

Supplemental Figure 3 4h NaCl 4h Zymosan **β-Actin β-Actin** MFI (A_{2B}) merge merge 4h Zymosan + AMD3100 4h Zymosan + CCX771 4h Zvmosan 4h CCX771 AMD3100 **β-Actin β-Actin**

Supplemental Figure 3. Effects of the CXCR4 and CXCR7 blockade on epithelial integrity of human intestinal cell line CaCo2. A) Expression of occludin (OCLDN; green) and B) tight junction protein 1 (TJP1; green) in human epithelial CaCo2 cells (β-Actin; red) four hours after NaCl or zymosan with or without AMD3100 or CCX771 (63x original magnification). Images are representatives of n=3 experiments. C) Fluorescence intensity of occludin and TJP1 was measured at indicated conditions by using ImageJ (n=8-12). D) TJP1 expression and the effects of CXCR4 and CXCR7 inhibition without and after adenosine receptor A_{2B} knock down was evaluated (n=6-8). E) The inflammation-related release of human IL8 from CaCo2 cells (n=6-8) and F) the effects of A_{2B} -siRNA were determined in cell supernatants at indicated conditions (n=4-8). G) Presentation of the surface expression of A_{2B} (green) in human CaCo2 cells (β-Actin; red) at indicated conditions (63x original magnification). Image are representatives of n=3 experiments. Fluorescence intensity was measured by using ImageJ (n=8-12). For statistical analysis, one-way ANOVA was used with Bonferroni post hoc test. Data are presented as box and whisker graph with error bars indicating the range from minimum to maximum value; * p<0.05; *** p<0.01; **** p<0.001.