Supplementary table 1: Amino acid sequences of dominant negative mutants of CypA

feline-CypA

-GSCFHRIIPGFMCQGGDFTRHNGTGGKSIYGEKFDDENFILKHTGPGILSMANAGPNTNGS QFFICTAKTEWLDGKHVVFGM-

feline-CypA H126Q

-GSCFHRIIPGFMCQGGDFTRHNGTGGKSIYGEKFDDENFILKHTGPGILSMANAGPNTNGS QFFICTAKTEWLDGK**Q**VVFGM-

feline-CypA R55A

-GSCFH**A**IIPGFMCQGGDFTRHNGTGGKSIYGEKFDDENFILKHTGPGILSMANAGPNTNGS QFFICTAKTEWLDGKHVVFGM-

feline-CypA F60A

-GSCFHRIIPG**A**MCQGGDFTRHNGTGGKSIYGEKFDDENFILKHTGPGILSMANAGPNTNG SQFFICTAKTEWLDGKHVVFGM-

Bold characters represent original and substituted amino acids respectively.

Supplementary table 2: Amino acid sequences of dominant negative mutants of CypB

feline-CypB

NSKFH**R**VIKD**F**MIQGGDFTRGDGTGGKSIYGERFPDENFKLKHYGPGWVSMANAGKDTNGSQFFITTVKTAWLDGKHV VFGKVLEGMEVVRKVESTKTDSRDKPLKDVIIADCGKIEVEKPFAIAKE

feline-CypB R62A

NSKFH**A**VIKDFMIQGGDFTRGDGTGGKSIYGERFPDENFKLKHYGPGWVSMANAGKDTNGSQFFITTVKTAWLDGKHV VFGKVLEGMEVVRKVESTKTDSRDKPLKDVIIADCGKIEVEKPFAIAKE

feline-CypB F67A

NSKFHRVIKD**A**MIQGGDFTAGDGTGGKSIYGERFPDENFKLKHYGPGWVSMANAGKDTNGSQFFITTVKTAWLDGKHV VFGKVLEGMEVVRKVESTKTDSRDKPLKDVIIADCGKIEVEKPFAIAKE

Bold characters represent original and substituted amino acids respectively.

Fig. S1. All three predicted PPIase-active sites used in this study reduce affinities between CypA and CsA as shown by MOE software analysis. (a) Computational inference of 3D-structure of feline CypA and CsA. (b) The larger number (kcal/mol) in reduced affinity (dAffinity) indicates more reduction of CsA-binding affinity with CypA. Affinity between CypA and CsA is reduced by point-mutations of CypA (CypA-R55A, CypA-R60A, and CypA- H126Q) as shown in dAfinity. Each amino acid residue substitutes an original amino acid residue for Ala. (c) Protein stability is decreased by point-mutations. The larger number (kcal/mol) in reduced stability (dStability) indicates more reduction in protein stability. (d) Blue polygonal line graph indicates affinity between CsA and CypA on each amino acid site. Red polygonal line graph shows reduction of protein stability on each amino acid site. The larger kcal/mol indicates more reduction of protein stability and affinity between CypA and CsA.

Fig. S2. Both predicted PPIase-active sites used in this study reduce affinities between CypB and CsA as shown by MOE software analysis. (a) Computational inference of 3D-structure of feline CypB and CsA. (b) The larger number (kcal/mol) in reduced affinity (dAffinity) indicates more reduction of CsA-binding affinity with CypB. Affinity between CypB and CsA is reduced by point-mutations of CypB (CypB-R62A).

and F67A) as shown in dAfinity. Each amino acid residue substitutes an original amino acid residue for Ala. (c) Protein stability is decreased by point mutations. The larger number (kcal/mol) in reduced stability (dStability) indicates more reduction of protein stability. (d) Blue polygonal line graph indicates affinity between CsA and CypB on each amino acid site. Red polygonal line graph shows reduction of protein stability on each amino acid site. The larger kcal/mol indicates more reduction of protein stability and affinity between CypB and CsA.

Cyclosporin A CypA

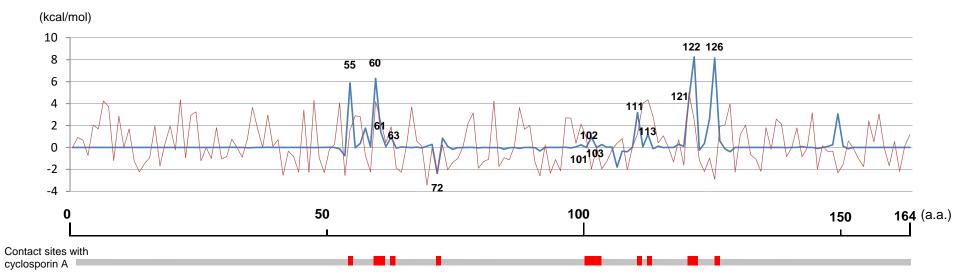
Affinity down top 10	
Site number	dAffinity
122	8.2506
126	8.1432
60	6.29
55	5.8813
121	4.4463
111	3.1672
150	3.0488
125	2.6268
58	1.7697
61	1.4172

(b)

Stability down top 10	
Site number	dStability
121	5.0075
113	4.3459
22	4.3184
48	4.2729
7	4.252
83	4.2232
60	4.1833
53	4.057
112	4.0443
129	3.9625

(c)





Cyclosporin A CypB

Affinity down top 10		
Site number	dAffinity	
129	9.2771	
133	6.5493	
67	6.4817	
62	6.3549	
128	4.4601	
118	3.3091	
159	2.4897	
120	1.8404	
68	1.7758	
89	1.1906	

(b)

Stability down top 10		
Site number	dStability	
104	5.4276	
127	5.0325	
120	4.531	
67	4.4057	
136	4.1882	
32	4.1864	
119	4.1847	
55	4.1721	
90	3.9242	
15	3.8377	

(c)

(d)

