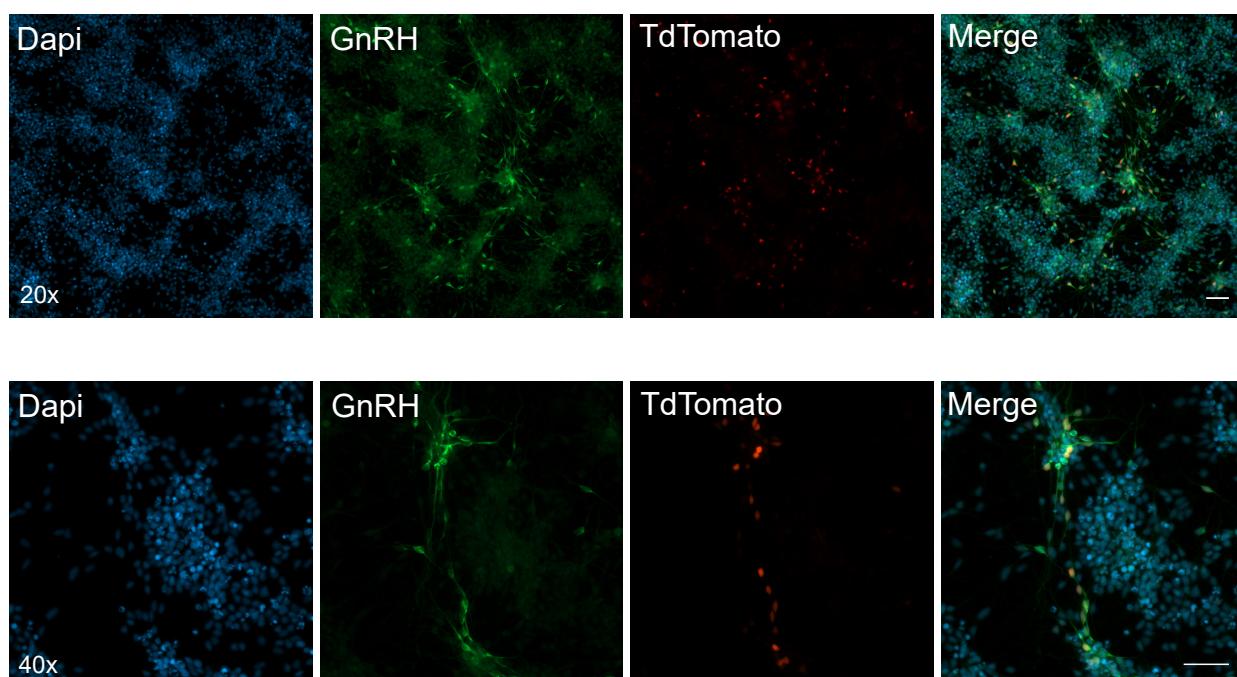


## Supplementary Information

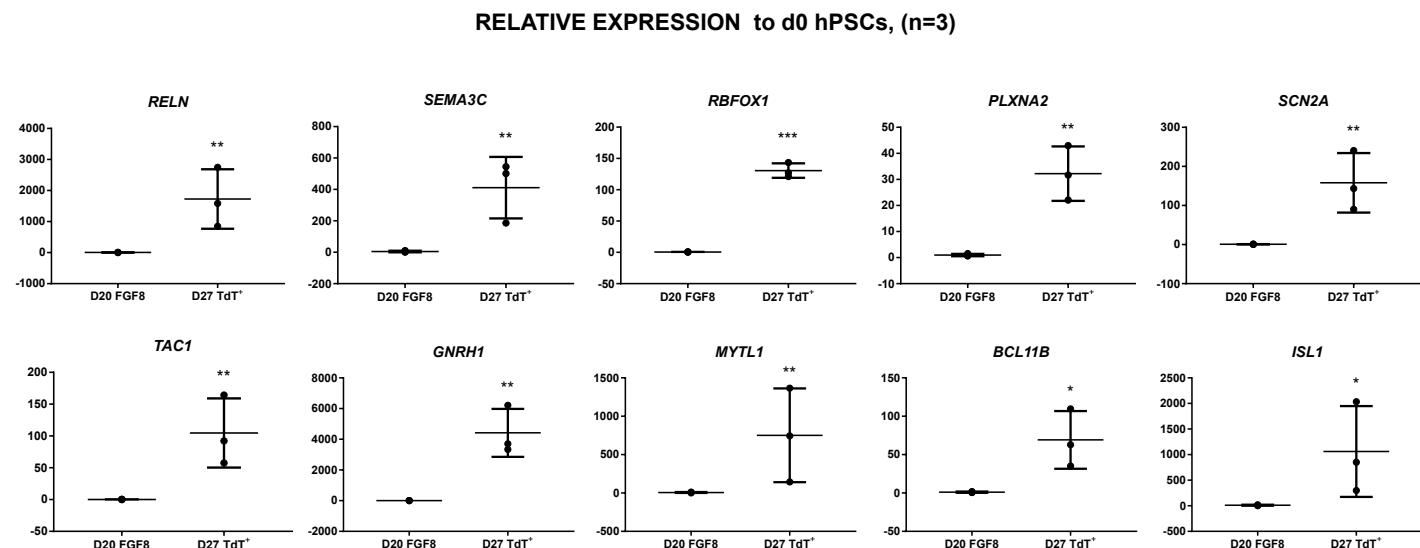
Figure S1



**Figure S1. Validation of the H9 hESC reporter clone by immunocytochemistry.**

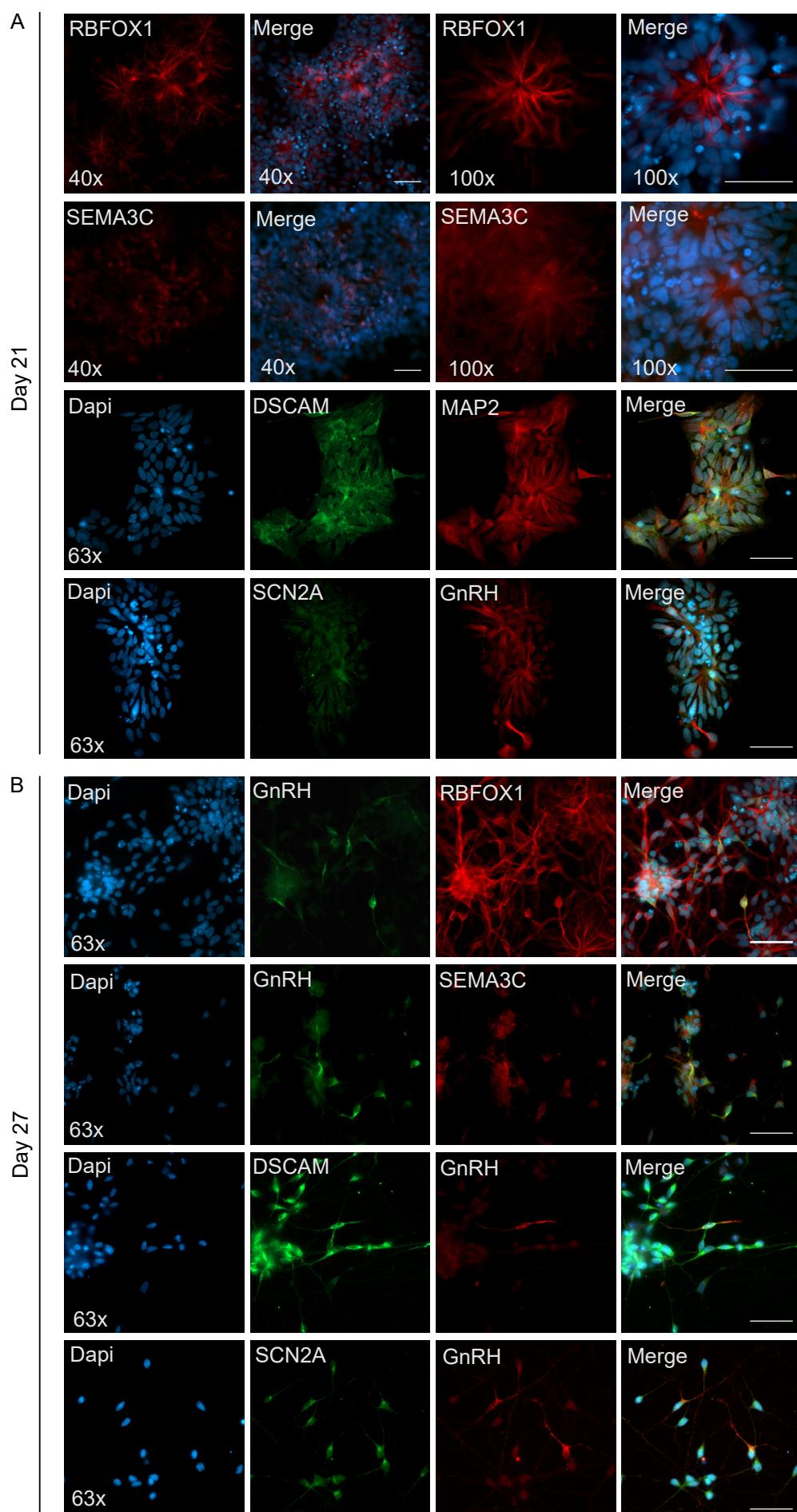
The GnRH-TdTomato reporter generation was repeated in H9 hESCs. The successful clone "C11" was immunostained with anti-GnRH (Sheep) after differentiation to GnRH neurons. At day 25 of differentiation, anti-GnRH coincides with TdTomato. Scale bars indicate 50 µm. Related to Figure 1A-D.

Figure S2

**Figure S2. Validation of the RNA sequencing results by qPCR.**

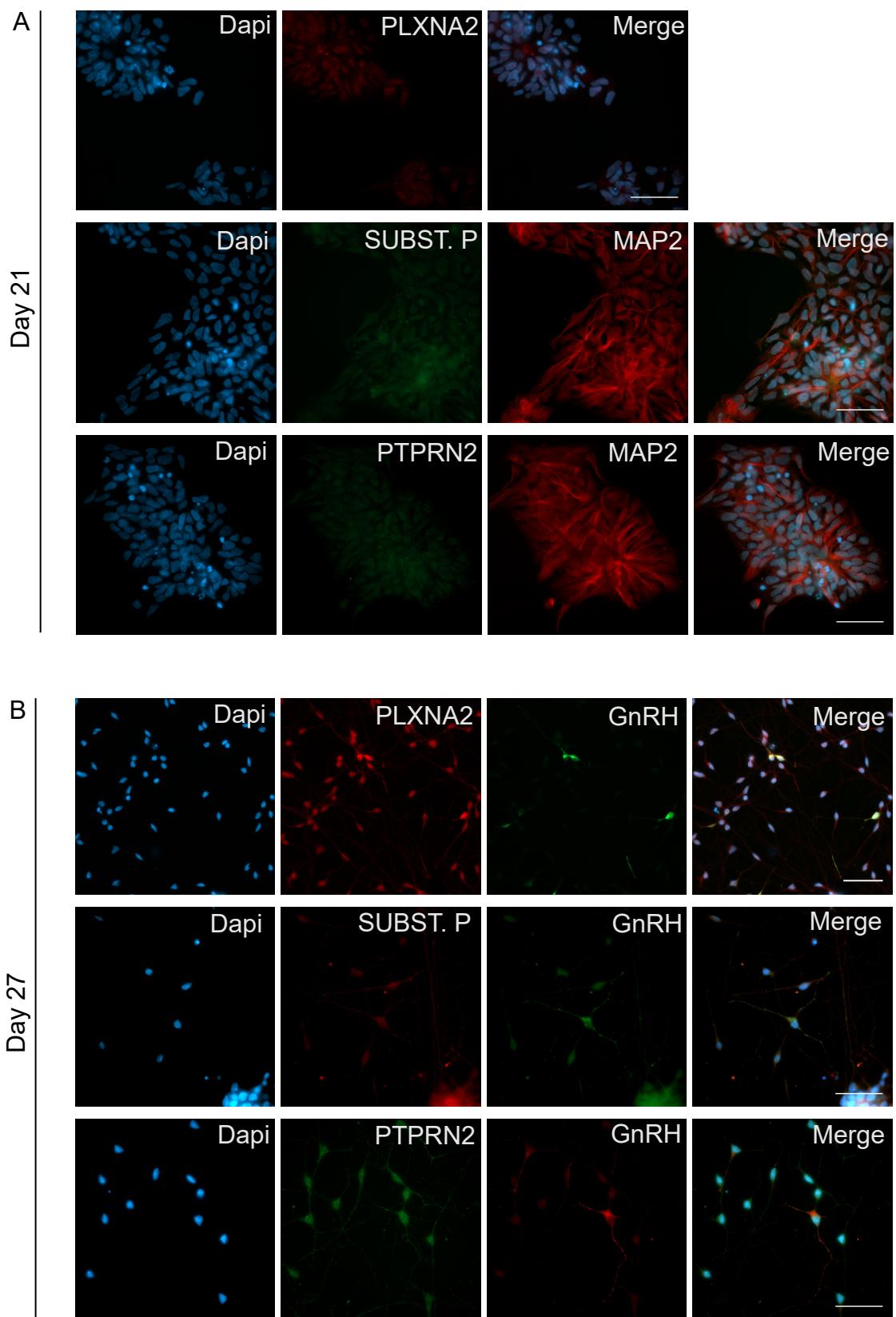
We performed qPCR of 10 genes that were within the top 50 most upregulated genes in Figure 2 C. Samples from D20 FGF8 neuronal progenitors, and D27 TdT<sup>+</sup> neurons were collected from 3 independent experiments. *RELN*, *SEMA3C*, *RBFOX1*, *PLXNA2*, *SCN2A*, *TAC1*, and *GNRH1*, and transcription factors *MYTL1*, *BCL11B*, and *ISL1* exhibited increased relative expression in D27 TdT<sup>+</sup> neurons, in accordance with the results in differential expression analysis 1. Statistical significance (ratio paired t-test) indicated as \* ( $P \leq 0.05$ ), \*\* ( $P \leq 0.01$ ), and \*\*\* ( $P \leq 0.001$ ). Related to Figure 2 C.

Figure S3

**Figure S3. Immunocytochemical validation of differentially expressed genes.**

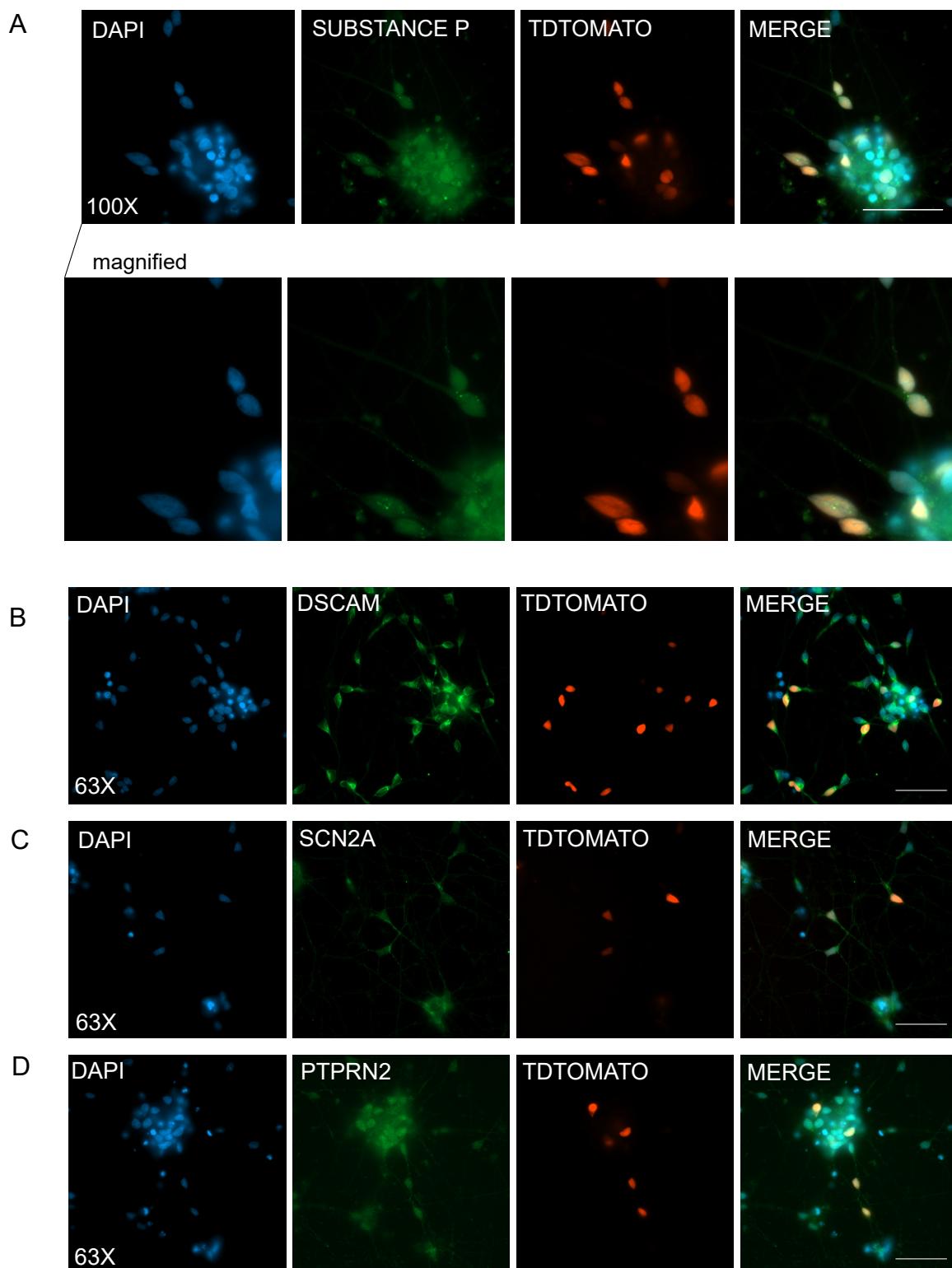
Immunocytochemistry at D21 of anti-RBFOX1 and -SEMA3C with nuclear staining by Dapi using 40x and 100x objectives (A, two top rows). DSCAM and SCN2A were stained together with neuronal specific anti-MAP2 and imaged using 63x objective (A, bottom rows). At D27, differentiated neuronal cultures were stained together with anti-GnRH (B). These stainings showed more abundant signal for RBFOX1, SEMA3C, DSCAM and SCN2A. Scale bars indicate 50 µm.

Figure S4

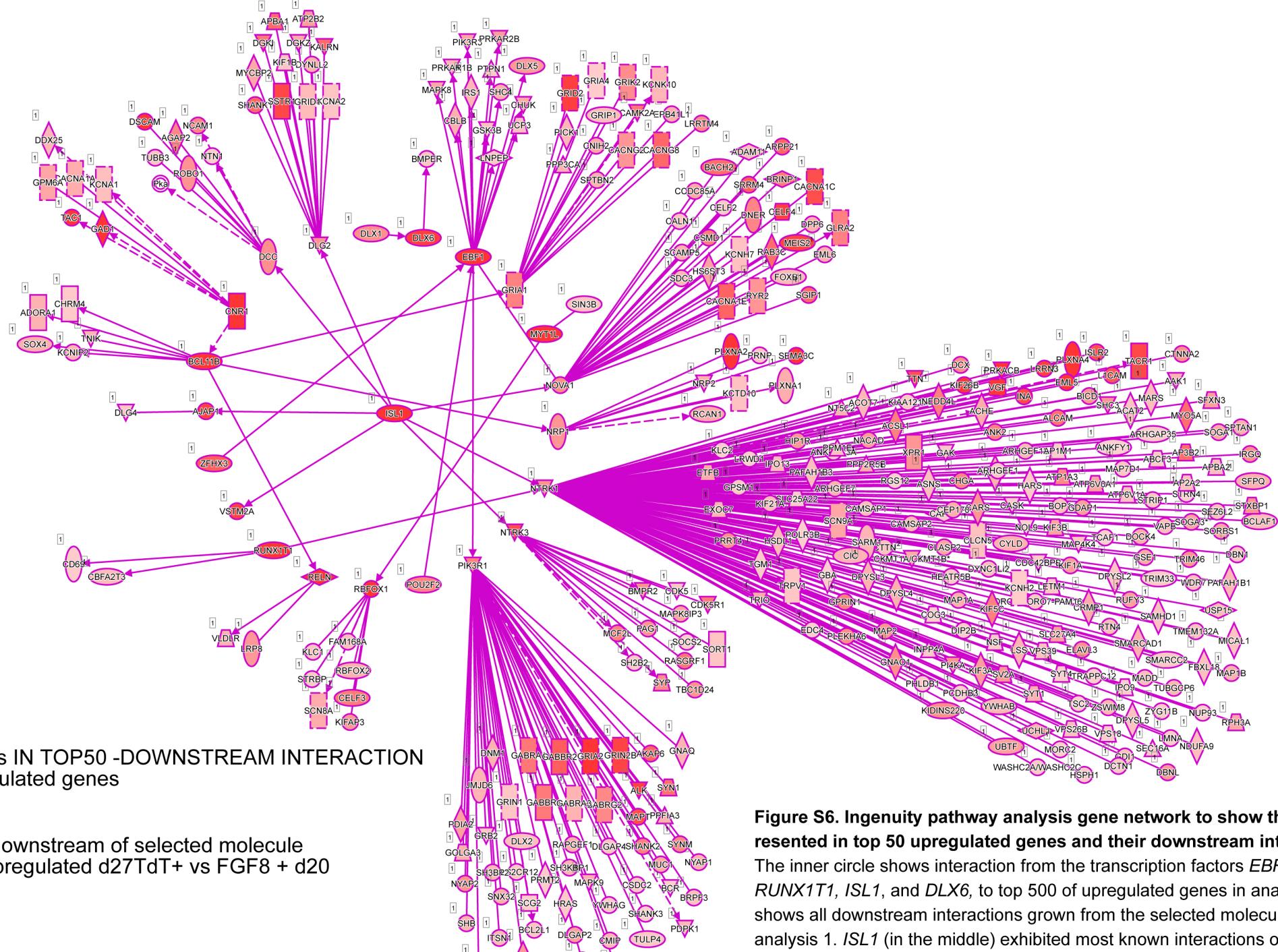
**Figure S4. Immunocytochemical validation of differentially expressed genes.**

Continuation of validation as described in Figure S3. Stainings were performed with antibodies for PLXNA2, Substance P (TAC1 isoform), and PTPRN2 (mature form). At day 21 Substance P and PTPRN2 were stained together with neuronal specific anti-MAP2 (A). At day 27 PLXNA2, Substance P, and PTPRN2 were stained together with anti-GnRH (B). Scale bars indicate 50 µm.

Figure S5

**Figure S5. Immunocytochemical validation of differentially expressed genes in the GnRH-TdTomato reporter cell line.**

For additional validation, we performed immunocytochemistry of Substance P (A), DSCAM (B) SCN2A (C), and PTPRN2 (D) also in the reporter cell line (TdTomato) at day 27. Stainings have been repeated at least once (N=2 (day 21) and N=3 (day 27)). Scale bars indicate 50  $\mu$ m.

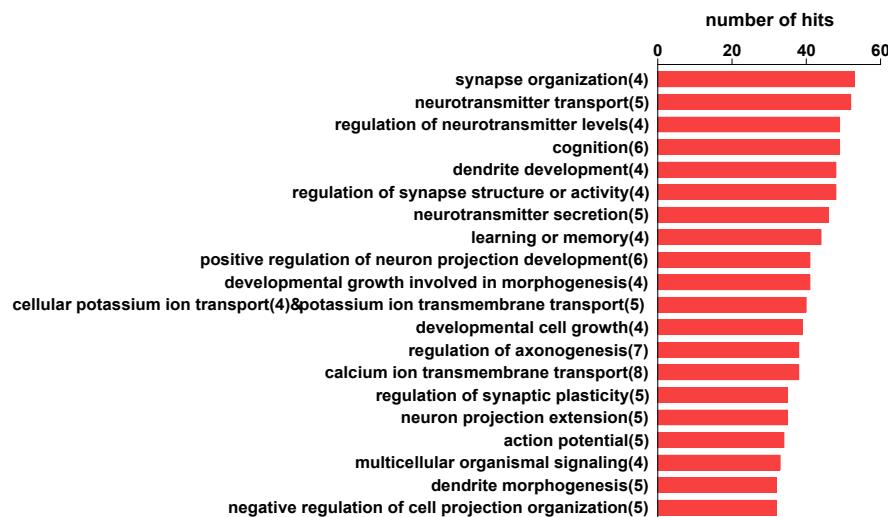


**Figure S6. Ingenuity pathway analysis gene network to show the transcription factors represented in top 50 upregulated genes and their downstream interactions within the data.**  
 The inner circle shows interaction from the transcription factors *EBF1*, *MYTL1*, *BCL11B*, *RUNX1T1*, *ISL1*, and *DLX6*, to top 500 of upregulated genes in analysis 1. The outer circle shows all downstream interactions grown from the selected molecules that are represented in analysis 1. *ISL1* (in the middle) exhibited most known interactions of the 6 transcription factors that were studied in this context. Related to Figure 2 G.

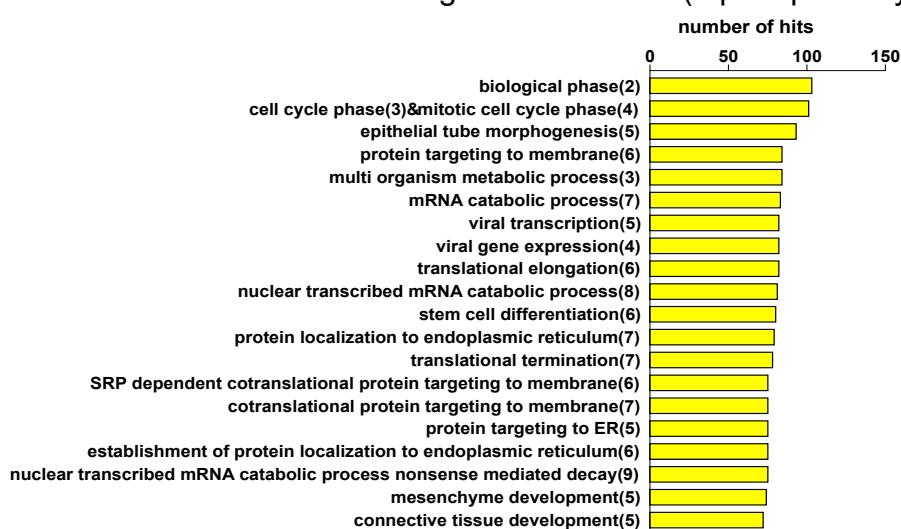
Figure S7

## Analysis 3 D27 TdT+ vs D20FGF8-non-treat

## upregulated GO - BP (top 20 pathways)



## downregulated GO - BP (top 20 pathways)

**Figure S7. Over-representation analysis of differentially expressed genes in D27TdT+ vs D20FGF8nt.**

The terms represent 'GO - Biological processes' that were over-represented in the upregulated (upper panel) and downregulated (lower genes) genes in analysis 3. 'Upregulated' refers to higher expression in TdTTomato + cells, and 'downregulated' the opposite. The top 20 significantly over-represented pathways are shown ( $p\text{-value} < 0.005$ ). Number of hits = number of genes per pathway that are represented in the gene lists. Related to Figure 5, Analysis 3.

**Table S1. Differentially expressed genes at D25 between TdTomato-positive and -negative cell pool.** Related to Figure 1F.[Click here to Download Table S1](#)**Table S2. Top 50 upregulated and downregulated genes (D27TdT vs D20FGF8).** Related to Figure 2 C.[Click here to Download Table S2](#)**Table S3. Puberty and GnRH neuron development-associated genes that have been described in previous publications.**

Genes differentially expressed (in top 50 up-/downregulated genes, Figure 2 C), reported in association with human puberty timing/development ('Puberty'), or GnRH neurons / OP ('GnRH neurons') in human or animal studies. See Supplementary references.

<u>UPREGULATED↑</u>	<u>PUBERTY</u>	<u>GnRH NEURON</u>
<i>RELN</i>	Lintas and Persico, 2010 (1)	-
<i>TAC1</i>	Simalvi et al., 2015 (2, )	Maguire et al., 2017 (3)
<i>GRIA2</i>	-	Vastagh et al., 2016 (4)
<i>GNRH1</i>	Day et al., 2017 (5, )	Wray et al., 1989 (6)
<i>EBF1</i>	-	Chung et al., 2008, Kramer et al., 2000 (7, 8)
<i>SEMA6D</i>	Day et al., 2017 (5)	-
<i>BCL11B</i>	Day et al., 2017 (5)	-
<i>PRKACB</i>	-	Vastagh et al., 2016 (4)
<i>GAD2</i>	Witchel et al., 2009, Kokay et al., 2011 (9, 10)	Kokay et al., 2011 (10)
<i>KCNMA1</i>	-	Nishimura et al., 2008 (11)
<i>GAD1</i>	-	(10)
<i>ISL1</i>	-	Burger et al., 2018, Aguillon et al., 2018 (12, 13)
<i>SLC35F4</i>	-	Burger et al., 2018 (12)
<i>VGF</i>	Pinilla et al., 2011 (14)	-
<i>PTPRN</i>	Yang et al., 2018 (15)	-

<b>DOWNREGULATED</b>	<b>PUBERTY</b>	<b>GNRH NEURON</b>
<b>NOTCH1</b>	Quaynor et al., 2016 (16)	-
<b>SOX3</b>	Kim et al., 2018 (17)	-
<b>ASPM</b>	Passemond et al., 2009 (18)	-
<b>AXL</b>	Salian-Mehta et al., 2014 (19, 20)	Salian-Mehta et al., 2013 (20)
<b>GLI3</b>	Burger et al., 2018 (12), Quaynor et al., 2016 (16)	Burger et al., 2018 (12)
<b>HMG A2</b>	Zhu et al., 2010 (21)	Burger et al., 2018 (12)
<b>SOX2</b>	Jayakody et al., 2012 (22)	-
<b>SPARC</b>	-	Provenzano et al., 2010 (23)

**Table S4.** References from which all the pathway findings were collected (IPA ,Qiagen). Related to Figure 2 E, F, and G.

[Click here to Download Table S4](#)

**Table S5.** Primers used for qPCR presented in Figure S2. Related to Figure 2C.

Gene		Primers (5'-3')
<i>RELN</i>	Forward:	AGTGTCACTTGGATTTCCTACC
	Reverse:	GGTCAGCACAGATCTCAGG
<i>SEMA3C</i>	Forward:	AATCTGGAAAAGGACGCTGC
	Reverse:	TCAGTTCTGACCGCATTCT
<i>RBFOX1</i>	Forward:	ATGCCACAGCACGTAAATGA
	Reverse:	AGACTGCACCCACAATGGATT
<i>PLXNA2</i>	Forward:	GCAGGCAGACAGGCACAGCA
	Reverse:	ACAGAGAGGCAGGCGTCCGT
<i>SCN2A</i>	Forward:	GGTTTATTGTGAGCCTTAG
	Reverse:	CTTGAAACTCGGAGCAGCCG
<i>TAC1</i>	Forward:	GCGACCAGATCAAGGAGGAAC
	Reverse:	AAAGAACTGCTGAGGCTTGGG
<i>GNRH1</i>	Forward:	TGCCCAAGTTCTCTTCAAT
	Reverse:	GTCAACTGGCAGAAACCAA
<i>ISL1</i>	Forward:	GC GGAGTGTAATCAGTATTGG
	Reverse:	GCATTTGATCCGTACAACCT
<i>BCL11B</i>	Forward:	TCTCGGGTGACGGGACTCA
	Reverse:	AAGGGCTGCTGCATGTTGTG
<i>MYT1L</i>	Forward:	AGAGAGCAAGTGTCCAACCC
	Reverse:	CTGTTGCTGTTGACATGCC

**Table S6. Antibodies used in Figure S3, 4, and 5.** Related to Figure 2 C.

Name	ANTIBODY	CAT NO.	COMPANY	DILUTION
RBFOX1	Mouse recombinant A2BP1	NBP2-13169SS	NOVUS BIOLOGICALS	1:125
SEMA3C	Human/Mouse Semaphorin 3C Antibody(RAT)	MAB1728	R&D SYSTEMS	1:500
PLXNA2	Anti-Plexin A2 antibody (RABBIT)	ab39357	Abcam	1:500
SCN2A	Anti-SCN2A (Na <sub>v</sub> 1.2) (RABBIT)	ASC-002	alomone labs	1:200
PTPRN2	Anti-PTPRN2 (RABBIT)	HPA006900	Atlas antibodies	1:300
SUBSTANCE P (TAC1)	Anti-Substance P (GUINEA PIG)	ab10353	Abcam	1:200
DSCAM	Anti-DSCAM (RABBIT)	HPA0193224	Atlas antibodies	
MAP2	Anti-MAP2 (CHICKEN)	CH22103	NEUROMICS	1:1000
GnRH	Anti-GnRH (SHEEP)	#2000	gift from Prof. Erik Hrabovzky (PMID:25713511)	1:4000
GnRH	Anti-GnRH (GUINEA PIG)	#1018	gift from Prof. Erik Hrabovzky(PMID: 22654828)	1:16000
<b>Secondary antibody</b>				
Donkey-anti-sheep	Antibody-CF™488	SAB4600038	SIGMA	1:1000
Donkey-anti-guine pig	Antibody-CF™594	SAB4600096	SIGMA	1:1000
Donkey-anti-guine pig	Antibody-CF™488	SAB4600033	SIGMA	1:1000
Donkey-anti-mouse	Alexa Fluor 594	A21203	Invitrogen by Thermo Fisher Scientific	1:500
Goat-anti-chicken	Alexa Fluor 594	A11042	Invitrogen by Thermo Fisher Scientific	1:500
Donkey-anti-rabbit	Alexa Fluor 594	A21207	Invitrogen by Thermo Fisher Scientific	1:500
Donkey-anti-rabbit	Alexa Fluor 488	A21206	Invitrogen by Thermo Fisher Scientific	1:500
Donkey anti-rat	Alexa Fluor 594	A21209	Invitrogen by Thermo Fisher Scientific	1:500

**Table S7. All overlapping genes upregulated or downregulated in both analyses 2 and 3.** Related to Figure 5.

[Click here to Download Table S7](#)

**Table S8. References from which all the pathway findings were collected (IPA ,Qiagen).** Related to Figures 5 D, and E.

[Click here to Download Table S8](#)

## Supplementary Materials and Methods

The background information on how the genome editing to generate a reporter into the *GNRH1* gene of human pluripotent stem cells was planned. Related to Figure 1 and Materials and Methods in the main text.

### 1. Design of GNRH1 reporter cell line, genome editing by CRISPR-Cas9

*GNRH1* Genomic sequence:

Homo sapiens gonadotropin-releasing hormone 1 (luteinizing-releasing hormone) (*GNRH1*), RefSeqGene on chromosome 8

NCBI Reference Sequence: NG\_016457.1

[GenBank Graphics](#)

>gi|285026423:5001-10783 Homo sapiens gonadotropin-releasing hormone 1 (luteinizing-releasing hormone) (*GNRH1*), RefSeqGene on chromosome 8

**Bold** = exon

**Stop codon**

```

AATTCTCATTTCTGTTCCACTGCCCTAACAGTGATTCGATATTAACCAATAAGCATCTACTG
AAATGAGTTGATCTGTTGATGTAAGTCTGCTCAATATGGCTTGCTCTCAGAATATGTTCTTGCCTTT
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ACACAACGTCTGATTTAGGATCCTACATGGACTGGTATATAGTGTCACTTACTTGTAAATCAGATTTT
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CCAAGGCCAGAAGCTCCCAGACATCTGACTCAATGTCCTATATTGTTGATAGCCCTCTTGGA
GTTATGTATGCATTGACTTCACTTAATCTAACAGACATCTATTTCCTTGAACTCTTGATAGGTCTGCTGG
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AGAAAAGTCACAGTACTCAACCTACTTCAGGGAAAGATTGGGATCTTTGGCTCTGCCCTAAACAG
GTAAAAGGCTTTGATTATTCTAGCACGAGTTTCTTCTTGAATTGCACTGCTATTGTATGTCTACAG
GGCATTTGACAGCCAAGGGCTAAATCAGGTGTACGGTATCTAACAGTGTCTGCTCTCAGTGTCC
TGCCATCACAGGCCACAGAGATCCAGGCTTGGGACTCCCACAGCTTATCGACCAGTGTGATTAGT
TTTAGCCTCTTCCCATCAAATGAAAATTAACTTGGAGACACATTCTATTAGAAAATTAGAGGCCCT
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 TTCTTACTGTCCTCATTATCTCAGATCCCCATGCCATTCACTAGAAATGTCAGATGGCAGATCTGTGTC  
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 ATCCCTTAACCTGTGATCGCCACCTCGGCCCTCCAAAGTGCTGGGATTACAGGCATGAGCCACCA  
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 G AGGGTTGGACTGAGACCA  
 AAAAATAATAGAGTGTTCATCTGCTTGATCTGTTGGTTGCATTAAAGAAACACAATGGAGTACAGACAGACCGTTGGAGATGGG  
 ACTCTATTGTCCTATGTCCTT

## 2. RNA guide oligo

"Guide 3:"

5'- GTGGAAAGGACGAAACACCg **GAAGAAGATT****TAAATCCATT** gtttagagctaGAAAtag  
-3'

### 3. Homologous arms

Primers designed for H9 GDNA cloning of homologous arms:

5ha_GNRH1_BamH1_F	<b>gcatGGATCC<sup>BamH1</sup></b> <b>TCACCTCCTTCCTCACAACTCATCC</b>	TM 62.2
5ha_GNRH1_NheI_R	<b>gcga GCTAGC</b> <b>AATCTTCTCTGCCAGTTCCCTCTTC</b> (GAA GAG GAA ACT GGG CAG AAG AAG ATT <u>GCTAGC<sup>NheI</sup></u> tcge <sup>overhang</sup> )	TM 63.7
3ha-GnRH1-Ascl-Fw:	<b>gcat GGCGCGCC<sup>Ascl</sup></b>	TM
3ha-GnRH1-XbaI-Rv:	<b>AGAAGGAATGACCATTACTAACATGAC</b> gcatt TCTAGA AGATTGCGTGGGACCAGAAG (Reverse: <u>CTTCTGGTCCCACGCAATCT</u> <u>TCTAGA<sup>XbaI</sup></u> )	59.2 TM60.0

### 4. Primers: Detection of Donor template introduction

Design of primers for insertion detection

#### Primer pair 1:

Forward : **CCACGCCAGCCTATTCCTTT**

Reverse (compliment): **gatgacctcctcgcccttgc**

#### Primer pair 2:

Forward : **ggtccctcgaagagggtcac**

Reverse (compliment): **CGGTCTGTCTGTACTCCATTGT**

#### Gnrh1 sequence

Donor template integrated correctly

GCAATCAGAAGGCATTACAGTTAATGATCAGTTATGCCCTAGGAGCTGGAAAGCCCCAATAAATCATATATAAAAATAAGCTGTAATTTAA  
TTGTCTACAGTGACTTCACTTAATATACCCACAGAACAAAGAAAAAGTGGCAGACGTCGTTATTCCTTTTCGTTTTGGAGTGC  
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GAGCCACCACACTGGACTAATTTGTATTTAGAGATGGGTTTACCATGTTGGCCAGGATGGTCTCAATCCCTAACCTTGTGAT  
CCGCCACCTCGGCCTCCAAAGTGTGGGATTACAGGCATGAGCCA**CCACGCCAGCCTATTCCTTT**CTTTTCTAAT  
CTTGCTTAUTGCATTACAAAATGGCAAGCAGTGAATTTGTCAAACATGACATTATGAAGAAATTGAAGCAAAGGCTGGTTAATAGCAAA  
GTAATTGACCAGACTTTTT**TCACCTCCTCACAACTCATCCTAAACTATTAATGTAGATTTATGTATATTAAGTGCTT**  
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TTAGAAATTAAAATGTCAAATGTAATGAAATTCACTAGCTGGTAAAGTCAGTCTTGATATTTGTTATATATTTCAGGAAA  
GTCTGATTGAAGAGGAAACT**GGCGAGAAGAGATT\_GCTAGCGTCGAC**ggctccggagagggcagaggaagtctgtaacatgcggtgacg  
tcgaggagaatcctggccaATCGATGGTccaaaaaaaagaagagaaaggtaTTCGATGGTccaaaaaaaagaagagaaaggtaTTCGATtggtga**gca**

AATTTATAACCCATTAACCTGTAAATGGTATGAATTCAGAAATCCTACACCAAGTTGCACATATTCCATAATAAAGT

GCTGTGTTGTGAATGAAGTGGCATACCTGTTAAATCTTCTCCAACTCAGAACCTCCGGGGGAAGGATCACTGTAAACCCA  
CCAAAGGGAGGCCCTCCATGTGTATACAGGTGGCAGATGGGAGGGCAGGTAAAGATAAAAGTGTCTGTTGACA  
GGATCTCAGGCTCTCCAGCACCCATACCCCTGCATCTACCCACAAGCAGAACAGCCACATACTGGTCAGCCAGAAAAAG  
CTGATTCTAGCTCAGTTCTGGGATTATAACTTATCTTCGACCATACTCTTCAAGGTTGAGGTGGGCCACGGCA  
AGGCTTCTTCCACTTGGAAAGAAGTCCCTCCCTGATCGTCTCCAAACCCCTTGAAGTTACTGGAACCCAAATGAG  
GCCTGGGGTAAGGAGAGGGGGCCTCAAGGACTCCTAGTCCAGCGCTCTGGTCCCACGCAATCTaTCCAAGTGG

TGCACACTGAGGGTTGGGACTGAGACCTAaaaaataatAGAGTGTTCATCTGCTTGATCTGTTGGTTGCATTAAAGAAC**ACAA**

**TGGAGTACAGACAGACCG**TTGGAGATGGGACTCTATTGTTCTATGTCCCCT

## 5. PCR detection on homologous arms integration into GDNA in GNRH1, (Figure 1 B)

Touchdown PCR of GNRH1 homology arms						
	1x (uL)	13x	Thermal cycle	5p	3p	
5x HF buffer	4,0	52,0	1x	98°C	98°C	3'
dNTPS(2.5mM)	1,6	20,8	8x	98°C	98°C	10"
DMSO(100%)	0,2	2,6	down 0.5°C/cycle	73-69°C	67-63°C	30"
Fw(10uM)	1,0	13,0		72°C	72°C	20"
Rv(10uM)	1,0	13,0	30x	98°C	98°C	10"
Phusion	0,2	2,6		69°C	63°C	30"
Betaine	4,0	52,0		72°C	72°C	20"
H2O	7,0	91,0	1x	72°C	72°C	8'
DNA	1,0					
TOTAL	20,0	á 19				

## Supplementary references

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