

Cell Reports, Volume 30

Supplemental Information

Early B Cell Factor Activity Controls

Developmental and Adaptive Thermogenic

Gene Programming in Adipocytes

Anthony R. Angueira, Suzanne N. Shapira, Jeff Ishibashi, Samay Sampat, Jaimarie Sostre-Colón, Matthew J. Emmett, Paul M. Titchenell, Mitchell A. Lazar, Hee-Woong Lim, and Patrick Seale

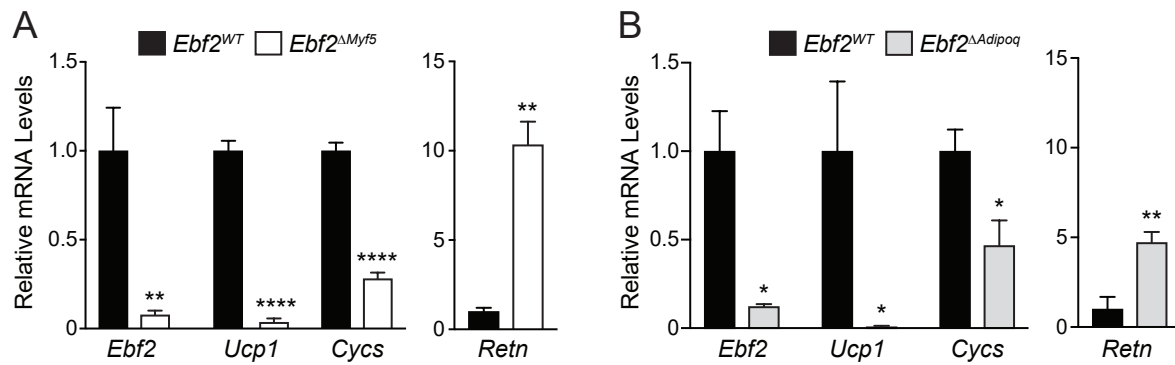


Figure S1. Adipocyte-EBF2 controls thermogenic gene expression during BAT development (Related to Fig.1)

A, B) Relative mRNA levels of *Ebf2*, brown fat genes (*Ucp1*, *Cyts*) and the white adipocyte marker *Retn* in embryonic BAT (E17-E19) from: **(A)** *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔMyf5}; and **(B)** *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice. (n= 3-6 mice per group; Mean±SEM).

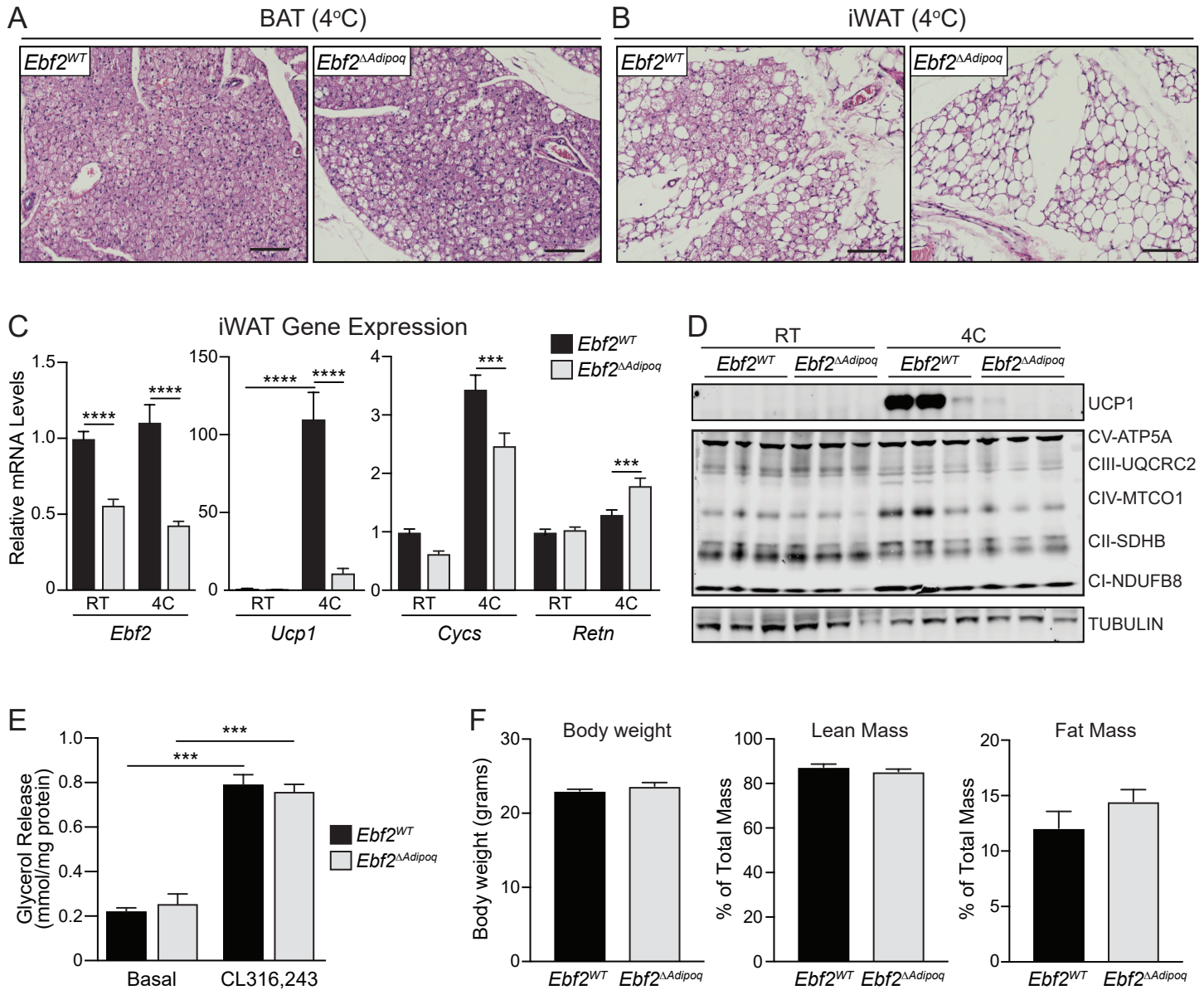


Figure S2. EBF2 is required for cold-induced beiging of inguinal WAT (Related to Fig. 2).

A,B Hematoxylin and eosin staining of BAT (**A**) and inguinal WAT (iWAT, **B**) from *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice following exposure to 4°C for 1 week (Scale Bar=100 μm).

C Relative mRNA levels of *Ebf2*, brown fat genes (*Ucp1*, *Cysc*) and the white adipocyte marker *Retn* in iWAT from *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice housed at room temperature (RT) or following cold exposure (4°C) for 1 week (n=9-11 mice per group; Mean±SEM).

D Western Blot analysis of UCP1 and mitochondrial respiratory chain components in iWAT from *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice housed at RT or exposed to 4°C for 1 week.

E Glycerol release (lipolysis) from eWAT of *Ebf2*^{WT} (n=4) and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} (n=6) mice (Mean±SEM).

F Body weight and composition (NMR) of *Ebf2*^{WT} (n=4) and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} (n=6) housed at RT (Mean±SEM).

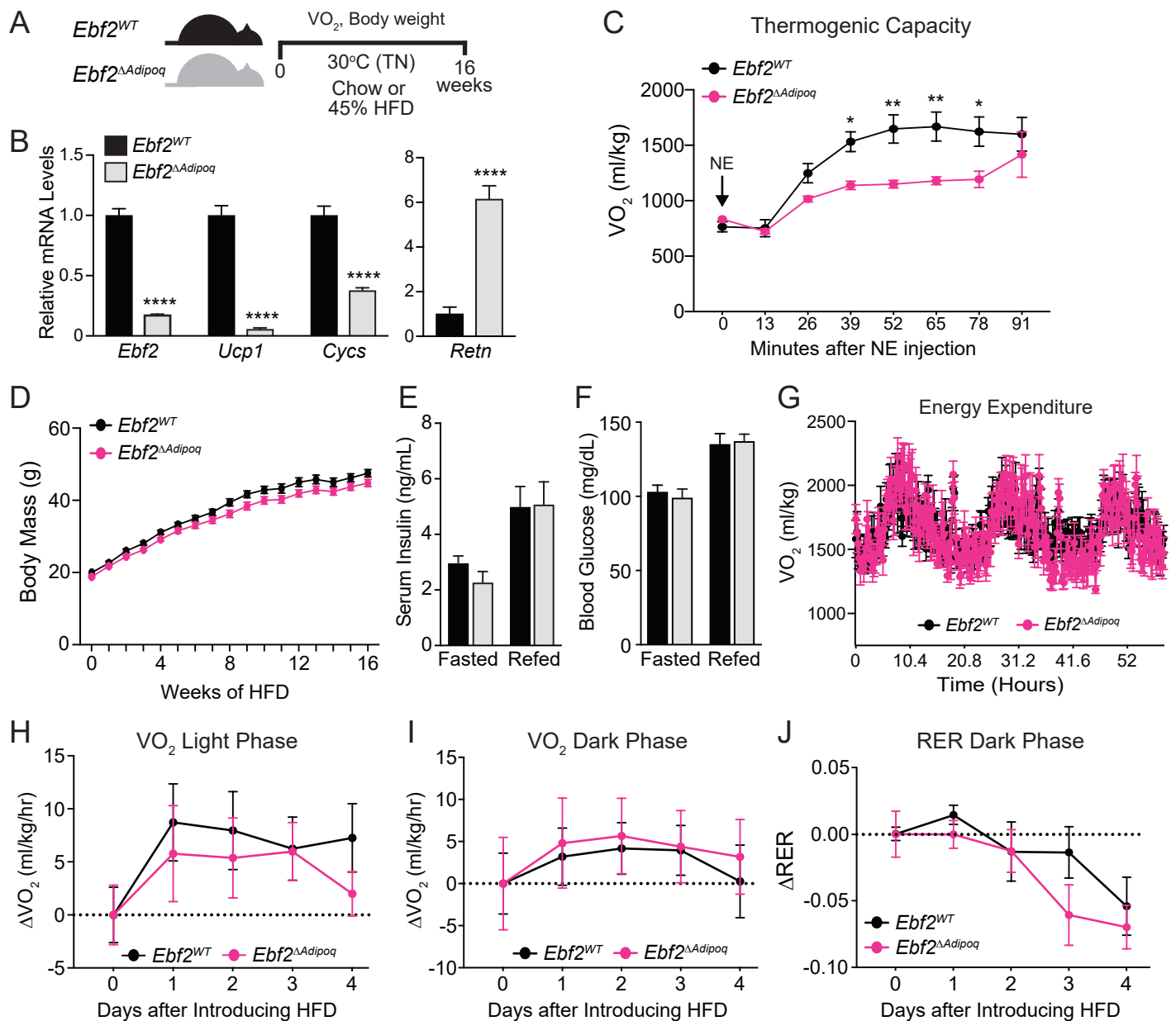


Figure S3. Adipocyte EBF2 is dispensable for high fat diet-induced thermogenesis (Related to Fig. 2).

A) Experimental Paradigm. Adult *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice were housed at/near thermoneutrality (TN, 30°C) and fed either normal chow or 45% high fat diet (HFD) for 16 weeks.

B) Relative mRNA levels of *Ebf2*, brown fat genes (*Ucp1*, *Cyts*) and the white adipocyte marker *Retn* in BAT from mice in (A). (n=8-13 mice per group; Mean±SEM).

C) Oxygen consumption (VO₂) following norepinephrine (NE) injection in *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice housed at TN and fed a HFD for 10 weeks (n=6 mice per group; Mean±SEM).

D) Body weights of *Ebf2*^{WT} (n=11) and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} (n=15) mice during HFD feeding at TN (Mean±SEM).

E,F) Blood insulin (E) and glucose (F) levels in *Ebf2*^{WT} (n=8) and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} (n=13) mice (fed a HFD for 10 wk) after an overnight fast and following re-feeding for 2 hr (Mean±SEM).

G) Basal VO₂ of *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice following 10 weeks of HFD. (n=6 mice per group; Mean±SEM).

H,I) Change in average VO₂ of *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice in response to introduction of HFD during the light (H) and dark phase (I). (n=6 mice per group; Mean±SEM).

J) Change in average respiratory exchange ratio (RER) of *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice following introduction of HFD (during dark phase) (n=6 mice per group; Mean±SEM).

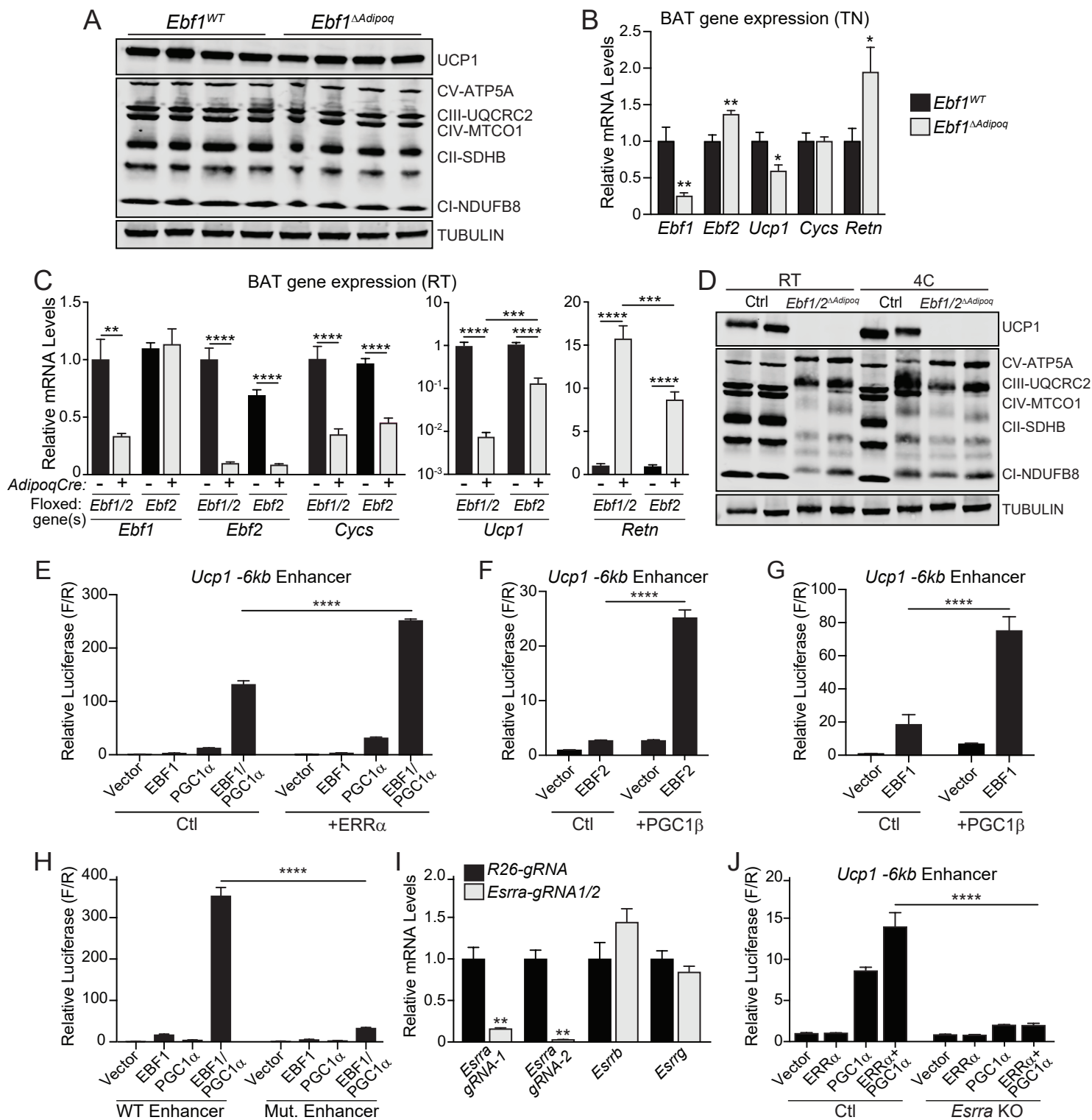


Figure. S4. EBF1 or EBF2 are required for cold-induced BAT recruitment (Related to Figs 3, 4).

A) Western blot analysis of UCP1 and mitochondrial protein levels in BAT from *Ebf1*^{WT} and *Ebf1*^{ΔAdipoq} mice at room temperature (RT). **B**) mRNA levels of indicated genes in BAT from *Ebf1*^{WT} and *Ebf1*^{ΔAdipoq} mice housed at 30°C for 1 month. (n=5 mice per group; Mean±SEM). **C**) mRNA levels of indicated genes in BAT from *Ebf1/2*^{WT}, *Ebf1/2*^{ΔAdipoq}, *Ebf2*^{WT} and *Ebf2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice housed at RT (n=3-6 mice per group; Mean±SEM). **D**) Western blot analysis of UCP1 and mitochondrial protein levels in BAT from *Ebf1/2*^{WT} and *Ebf1/2*^{ΔAdipoq} mice housed at RT or 4°C for 1 wk. **E-G**) Activity of the *Ucp1* -6kb enhancer upon expression of indicated transcription factors. (n=3-6; Mean±SEM). **H**) Activity of the wildtype (WT) or Mutant (Mut) *Ucp1* -6kb enhancer upon expression of EBF1 and PGC1 α (n=3; Mean±SEM). **I**) mRNA levels of *Essra*, *Essrb* and *Essrg* in NIH3T3 cells following deletion of *Esrra* or *Rosa26* (*R26*) as control (Ctl) using a lentiviral Crispr/Cas9 system. Two gRNAs were designed to target *Esrra* and RT-PCR was used to detect the targeted regions of the transcript (gRNA-1 and -2). (n=3; Mean±SEM). **J**) Activity of the *Ucp1* -6kb enhancer in control (Ctl, *R26*-gRNA) and *Essra* knockout (KO) cells upon expression of ERR α and/or PGC1 α . (n=3; Mean±SEM).